

When Philosophy (of Science) Meets Formal Methods: a Citation Analysis of Early Approaches between Research Fields

Supplementary Materials

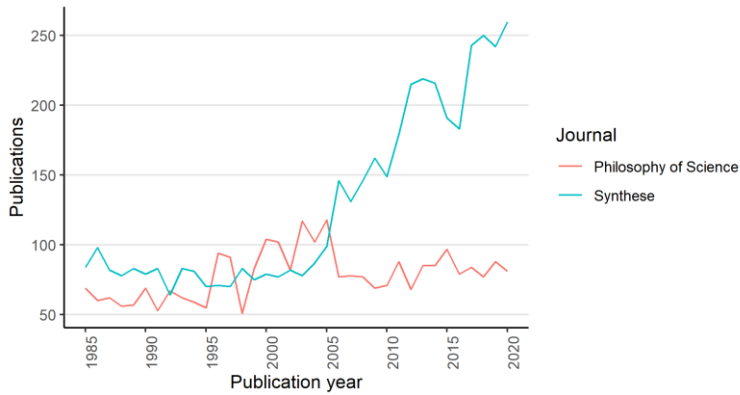
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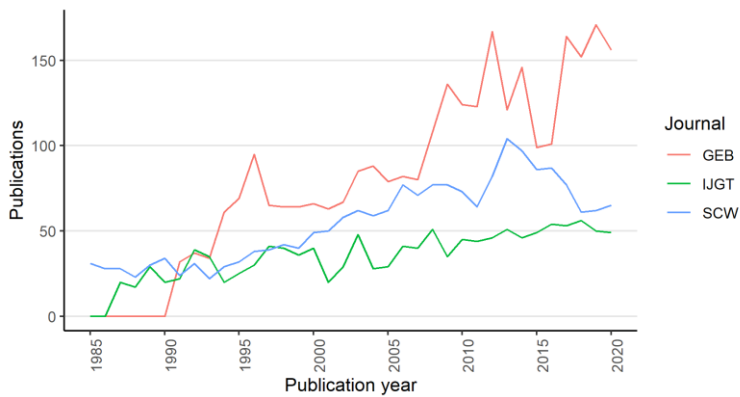
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Journal articles over time



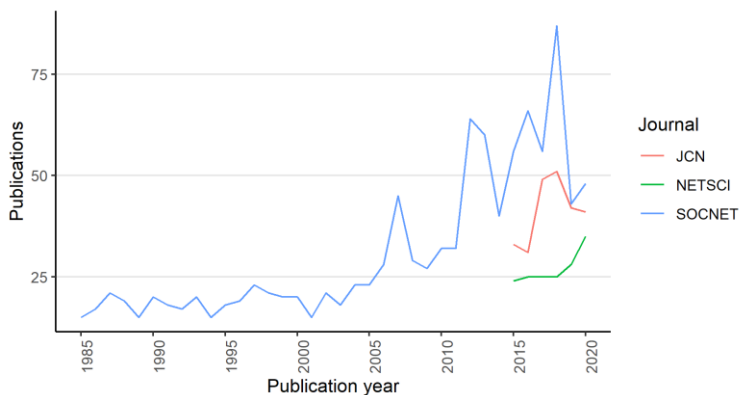
* Articles without publication year are removed from the plot.

S1a: Articles in Philosophy journals over time broken down by journal.



* Articles without publication year are removed from the plot.

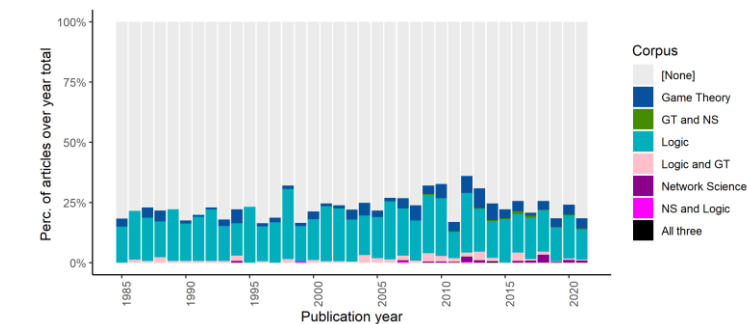
S1b: Articles in Game Theory journals over time, broken down by journal.



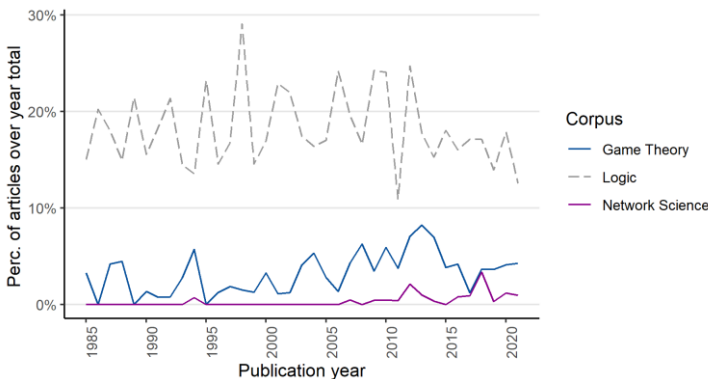
* Articles without publication year are removed from the plot.

S1c: Articles in Network Science journals, broken down by journal.

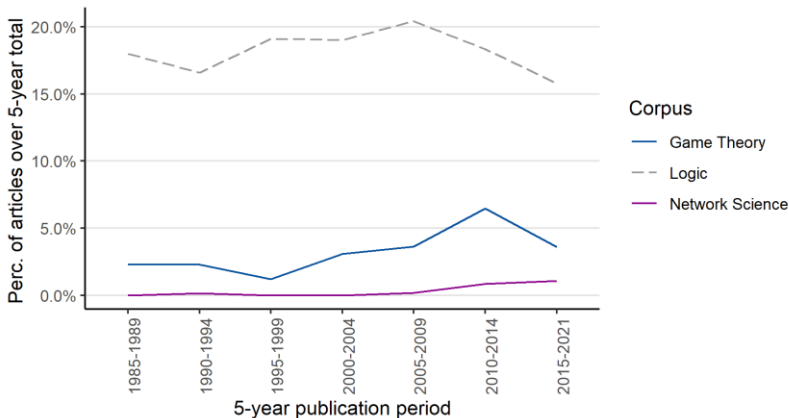
Corpora over time



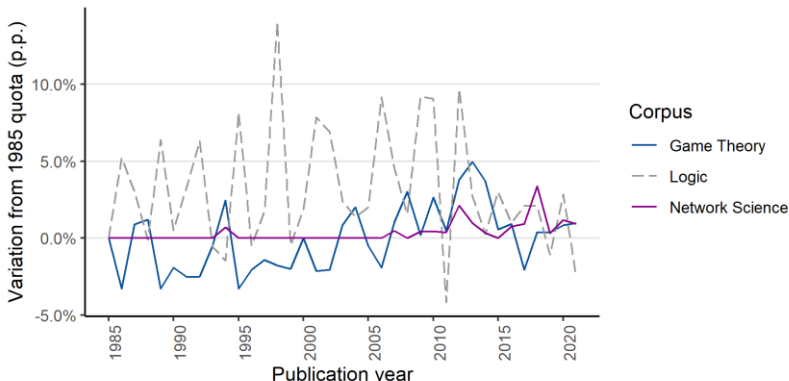
S2a: Percentage of articles over year total, broken down by corpus (all corpora).



S2b: Percentage of articles over year total, broken down by corpus (only main corpora).



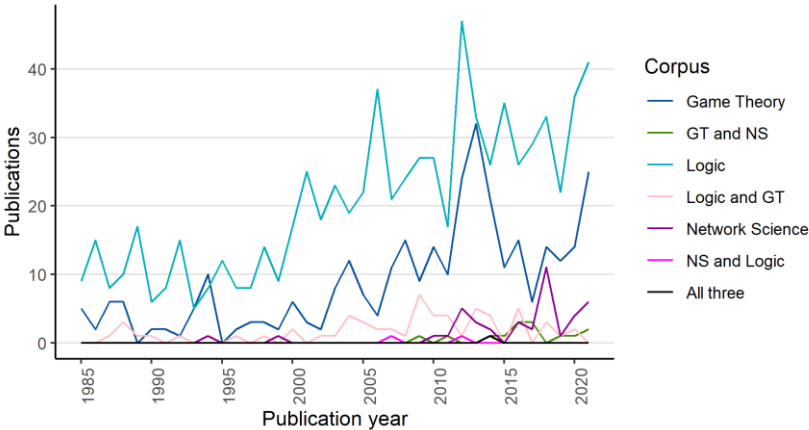
S2c: Percentage of articles over year total, broken down by corpus (only main corpora) and averaged over a 5-year period.



S2d: Variation (in percentage points) of articles over year total, broken down by corpus (only main corpora) using 1985 value as baseline.

* Data from articles occurring in multiple corpora are not shown on the plot.
Baselines (1985): Logic = 15%; Game Theory = 3%; Network Science = 0%

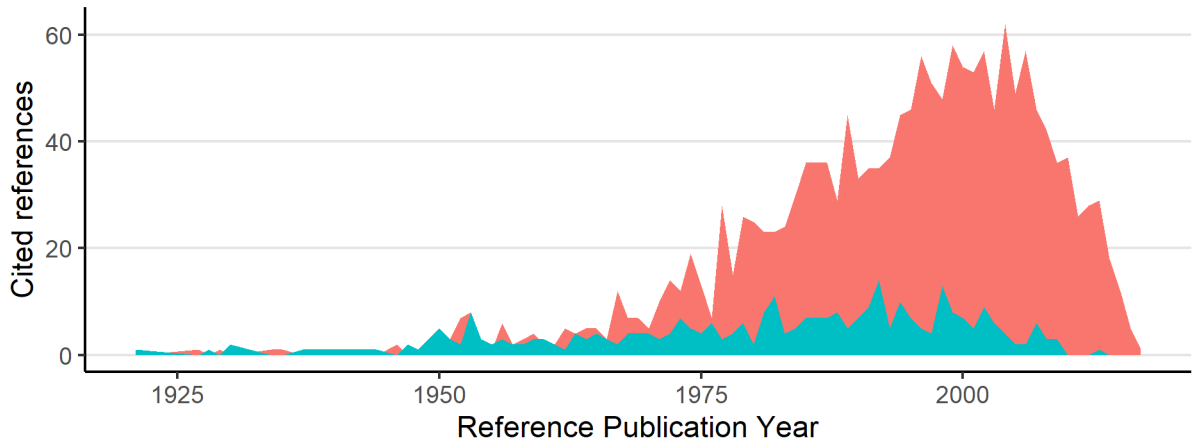
Corpora over time



S2e: Absolute number of philosophy papers broken down by corpus.

* Articles without publication year are removed from the plot.

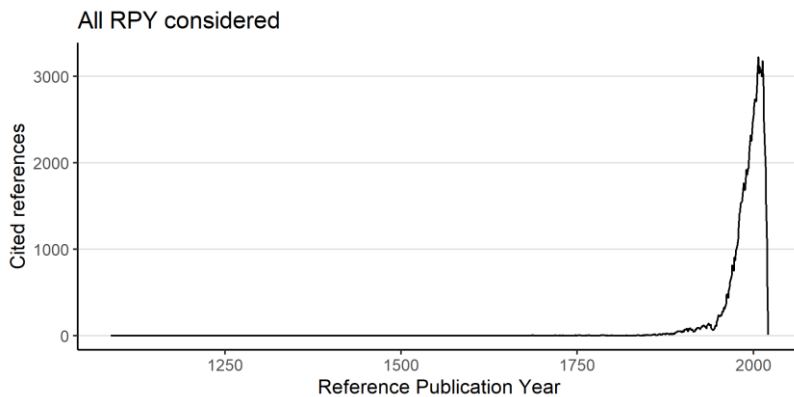
RPY spectroscopies



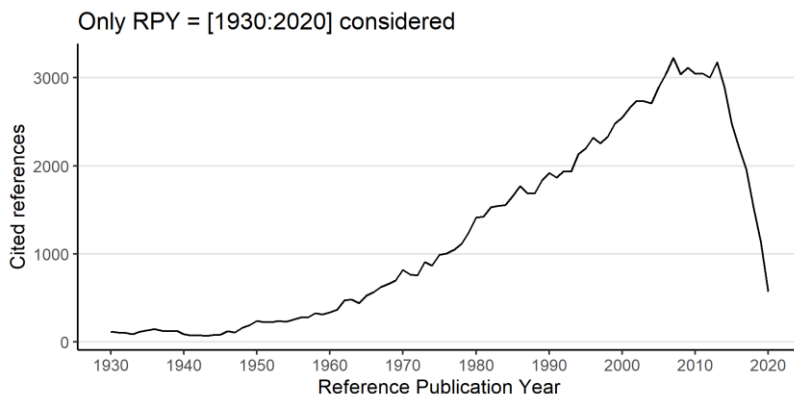
Type: ■ Game Theory Knowledge Core ■ GT KC cited in philosophy

** 2 cited reference published before 1900 are removed from the plot*

S3: RPY spectroscopy of the Game Theory knowledge core, compared with the RPY spectroscopy of the Game Theory references cited in philosophy.



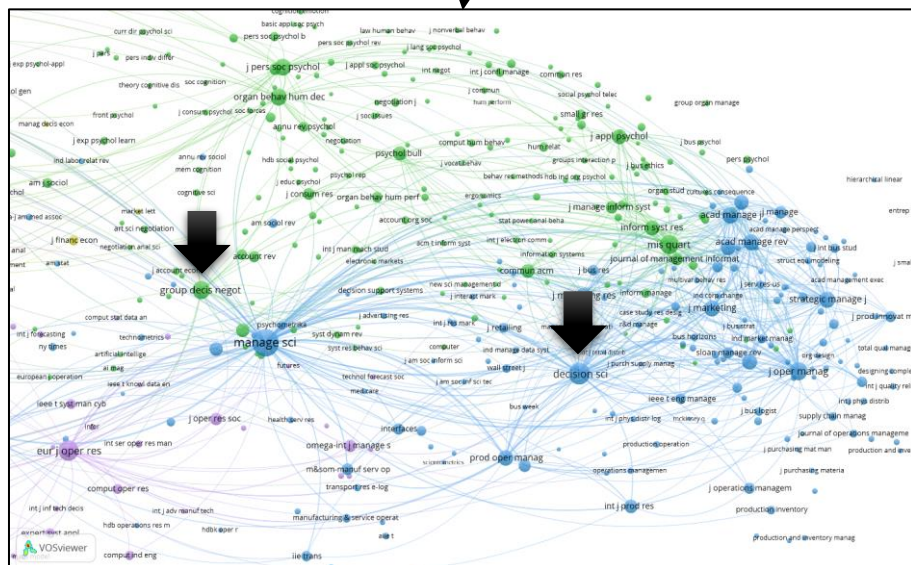
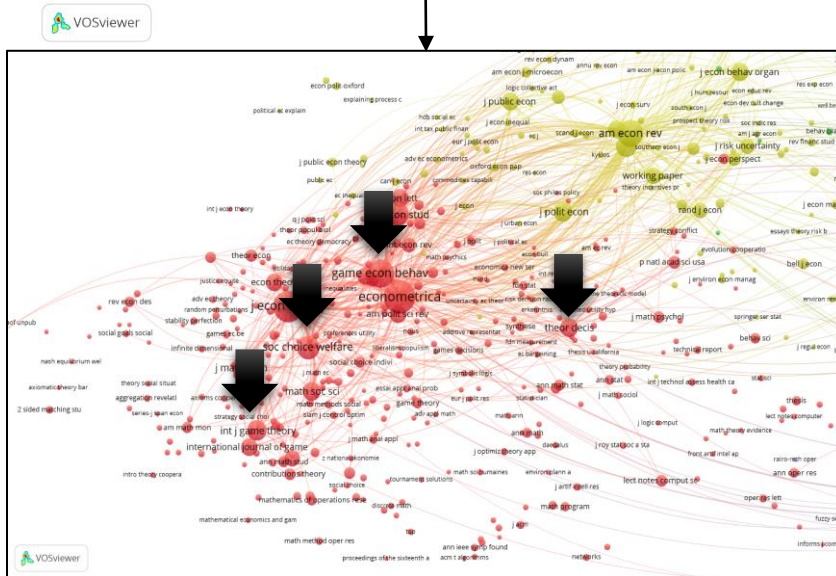
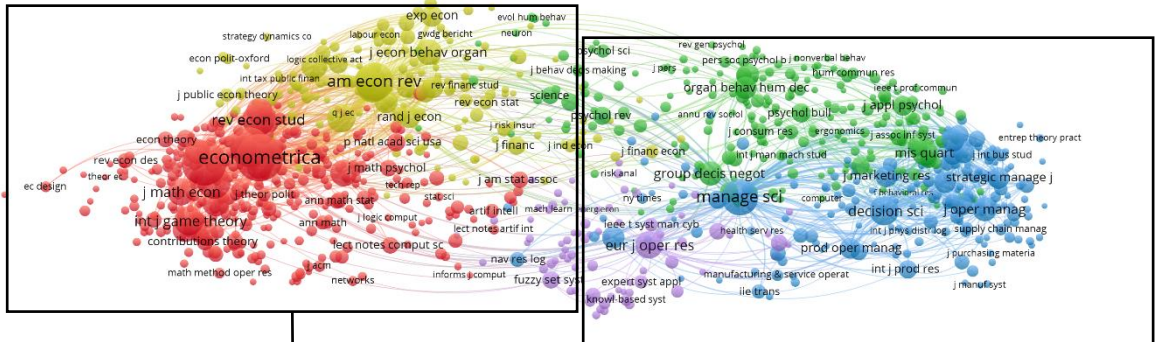
S4a: RPY spectroscopy for philosophy, all RPYs considered.



S4b: RPY spectroscopy for philosophy, only RPYs in the period 1930 to 2020 considered.

Game theory journals

S5: Journal co-citation map extracted from five game theory journals (IJGT, GEB, SCW, Theory and Decision, Decision Sciences, Group Decisions and Negotiations). Threshold = 20 cits, visualized with VOSviewer).



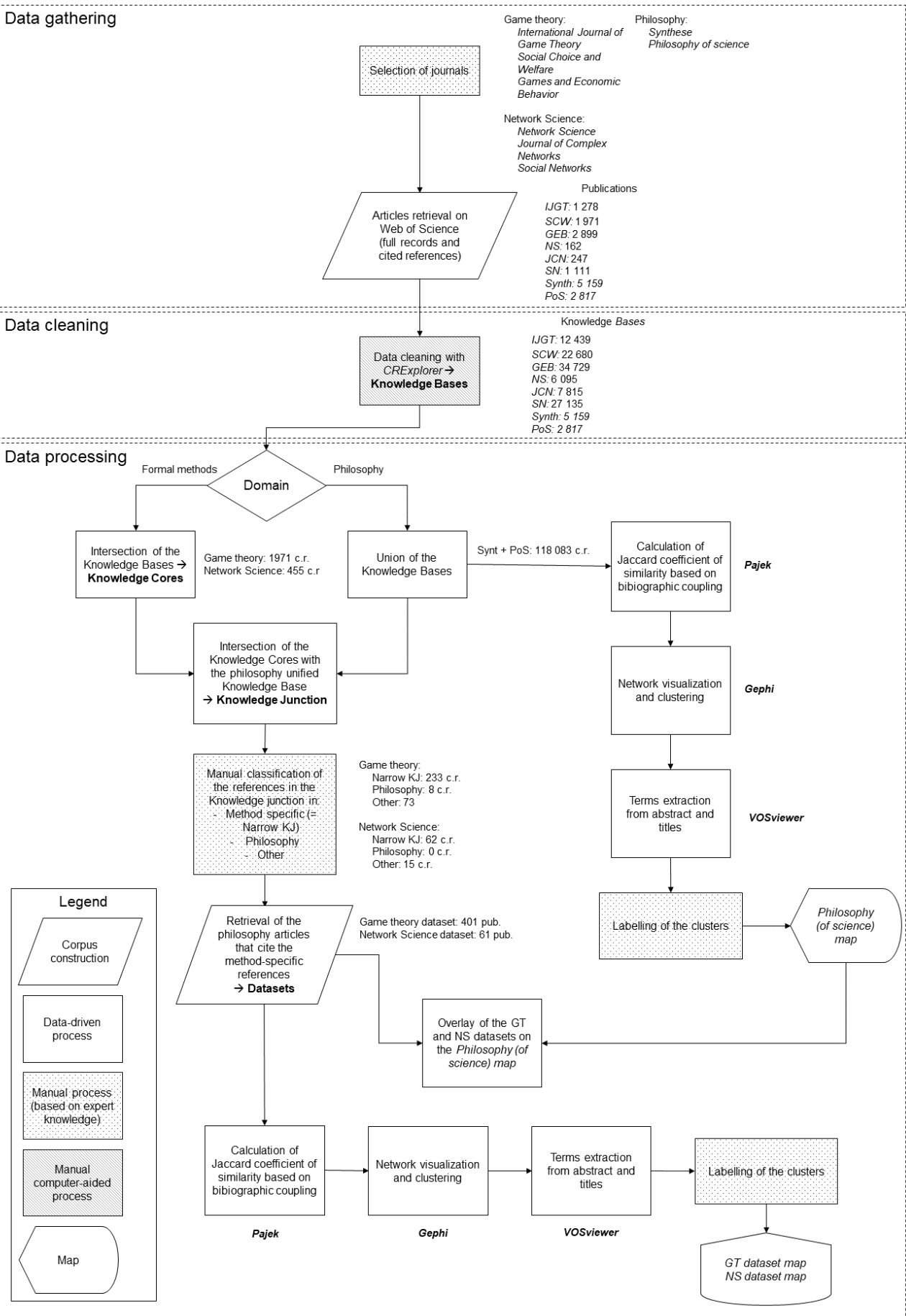
Journal	Cluster	Cits
game econ behav	Red	8519
int j game theory	Red	4751
soc choice welfare	Red	4731
decision sci	Blue	3023
theor decis	Red	2096
group decis negot	Green	1500

Further data on philosophy journals

Rank	Journal	Papers citing GT references (% on journal total papers)
1	<i>Synthese</i>	308 (6.0%)
2	<i>Philosophy of Science</i>	93 (3.3%)
3	Journal of Philosophy	34 (4.0%)
4	British Journal for the Philosophy of Science	41 (2.3%)
5	Mind	12 (1.6%)
6	Philosophical Review	6 (1.6%)
7	Nous	12 (1.0%)
8	Philosophy and Phenomenological Research	8 (0.5%)

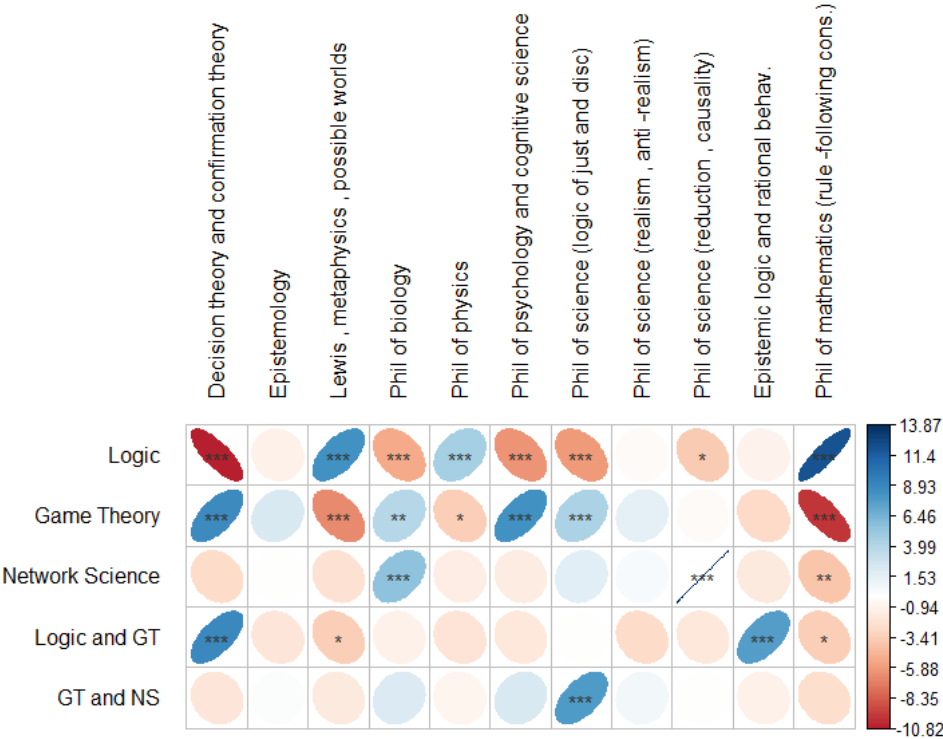
S6: Number of articles in 8 Philosophy journals that cite GT method-specific references (all articles available in WoS in the timespan 1985-2021 considered).

Flowchart of the methodology



S7: Flowchart representing the methodology of corpus construction followed in the article.

Association plot



S8: Association plot between corpora and research areas with significance codes. One star indicates (corrected) significance at the level of 0.05, two stars 0.01 and three stars 0.001. No stars indicate that the test was not significant.

```
#####
```

"When Philosophy (of Science) Meets Formal Methods.
A Citation Analysis of Early Approaches between Research Fields"

R SCRIPTS

- Eugenio Petrovich, Ph.D. (eugenio.petrovich@unisi.it) -

```
#####
```

```
library(dplyr)
library(ggplot2)
library(reshape2)
library(corrplot)
library(rcompanion)
library(chisq.posthoc.test)
```

```
### Figures in the article
```

```
# Figure 1: Citations to formal and empirical references by publication year of
the citing paper.
```

```
dati <- read.delim(file.choose(), header = TRUE, sep = ";", dec = ",")
```

```
dati <- dati %>% select(c("PY", "N_Empirical", "N_Forma"))
```

```
dati = melt(dati, id.vars = c("PY"), value.name = "CR")
```

```
dati$variable <- factor(dati$variable, levels = c("N_Empirical", "N_Forma"))
```

```
levels(dati$variable) <- c("Empirical", "Forma")
```

```
lineplot_abs_GT <- ggplot(data = dati, aes (x = PY, y = CR, group = variable,
color = variable))+
  geom_line()+
  theme_classic()+
  labs(x="Publication year", y = "References", color = "CR Type")+
  theme(panel.grid.major.y = element_line(color = "grey90"))+
  scale_color_manual(values = c("#08519c", "#6baed6"))+
  scale_x_continuous(breaks = seq(1985, 2020, 5))
```

```
lineplot_abs_GT
```

```
ggsave("GT_abs_over_time.png", lineplot_abs_GT, width = 16, height = 9, units =  
"cm", dpi = "print")
```

```
# Figure 2: Quota of citations to formal and empirical references on the  
publication year's total, by  
publication year
```

```
dati <- dati %>% select(c("PY", "Perc_Empirical", "Perc_Formal"))
```

```
dati = melt(dati, id.vars = c("PY"), value.name = "Perc_CR")
```

```
dati$variable <- factor(dati$variable, levels =  
c("Perc_Empirical", "Perc_Formal"))
```

```
levels(dati$variable) <- c("Empirical", "Formal")
```

```
lineplot_perc_GT <- ggplot(data = dati, aes (x = PY, y = Perc_CR, group =  
variable, color = variable))+
```

```
  geom_line()+
```

```
  theme_classic()+
```

```
  labs(x="Publication year", y = "References (% on PY total)", color = "CR  
Type")+
```

```
  theme(panel.grid.major.y = element_line(color = "grey90"))+
```

```
  scale_color_manual(values = c("#08519c", "#6baed6"))+
```

```
  scale_y_continuous(labels = scales::percent) +
```

```
  scale_x_continuous(breaks = seq(1985, 2020, 5))
```

```
lineplot_perc_GT
```

```
ggsave("GT_perc_over_time.png", lineplot_perc_GT, width = 16, height = 9, units  
= "cm", dpi = "print")
```

```
# Figure 6: RPY spectroscopy (Thor et al., 2016) of the network science  
knowledge core, compared
```

```
with the RPY spectroscopy of the network science references cited in  
philosophy.
```

```
dati <- read.delim(file.choose(), header = TRUE, sep = ";", dec = ",",)
```

```
dati <- dati %>% select(c("RPY", "N_CR_KC","N_CR_Phil"))
```

```
dati = melt(dati, id.vars = c("RPY"), value.name = "CR")
```

```
dati$variable <- factor(dati$variable, levels = c("N_CR_KC","N_CR_Phil"))
```

```
levels(dati$variable) <- c("Network Science Knowledge Core", "NS KC cited in  
philosophy")
```

```
KC_lineplot <- ggplot(data = dati, aes (x = RPY, y = CR, group = variable, fill  
= variable)) +  
  geom_area(position = position_dodge(width = 0))+  
  theme_classic()+  
  labs(x="Reference Publication Year", y = "Cited references", fill =  
"Type:") +  
  theme(panel.grid.major.y = element_line(color = "grey90"),  
        plot.caption = element_text(color = "grey", face = "italic", hjust =  
0),  
        legend.position = "bottom")  
KC_lineplot
```

```
ggsave("NS_KC_over_time.png", KC_lineplot, width = 16, height = 8, units =  
"cm", dpi = "print")
```

Figure 7: Ratio between the number of network science references cited in
philosophy and the
number of network science references in the network science knowledge core,
over reference
publication year.

```
dati <- read.delim(file.choose(), header = TRUE, sep = ";", dec = ",",)
```

```
dati <- dati %>% select(c("RPY", "Ratio"))
```

```
ratio_lineplot <- ggplot(data = dati, aes (x = RPY, y = Ratio)) +  
  geom_line(color = "#00AFBB")+  
  theme_classic()+  
  labs(x="Reference Publication Year", y = "N CR phil / N CR Net Science  
KC",
```

```

        caption = "* Data for RPY < 1999 removed from the plot.")+
theme(panel.grid.major.y = element_line(color = "grey90"),
        plot.caption = element_text(color = "grey", face = "italic", hjust =
0))+
scale_x_continuous(breaks = seq(2000, 2020, 2)) +
scale_y_continuous(limits = c(0,1), breaks = seq(0, 1, .2))

```

```
ratio_lineplot
```

```
ggsave("NS_CR_ratio_over_time.png", ratio_lineplot, width = 16, height = 8,
units = "cm", dpi = "print")
```

```
# Figure 8: Number of philosophy articles citing network science over time.
```

```
dati <- read.delim(file.choose(), header = TRUE, sep = ";", dec = ",",")
```

```
# Seleziono le colonne che mi servono
```

```
dati <- dati %>% select(c("Year", "NS.articles"))
```

```
barplot <- ggplot(data = dati, aes (x = Year, y = NS.articles))+
  geom_bar(stat = "identity", fill = "#00AFBB")+
  theme_classic()+
  labs(x="Publication Year", y = "Articles")+
  theme(panel.grid.major.y = element_line(color = "grey90"))+
  scale_y_continuous(breaks = seq(0, 14, 2))

```

```
barplot
```

```
ggsave("NS_corpus_over_time.png", barplot, width = 16, height = 8, units =
"cm", dpi = "print")
```

```
# Figure 9: Average age of network science cited reference by citing paper
publication year by cited
reference type.
```

```
dati <- read.delim(file.choose(), header = TRUE, sep = ";", dec = ",",")
```

```
dati <- dati %>% select(c("PY", "All.CR", "Empirical.CR","Formal.CR"))
```

```
dati = melt(dati, id.vars = c("PY"), value.name = "CR")
```

```
dati$variable <- factor(dati$variable, levels = c("All.CR", "Empirical.CR",  
"Formal.CR"))
```

```
levels(dati$variable) <- c("All CR", "Empirical CR", "Formal CR")
```

```
lineplot <- ggplot(data = subset(dati, PY > 2000), aes (x = PY, y = CR, color =  
variable, size = variable, linetype = variable))+  
  geom_line()+  
  theme_classic()+  
  labs(x="Publication Year", y = "CR avg age", color = "CR type", size ="CR  
type", linetype = "CR type",  
caption = "* Data from articles before 2000 removed from the  
plot.")+  
  theme(panel.grid.major.y = element_line(color = "grey90"),  
plot.caption = element_text(color = "grey", face = "italic", hjust =  
0))+  
  scale_x_continuous(breaks = seq(2000, 2020, 2)) +  
  scale_color_manual(values = c("#08306b", "#08519c", "#6baed6"))+  
  scale_size_manual(values = c(1.5, 1, 1)) +  
  scale_y_continuous(breaks = seq(0, 30, 5)) +  
  scale_linetype_manual(values=c("solid", "longdash", "dashed"))
```

```
lineplot
```

```
ggsave("NS_CR_age_over_time.png", lineplot, width = 16, height = 8, units =  
"cm", dpi = "print")
```

Figure 11: Association plot between corpora and research areas. The strength and direction of the association is shown by the size, orientation, and color of the ellipses.

```
dati <- read.delim(file.choose(), sep = ";", row.names = 1)
```

```
dati[is.na(dati)] <- 0
```

```
dati
```

```
dt <- as.table(as.matrix(dati))
```

```

rownames(dt) <- c("Logic",
  "Game Theory",
  "Network Science",
  "Logic and GT",
  "GT and NS")

colnames(dt) <- c("Decision theory and confirmation theory",
  "Epistemology",
  "Lewis, metaphysics, possible worlds",
  "Phil of biology",
  "Phil of physics",
  "Phil of psychology and cognitive science",
  "Phil of science (logic of just and disc)",
  "Phil of science (realism, anti-realism)",
  "Phil of science (reduction, causality)",
  "Epistemic logic and rational behav.",
  "Phil of mathematics (rule-following cons.)")

# Chi-squared test
chisq <- chisq.test(dt)
chisq

### Results ###
### X-squared = 807.17, df = 40, p-value < 2.2e-16
#####

chisq$observed
round(chisq$expected,2)
round(chisq$residuals, 3)
chisq$p.value
chisq$statistic

# Correlation plot with residuals in colored ellipses
corrplot(chisq$residuals, is.cor = FALSE, cl.ratio = 0.4, method = "ellipse",
  col = col2(100),
  tl.col = "black", tl.offset = 1)

# Correlation plot with residuals in numbers

```

```
corrplot(dt, is.cor = FALSE, cl.ratio = 0.4, method = "number", col = "black",
         tl.col = "black", tl.offset = 1)
```

```
# Cramer's V
```

```
cramerv(dt, verbose = TRUE)
```

```
### Results ###
```

```
# Rows          = 5
# Columns       = 11
# N             = 1861
# Chi-squared   = 807.2
# Phi           = 0.4337
# Corrected Phi = NA
# V             = 0.3293
# Corrected V   = NA
```

```
# Cramer V
```

```
# 0.3293
```

```
#####
```

```
# Post-hoc test
```

```
chisq_posthoc <- chisq.posthoc.test(dt)
```

```
chisq_p_values <- chisq_posthoc[chisq_posthoc$value == 'p values',]
chisq_p_values <- chisq_p_values[, !names(chisq_p_values) %in% c("Dimension",
"Value")]
```

```
chisq_residuals <- chisq_posthoc[chisq_posthoc$value == 'Residuals',]
chisq_residuals <- chisq_residuals[, !names(chisq_residuals) %in%
c("Dimension", "Value")]
```

```
colnames(chisq_residuals) <- c("Decision theory and confirmation theory",
    "Epistemology",
    "Lewis , metaphysics , possible worlds",
    "Phil of biology",
    "Phil of physics",
    "Phil of psychology and cognitive science",
    "Phil of science (logic of just and disc)",
```

```

"Phil of science (realism , anti -realism)",
"Phil of science (reduction , causality)",
"Epistemic logic and rational behav.",
"Phil of mathematics (rule -following cons.)")

```

```

rownames(chisq_residuals) <- c("Logic",
  "Game Theory",
  "Network Science",
  "Logic and GT",
  "GT and NS")

```

```

corrplot(
  data.matrix(chisq_residuals),
  p.mat = data.matrix(chisq_p_values),
  method = "ellipse",
  is.cor = FALSE,
  tl.col = "black",
  tl.offset = 1,
  sig.level = c(0.001, 0.01, 0.05), pch.cex = 0.9,
  insig = 'label_sig', pch.col = 'grey20'
)

```

```

### Figures in the Supplementary Materials ###

```

```

# Figures S1: Journal articles over time

```

```

# S1a: articles in philosophy journals over time

```

```

file_name = "C:/Users/petrovich/Dropbox/Formal Methods in Philosophy/Overall
map/Philosophy_articles_over_time.csv"

```

```

dati <- read.delim(file_name, header = TRUE, sep = ";", dec = ",",)

```

```

dati <- dati %>% select(c("PY", "Philosophy.of.Science", "Synthese"))

```

```

dati = melt(dati, id.vars = c("PY"), value.name = "articles")

```

```
dati$variable <- factor(dati$variable, levels = c("PY",  
"Philosophy.of.Science", "Synthese"))
```

```
levels(dati$variable) <- c("PY", "Philosophy of Science", "Synthese")
```

```
lineplot_journal <- ggplot(data = dati, aes (x = PY, y = articles, group =  
variable, color = variable))+  
  geom_line()+  
  theme_classic()+  
  labs(x="Publication year", y = "Publications", color = "Journal",  
caption = "* Articles without publication year are removed from the  
plot.")+  
  theme(panel.grid.major.y = element_line(color = "grey90"),  
plot.caption = element_text(color = "grey", face = "italic", hjust =  
0),  
axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90))+  
  scale_x_continuous(breaks = seq(1985, 2020, 5))
```

```
lineplot_journal
```

```
ggsave("Phil_journals_over_time.png", lineplot_journal, width = 16, height = 9,  
units = "cm", dpi = "print")
```

```
# S1b: articles in Game Theory journals over time
```

```
file_name = "C:/Users/petrovich/Dropbox/Formal Methods in Philosophy/Game  
Theory analyses/GT_journals_over_time.csv"
```

```
dati <- read.delim(file_name, header = TRUE, sep = ";", dec = ",")
```

```
dati[is.na(dati)] <- 0
```

```
dati <- dati %>% select(c("PY", "GEB", "IJGT", "SCW"))
```

```
dati = melt(dati, id.vars = c("PY"), value.name = "articles")
```

```
dati$variable <- factor(dati$variable, levels = c("PY", "GEB", "IJGT", "SCW"))
```

```
levels(dati$variable) <- c("PY", "GEB", "IJGT", "SCW")
```

```

lineplot_GT_journal <- ggplot(data = dati, aes (x = PY, y = articles, group =
variable, color = variable))+
  geom_line()+
  theme_classic()+
  labs(x="Publication year", y = "Publications", color = "Journal",
caption = "* Articles without publication year are removed from the
plot.")+
  theme(panel.grid.major.y = element_line(color = "grey90"),
plot.caption = element_text(color = "grey", face = "italic", hjust =
0),
axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90))+
  scale_x_continuous(breaks = seq(1985, 2020, 5))

```

```

lineplot_GT_journal

```

```

ggsave("GT_journals_over_time.png", lineplot_GT_journal, width = 16, height =
9, units = "cm", dpi = "print")

```

```

# S1c: articles in Network Science journals over time

```

```

file_name = "C:/Users/petrovich/Dropbox/Formal Methods in Philosophy/Network
Science analyses/Correct analyses/NS_journals_over_time.csv"

```

```

dati <- read.delim(file_name, header = TRUE, sep = ";", dec = ",")

```

```

dati <- dati %>% select(c("PY", "JCN", "NETSCI", "SOCNET"))

```

```

dati = melt(dati, id.vars = c("PY"), value.name = "articles")

```

```

dati$variable <- factor(dati$variable, levels = c("PY", "JCN", "NETSCI",
"SOCNET"))

```

```

levels(dati$variable) <- c("PY", "JCN", "NETSCI", "SOCNET")

```

```

lineplot_NS_journal <- ggplot(data = dati, aes (x = PY, y = articles, group =
variable, color = variable))+
  geom_line()+
  theme_classic()+
  labs(x="Publication year", y = "Publications", color = "Journal",
caption = "* Articles without publication year are removed from the
plot.")+

```

```

    theme(panel.grid.major.y = element_line(color = "grey90"),
          plot.caption = element_text(color = "grey", face = "italic", hjust =
0),
          axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90))+
    scale_x_continuous(breaks = seq(1985, 2020, 5))

lineplot_NS_journal

ggsave("NS_journals_over_time.png", lineplot_NS_journal, width = 16, height =
9, units = "cm", dpi = "print")

# Figures S2: Corpora over time

# S2a: Composition over time (barplot)

dati <- read.delim(file.choose(), header = TRUE, sep = ";", dec = ",")

dati <- dati %>% select(c("PY", "X.None.", "Game.Theory", "GT_NT", "Logic",
"Logic_GT",
    "Network.Theory", "NT_Logic", "Logic_GT_NT"))

dati = melt(dati, id.vars = c("PY"), value.name = "p_articles")

dati$variable <- factor(dati$variable, levels = c("X.None.", "Game.Theory",
"GT_NT", "Logic", "Logic_GT",
    "Network.Theory", "NT_Logic", "Logic_GT_NT"))

levels(dati$variable) <- c("[None]", "Game Theory", "GT and NS", "Logic",
"Logic and GT", "Network Science", "NS and Logic", "All three")

Barplot_corpora_1_year <- ggplot(data = dati, aes (x = PY, y = p_articles,
group = variable, fill = variable))+
    geom_bar(position = "fill", stat = "identity")+
    theme_classic()+
    labs(x="Publication year", y = "Perc. of articles over year total ", fill
= "Corpus")+
    theme(plot.caption = element_text(color = "grey", face = "italic", hjust =
0),
          axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90))+
    scale_fill_manual(values = c("grey92", "#08519c", "chartreuse4",
"#00AFBB", "pink", "magenta4", "magenta1", "black"))+
    scale_y_continuous(labels = scales::percent) +

```

```
scale_x_continuous(breaks = seq(1985, 2020, 5))
```

```
Barplot_corpora_1_year
```

```
ggsave("Barplot_Corpora_over_time_1_year.png", Barplot_corpora_1_year, width =  
20, height = 9, units = "cm", dpi = "print")
```

```
# S2b: 1-year perc on 1-year total
```

```
dati <- read.delim(file.choose(), header = TRUE, sep = ";", dec = ",",")
```

```
dati <- dati %>% select(c("PY", "Game.Theory", "Logic", "Network.Theory"))
```

```
dati = melt(dati, id.vars = c("PY"), value.name = "p_articles")
```

```
dati$variable <- factor(dati$variable, levels = c("Game.Theory", "Logic",  
"Network.Theory"))
```

```
levels(dati$variable) <- c("Game Theory", "Logic", "Network Science")
```

```
lineplot_corpora_1_year <- ggplot(data = dati, aes (x = PY, y = p_articles,  
group = variable, color = variable, linetype = variable))+
```

```
  geom_line()+
```

```
  theme_classic()+
```

```
  labs(x="Publication year", y = "Perc. of articles over year total ", color  
= "Corpus", linetype = "Corpus",
```

```
    caption = "* Data from articles occurring in multiple corpora are  
not shown on the plot.")+
```

```
  theme(panel.grid.major.y = element_line(color = "grey90"),
```

```
    plot.caption = element_text(color = "grey", face = "italic", hjust =  
0),
```

```
    axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90))+
```

```
  scale_color_manual(values = c("#08519c", "#999999", "magenta4"))+
```

```
  scale_y_continuous(labels = scales::percent) +
```

```
  scale_x_continuous(breaks = seq(1985, 2020, 5))+
```

```
  scale_linetype_manual(values=c("solid", "longdash", "solid"))
```

```
lineplot_corpora_1_year
```

```
ggsave("Corpora_over_time_1_year.png", lineplot_corpora_1_year, width = 16,
height = 9, units = "cm", dpi = "print")
```

```
# S2c: 5-year perc on 5-year total
```

```
dati <- read.delim(file.choose(), header = TRUE, sep = ";", dec = ",",)
```

```
dati <- dati %>% select(c("PY", "Game.Theory", "Logic", "Network.Theory"))
```

```
dati = melt(dati, id.vars = c("PY"), value.name = "p_articles")
```

```
dati$PY <- factor(dati$PY, levels = c("1985-1989", "1990-1994", "1995-1999",
"2000-2004", "2005-2009", "2010-2014", "2015-2021"))
```

```
dati$variable <- factor(dati$variable, levels = c("Game.Theory", "Logic",
"Network.Theory"))
```

```
levels(dati$variable) <- c("Game Theory", "Logic", "Network Science")
```

```
lineplot_corpora_5_year <- ggplot(data = dati, aes (x = PY, y = p_articles,
group = variable, color = variable, linetype = variable))+
```

```
  geom_line()+
```

```
  theme_classic()+
```

```
  labs(x="5-year publication period", y = "Perc. of articles over 5-year
total ", color = "Corpus", linetype = "Corpus",
```

```
    caption = "* Data from articles occurring in multiple corpora are
not shown on the plot.")+
```

```
  theme(panel.grid.major.y = element_line(color = "grey90"),
```

```
    plot.caption = element_text(color = "grey", face = "italic", hjust =
0),
```

```
    axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90))+
```

```
  scale_color_manual(values = c("#08519c", "#999999", "magenta4"))+
```

```
  scale_y_continuous(labels = scales::percent) +
```

```
  scale_linetype_manual(values=c("solid", "longdash", "solid"))
```

```
lineplot_corpora_5_year
```

```
ggsave("Corpora_over_time_5_year.png", lineplot_corpora_5_year, width = 16,
height = 9, units = "cm", dpi = "print")
```

```
# S2d: Variation over time (1985 = 0)
```

```
# 1-year perc - 1985 perc
```

```
dati <- read.delim(file.choose(), header = TRUE, sep = ";", dec = ",")
```

```
dati <- dati %>% select(c("PY", "Game.Theory", "Logic", "Network.Theory"))
```

```
dati = melt(dati, id.vars = c("PY"), value.name = "p_articles")
```

```
dati$variable <- factor(dati$variable, levels = c("Game.Theory", "Logic",  
"Network.Theory"))
```

```
levels(dati$variable) <- c("Game Theory", "Logic", "Network science")
```

```
lineplot_variation_corpora_1_year <- ggplot(data = dati, aes (x = PY, y =  
p_articles, group = variable, color = variable, linetype = variable))+
```

```
  geom_line()+
```

```
  theme_classic()+
```

```
  labs(x="Publication year", y = "Variation from 1985 quota (p.p.)", color =  
"Corpus", linetype = "Corpus",
```

```
        caption = "* Data from articles occurring in multiple corpora are  
not shown on the plot.\n
```

```
        Baselines (1985): Logic = 15%; Game Theory = 3%; Network  
Science = 0%")+
```

```
  theme(panel.grid.major.y = element_line(color = "grey90"),
```

```
        plot.caption = element_text(color = "grey", face = "italic", hjust =  
0),
```

```
        axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90))+
```

```
  scale_color_manual(values = c("#08519c", "#999999", "magenta4"))+  
  scale_y_continuous(labels = scales::percent) +
```

```
  scale_x_continuous(breaks = seq(1985, 2020, 5))+
```

```
  scale_linetype_manual(values=c("solid", "longdash", "solid"))
```

```
lineplot_variation_corpora_1_year
```

```
ggsave("Variation_Corpora_over_time_1_year.png",  
lineplot_variation_corpora_1_year, width = 16, height = 9, units = "cm", dpi =  
"print")
```

```
# S2e: Corpora over time (abs)
```

```
file_name = "C:/Users/petrovich/Dropbox/Formal Methods in Philosophy/Overall  
map/Philosophy_articles_over_time_by_corpus.csv"
```

```

dati <- read.delim(file_name, header = TRUE, sep = ";", dec = ",",)

dati[is.na(dati)] <- 0

dati <- dati %>% select(c("PY", "Game_Theory", "GT_NS", "All_three", "Logic",
"Network_Science", "NS_Logic", "GT_Logic"))

dati = melt(dati, id.vars = c("PY"), value.name = "articles")

dati$variable <- factor(dati$variable, levels = c("Game_Theory", "GT_NS",
"All_three", "Logic", "Network_Science", "NS_Logic", "GT_Logic"))

levels(dati$variable) <- c("Game Theory", "GT and NS", "All three", "Logic",
"Network Science", "NS and Logic", "Logic and GT")

dati$variable <- factor(dati$variable, levels = c("Game Theory", "GT and NS",
"Logic", "Logic and GT", "Network Science", "NS and Logic", "All three"))

lineplot_corpus_abs <- ggplot(data = dati, aes (x = PY, y = articles, group =
variable, color = variable))+
  geom_line()+
  theme_classic()+
  labs(x="Publication year", y = "Publications", color = "Corpus",
caption = "* Articles without publication year are removed from the
plot.")+
  theme(panel.grid.major.y = element_line(color = "grey90"),
plot.caption = element_text(color = "grey", face = "italic", hjust =
0),
axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90))+
  scale_x_continuous(breaks = seq(1985, 2020, 5)) +
  scale_color_manual(values = c("#08519c", "chartreuse4", "#00AFBB", "pink",
"magenta4", "magenta1", "black"))

lineplot_corpus_abs

ggsave("Phil_corpora_over_time.png", lineplot_corpus_abs, width = 16, height =
9, units = "cm", dpi = "print")

# Figure S3: GT Knowledge Core over time

```

```
file_name = "C:/Users/petrovich/Dropbox/Formal Methods in Philosophy/Game  
Theory analyses/GT_KC_over_time.csv"
```

```
dati <- read.delim(file_name, header = TRUE, sep = ";", dec = ",",")
```

```
dati[is.na(dati)] <- 0
```

```
dati <- dati %>% select(c("RPY", "Yes", "No"))
```

```
dati = melt(dati, id.vars = c("RPY"), value.name = "articles")
```

```
dati$variable <- factor(dati$variable, levels = c("RPY", "Yes", "No"))
```

```
dati$variable <- factor(dati$variable, levels = c("RPY", "No", "Yes"))
```

```
levels(dati$variable) <- c("RPY", "Game Theory Knowledge Core", "GT KC cited in  
philosophy")
```

```
dati$variable <- factor(dati$variable, levels = c("Game Theory Knowledge Core",  
"GT KC cited in philosophy"))
```

```
KC_GT_lineplot <- ggplot(data = dati, aes (x = RPY, y = articles, group =  
variable, fill = variable)) +
```

```
  geom_area(position = position_dodge(width = 0))+
```

```
  theme_classic()+
```

```
  labs(x="Reference Publication Year", y = "Cited references", fill =  
"Type:",
```

```
        caption = "* 2 cited reference published before 1900 are removed  
from the plot")+
```

```
  theme(panel.grid.major.y = element_line(color = "grey90"),
```

```
        plot.caption = element_text(color = "grey", face = "italic", hjust =  
0),
```

```
        legend.position = "bottom")
```

```
KC_GT_lineplot
```

```
ggsave("KC_GT_over_time.png", KC_GT_lineplot, width = 16, height = 8, units =  
"cm", dpi = "print")
```

```
# Figure S4: RPY spectroscopy for philosophy articles
```

```
# S4a
```

```
file_name = "C:/Users/petrovich/Dropbox/Formal Methods in Philosophy/Overall  
map/RPY_philosophy.csv"
```

```
dati <- read.delim(file_name, header = TRUE, sep = ";", dec = ",",)
```

```
RPY_phil <- ggplot (data = dati, aes (x = RPY, y = CR)) +  
  geom_line()+  
  theme_classic()+  
  labs(x="Reference Publication Year", y = "Cited references", title = "All  
RPY considered")+  
  theme(panel.grid.major.y = element_line(color = "grey90"),  
    plot.caption = element_text(color = "grey", face = "italic", hjust =  
0),  
    legend.position = "bottom")
```

```
RPY_phil
```

```
ggsave("RPY_phil_overall.png", RPY_phil, width = 16, height = 8, units = "cm",  
dpi = "print")
```

```
dati <- dati %>% filter(RPY %in% (1930:2020))
```

```
# S4b
```

```
RPY_phil_focus <- ggplot (data = dati, aes (x = RPY, y = CR)) +  
  geom_line()+  
  theme_classic()+  
  labs(x="Reference Publication Year", y = "Cited references", title = "Only  
RPY = [1930:2020] considered")+  
  theme(panel.grid.major.y = element_line(color = "grey90"),  
    plot.caption = element_text(color = "grey", face = "italic", hjust =  
0),  
    legend.position = "bottom")+  
  scale_x_continuous(breaks = seq(1930, 2020, 10))
```

```
RPY_phil_focus
```

```
ggsave("RPY_phil_focus.png", RPY_phil_focus, width = 16, height = 8, units =  
"cm", dpi = "print")
```

```
# S8
```

```
corrplot(
```

```
data.matrix(chisq_residuals),  
p.mat = data.matrix(chisq_p_values),  
method = "ellipse",  
is.cor = FALSE,  
tl.col = "black",  
tl.offset = 1,  
sig.level = c(0.001, 0.01, 0.05), pch.cex = 0.9,  
insig = 'label_sig', pch.col = 'grey20'  
)
```