

Laplace approximation and natural gradient for Gaussian process regression with heteroscedastic Student- t model

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Supplementary material

The derivatives of each element of $\nabla \log L(\mathbf{y} | \mathbf{f}, \nu)$ and $\mathbf{W}$ w.r.t $\mathbf{f}_1$, $\mathbf{f}_2$ and ν are given below. Note that, with respect to $\mathbf{W}$, these are third-order derivatives of the negative of the log-likelihood function and so some derivatives will appear twice since the order of the derivatives can be interchanged. In all the equations presented below we consider that $z_i = \frac{y_i - f_1(\mathbf{x}_i)}{\exp(f_2(\mathbf{x}_i))}$ for $i = 1, \dots, n$.

$$\frac{\partial \log L(\mathbf{y} | \mathbf{f}, \nu)}{\partial \nu} = \frac{n}{2} \psi\left(\frac{\nu+1}{2}\right) - \frac{n}{2} \psi\left(\frac{\nu}{2}\right) - \frac{n}{2\nu} - \sum_{i=1}^n \log\left(1 + \frac{1}{\nu} z_i^2\right) + \frac{z_i^2(\nu+1)}{\nu^2(1+z_i^2/\nu)} \quad (1)$$

The elements of the derivatives of $\nabla_{\mathbf{f}} \log L(\mathbf{y} | \mathbf{f}, \nu)$ w.r.t ν are

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial^2 \log \pi(y_i | f_1(\mathbf{x}_i), f_2(\mathbf{x}_i), \nu)}{\partial \nu \partial f_1(\mathbf{x}_i)} &= \frac{2}{[\exp(f_2(\mathbf{x}_i))]} \frac{z_i^3 - z_i}{\nu^2(1+z_i^2/\nu)^2} \\ \frac{\partial^2 \log \pi(y_i | f_1(\mathbf{x}_i), f_2(\mathbf{x}_i), \nu)}{\partial \nu \partial f_2(\mathbf{x}_i)} &= \frac{z_i^4 - z_i^2}{\nu^2(1+z_i^2/\nu)^2} \end{aligned} \quad (2)$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathbf{W}}{\partial f_1(\mathbf{x}_i)} = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{[\exp(f_2(\mathbf{x}_i))]^3} \left(1 + \frac{1}{\nu}\right) \left[\frac{2z_i}{\nu(1+z_i^2/\nu)^2} \left(\frac{4}{1+z_i^2/\nu} - 1\right) \right] \\ \text{for } i = j = 1, \dots, n \\ - \frac{2}{[\exp(f_2(\mathbf{x}_i))]^2} \left(1 + \frac{1}{\nu}\right) \frac{1}{(1+z_i^2/\nu)^2} \left[1 - \frac{4z_i^2}{\nu(1+z_i^2/\nu)} \right] \\ \text{for } i = 1, \dots, N \text{ and} \\ j = (i+n)\mathbb{1}_{\{1, \dots, n\}}(i) + (i-n)\mathbb{1}_{\{n+1, \dots, N\}}(i) \\ - \frac{1}{\exp(f_2(\mathbf{x}_i))} \left(1 + \frac{1}{\nu}\right) \frac{z_i}{(1+z_i^2/\nu)^2} \left[4 - \frac{8z_i^2}{\nu(1+z_i^2/\nu)} \right] \\ \text{for } i = j = n+1, \dots, N \\ 0, \text{ otherwise.} \end{cases} \quad (3)$$

$$\frac{\partial W}{\partial f_2(\mathbf{x}_i)} = \begin{cases} -\frac{2}{[\exp(f_2(\mathbf{x}_i))]^2} \left(1 + \frac{1}{\nu}\right) \frac{1}{(1+z_i^2/\nu)^2} \left[1 - \frac{4z_i^2}{\nu(1+z_i^2/\nu)}\right] \\ \text{for } i = j = 1, \dots, n \\ -\frac{1}{\exp(f_2(\mathbf{x}_i))} \left(1 + \frac{1}{\nu}\right) \frac{z_i}{(1+z_i^2/\nu)^2} \left[4 - \frac{8z_i^2}{\nu(1+z_i^2/\nu)}\right] \\ \text{for } i = 1, \dots, N \text{ and} \\ j = (i+n)\mathbb{1}_{\{1, \dots, n\}}(i) + (i-n)\mathbb{1}_{\{n+1, \dots, N\}}(i) \\ 2 - \left(2 + \frac{2}{\nu}\right) \left[2z_i^2 + \frac{4z_i^2 - z_i^4/\nu}{(1+z_i^2/\nu)} - \frac{4z_i^4}{\nu(1+z_i^2/\nu)^2}\right] - \\ \frac{z_i^2 - 1}{(1+z_i^2/\nu)} + 3 \left[-1 + \left(1 + \frac{1}{\nu}\right) \frac{z_i^2}{(1+z_i^2/\nu)} \left(1 + \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \frac{2}{(1+z_i^2/\nu)}\right)\right] \\ \text{for } i = j = n+1, \dots, N \\ 0, \text{ otherwise.} \end{cases} \quad (4)$$

$$\frac{\partial W}{\partial \nu} = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{\exp(f_2(\mathbf{x}_i))]^2} \left\{ -\frac{1}{\nu^2} \left[\frac{2}{(1+z_i^2/\nu)^2} - \frac{1}{(1+z_i^2/\nu)} \right] \right. \\ \left. + \left(1 + \frac{1}{\nu}\right) \left[\frac{4z_i^2}{(1+z_i^2/\nu)^2} - \frac{z_i^2}{\nu(1+z_i^2/\nu)} \right] \right\} \\ \text{for } i = j = 1, \dots, n \\ -\frac{2}{\exp(f_2(\mathbf{x}_i))} \frac{1}{(1+z_i^2/\nu)^2} \left[\frac{z_i}{\nu^2} - \left(1 + \frac{1}{\nu}\right) \frac{2z_i^3}{\nu^2(1+z_i^2/\nu)^2} \right] \\ \text{for } i = 1, \dots, N \text{ and} \\ j = (i+n)\mathbb{1}_{\{1, \dots, n\}}(i) + (i-n)\mathbb{1}_{\{n+1, \dots, N\}}(i) \\ -\frac{2z_i^2}{\nu^2} \left[\frac{2}{(1+z_i^2/\nu)^2} + \frac{1}{(1+z_i^2/\nu)} \right] + \\ \left(1 + \frac{1}{\nu}\right) \frac{z_i^2}{\nu^2} \left[\frac{4}{(1+z_i^2/\nu)^3} + \frac{1}{(1+z_i^2/\nu)^2} \right] \\ + \frac{z_i^4 - z_i^2}{\nu^2(1+z_i^2/\nu)^2} \\ \text{for } i = j = n+1, \dots, N \\ 0, \text{ otherwise.} \end{cases} \quad (5)$$