

Supplementary material for

**Potential crop yield gains under intensive soybean/maize
intercropping in China**

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Part2 The R code for NE calculating:

```
#R.3.6.3
#library(metafor)
#library(metagear)
#library(ggplot2)
#library(forestplot)
#Read the data into R
#d1<-read.csv("01-location-map-areas.csv")
#Estimate the lacked SD based on Bracken method
#d2<-impute_SD(d1,columnSDnames=c("SD_treat","SD_control"),columnXnames=c("Mean
_treat","Mean_control"), method = "Bracken1992")
#Calculate the NE for each study
#d3<-escalc(data=d2,measure="MD",n1i=Number_treat,n2i=Number_control,m1i=Mean_tre
at,m2i=Mean_control,sd1i=SD_treat,sd2i=SD_control)
#select data
#d4=d3[,c('Plain','yi','vi')]
#d4<-d4[!is.na(d4[,1]),]
#d4<-d4[!is.na(d4[,2]),]
#d4<-d4[!is.na(d4[,3]),]
##Calculate comprehensive effect NE for each area
#r61<-rma(yi,vi,data=subset(d4,Plain=="NEP"),method="REML")
#r62<-rma(yi,vi,data=subset(d4,Plain=="NCP"),method="REML")
#r63<-rma(yi,vi,data=subset(d4,Plain=="NWSA"),method="REML")
#r64<-rma(yi,vi,data=subset(d4,Plain=="YRB"),method="REML")
#r65<-rma(yi,vi,data=subset(d4,Plain=="SC"),method="REML")
##Result select and output
#a<-r61
#b<-r62
#c<-r63
#d<-r64
#e<-r65
#estimates2<- c("mean",coef(a), coef(b),coef(c),coef(d),coef(e))
#lower<-c("lower",a$ci.lb,b$ci.lb,c$ci.lb,d$ci.lb,e$ci.lb)
#upper<-c("upper",a$ci.ub,b$ci.ub,c$ci.ub,d$ci.ub,e$ci.ub)
#n<-c("n",a$k,b$k,c$k,d$k,e$k)
#sink("2.out.txt")
#cat(estimates2,lower,upper,n)
#sink()
```

Part3 The R code for LER calculating:

```
##Read data into R
#d1<-read.csv("01-location-map-areas-LER.csv")
##Estimate the lacked SD
#d2<-impute_SD(d1,columnSDnames=c("SD_treat","SD_control"),columnXnames=c("Mean
```

```

_treat","Mean_control"), method = "Bracken1992")
# Calculate the LER for each study
#d3<-escalc(data=d2,measure="ROM",n1i=Number_treat,n2i=Number_control,m1i=Mean_treat,m2i=Mean_control, sd1i=SD_treat,sd2i=SD_control)
#Select data
#d4=d3[,c('Plain','yi','vi')]
#d4<-d4[!is.na(d4[,1]),]
##d4<-d4[!is.na(d4[,2]),]
#d4<-d4[!is.na(d4[,3]),]
#Calculate comprehensive effect LER for each area
#d5=d4
#r61<-rma(yi,vi,data=subset(d5,Plain=="Northeast"),method="REML")
#r62<-rma(yi,vi,data=subset(d5,Plain=="Northeast"),method="REML")
#r63<-rma(yi,vi,data=subset(d5,Plain=="Northwest"),method="REML")
#r64<-rma(yi,vi,data=subset(d5,Plain=="Northwest"),method="REML")
#r65<-rma(yi,vi,data=subset(d5,Plain=="North China Plain"),method="REML")
#r66<-rma(yi,vi,data=subset(d5,Plain=="North China Plain"),method="REML")
#r67<-rma(yi,vi,data=subset(d5,Plain=="Yangtze River Basin"),method="REML")
#r68<-rma(yi,vi,data=subset(d5,Plain=="Yangtze River Basin"),method="REML")
#r69<-rma(yi,vi,data=subset(d5,Plain=="South China"),method="REML")
#r70<-rma(yi,vi,data=subset(d5,Plain=="South China"),method="REML")
#Select and output the result
#a<-r61
#b<-r62
#c<-r63
#d<-r64
#e<-r65
#g<-r66
#h<-r67
#i<-r68
#j<-r69
#k<-r70
#estimates2<-c("mean",coef(a),coef(b),coef(c),coef(d),coef(e),coef(g),coef(h),coef(i),coef(j),coef(k))
#lower<-c("lower",a$ci.lb,b$ci.lb,c$ci.lb,d$ci.lb,e$ci.lb,g$ci.lb,h$ci.lb,i$ci.lb,j$ci.lb,k$ci.lb)
#upper<-c("upper",a$ci.ub,b$ci.ub,c$ci.ub,d$ci.ub,e$ci.ub,g$ci.ub,h$ci.ub,i$ci.ub,j$ci.ub,k$ci.ub)
#n<-c("n",a$k,b$k,c$k,d$k,e$k,g$k,h$k,i$k,j$k,k$k)
#sink("2.out.txt")
#cat(estimates2,lower,upper,n)
#sink()

```

Part4 The R code for the relationships between the NE (a-j) and the LER (k-t) and influencing factors under intercropping

```
#library(party)
#library(tidyverse)
#library(ggplot2)
#Read the data into R
#d1<-read.csv("03-intercrop-meta-LER-1.csv")
set.seed(1000)
#Data clearing
#d1 %>% mutate( Soil.types = as.factor(Soil.types), row.ratio= as.factor(row.ratio),
H.index=as.numeric(H.index) , Accum.temp=as.numeric(Accum.temp)) %>% as_tibble()
->d1_1
##
#require(gridExtra)
#####The influence of sunshine
#d3<-d1
#d4=d3[,c('Sunshine','RR')]
#d4<-d4[!is.na(d4[,1]),]
#p<-ggplot(data=d4,aes(x=Sunshine,y=RR))+theme(panel.grid=element_blank(),
panel.background=element_rect(fill='transparent', color=
'black'))+geom_point(col=636)+ylab("LER")+xlab("(k) Accum. sunshine (hour)")
#p11<-p+stat_smooth(method=lm,formula=y~x,col="black")+geom_hline(yintercept=c(1))
#p11
#####The influence of precipitation
#d3<-d1
#d4=d3[,c('Precipitation','RR')]
#d4<-d4[!is.na(d4[,1]),]
#p<-ggplot(data=d4,aes(x=Precipitation,y=RR))+theme(panel.grid=element_blank(),
panel.background=element_rect(fill='transparent',
color='black'))+geom_point(col=636)+xlab("(l) Precipitation (mm)")+ylab(NULL)
#p12<-p+stat_smooth(method='loess',span=5,se=TRUE,level=0.95,col="black")+geom_hline
(yintercept=c(1))
#p12
#####The influence of temperature
#d3<-d1
#d4=d3[,c('Temperature','RR')]
#d4<-d4[!is.na(d4[,1]),]
#p<-ggplot(data=d4,aes(x=Temperature,y=RR))+theme(panel.grid=element_blank(),
panel.background=element_rect(fill='transparent',
color='black'))+geom_point(col=636)+xlab("(m) Temperature (degree)")+ylab(NULL)
#p13<-p+stat_smooth(method='loess',span=5,se=TRUE,level=0.95,col="black")+geom_hline
(yintercept=c(1))
p13
#####The influence of total K
```

```

#d3<-d1
#d4=d3[,c('K','RR')]
#d4<-d4[!is.na(d4[,1]),]
#p<-ggplot(data=d4,aes(x=K,y=RR))+theme(panel.grid=element_blank(),
panel.background=element_rect(fill='transparent',
color='black'))+geom_point(col=636)+xlab("(n) Total K (g kg-1)")+ylab(NULL)
#p14<-p+stat_smooth(method='loess',span=5,se=TRUE,level=0.95,col="Brown")+geom_hline
e(yintercept=c(1))
#p14
#### The influence of total a.P
#d3<-d1
#d4=d3[,c('a.P','RR')]
#d4<-d4[!is.na(d4[,1]),]
#p<-ggplot(data=d4,aes(x=a.P,y=RR))+theme(panel.grid=element_blank(),
panel.background=element_rect(fill='transparent',
color='black'))+geom_point(col=636)+xlab("(p) Available P (mg kg-1)")+ylab("LER")
p15<-p+stat_smooth(method=lm,formula=y~x,level=0.95,span=1,col="Brown")+geom_hline
(yintercept=c(1))
#p15
### The influence of total a.K
#d3<-d1
#d4=d3[,c('a.K','RR')]
#d4<-d4[!is.na(d4[,1]),]
#p<-ggplot(data=d4,aes(x=a.K,y=RR))+theme(panel.grid=element_blank(),
panel.background=element_rect(fill='transparent',
color='black'))+geom_point(col=636)+xlab("(o) Available K (mg kg-1)")+ylab(NULL)
#p16<-p+stat_smooth(method='loess',span=5,se=TRUE,level=0.95,col="Brown")+geom_hline
e(yintercept=c(1))
#p16
## The influence of total pH
#d3<-d1
#d4=d3[,c('PH','RR')]
#d4<-d4[!is.na(d4[,1]),]
#p<-ggplot(data=d4,aes(x=PH,y=RR))+theme(panel.grid=element_blank(),
panel.background=element_rect(fill='transparent',
color='black'))+geom_point(col=636)+xlab("(q) pH")+ylab(NULL)
p17<-p+stat_smooth(method=lm,formula=y~x,level=0.95,span=1,col="Brown")+geom_hline
(yintercept=c(1))
#p17
#### The influence of delay time
#d3<-d1
#d4=d3[,c('soybean.delay.time','RR')]
#d4<-d4[!is.na(d4[,1]),]
#p<-ggplot(data=d4,aes(x=soybean.delay.time,y=RR))+theme(panel.grid=element_blank(),

```

```

panel.background=element_rect(fill='transparent',
color='black'))+geom_point(col=636)+xlab("(r) Soybean delay (day)")+ylab(NULL)
p18<-p+stat_smooth(method='loess',span=5,se=TRUE,level=0.95)+geom_hline(yintercept=c(
1))
#p18
#### The influence of row distance
#d3<-d1
#d4=d3[,c('MS.row.distance','RR')]
#d4<-d4[!is.na(d4[,1]),]
#p<-ggplot(data=d4,aes(x=MS.row.distance,y=RR))+theme(panel.grid=element_blank(),
panel.background=element_rect(fill='transparent',
color='black'))+geom_point(col=636)+xlab("(s) MS.row.distance (cm)")+ylab(NULL)
#p19<-p+stat_smooth(method='loess',span=2,se=TRUE,level=0.95)+geom_hline(yintercept=
c(1))
#p19
#### The influence of maize seed density
#d3<-d1
#d4=d3[,c('inter.maize.density','RR')]
#d4<-d4[!is.na(d4[,1]),]
#p<-ggplot(data=d4,aes(x=inter.maize.density,y=RR))+theme(panel.grid=element_blank(),
panel.background=element_rect(fill='transparent',
color='black'))+geom_point(col=636)+xlab("(t) M.density (10^4 plants ha-1)")+ylab(NULL)
#p20<-p+stat_smooth(method='loess',span=5,se=TRUE,level=0.95)+geom_hline(yintercept=
c(1))
#p20
##Draw the figure
#grid.arrange(p11,p12,p13,p14,p16,p15,p17,p18,p19,p20,ncol=5)
#grid.arrange(p1,p2,p3,p4,p5,p6,p7,p8,p9,p10,p11,p12,p13,p14,p16,p15,p17,p18,p19,p20,ncol=5)

```