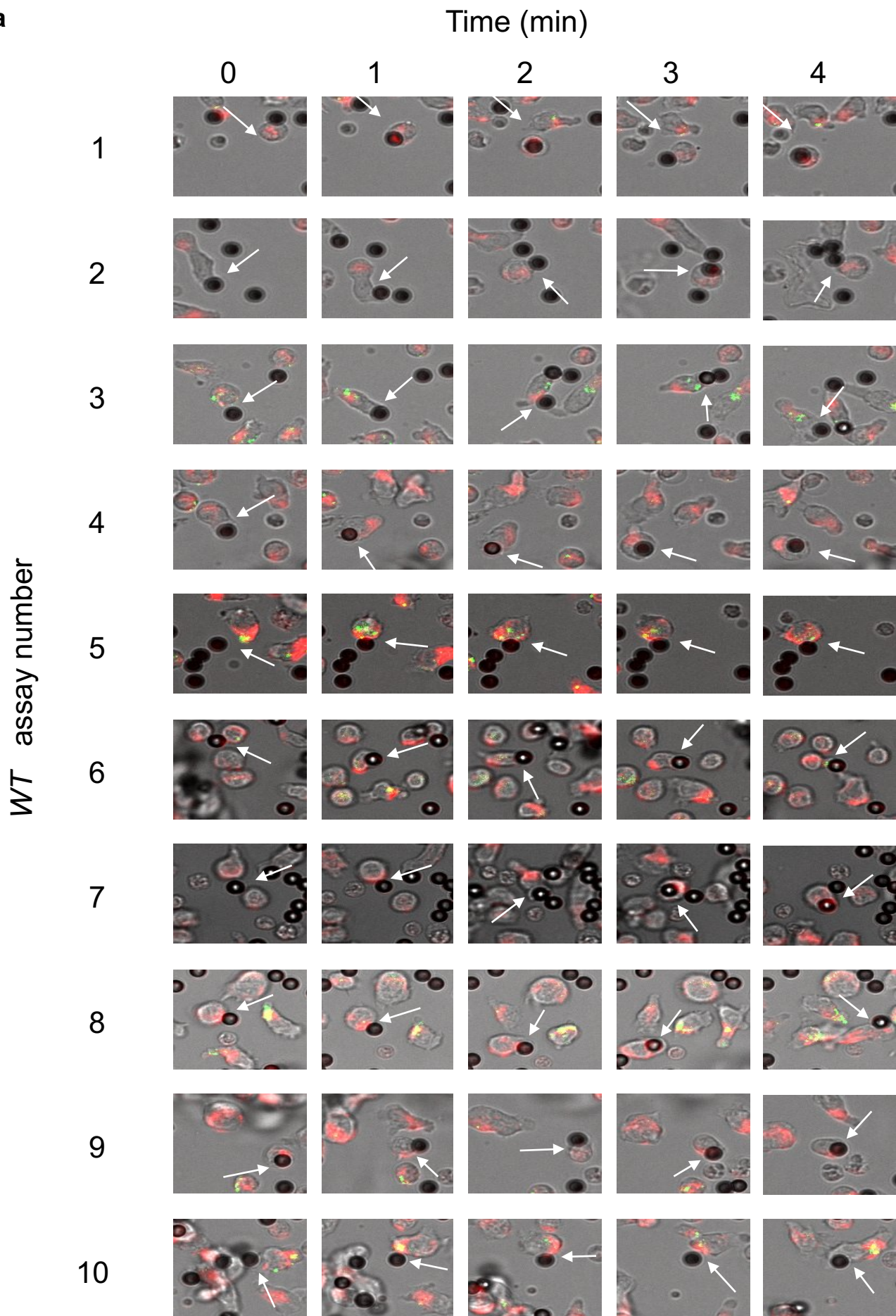


Description of Supplementary Files

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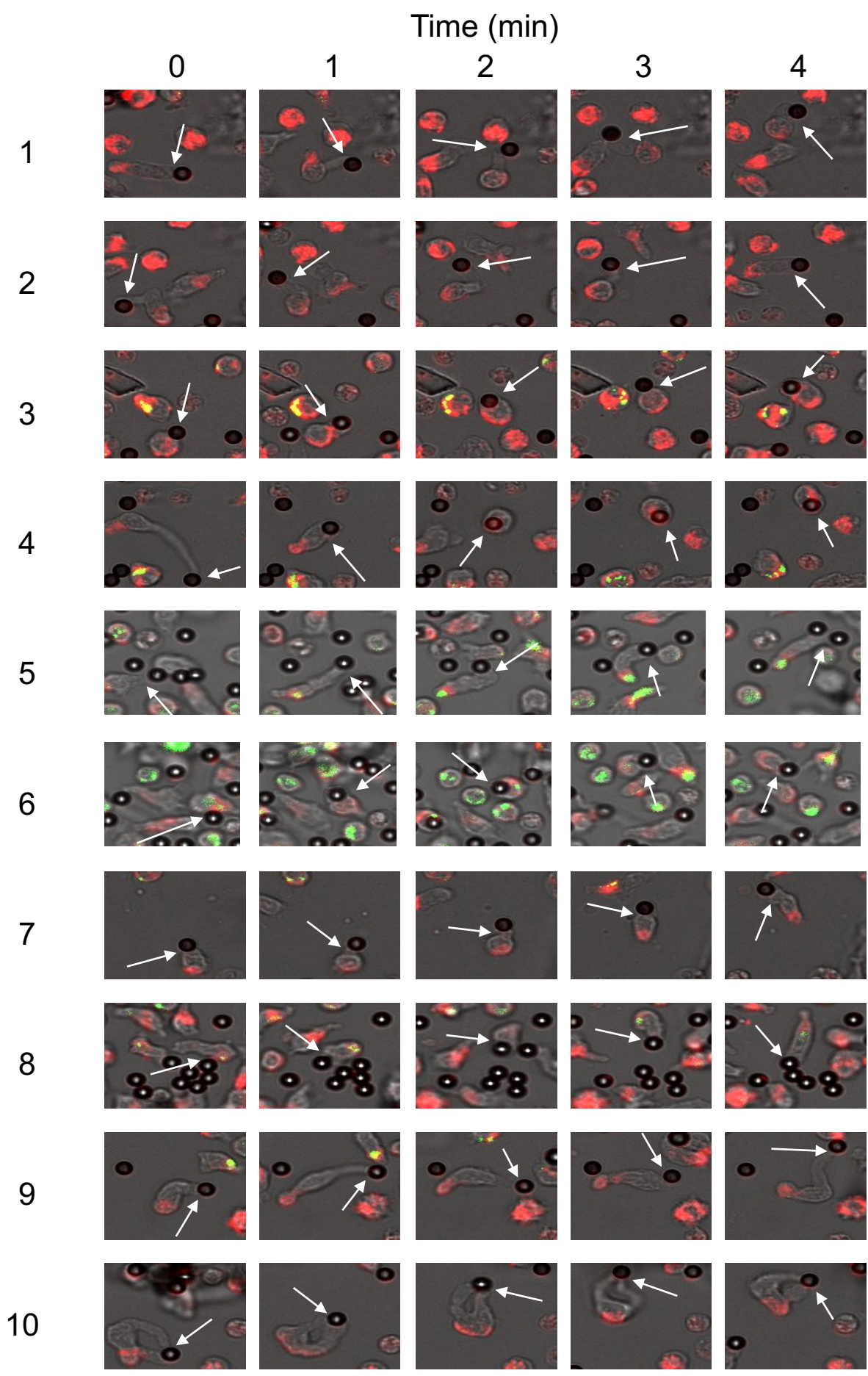
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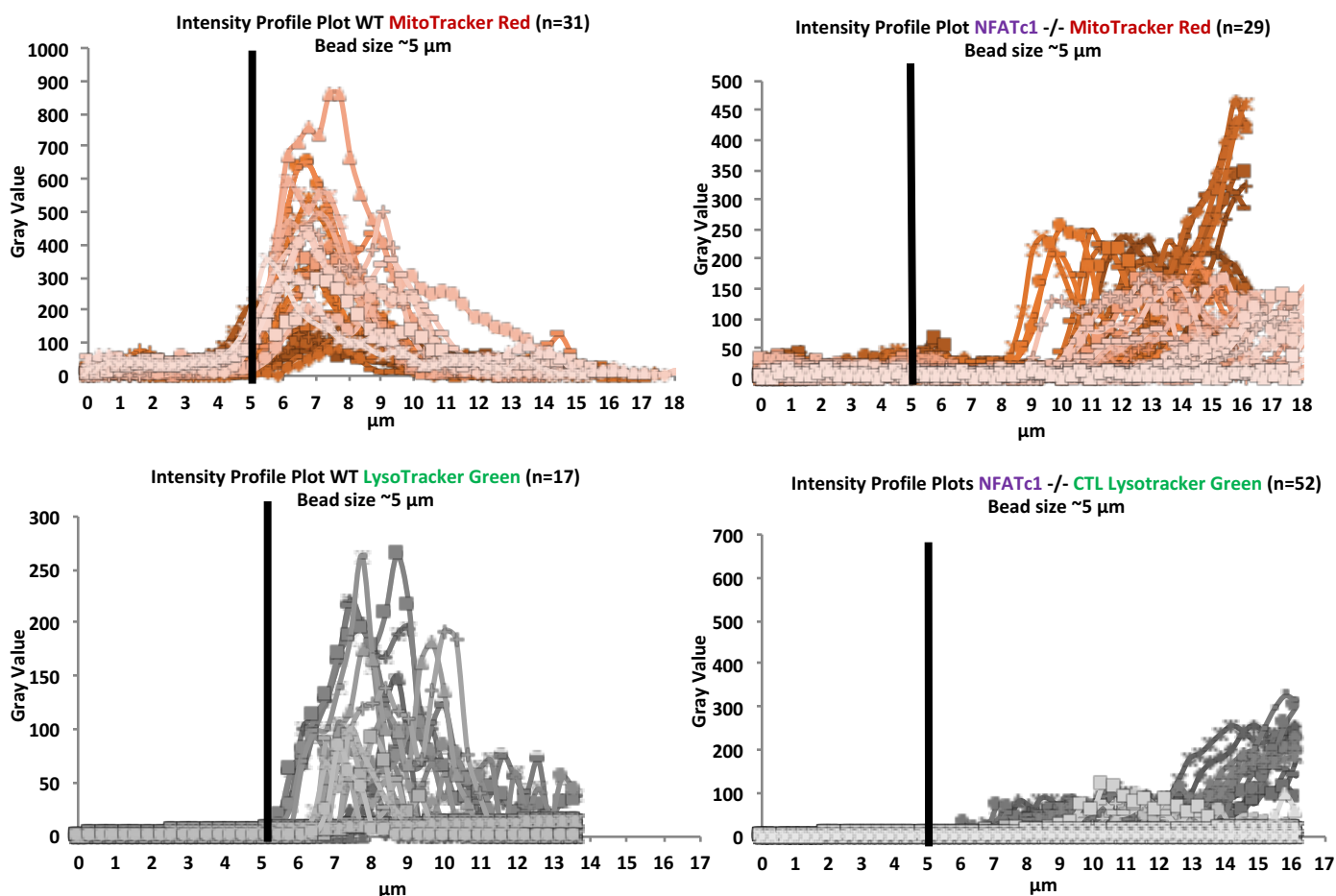
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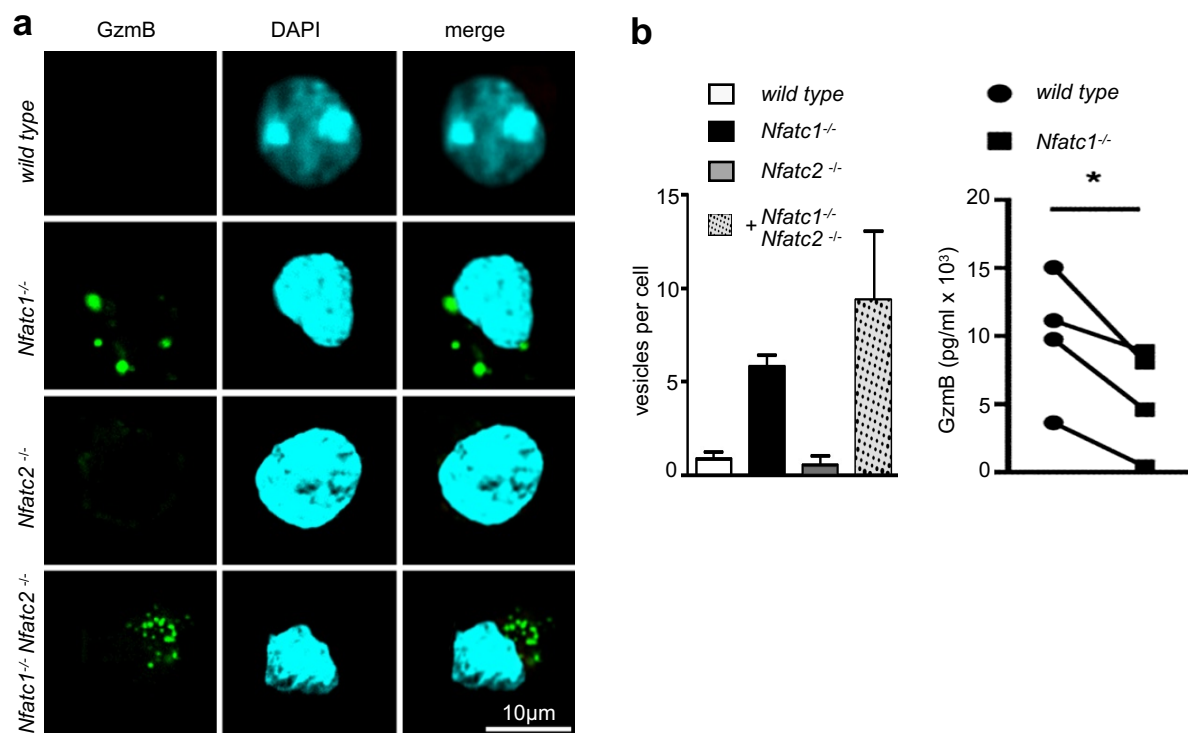
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Nfatc1^{-/-} assay number

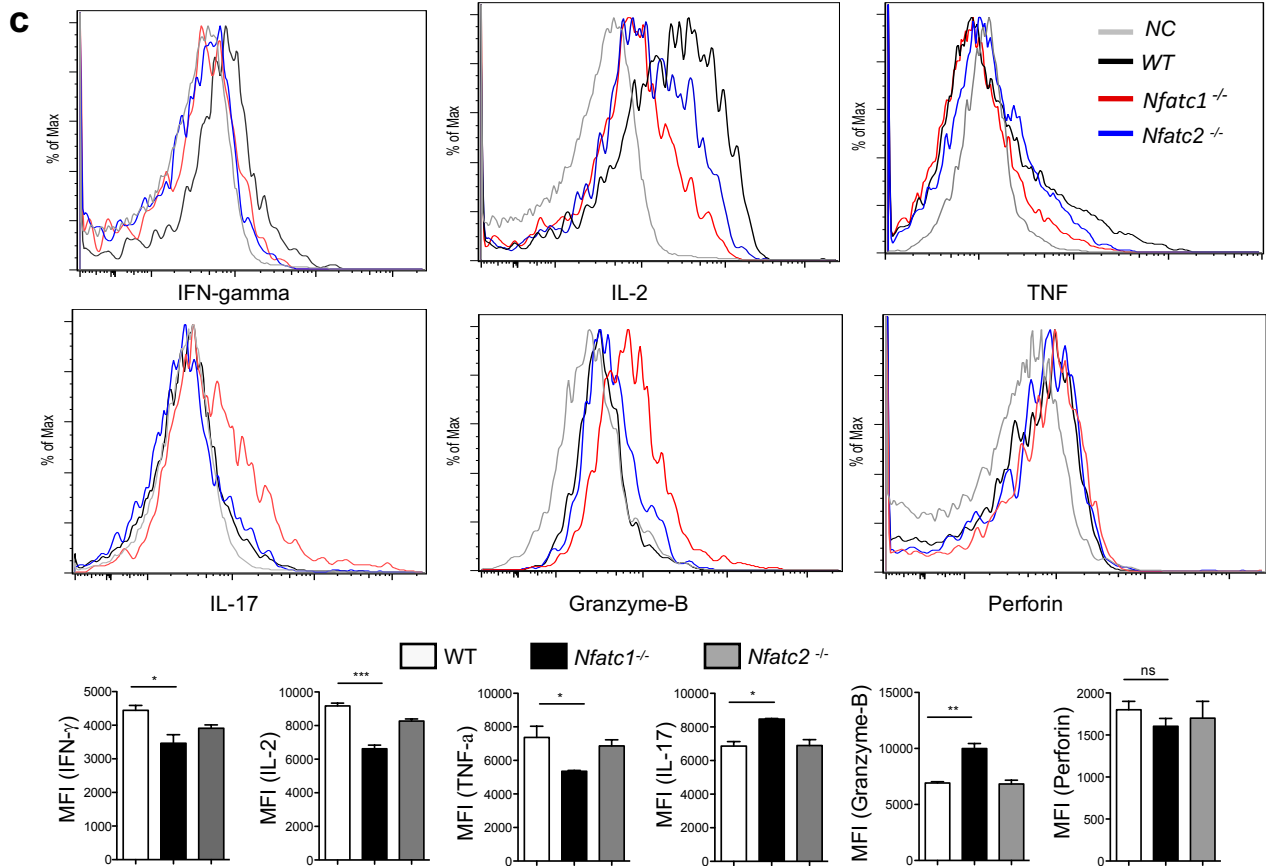
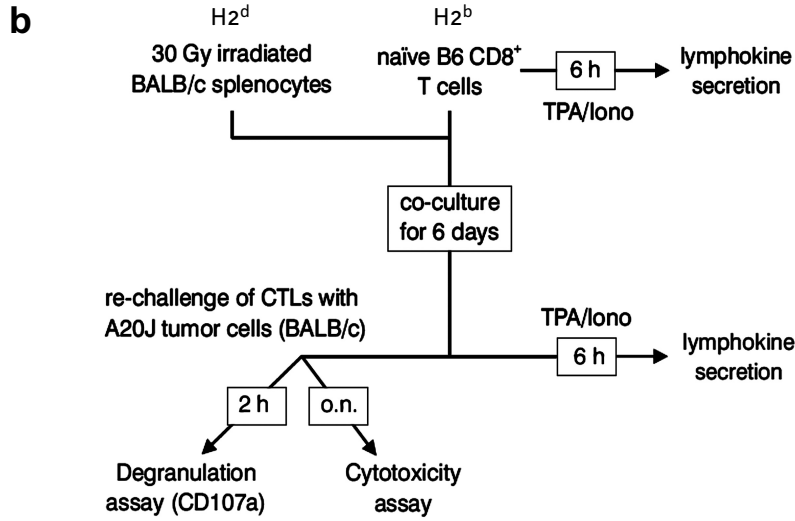
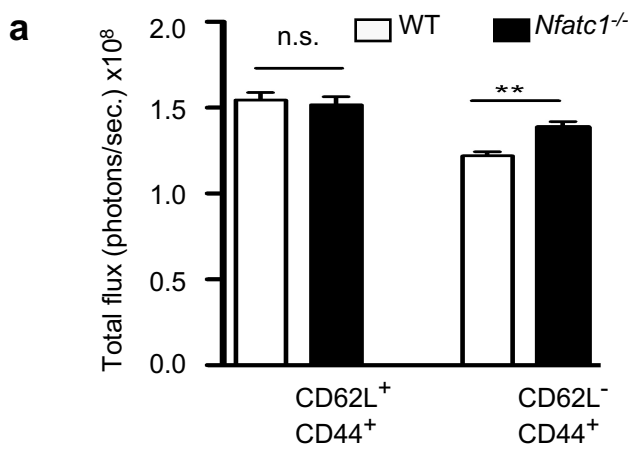


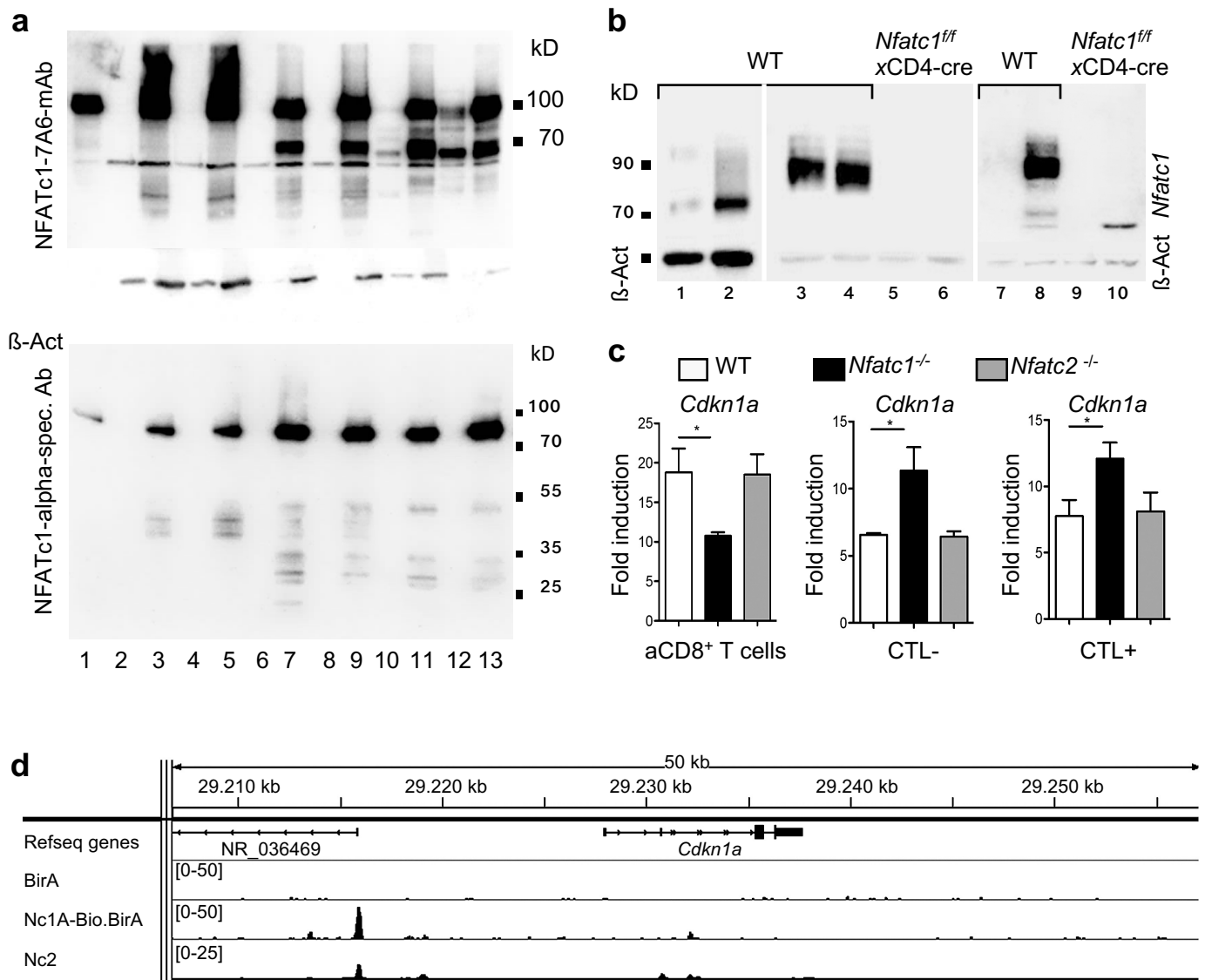
C

Supplementary Fig. 1 Defective polarization of lytic granules and mitochondria in NFATc1-deficient CTLs. Bright field and fluorescence microscopy of living cells showing the recruitment of lytic granules (green) and mitochondria (red) in WT (a) and *Nfatc1*^{-/-} (b) CTLs upon contact with $\alpha\text{CD3/CD28}$ -loaded beads. Arrows indicate the contacts between beads and CTLs. (c) Intensity profile plots for lytic granules (LysoTracker® Green) and mitochondria (MitoTracker® Deep Red) from WT and *Nfatc1*^{-/-} CTL contacting beads loaded with $\alpha\text{CD3/CD28}$. Left: Distribution of organelles in WT CTLs. Right: Distribution of organelles in *Nfatc1*^{-/-} CTL (3 to 5 profiles per time point, ~10 cells each condition). Black bars indicate bead-cell border (bead size 5 μm).

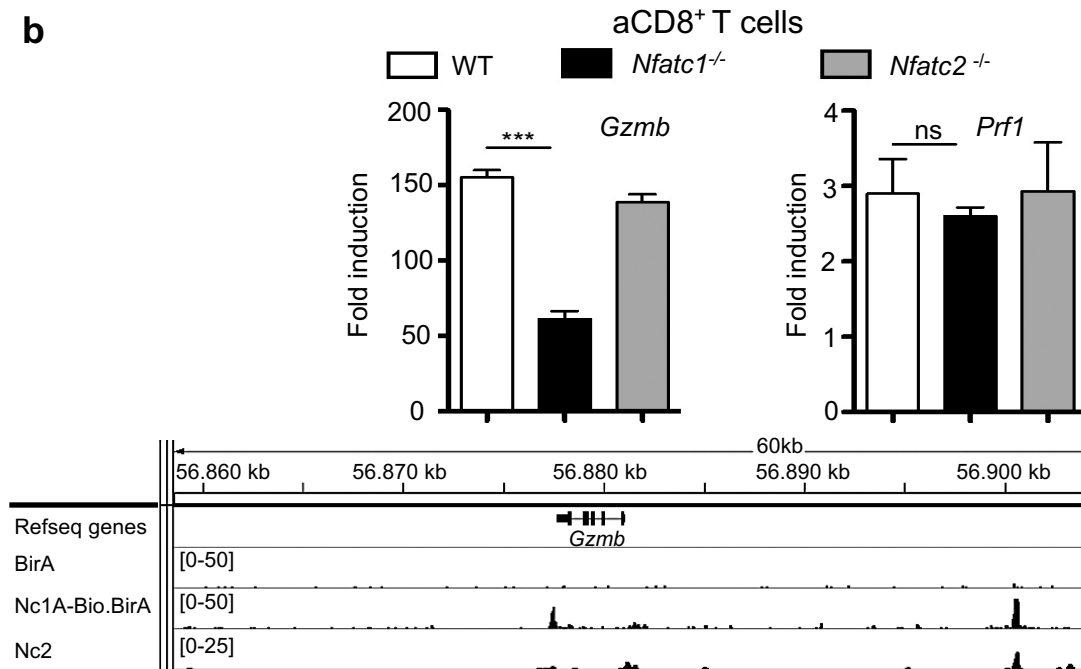
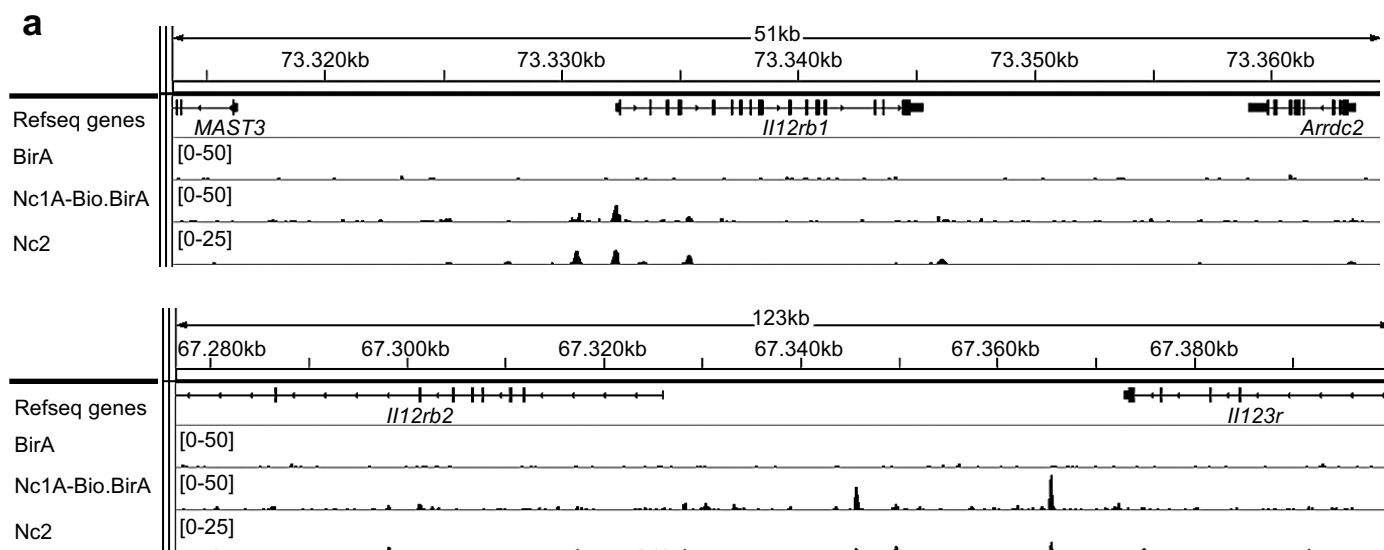


Supplementary Fig. 2 Effect of NFATc1 ablation on the accumulation of granzyme B in CTLs. **(a)** Accumulation of granzyme B-containing cytoplasmic granules in *Nfatc1*^{-/-} CTLs. Confocal microscopy. **(b)** Left, column presentation showing results from two independent assays. Right, granzyme B secretion, measured by ELISAs from the supernatant of CTLs. Typical assays of 3 experiments are shown as means $\pm$ SEM.

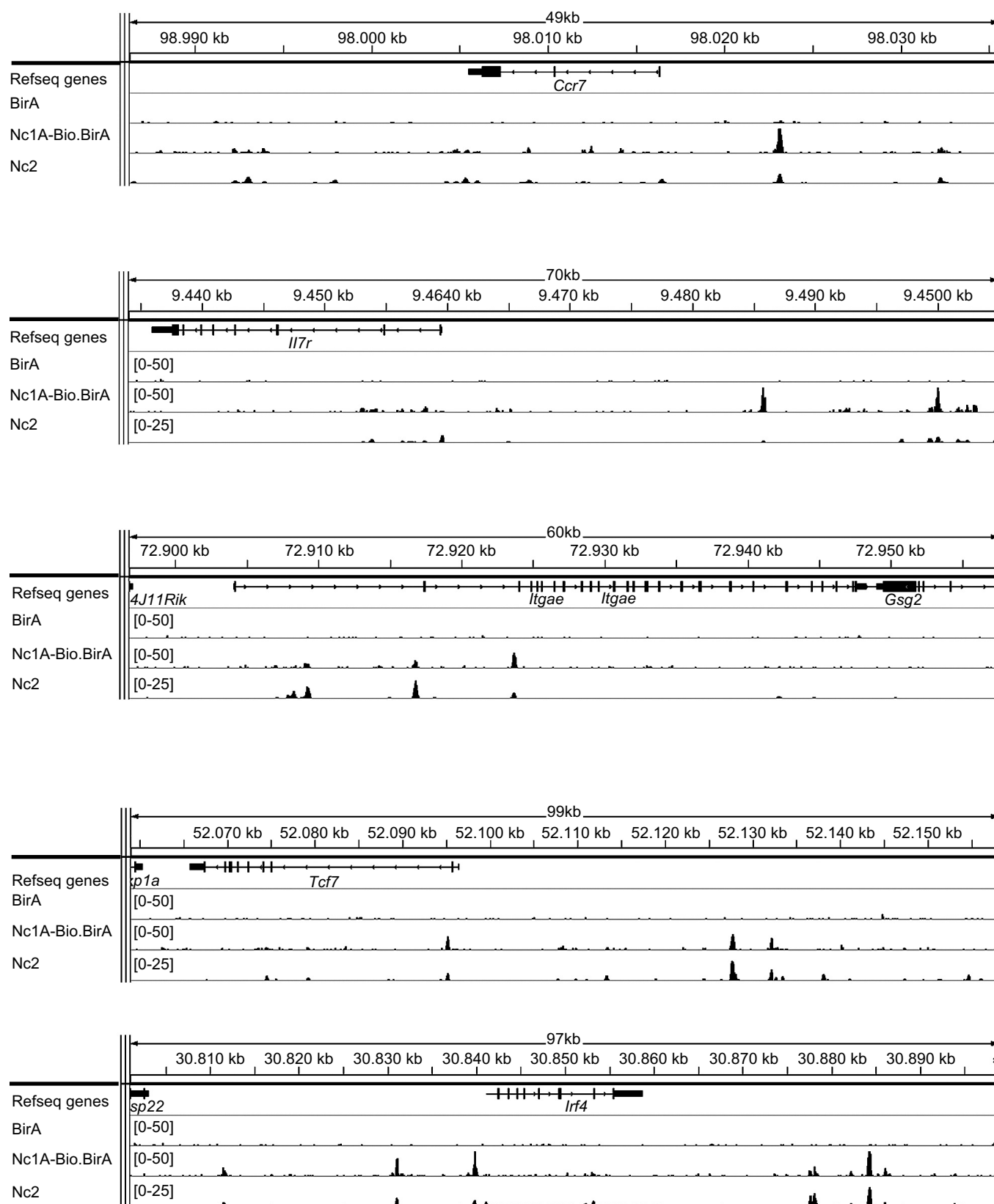




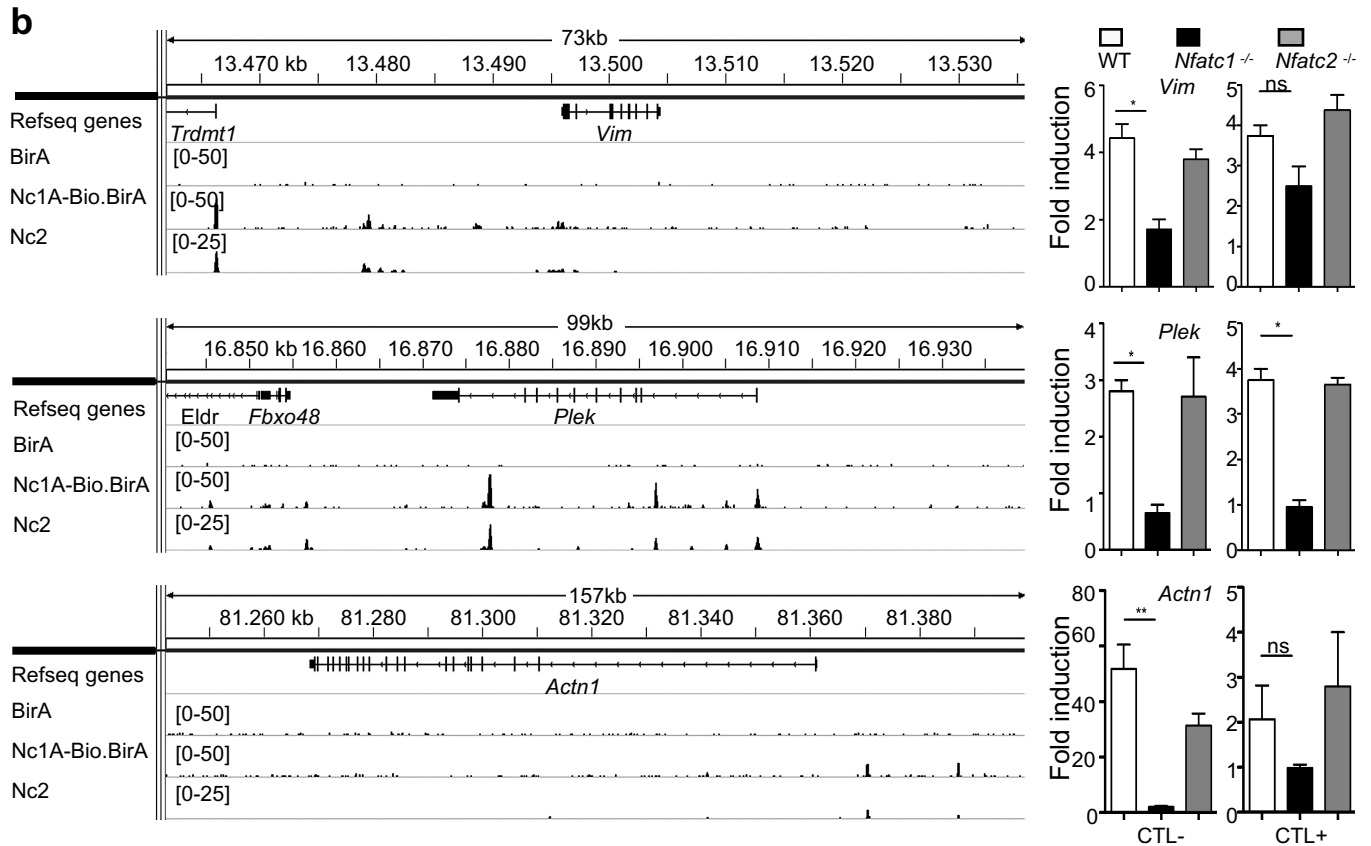
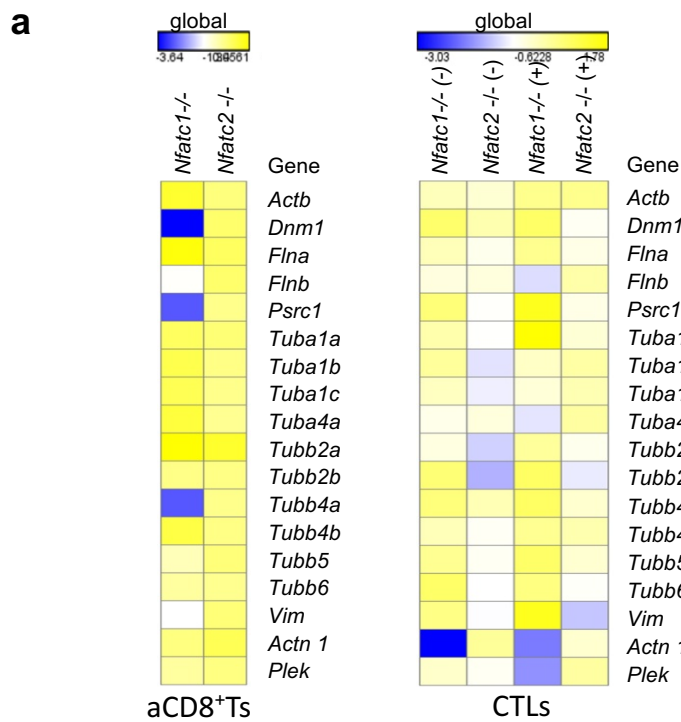
Supplementary Fig. 4 Degradation of NFATc1/ α A and NFATc1-mediated control of *Cdkn1a* gene expression encoding the cell cycle inhibitor p21^{WAW/CIP1}. **(a)** Degradation of NFATc1/ α A by protein extracts from CTLs by incubation *in vitro*. Protein from KT12 NK cells overexpressing NFATc1/ α A was incubated for 30 min at 37° C alone (lane 1), with 30 mg nuclear protein from aCD8⁺Ts (lane 3), from aCD8⁺Ts treated with 100 ng/ml rapamycin (lane 5), from CTLs treated for 2 d by α CD3/CD28 and 6 d by IL-2 (lane 7), from CTLs treated for 2 d by α CD3/CD28 and 6 d by IL-2 followed by 5 h CsA (100 ng/ml) (lane 9), from CTLs treated for 2 d by α CD3/CD28 and 6 d by IL-2 and for 5 h by T+I (lane 11), or from NFATc2-deficient CTLs treated for 2 d by α CD3/CD28 and for 6 d by IL-2 and for 5 h by T+I (lane 13). In the even lanes, the protein extracts of T cells alone were fractionated. The immune blot was incubated subsequently with Ab raised against the NFATc1 α -peptide, or with the 7A6 NFATc1 Ab. One typical blot of 3 assays is shown. **(b)** Immune blots of nuclear proteins from CD8⁺T cells of WT and *Nfatc1^{fl/fl}* x CD4-cre mice. Cells were left unstimulated (lane 1) or stimulated with α CD3/CD28 for 6 h (lane 2), 3 d (lanes 3 and 5), or with α CD3/CD28 for 3 d followed by incubation with IL-2 for 2 d (lanes 4 and 6) or 7 d (lanes 7-10). In lanes 8 and 10, CTLs were finally stimulated by T+I for 5 h. **(c)** Real-time PCR assays of *Cdkn1a* RNA. RNAs were isolated from aCD8⁺Ts, and from non-induced CTLs (CTL-) and CTL+ cells stimulated by T+I for 5 h. Two-tailed unpaired Student's t-test was used. Data are shown as means $\pm$ SEM. **(d)** Below, binding of NFATc1/A-Bio and NFATc2¹ to the *Cdkn1a* locus. ChIP seq data are shown from CTL+ cells.



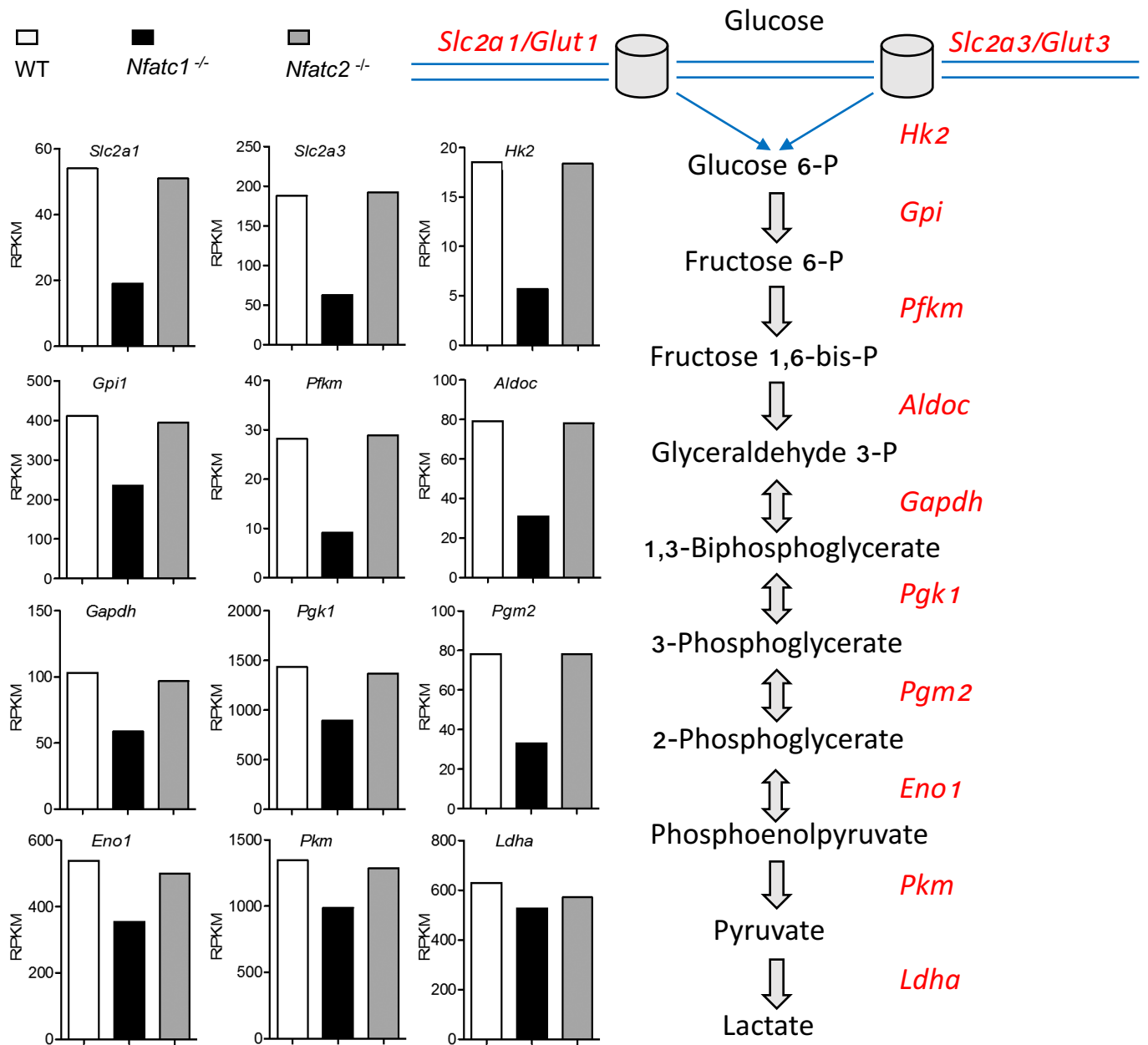
Supplementary Fig. 5 NFATc1 binding to *IL12* beta receptor loci, and to the granzyme B locus. **(a)** Binding of NFATc1/A-Bio and NFATc2¹ to the *IL12rb* and *IL12rb2* genes encoding IL-12 receptor proteins. ChIP seq data of CTLs stimulated for 5 h by T+I. **(b)** Above, real-time PCR assays of *Gzmb* and *Prf1* RNAs encoding the effector molecules granzyme B and perforin 1, respectively. Data of 5 PCR assays are shown, relative to naïve WT CD8⁺T cells and normalized to Actβ. Two-tailed unpaired Student's t-test was used. Data are shown as means ± SEM. RNAs were isolated from aCD8⁺Ts. Below, binding of NFATc1/A-Bio and NFATc2¹ to the *Gzmb* gene. ChIP seq data of CTLs stimulated for 5 h by T+I.



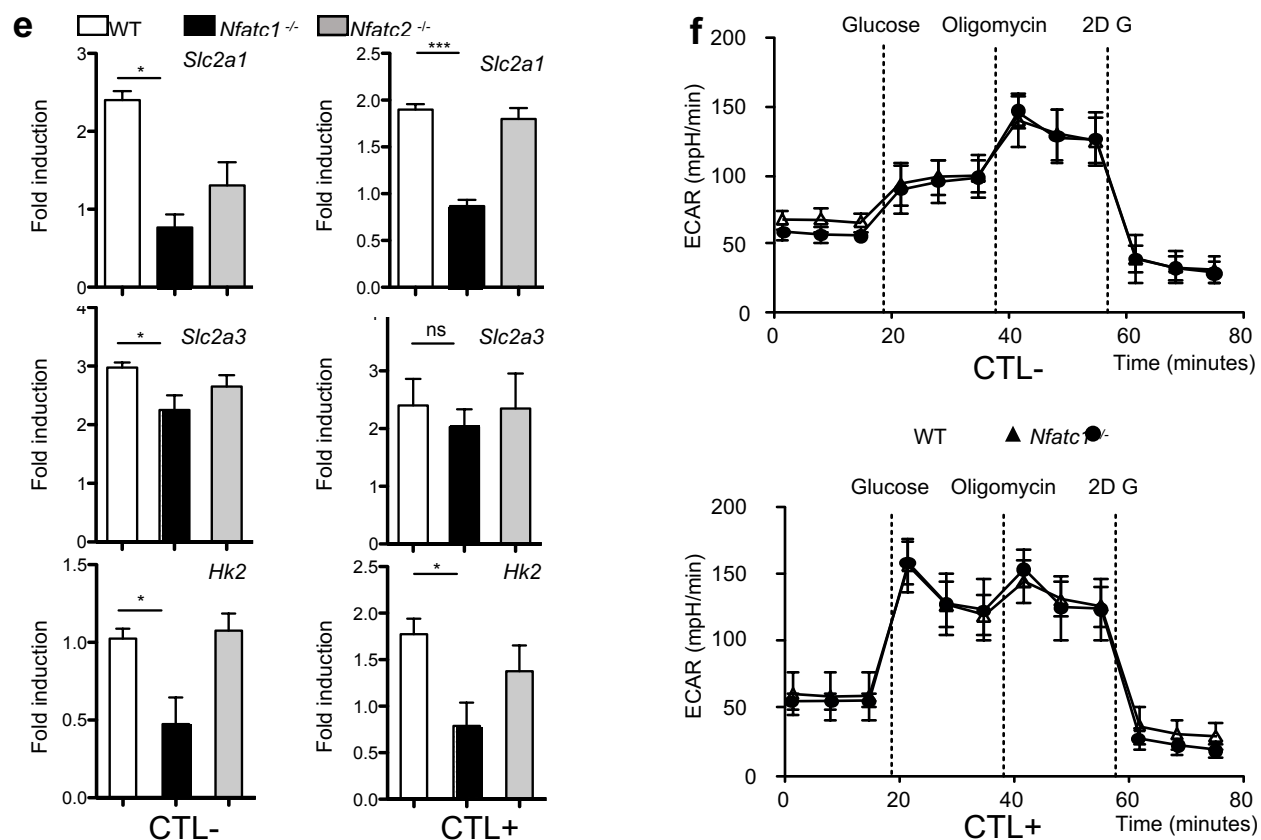
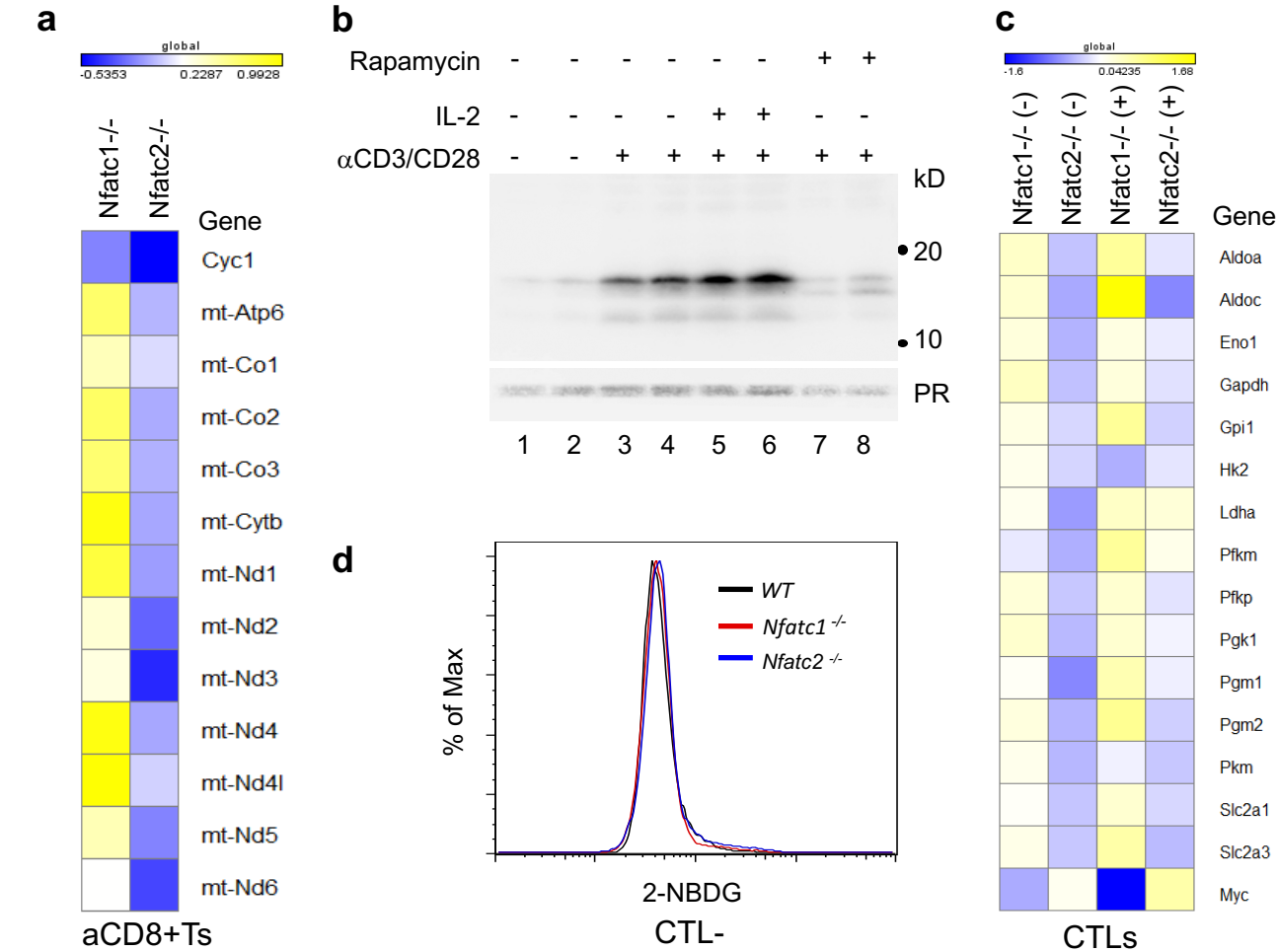
Supplementary Fig. 6 Binding of NFATc1/A-Bio and NFATc2¹ to the *Ccr7*, *Il7r*, *Itgae*, *Tcf7* and *Irf4* loci encoding the chemokine receptor *Ccr7*, the IL-7 receptor α chain, the integrin CD103/integrin α_E , and the transcription factors *Tcf1* and *Irf4*, respectively. ChIP seq data of CTLs stimulated for 5 h by T+I.



Supplementary Fig. 7 Expression of genes affecting the re-modeling of cytoskeleton in *Nfatc1*^{-/-} and *Nfatc2*^{-/-} CD8⁺T cells. **(a)** Heat map of RNA expression in aCD8⁺Ts (left) and CTLs (right) of selected genes encoding cytoskeleton proteins. NGS transcriptome data of *Nfatc1*^{-/-} and *Nfatc2*^{-/-} aCD8⁺Ts and CTLs are shown, relative to WT cells. **(b)** Left, binding of NFATc1/A-Bio and NFATc2¹ to the *Vim*, *Plek* and *Actn1* loci in CTL⁺ cells. ChIP seq assays. Right, real-time PCR assays of *Vim*, *Plek* and *Actn1* RNAs encoding vimentin, pleckstrin and α -actinin 1, respectively. RNAs were isolated from CTLs. Data of 5 PCR assays are shown, relative to naïve WT CD8⁺T cells and normalized to Act β . Two-tailed unpaired Student's t-test was used. Data are shown as means $\pm$ SEM.

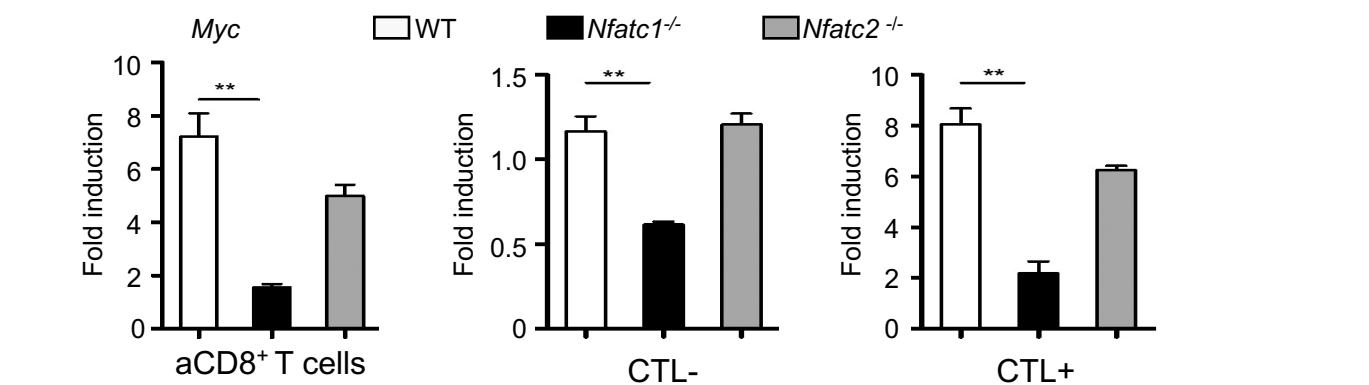
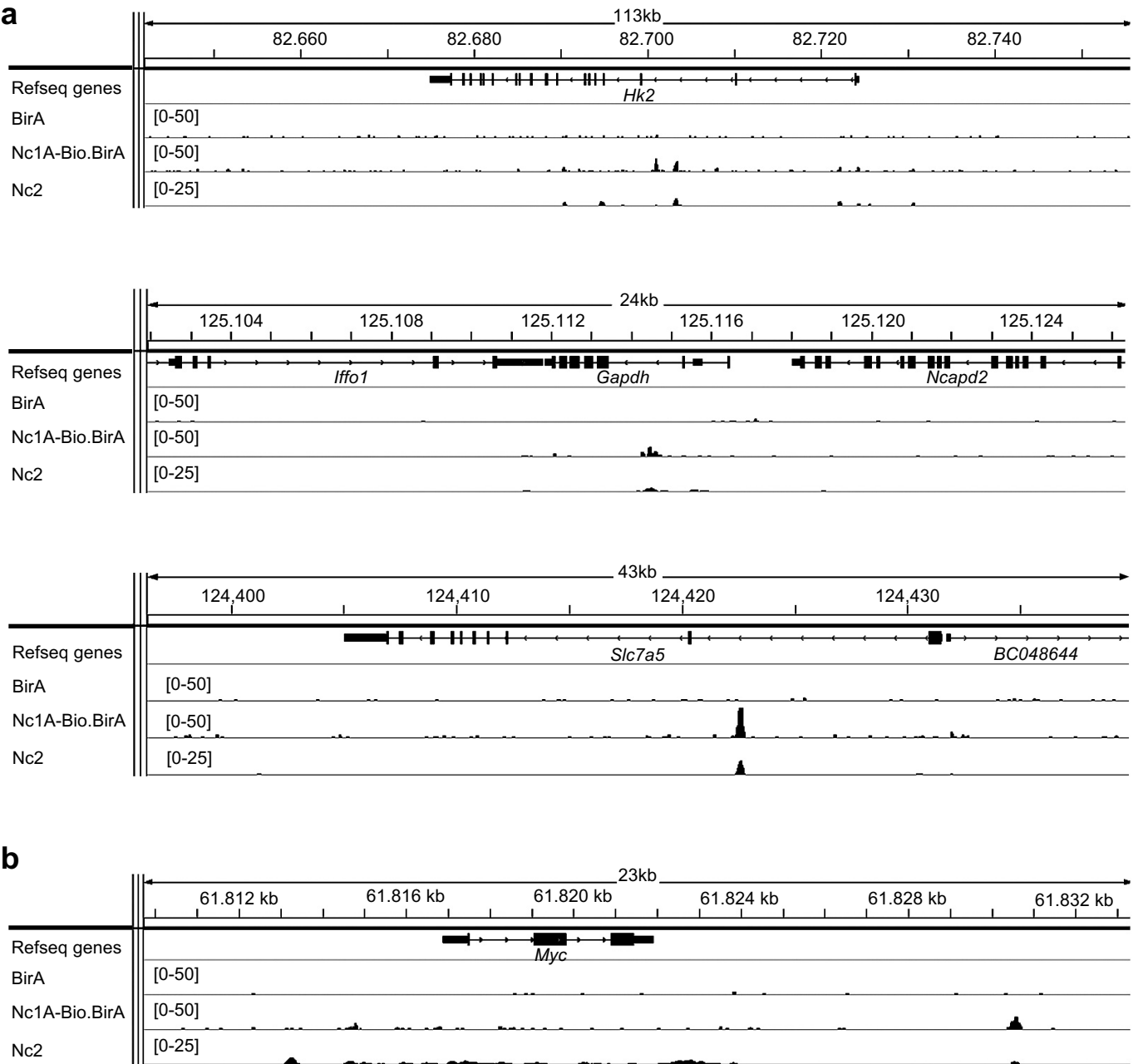


Supplementary Fig. 8 Effect of NFATc1 and NFATc2 ablation on the RNA expression of genes of aerobic glycolysis in aCD8⁺T cells. NGS results of transcriptome assays.



Supplementary Fig. 9 Effect of NFATc1 ablation on metabolism of CTLs. **(a)** Heat map of RNA expression of mitochondrial genes in aCD8⁺T cells, compared to WT cells. For comparison, the expression of nuclear cytochrome c-1 gene (*Cyc1*) is also shown. **(b)** Immune blot showing the

effect of α CD3/CD28, IL-2 and Rapamycin on the Thr37/46 phosphorylation of the mTOR target 4E-BP1 in splenic WT and *Nfatc1*^{-/-} CD8⁺T cells upon treatment for 24 h. **(c)** Heat map of RNA expression of genes of glycolysis cascade in *Nfatc1*^{-/-} and *Nfatc2*^{-/-} CTL- and CTL+ cells. **(d)** Incorporation of 2-NBDG into CTL- cells upon incubation for 1 h at 37°C. One typical assay of 2 experiments is shown. **(e)** Real-time PCR assays of *Slc2a1*, *Slc2a3* and *Hk2* RNAs encoding the glucose transporters Glut1 and Glut3, and hexokinase 2, respectively, isolated from CTL- and CTL+ cells. Data of 5 PCR assays are shown, relative to naïve WT CD8⁺T cells and normalized to Act β . **(f)** Extracellular flux analysis. 4x10⁵ CTL- or CTL+ cells were seeded in a plate pre-coated with poly-D-lysine (Sigma; 50 mg/ml) and subjected to extracellular flux analysis. Typical assays of 3 experiments are shown. For (e), two-tailed unpaired Student's t-test was used. Data are shown as means $\pm$ SEM.



Supplementary Fig. 10 NFATc1 binding to the *Hk2*, *Gapdh*, *Slc7a5* and *Myc* loci encoding hekokinase 2, glyceraldehyde 3-phosphate dehydrogenase, cationic aa transporter Slc7a5 and c-Myc, respectively. **(a)** ChIP seq assays of NFATc1/A-Bio and NFATc2¹ binding to the *Hk2*, *Gapdh* and *Slc7a5* genes in CTL⁺ cells. **(b)** Above, ChIP seq assays of NFATc1/A-Bio and NFATc2¹ binding to the *Myc* locus in CTL⁺ cells. Below, real time PCR assays of *Myc* RNA. Data of 5 PCR assays are shown, relative to naïve WT CD8⁺T cells and normalized to Actβ. Two-tailed unpaired Student's t-test was used. Data are shown as means ± SEM.

Reference

1) Martinez, G. J. *et al.* The transcription factor NFAT promotes exhaustion of activated CD8(+) T cells. *Immunity* **42**, 265-278, doi:10.1016/j.immuni.2015.01.006 S1074-7613(15)00032-1 [pii] (2015).

Supplementary Table 1

List of Real Time-PCR Primers

Gene	Primer Sequence
Ifng	For: 5'-GAGCTCATTGAATGCTTGGC Rev: 5'-GCGTCATTGAATCACACCTG
Cxcr3	For: 5'-TCTCGTTTTCCCATAATCG Rev: 5'-AGCCAAGCCATGTACCTTGA
Ccr7	For: 5'-GTCTCTCTCCAGCTAGCCCA Rev: 5'-CAAACAGGAGCTGATGTCCA
Cdkn1a	For: 5'-ACGGGACCGAAGAGACAAC Rev: 5'-CAGATCCACAGCGATATCCA
Slc2a3	For: 5'-: ATCGTGGCATAGATCGGTTC Rev: 5'-CCGCTTCTCATCTCCATTGT
Cdkn2a	For: 5'-GCAGAAGAGCTGCTACGTGA Rev: 5'-CGTGAACATGTTGTTGAGGC
Cad	For: 5'-TACGCAGTTCTCATCGACCA Rev: 5'-TGGGAGTTGCATGAAGAGTG
Myc	For: 5'-ACGGAGTCGTAGTCGAGGTC Rev: 5'-AGAGCTCCTCGAGCTGTTTG
Sell	For: 5'-TTCATGGCTTTCCTTTCACA Rev: 5'-CTGGCATTCTCATTTGGCT
Gls2	For: 5'-AGTTCACCACGGCTCTGAAG Rev: 5'- CACACCTGGATCCCAGACAC
Slc1a5	For: 5'-GGACGTCTTTCATCTCCACAA Rev: 5'-ACTCCTTCAATGATGCCACC
Cdkn1b	For: 5'-GGGGAACCGTCTGAAACATT Rev: 5'AGTGTCAGGGATGAGGAAG
Il7r	For: 5'CATTTCACCTCGTAAAAGAGCCC Rev: 5'-TGGAAGTGGATGGAAGTCAA
Ccl3	For: 5'-GTGGAATCTTCCGGCTGTAG Rev: 5'-ACCATGACACTCTGCAACCA
Ccl4	For: 5'-GAAACAGCAGGAAGTGGGAG Rev: 5'-CATGAAGCTCTGCGTGTCTG
Il2	For: 5'-CGCAGAGGTCCAAGTTCATC Rev: 5'-AACTCCCCAGGATGCTCAC
Itgae	For: 5'-GCCCAGTCCACATCCATATT Rev: 5'-GCTGCATCTGCTCCAGCTAT
Slc2a1	For: 5'-GAGTGTGGTGGATGGGATG Rev: 5'-AACACTGGTGTATCAACGC
Ccr7	For: 5'-ACACAGGAAGGCTGTGCTTT Rev: 5'-CATGGACTGCTATCTGCGTC
Actn1	For: 5'-TCGGAAGTCCTCTTCGATGT Rev: 5'GGGAGAAGCAGCAGAGGAAG
Gzmb	For: 5'- CATGTAGGGTCGAGAGTGGG Rev: 5' CCTCCTGCTACTGCTGACCT
Prf1	For: 5'- TGGAGGTTTTTGTACCAGGC Rev: 5' TAGCCAATTTTGACAGCTGAG
Eomes	For: 5'- GACCTCCAGGGACAATCTGA Rev: 5' GGCCTACCAAAACACGGATA
Hk2	For: 5'- GGAACCGCCTAGAAATCTCC Rev: 5'- GGAGCTCAACCAAAACCAAG
Tbx21	For: 5'- ATCCTGTAATGGCTTGTGGG Rev: 5'-TCAACCAGCACCAGACAGAG
Irf4	For: 5'- CAAAGCACAGAGTCACCTGG Rev: 5' TGCAAGCTCTTTGACACACA
Plek	For: 5'- CCACATGGGTTTCCAGGTAT Rev: 5'- AAGAGTGGACCCGTGTGTCT
Vim	For: 5'- TCCACTTTCGGTTCAAGGTC Rev: 5'- AGAGAGAGGAAGCCGAAAGC