

SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIAL

Supplemental Table

Table S1.

	Inspiratory flow rate	Particle data	ICS	LABA
Flutiform ^{1),2)}	30 L/min	FPF	41.2% of labeled dose	39.1% of labeled dose
		MMAD	3.52 µm	3.52 µm
		GSD	1.59 µm	1.56 µm
Symbicort ^{3),4)}	60 L/min	FPF	35.0 % of labeled dose	30.0 % of labeled dose
		MMAD	2.49 µm	2.53 µm
		GSD	1.91 µm	1.89 µm
Relvar ^{5),6),7),8)}	60 L/min	FPF	20.6% of labeled dose	30.7% of labeled dose
		MMAD	range of 3.0 - 3.9 µm with a FPF range of 18 - 28%	range of 1.8 - 2.5 µm with a FPF range of 29 - 54%
		GSD	not found (used standard polydisperse GSD of 2.0 µm)	
Spiriva ⁹⁾	30 L/min	• FPF: Tio: 63.0 % of labeled dose • MMAD: Tio: 2.29 µm • GSD : Tio: 2.41 µm		

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<http://doi.org/10.1007/s13556-013-0003-9>
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- 3) Johal B., Howald M., Fischer M., Marschall J., Venthoye G. (2013). Fine Particle Profile of Fluticasone Propionate/Formoterol Fumarate Versus Other Combination Products: the DIFFUSE Study. *Combination Products in Therapy*, 3(1), 39-51.
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- low-fixed plus as-needed budesonide/formoterol. *Journal of Allergy and Clinical Immunology*, 123(5), 1083 - 1089.e7. <http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.jaci.2009.02.034>
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 - 8) Lock DJ, Watkins A, Munro A. (2014). DPI Performance Modelling Using an Inhalation Simulator and Oropharyngeal Model: A more P
 - 9) Zierenberg B. (1999). Optimizing the in Vitro Performance of Respimat. *Journal Of Aerosol Medicine*, 12(Sup1), S19-S24. http://doi.org/10.1089/jam.1999.12.Suppl_1.S-19

Supplemental Figure Legends

Fig. S1–6 Particle deposition imaging of Flutiform, Symbicort, and Relvar in the upper, central and peripheral airways in the 1st (Fig. S1) to 6th (Fig. S6) subjects.

Fig. S7 Particle deposition imaging of Symbicort at the rate of 30L/min in the 1st subject.

Fig. S8 Particle deposition imaging of Spiriva Respimat.

Fig. S9 Drug deposition fraction of bronchodilator (LABA, Spiriva). A. In the entire lung, B. In the peripheral airways.