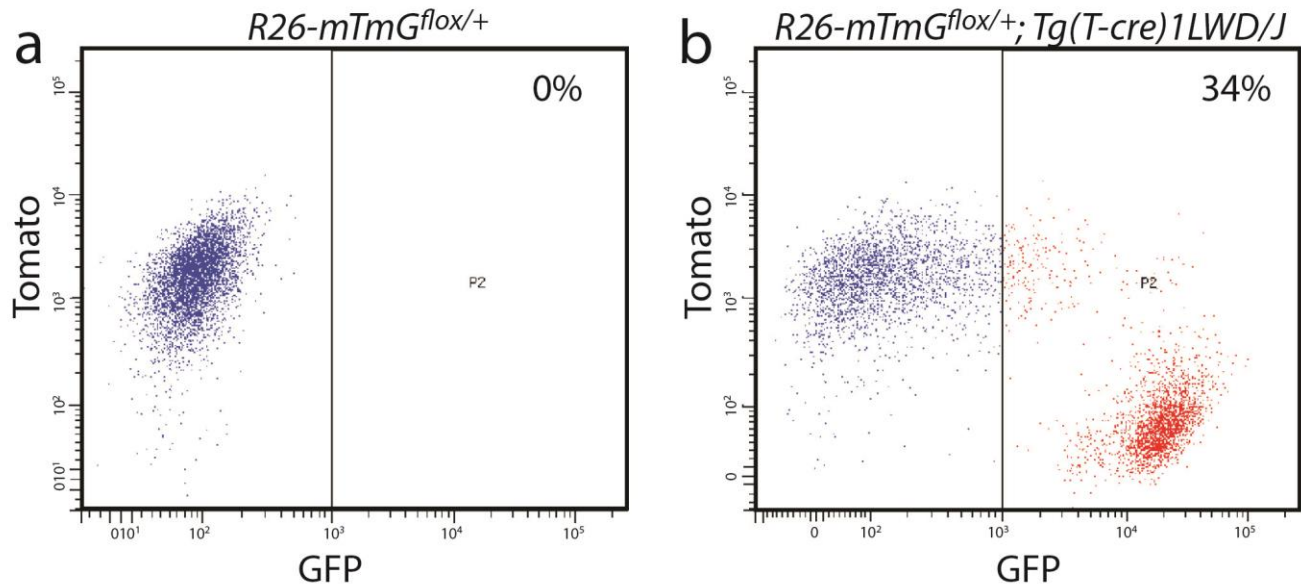
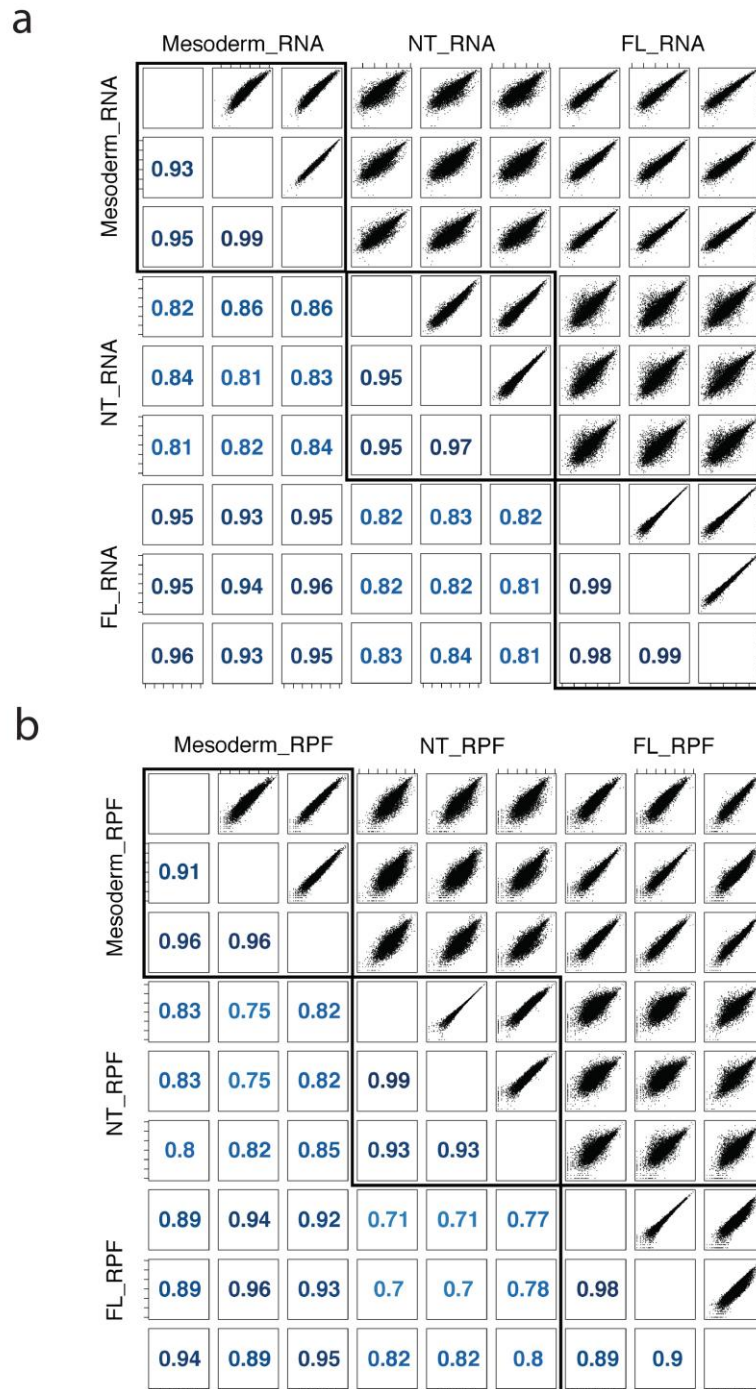


Supplementary Figures 1-12 and Supplementary Figure legends,
Supplementary Tables 1-3



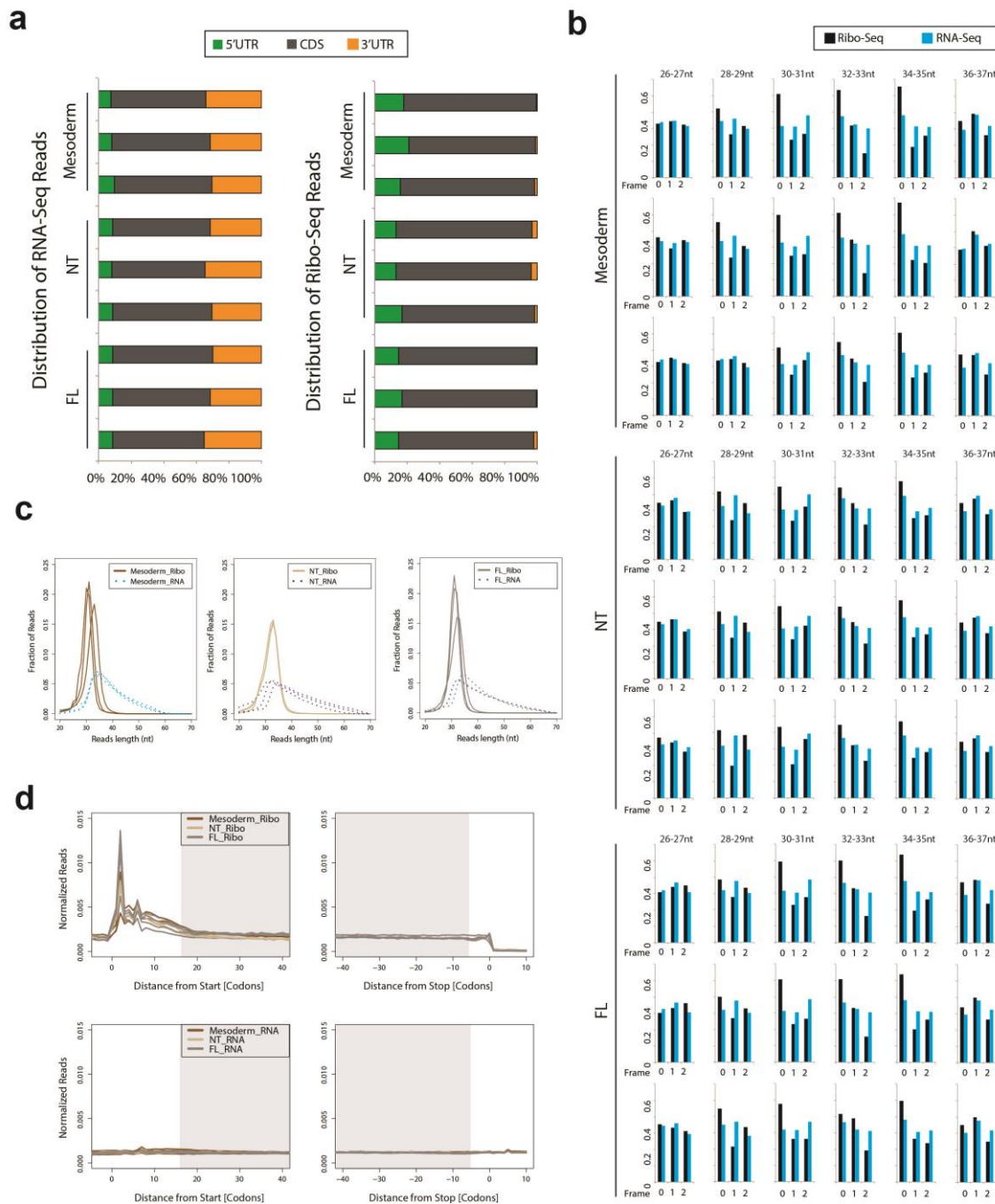
Supplementary Figure 1: Isolation of T-Cre activated Green Fluorescent Protein (GFP) positive cells by Fluorescence Activated Cell Sorting (FACS).

(a) In the *R26-mTmG^{lox/+}* (Cre negative control) embryo, membrane-bound tandem dimer Tomato (mT) is ubiquitously expressed in all cells and we do not detect expression of membrane-targeted enhanced GFP (mG). **(b)** T-Cre activation in *R26-mTmG^{lox/+}; Tg(T-cre)1LWD/J* embryos results in activation of mG. Both the mG⁺;mT⁺ and mG⁺;mT⁻ populations are detected and collected by FACS (mG⁻;mT⁺ cells do not express T-Cre and are excluded from analysis).



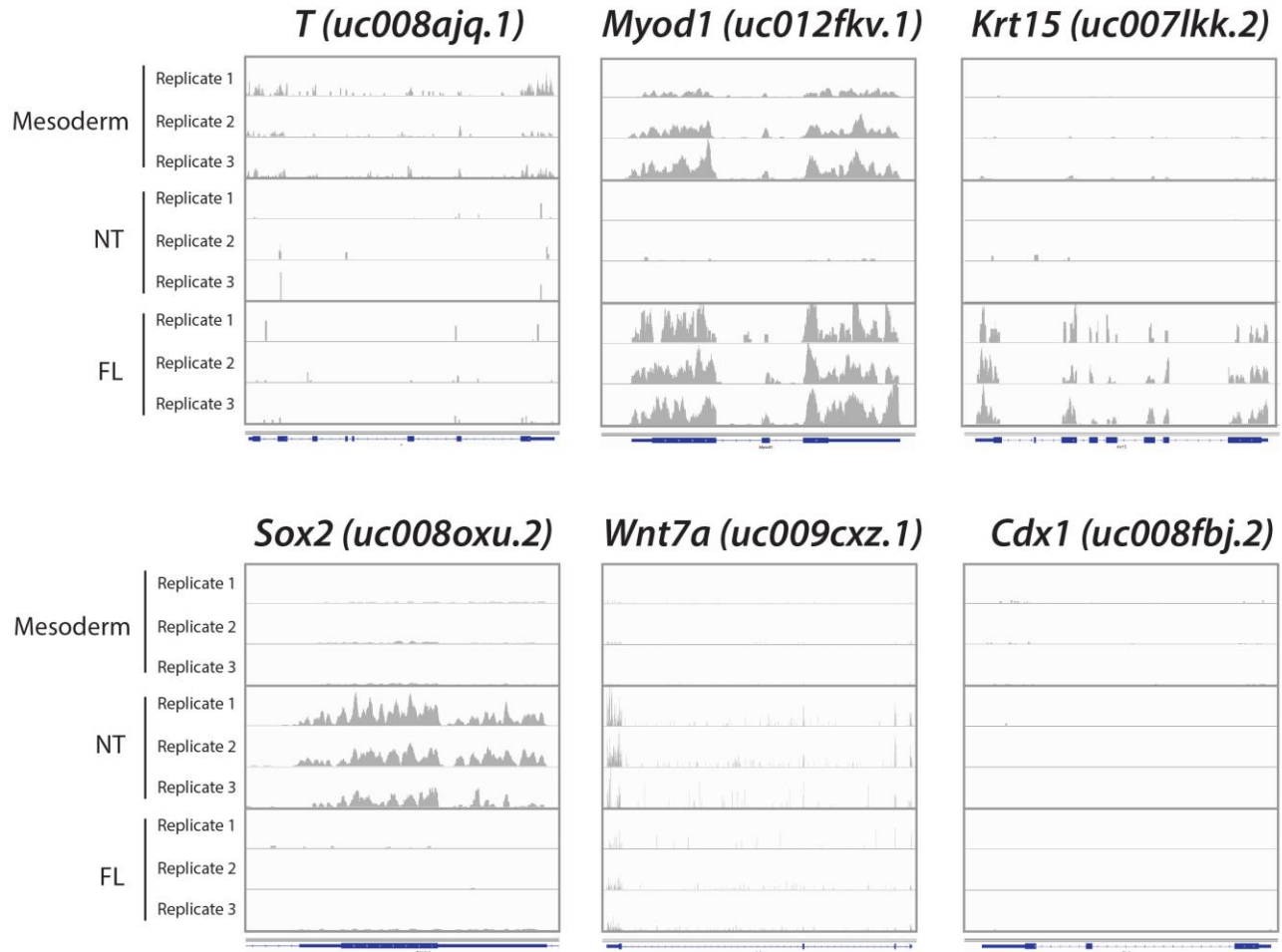
Supplementary Figure 2: Plot of pairwise correlations of all RNA-Seq and Ribo-Seq datasets confirms the high consistency of biological replicates.

Shown are pairwise correlations of all RNA-Seq (**a**) and Ribo-Seq (**b**) datasets. In the upper right corner are the scatter plots and in the bottom left corner are Pearson's correlations between every pairwise comparison. The correlations between biological replicates along the diagonal (each set of samples with three biological replicates is highlighted in a square) have the highest correlations, confirming the consistency of the dataset.



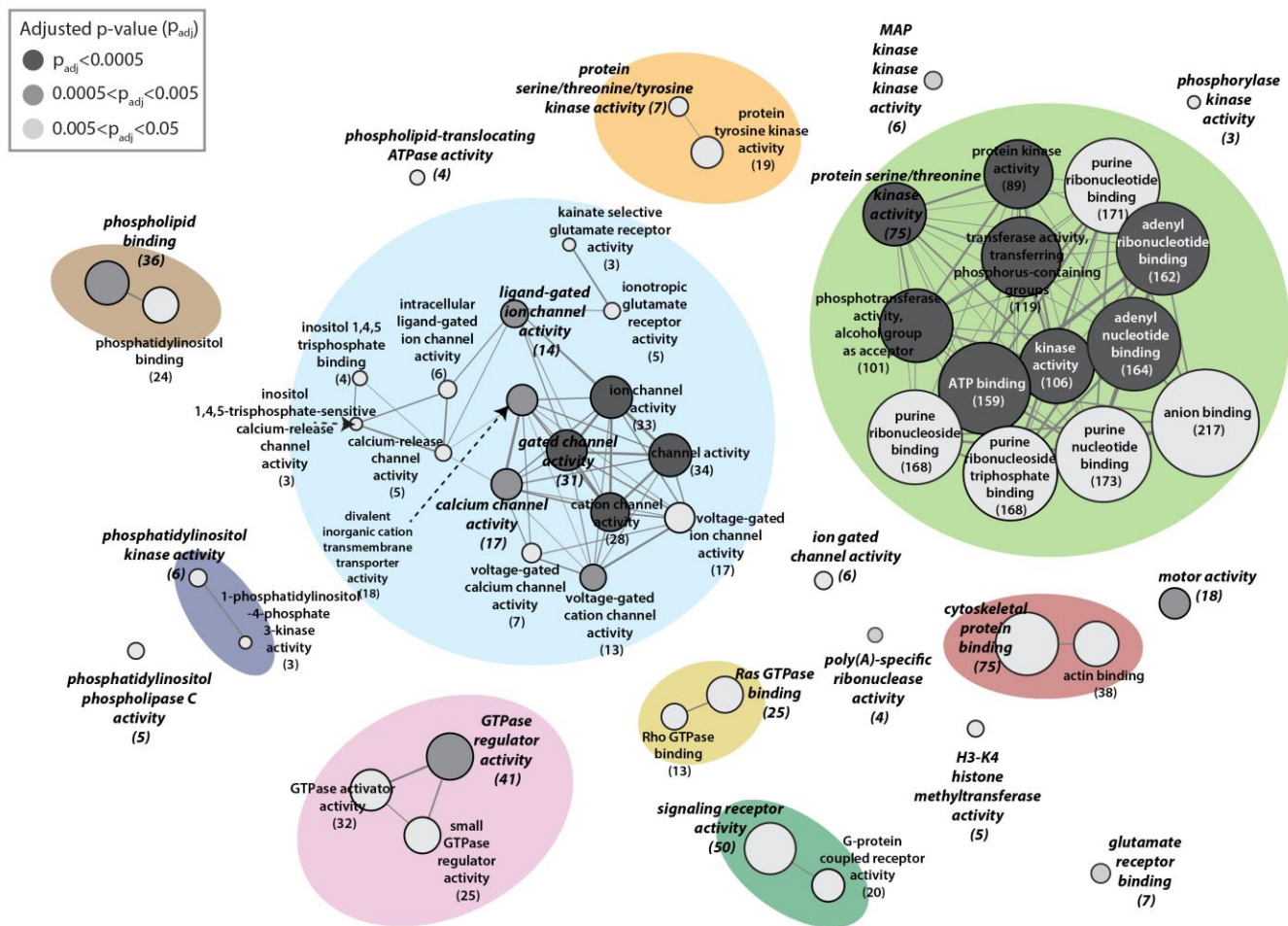
Supplementary Figure 3: Global characterization of the RNA-Seq and Ribo-Seq datasets illustrates the quality of deep sequencing libraries.

(a) Bar graphs show the distribution of RNA-Seq and Ribo-Seq reads mapping to the 5'UTR, CDS and 3'UTR. **(b)** The 3nt periodicity was observed in the Ribo-Seq reads with a length of ~30 nt. RNA-Seq reads do not exhibit the 3nt periodicity. **(c)** Length distribution of RNA-Seq and Ribo-Seq reads showing the Ribo-Seq libraries exhibit a much narrower distribution with the majority of reads being ~30 nt. **(d)** Metagenome analysis of read distribution around the beginning and end of CDS of all genes analyzed. Accumulation of RPFs at the beginning of coding region was observed, plausibly caused by the cycloheximide treatment. Therefore, total number of RPFs and RNA reads mapping to the CDS excluding the first 15 or last 5 codons (region in grey) were counted and fed into the analysis of translational regulation, following published methods.



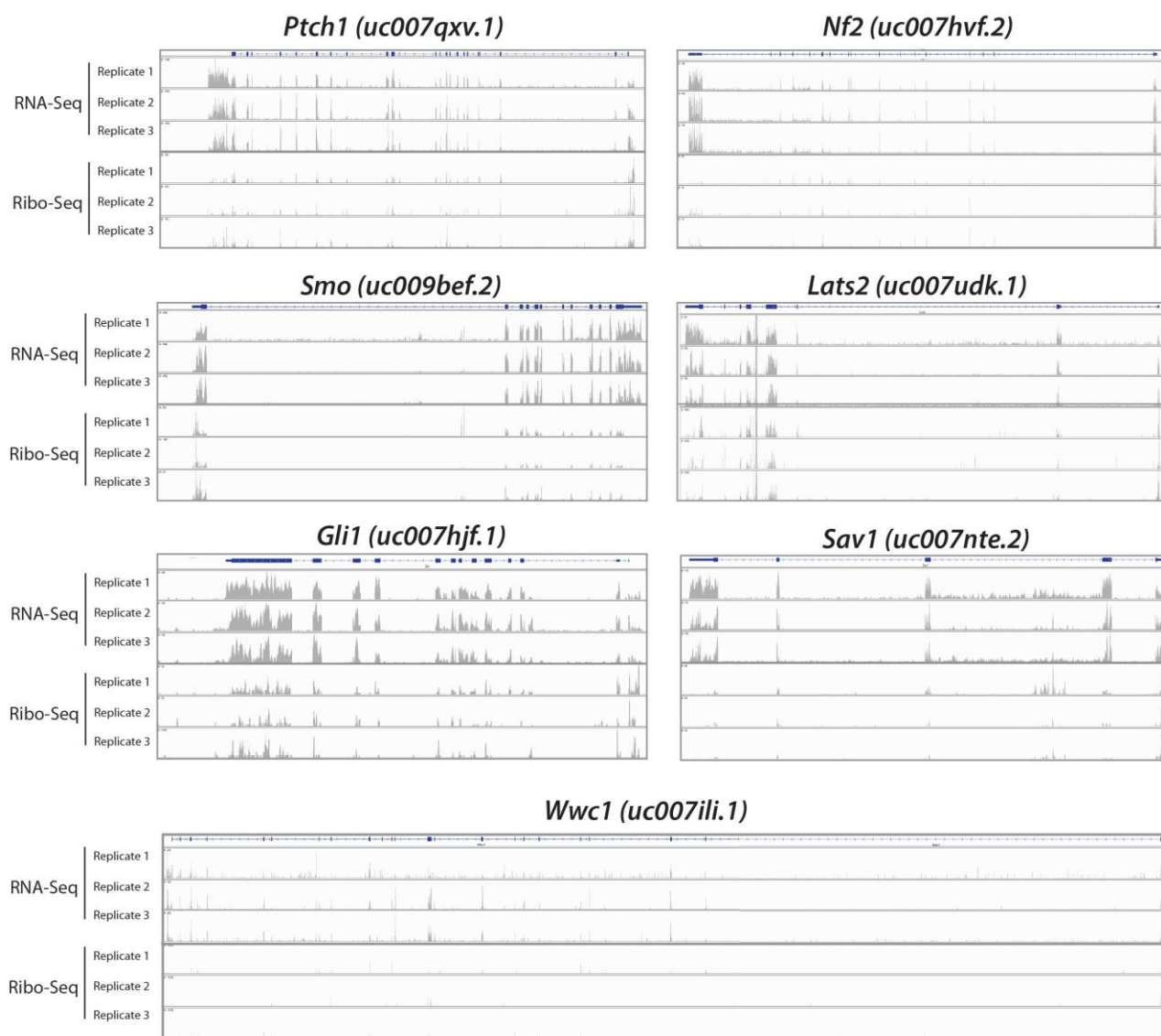
Supplementary Figure 4: Lineage specific marker gene expression reflects quality of isolation of desired cell population.

Shown are the RNA-Seq plots for several well-known lineage specific markers. FACS-isolated mesoderm cells specifically express mesoderm cell markers *T* and *Myod1*; the forelimb expresses mesoderm marker *Myod1* and ectoderm marker *Krt15* and the neural tube expresses markers of neuronal cell fate: *Sox2* and *Wnt7a*. The lack of detectable expression of endoderm cell marker *Cdx1* further ensures the purity of the isolation of desired cell population.



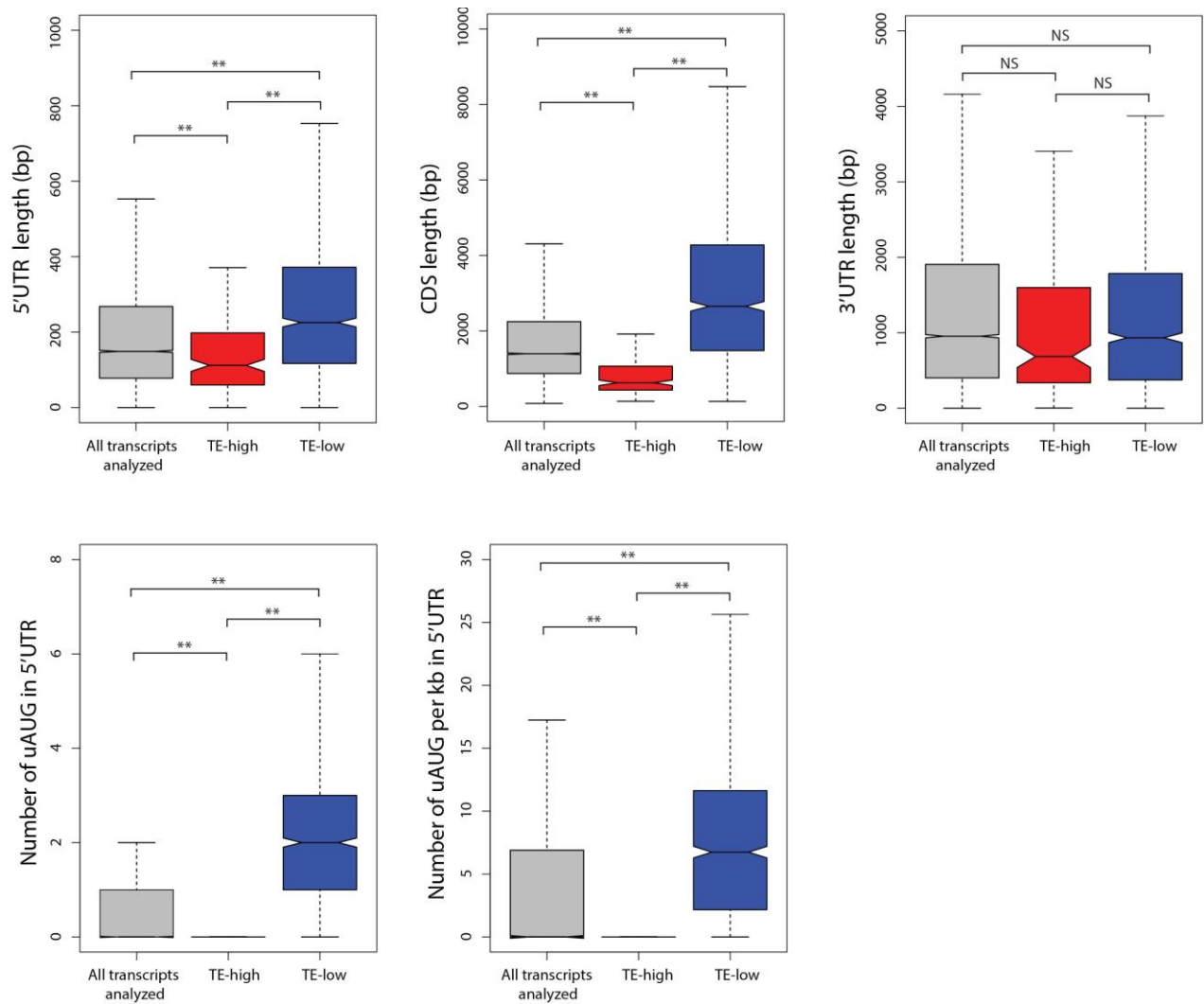
Supplementary Figure 5: The network of enriched Gene Ontology (GO) categories (molecular function) among TE-low genes in mesoderm at E11.5.

The GO terms cluster into several functional groups represented by different color-shaded circles. Each node represents one enriched GO term color-coded by its adjusted p-value (FDR) of enrichment, with size of the node proportional to the number of associated TE-low genes. Edges indicate similarity (Kappa score > 0.4) between the two connected GO terms. The number of TE-low genes is shown in the parenthesis following the name of each GO term. The most significantly enriched GO term from each group is designated as the leading group term and highlighted in bold italic.



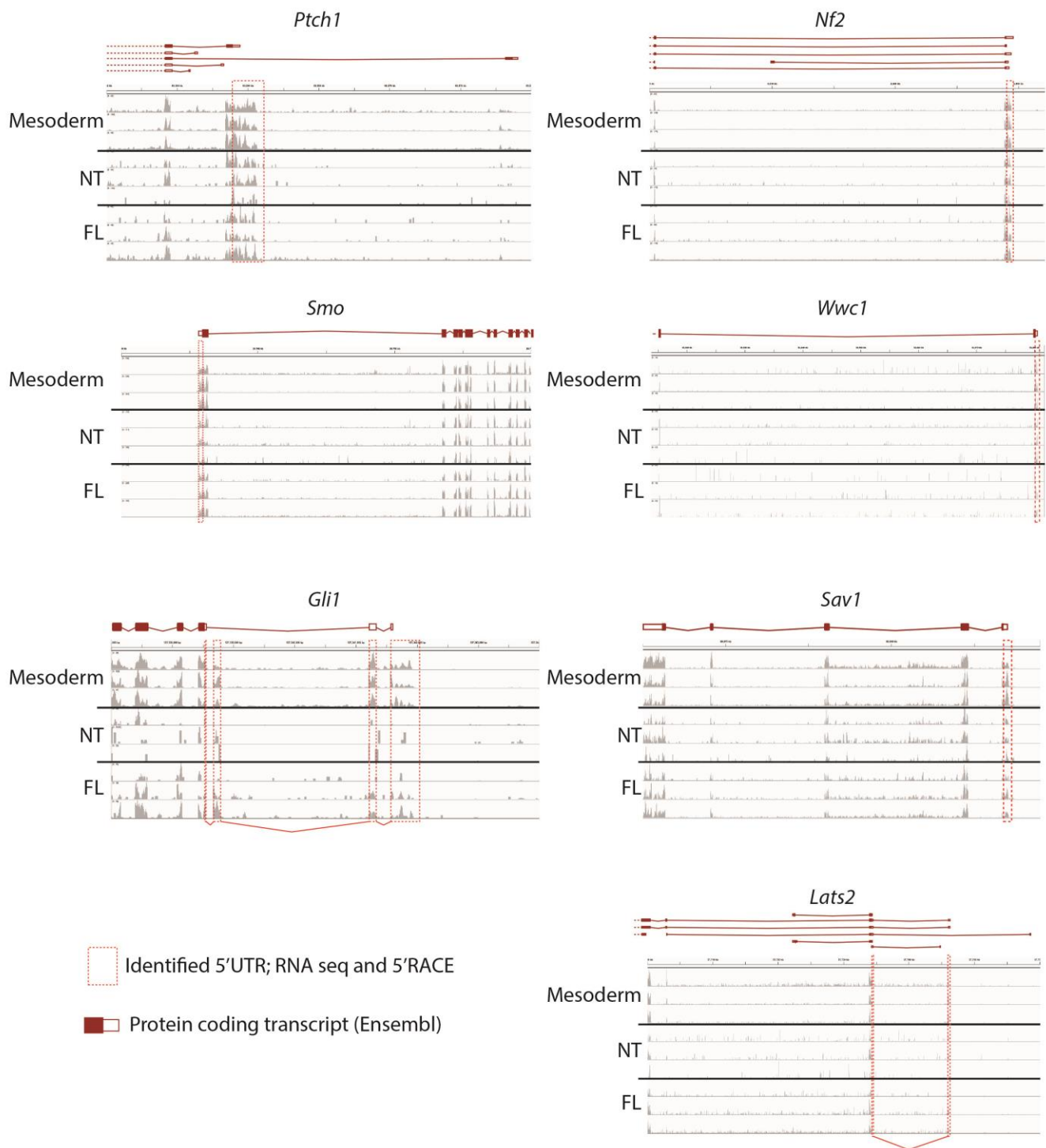
Supplementary Figure 6: RNA-Seq and Ribo-Seq plots of TE-low genes in the Shh and Hippo pathway.

Shown are the E11.5 mesoderm RNA-Seq and Ribo-Seq plots for several Shh and Hippo pathway genes with low TE (analyzed in Figure 3). Majority of reads map to exons (noting that the read density peak in the *Lats2* intron 4 and *Sav1* intron 2 are from the opposite strand).



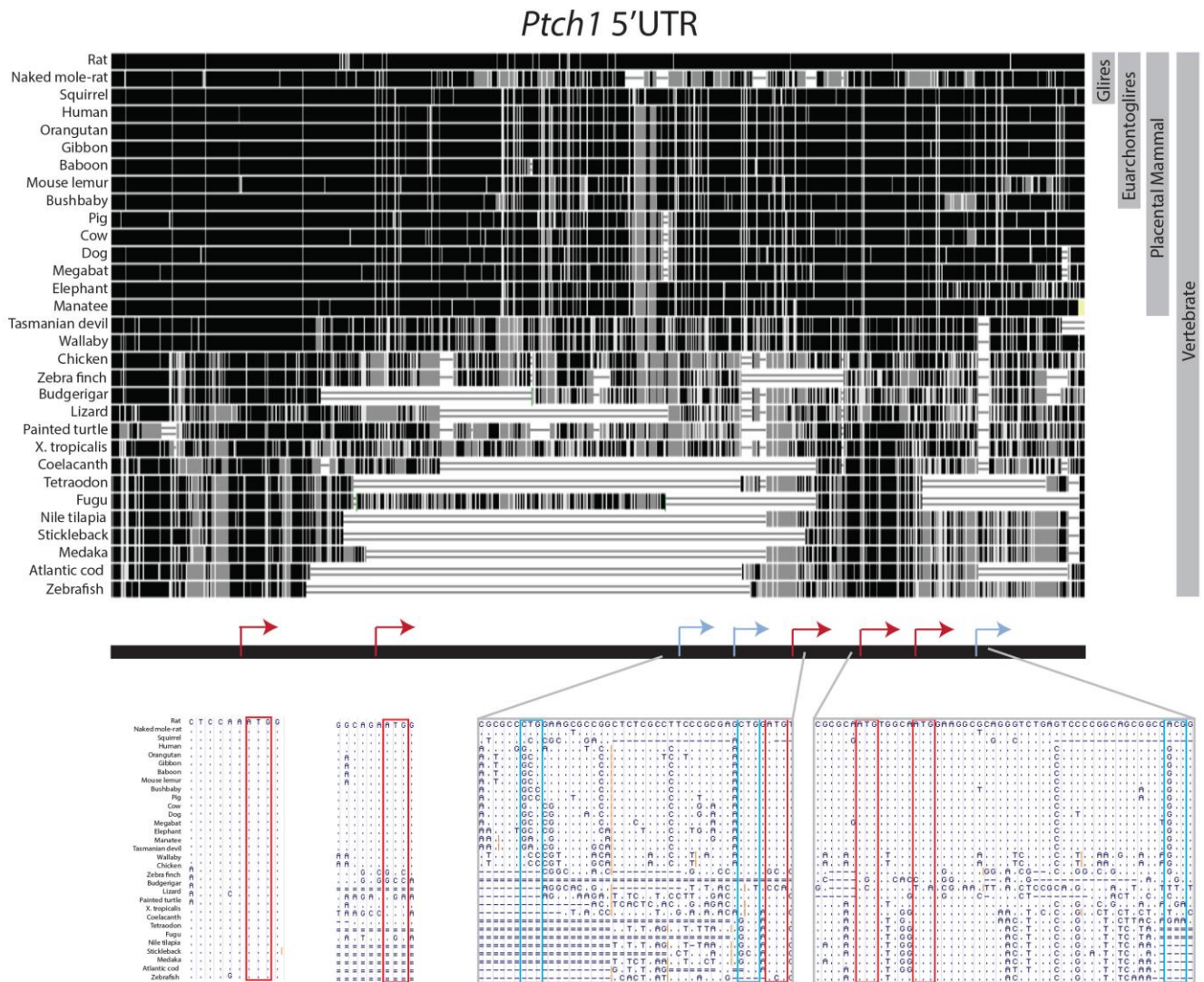
Supplementary Figure 7: General features of translationally regulated transcripts.

Compared to all transcripts analyzed, TE-low transcripts (blue) overall have longer 5'UTRs with higher numbers of uAUG; conversely, TE-high transcripts (red) have shorter 5'UTRs with a much lower number of uAUGs. ** $p < 0.01$; NS, not significant (one-way ANOVA test).



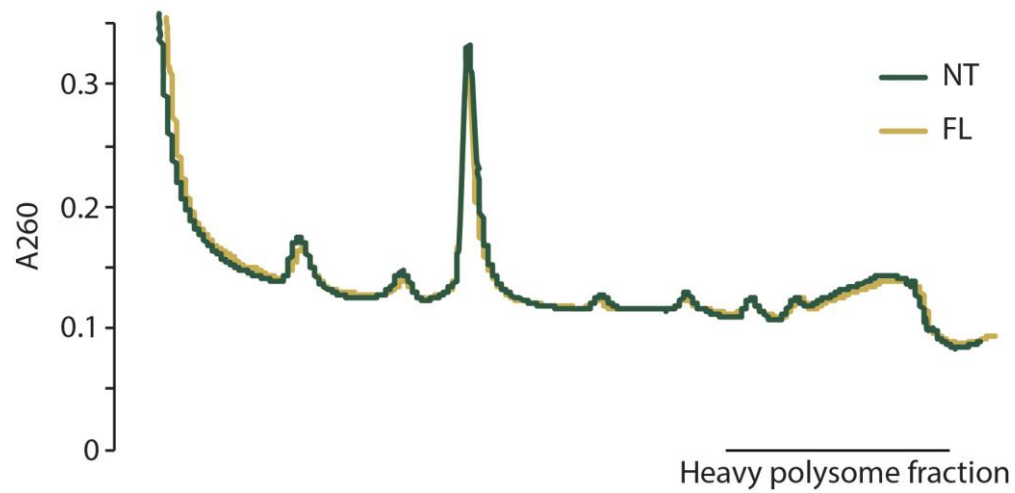
Supplementary Figure 8: Identification of predominant full-length 5'UTRs by 5' RACE and RNA-Seq.

5' RACE on microdissected neural tube and somite was performed to identify the capped full-length 5'UTR of transcripts encoding components of the Shh and Hippo signaling pathways. Longer 5'UTR sequences were obtained by 5' RACE compared to the annotation in Ensembl, for *Ptch1*, *Gli1*, *Wwc1*, and *Sav1*. Alignment of RNA-Seq reads to the 5'UTR region also corroborated the identification of 5'UTR sequences by the 5' RACE experiment as the predominant transcript.



Supplementary Figure 9: Alignment of *Ptch1* 5'UTRs across vertebrates and conservation analysis of uAUG and non-canonical start codons.

(Upper) Alignment of the mouse *Ptch1* 5'UTR (excluding introns) to other vertebrate species from UCSC genome browser. (Lower): A zoom-in view of the sequence alignment from UCSC genome browser, showing the conservation of each uAUG (red boxes) as well as non-canonical (blue boxes) start codons.

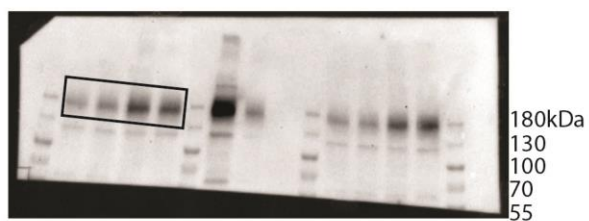


Supplementary Figure 10: Polysome profiles of neural tube and forelimb.

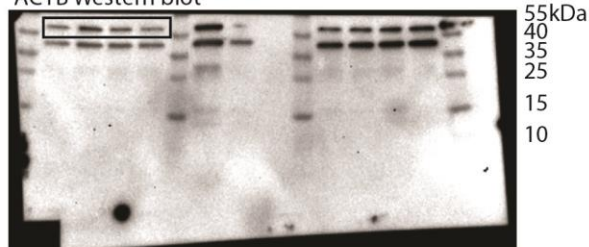
Polysome profiles show no difference in global translation activity between microdissected NT and FL.

Figure 4c

PTCH1 Western blot



ACTB Western blot



GAPDH Western blot

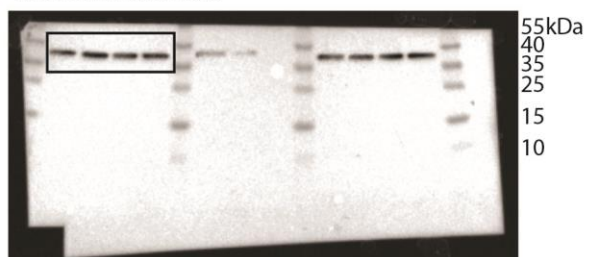
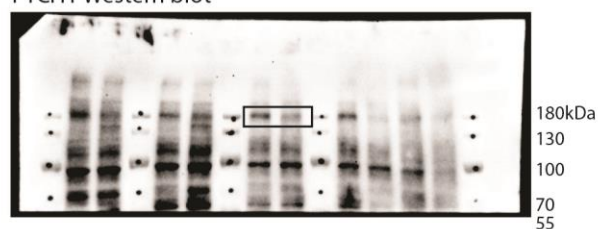
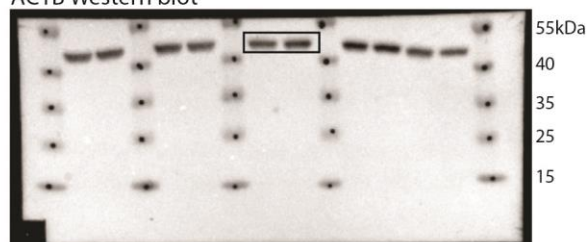


Figure 6d

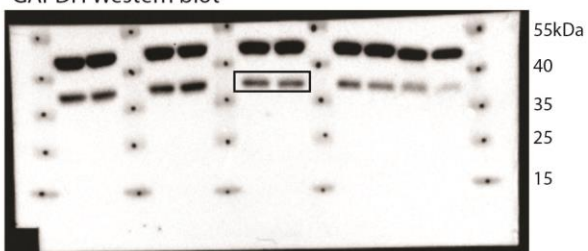
PTCH1 Western blot



ACTB Western blot



GAPDH Western blot



Supplementary Figure 11: Western blot analysis.

Figure shows uncropped Western blots used in Figures 4c and 6d. Black boxes highlight regions of the blot utilized in the indicated Figures.

Supplementary Table 1: 5' RACE identified 5'UTR sequence for each transcript analyzed in Fig. 3 uAUGs and corresponding stop codons are highlighted in the same color (yellow, green, blue, pink, and grey). uAUGs that initiate an ORF overlapping with the main CDS and corresponding stop codons are shown as blue characters. Non-canonical start codons with favorable Kozak sequences are capitalized. The beginning of main CDS is highlighted in red.

Ptch1 5'UTR

agccaatcgcttgacagaaacccaagccatctgacagccccggggcgagggttcagccttttctcttctgctcgtcttccccctccacccccctcctcctctcttctccaa
ATGgagagagttcttttttcttcttccatctcatctattgagtcaggagctgctcgccgctgcccgtgcacacacacagagcggagttcccagggtccggtagcgaaagaag
 cgcgcggcgccgggggcaga**ATG**gtccagcgggtcggtgaggagaacaagaagcagagtcgggaccgagcagccaccggaacccagcagccagagagcgaccagcc
 gtttcagaagccgccaccgccaactccagccgagccgagcagcaccagcagcagcagcggcagccccggcccgcatcgt**TGA**gactcgcgggtaccgtcgcgtcgc
 cgcagcggcgccgaggggagccggcgagcggcggggtctgcgcgccttctgctg**TGA**aggggtcgcggcgggggcggggacgtctgggggggacttggggac
 cgcgaggcgccCTGgaagcggcgctctgccttcccgcgagCTG**ATG**tgggcagcggcgccgcaagacctgggactcacgcga**ATG**tggca**ATG**ga
 aggcgcagggtctgagttcccgagcggccACGgcccagcaccgcagcggcccgctg**TGA**gcggcagcagcgggtctgtaccgggagccggagttcccggcg
 gccagcagctcctcgagccgagcggccagcgcccgagcccggcgccggcgccggcaac**ATGGCCTCGGCTGGTAAACGC**

Smo 5'UTR

ccagctagagcaacaaggagcccgtagtcggcagggagagctcagggggctgcggcgctcgcgcggaggtggctgctggccgcgggCTGgctggggcgggagc
 cggggagccactcccgaccccccccccccccgccggcgctggcctccatcgaggggCTGgagtcggtttta**ATG**gtgggagagggga**ATG**gggCTGgagat
 cggggccccggagggttccagggt**TGA**agacagcttcgatctccagccagggagttccgggtctgtgcatcCTGgccccggcgctgcgtgctcaac**ATG**gggccccg
 gttccaaagtgtgcaagtgggagtcgagggggcccgacgcgcggcgctggcgaaagCTGgccccagactttcggggcgacccggctgc**TAA**gtagcctccg
 cccccggggtcgtgtgtgtggccaggggactccggggagctccggggcgctcagcttttctgagttggtgttggcc**ATG**

Gli1 5'UTR

atagggtccctcaaggagggggaggatcCTGgggggtcCTGgggggtccataagcccgacccccctctctagcttctatccaccagctcatctttagaacggtccgaagg
 aaggatatacaggggaagttagcggggaagagccgtagcgtgcgggtggaacagcgagaaaaagtgttgccttctcgcgggtgttccggc
 tcgagggcccgccgggCTGggccggcgggagggCTGggggccaggttgggaggggtggggtggcactgaagctgcgtgcagtgccctgtgacccccctcccgccac
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 tccctttttaggttgg**ATG**aagaagcagttgggacggcagctggaggtctgcgtggttagagggaactcca>Intron>gagactgtgagttcccaagactgaacgctgt
 tctgccactcttgg**ATG**tttcttctaagggaagtgaaaaacgttat**TGA**ttcc**ATG**accagtttc**TGA**g**ATG**agggttaga>Intron>ggtccctcatcttccc**T**
GAgacgc**ATG**

Nf2 5'UTR

atcttagagaaaaagtgttagggtagtcgctgagtagcgtagtgaggagtcggaggggcgggcgggggcggggatccggcaggtcgtgaggtgggggttgtagaggacgt
 tcccaggggcgcgccggagcggagCTGgtgacagacacgcacgcgctgtgcgtcccaactactcgcggcccccgcgacccctcgggggtcgtgagaggcccgcgctcgg
 cgccgacccgtctaggatttctgccaaggcgctccctggcgctcccgacccgaagctccaagctcggggctgcgcgtgttttgcggcatctcccccgacccccctgctca
 gagactgtcccttaactcatcttccgacccacagccgggtcctcgcggcc**ATG**CTGgcccgtggggaccagggcagcctaggctgtctcggccggccagccggccac
 c**ATG**gtggccctgaggcctgtgagctactccaggggggc**TAA**gagaccagaacgcgggcctaggggtaggggatcaagcccggtacctcgcgc**ATG**

Wwc1 5'UTR

ccgcctcgcgcgCTGggcgcggggaggagaccgggaaccCTGgagcccgcgctcgcctccgtttccggggcagcgcagttacctgcaccgccggagccacacc
 tggcggaaggcagaagtctcggggcgcgccgggggtcggcagaggctcggcgccggcgccggcgccggcgccggtggagcgcagcgcgagcggcaggggaggc
 aggcggcggtcgggcgctcctgctggtgctggcgccgagctcggcgccgctggcgccgcgcggcgccgcac**ATG**gacgc**TGA**agggcggcgccggtgggCT
 Gggggcgagggccgc**ATG**gacagaggccaccccgccggcccccgt**TAG**ggccccgatccgtggcgccactccccgatc**ATG**ctgcctcggcgccgctg
 gacccaaagcggccagccgagccgc**TGA**gccccgtggcgctgcgagctgc**ATG**ggggagcgcgggcccaggctcgggaagcc**ATGCCCCGCCCGGAG**
TTGCCCTTGCCGGAGGGCTGGGAGGAGGCGCGGACTTCGACGGCAAGGTCTACTACATAGATC

Sav1 5'UTR

ggggcgcccgctgcgcgtcggctttccagcattccagcggcgccgggaaagtaccggacgtaggcgggtggccgcagcggtagcgggtccggcgccggacc**ATG**gcc
 CTGgtggcgcccgccgctgtcccaaggcgccctcggcgccgctgtgagccggctgacttccgggagggagctgcctcgcac**TGA**ggcgccggcgccgctta
 gcgcggccaac**ATG**ggcgagcctgcggcgggcgccggcgccggagaccgagcggaaggcgccggcgccggccgggagggcgccggcgccgaggtcgc
 ggccc**TAG**cgaggctgctggggcgccggcgggagtcgtccgcgagg**ATG**

Lats2 5'UTR

ccgtgga**ATG**ccaaca**ATGTAG**ca**ATG**tcccgtcgggtctgcgttcggaaccgcggcg**TGA**gcgcccggaag**ATG**gagccgcccgccagcgcgcg
 cgccgttccccgggtcccccgacctccgggtcagcaaccactgccccaccggcgccgggtctcccgcgcgaggtccccggagccgagcgggacgagccgag
 ggtg**TAG**agcgtccccggag>Intron>agagt**ATG**gtcttcaaa**ATG**aaaactCTGaaaatttaggttctctttaggaactaaaaaattgaaggacagcaattttga
 aagggaagtgttc**TGA**aagc**ATG**tttaacaattac**TGA**actgttgactgttctttaaataataagacgtttgagaagattgtatt**ATG**gtaaaaggaaaCTGactaac
 a**ATGAGGCCAAAGACTTTTCTGCCACAACCTTACTCTGGAAATAGCCG**

Supplementary Table 2: Plasmid list

Figure	Description	5'UTR	Gene	Marker
Cloning	pGL3-Promoter Vector		Fluc	Amp
Figure. 3b	pRL-SV40 Vector		Rluc	Amp
Figure. 3b	pGL3-HBB	<i>HBB</i>	Fluc	Amp
Figure. 3b	pGL3-NF2	<i>Nf2</i>	Fluc	Amp
Figure. 3b	pGL3-Wwc1	<i>Wwc1</i>	Fluc	Amp
Figure. 3b	pGL3-Sav1	<i>Sav1</i>	Fluc	Amp
Figure. 3b	pGL3-Lats2	<i>Lats2</i>	Fluc	Amp
Figure. 3b	pGL3-NF2 mut	<i>Nf2</i>	Fluc	Amp
Figure. 3b	pGL3-Wwc1 mut	<i>Wwc1</i>	Fluc	Amp
Figure. 3b	pGL3-Sav1 mut	<i>Sav1</i>	Fluc	Amp
Figure. 3b	pGL3-Lats2 mut	<i>Lats2</i>	Fluc	Amp
Figure. 3b	pGL3-Ptch1	<i>Ptch1</i>	Fluc	Amp
Figure. 3b	pGL3-Smo	<i>Smo</i>	Fluc	Amp
Figure. 3b	pGL3-Gli1	<i>Gli1</i>	Fluc	Amp
Figure. 3b	pGL3-Ptch1 mut	<i>Ptch1</i>	Fluc	Amp
Figure. 3b	pGL3-Smo mut	<i>Smo</i>	Fluc	Amp
Figure. 3b	pGL3-Gli1 mut	<i>Gli1</i>	Fluc	Amp
Figure. 3c	pGL3-Gli1 mut for non-canonical	<i>Gli1</i>	Fluc	Amp
Figure. 3c	pGL3-Gli1 mut for uAUG	<i>Gli1</i>	Fluc	Amp
Figure. 3c	pGL3-Gli1 mut for 2nd exon uAUG	<i>Gli1</i>	Fluc	Amp
Figure. 3c	pGL3-Gli1 mut for 3rd exon uAUG	<i>Gli1</i>	Fluc	Amp
Figure. 3d	pGL3-Ptch1 mut for non-canonical start site	<i>Ptch1</i>	Fluc	Amp
Figure. 3d	pGL3-Ptch1 mut for 1st and 2nd uAUG	<i>Ptch1</i>	Fluc	Amp
Figure. 3d	pGL3-Ptch1 mut for 3rd, 4th, and 5th uAUG	<i>Ptch1</i>	Fluc	Amp
Figure. 3d	pGL3-Ptch1 deletion 581-705	<i>Ptch1</i>	Fluc	Amp
Figure. 3e	pGL3-Ptch1 mut for 4th uAUG	<i>Ptch1</i>	Fluc	Amp
Figure. 3f	pGL3-Ptch1 mut for upstream STOP codon	<i>Ptch1</i>	Fluc	Amp
Figure. 3f	pGL3-Ptch1 mut for upstream STOP codon +1 frameshift	<i>Ptch1</i>	Fluc	Amp
Figure. 3f	pGL3-Ptch1 mut for upstream STOP codon +2 frameshift	<i>Ptch1</i>	Fluc	Amp

Supplementary Table 3: qPCR primer list

Gene name	Direction	Sequence
<i>Fluc</i>	Fwd	AAGAGATACGCCCTGGTTC
<i>Fluc</i>	Rev	TTGTATTCAGCCCATATCGTTTC
<i>Rluc</i>	Fwd	TGGAGAATAACTTCTTCGTGGA
<i>Rluc</i>	Rev	TTGGACGACGAACTTCACC
<i>Actb</i>	Fwd	GCCAACCGTGAAAAGATGAC
<i>Actb</i>	Rev	CATCACAATGCCTGTGGTAC
<i>Ptch1</i>	Fwd	ATCATTACACCTTTGGACTGC
<i>Ptch1</i>	Rev	TAAAGGAGGCTTACCTAGGAG
<i>Gli1</i>	Fwd	TCCACCACAAGTCAATAGCTA
<i>Gli1</i>	Rev	CTGGCTGCTCCATAACCCTG
<i>Foxa2</i>	Fwd	ATGCACTCGGCTTCCAGTAT
<i>Foxa2</i>	Rev	TCATTCCAGCGCCACATAG
<i>Nkx2.2</i>	Fwd	AGGGCCTCCAATACTCCCTG
<i>Nkx2.2</i>	Rev	TCATTGTCCGGTGACTCGTC
<i>Olig2</i>	Fwd	GATGGAGAGATGCGTTCGTT
<i>Olig2</i>	Rev	TGGGGGAAAGAAGTCAAGTG
<i>Pax6</i>	Fwd	ACTTCAGTACCAGGGCAACC
<i>Pax6</i>	Rev	ACTGATGGAGTTGGTGTCTCTC
<i>Irx3</i>	Fwd	CCGGAGAGTGGAACAGATCG
<i>Irx3</i>	Rev	ACCAGAGCAGCGTCCAGATG
<i>Irx5</i>	Fwd	ACAACTCGCACCTCCAGTAC
<i>Irx5</i>	Rev	TCCCAAGGAACCTGCCATACC
<i>Sox12</i>	Fwd	GTTATTCTAGTGACCGAGACCG
<i>Sox12</i>	Rev	CTAGTTTCTCCCCAGGATTTCC
<i>Ddx5</i>	Fwd	TTCTGATTGCTACCGATGTGG
<i>Ddx5</i>	Rev	GTGTATGCTGTGCCTGTTTTG
<i>Gabbr1</i>	Fwd	ACGAGCTCAAGCTTATCCAC
<i>Gabbr1</i>	Rev	GCATGAGGATGATCTTGATG
<i>Slc4a3</i>	Fwd	CCACATGACCCTGATGCTAAG
<i>Slc4a3</i>	Rev	TCCAAGAAAGGCACGCAG
<i>Arhgef17</i>	Fwd	CGACCTCATGATCAAGCCTG
<i>Arhgef17</i>	Rev	TGCTTGATGTTGCGCTGAGC
<i>Gigyf1</i>	Fwd	TGGGATGACAGAGGCGAGAG
<i>Gigyf1</i>	Rev	TCACTGTCTGAGCGTGCATG
<i>Nsmf</i>	Fwd	TGGAGAAGGAAGAGGACATG
<i>Nsmf</i>	Rev	ACCTTGTAAGGGGTCATGAG
<i>Syngap1</i>	Fwd	ATCAAGTGCACAGCGTCCAG
<i>Syngap1</i>	Rev	GATGCAAACACCTCCTTCAG
<i>Apbb3</i>	Fwd	ACCTAGACAAGTGGAGTTGC
<i>Apbb3</i>	Rev	GTACCAATGGCCTCATTGAG
<i>Kmt2a</i>	Fwd	AGCGTGAGAAGTACTATGAC
<i>Kmt2a</i>	Rev	AAGCGTGCAGCATTTCCATG

<i>Ift172</i>	Fwd	CGCCATGTACCTGGAAGATG
<i>Ift172</i>	Rev	AGTCCTGGTTGTGGACAAAC
<i>Ptch1-b</i>	Fwd	CGGACCGGGACTATCTGCAC
<i>Ptch1-b</i>	Rev	GAGTCTCTGAAACTTCGCTC
<i>Grik5</i>	Fwd	GACATCTTTGAGCTGCAGCG
<i>Grik5</i>	Rev	CACAGATATGGCTCACGGTG
<i>Brd8</i>	Fwd	CAAAGTGAAGTCTGAGAGAG
<i>Brd8</i>	Rev	CCAGTCTGCTGTCCATGTGC
<i>Gli3</i>	Fwd	CTGATGAAGACCTCCCCAGC
<i>Gli3</i>	Rev	TCCCAGTGGCAGTTTGTCTC
<i>Neur14</i>	Fwd	CTGACCAACGGCAAAGGCAC
<i>Neur14</i>	Rev	GGGCAGAGTTGGACTTCCT
<i>Rai1</i>	Fwd	GAAGCTCTTTGGGCTGCAGG
<i>Rai1</i>	Rev	TAGGAGCACGAGATGGTCGC
<i>Stim2</i>	Fwd	CCTGCACAGAGAAGATAAGCAC
<i>Stim2</i>	Rev	CTATTAACCACTGCAGGGTATCC
<i>Dig4</i>	Fwd	CACAGTGATCTCTTCCAGG
<i>Dig4</i>	Rev	CTGCAACTCATATCCTGGG
<i>Crtc2</i>	Fwd	CCTGTGAAGTCCCTGGAATC
<i>Crtc2</i>	Rev	GGGAAGTGTAGGTTGGTGAG
<i>Uqcrh</i>	Fwd	GAGTACTACTCTGGTTGCGC
<i>Uqcrh</i>	Rev	GGTCCACTAGTTCTTCCTCTTCTTC
<i>Romo1</i>	Fwd	ATTCGGAGTGAGACGTCGAG
<i>Romo1</i>	Rev	ATCTTCACGCGGTCTGAAGCAG
<i>Hes1</i>	Fwd	GGAAATGACTGTGAAGCACCTC
<i>Hes1</i>	Rev	AAGCGGGTCACCTCGTTCATG
<i>Tulp3</i>	Fwd	GCGAAGGTTAAAGCCACGAG
<i>Tulp3</i>	Rev	TGGCTTAAGGAAAGCAGCTG
<i>Rbx1</i>	Fwd	GGGCAAGAAGCGCTTTGAAG
<i>Rbx1</i>	Rev	GTTGGCCTGACATTCGATAC
<i>Serp1</i>	Fwd	AACGTCGCTAAGACCTCGAG
<i>Serp1</i>	Rev	TCACATGCCCATCCTGATAC
<i>Ctnnbip1</i>	Fwd	GCATCTGTTTGCCTGAAGTG
<i>Ctnnbip1</i>	Rev	TCTTCCTCAGCATGAGCAGC
<i>Sft2d1</i>	Fwd	TTGCTATGGCTTCCCAATGG
<i>Sft2d1</i>	Rev	CTTCAGTTGCTTCACAGGTC
