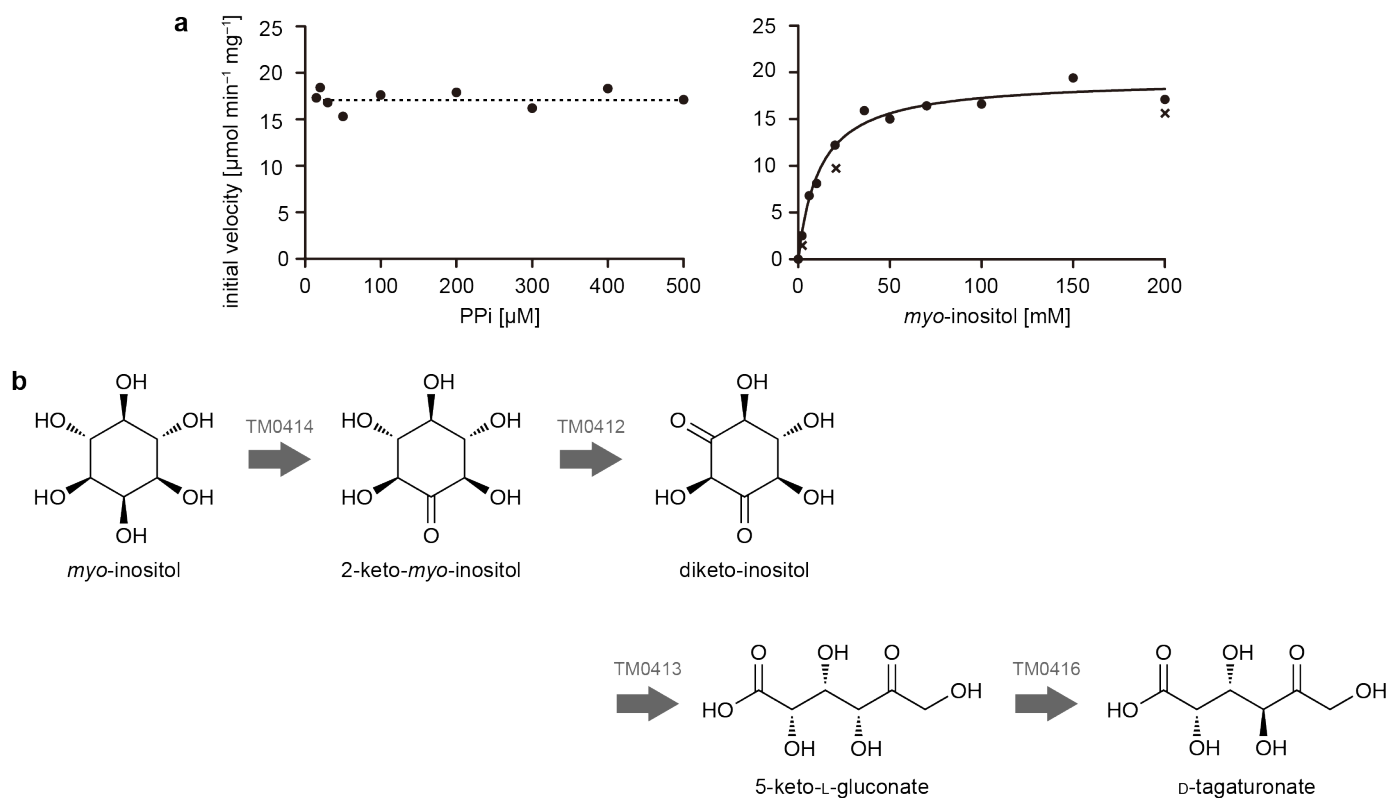


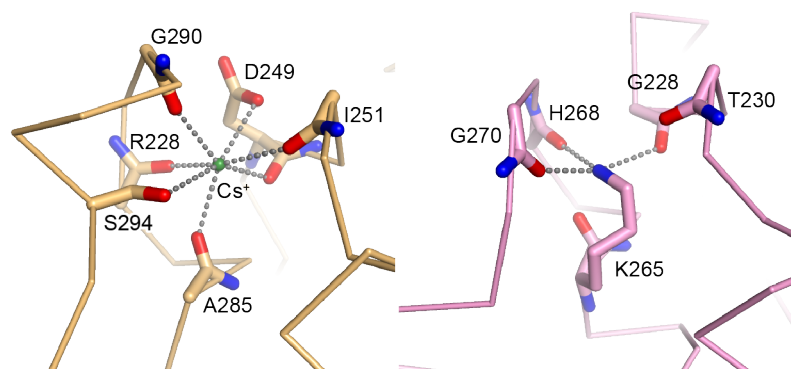
Supplementary Information

Identification of a pyrophosphate-dependent kinase and its donor selectivity determinants

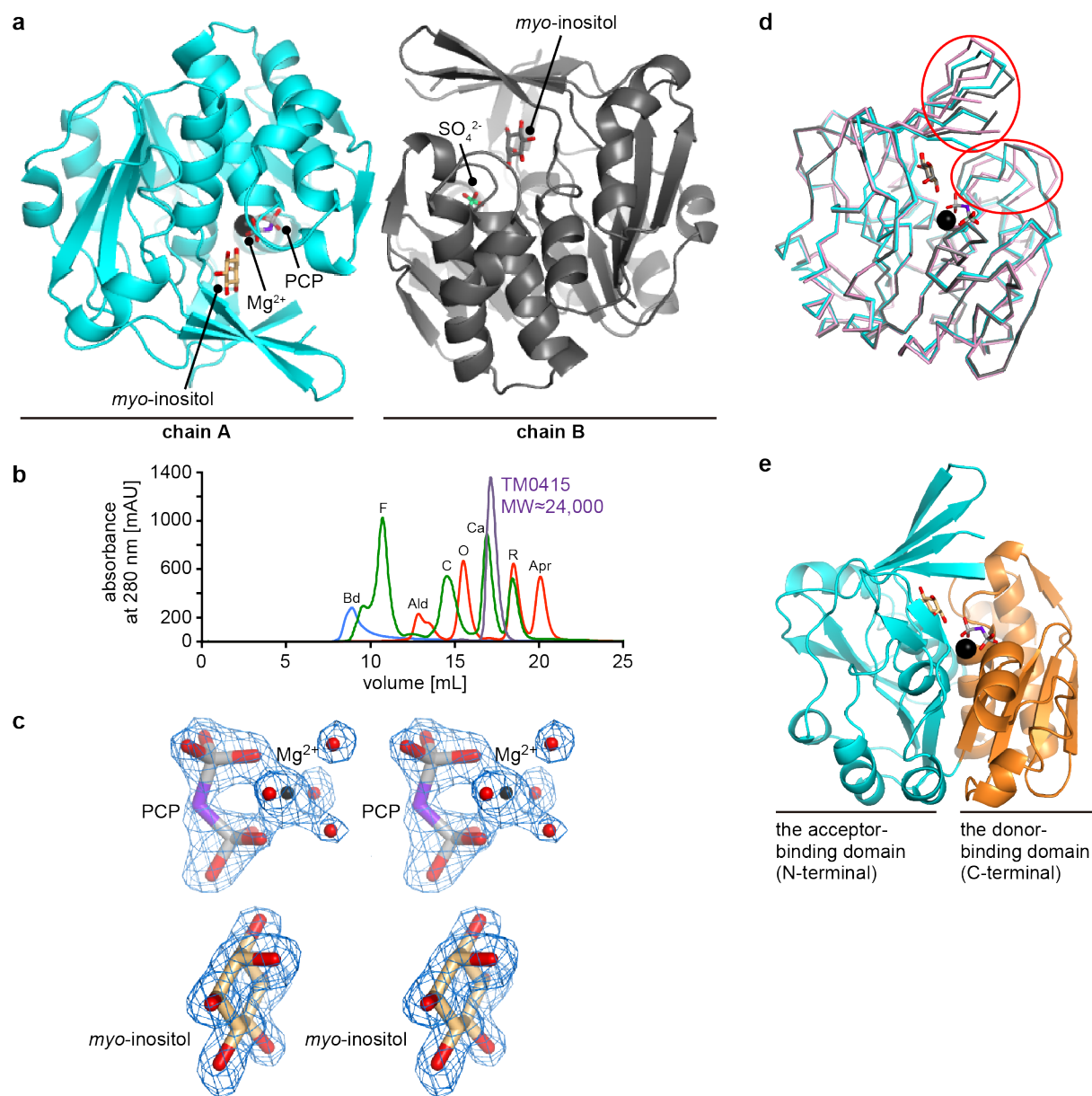
Nagata *et al.*



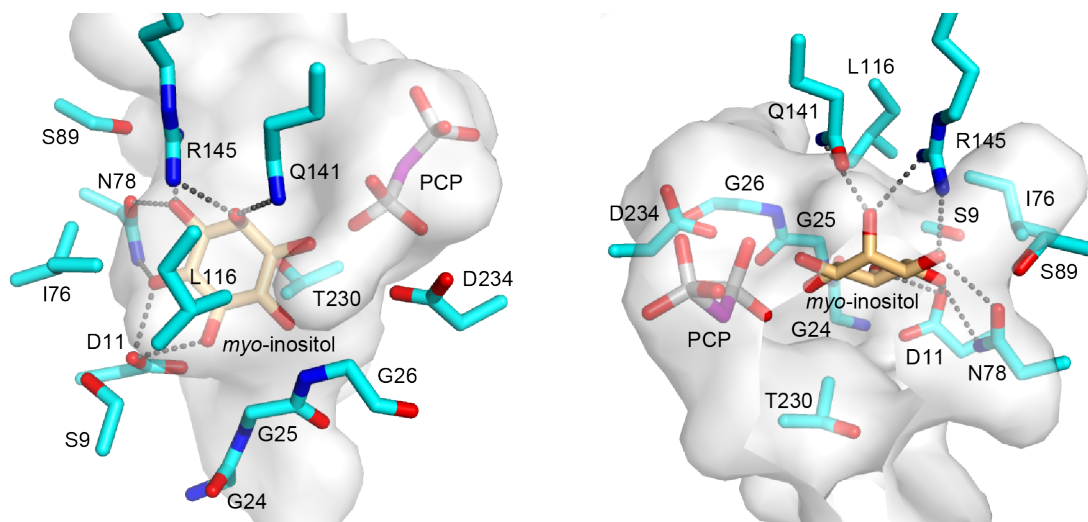
Supplementary Figure 1. Kinetic analysis and potential phosphate acceptors of TM0415 (a) Kinetic analysis of the wild-type TM0415. The vertical and horizontal axes represent the initial velocity of the reaction and the concentrations of the substrates, respectively. The dotted line in the left panel represents an average value of the initial velocities, which was used for calculating the k_{cat} value toward PPI. Closed circles represent the initial velocities measured without KCl, while x marks (only in the right panel) represent the initial velocities in the presence of 100 mM KCl. The data were obtained from single measurements. (b) myo-Inositol metabolic pathway composed of enzymes encoded in the TM0411–TM0416 operon in *Thermotoga maritima* [1]. One of the compounds in this pathway might be the genuine acceptor of TM0415.



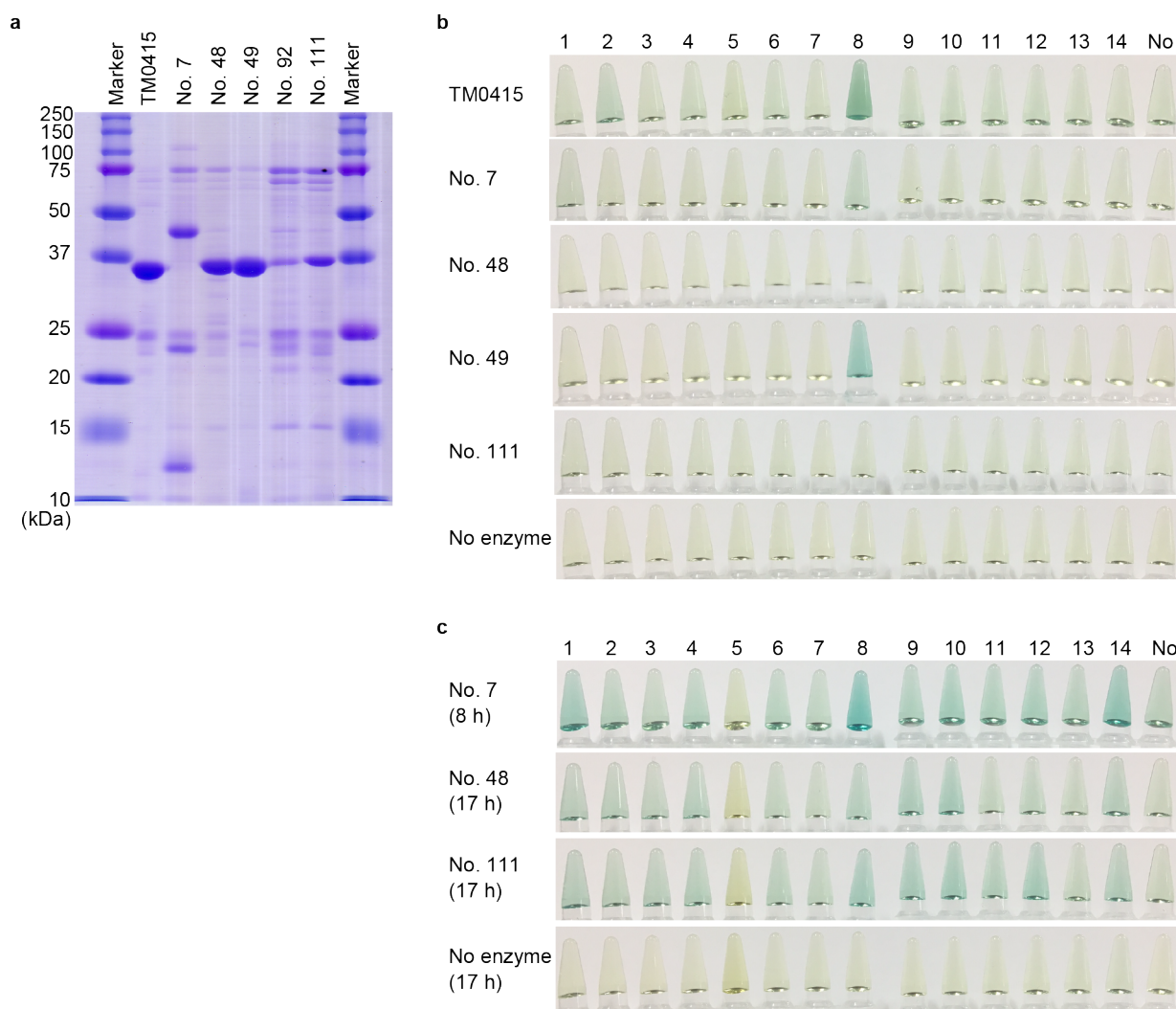
Supplementary Figure 2. Structural comparison of the monovalent-cation-binding site. The cation-binding site of ribokinase from *Escherichia coli* (Protein Data Bank (PDB) ID 1GQT) [2] and the unliganded TM0415 (1VK4) are shown in the left and right panels, respectively. Gray dotted lines show the interactions involving the cesium ion and K265. Residues and the cesium ion are shown using stick and green sphere models, respectively.



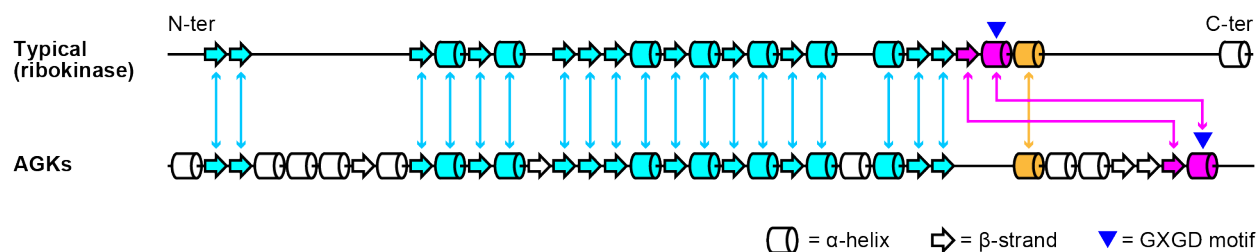
Supplementary Figure 3. Overall structures and oligomeric assembly analysis of TM0415. (a) Chains A (cyan) and B (gray) in an asymmetric unit of the PCP-complex crystal. Chain A is bound to PCP, *myo*-inositol, and a magnesium ion, while chain B contains a sulfate ion instead of PCP and the magnesium ion. (b) Investigation of oligomeric assembly. The purple line indicates the elution volume of the TM0415 recombinant protein. Based on the elution volume, the molecular weight in solution was estimated. Abbreviations of marker protein names; Bd, blue dextran (theoretical molecular weight 2,000k); F, ferritin (440k); Ald, aldolase (158k); C, conalbumin (75k); O, ovalbumin (44k); Ca, carbonic anhydrase (29k); R, ribonuclease A (13.7k); Apr, aprotinin (6.5k). (c) Stereo view of the $F_o - F_c$ omit map for the ligands in chain A contoured at 3.5 σ . (d) Superposition of chains A and B on the unliganded structure (pink, PDB ID 1VK4). Red ellipses indicate the regions that show slight differences among the three structures. (e) The two domains observed in the ribokinase family enzymes. The acceptor-binding and donor-binding domains correspond to the N-terminal and C-terminal halves of the enzymes, respectively. The donor-binding domain in the TM0415 structure (the C-terminal residues 169–286) is colored orange. The α traces are shown using a cartoon model in panels a and e. PCP, the sulfate ion, and *myo*-inositol are shown as sticks. The magnesium ion and water molecules are represented as black and red spheres, respectively.



Supplementary Figure 4. Residues around *myo*-inositol (within 4.5 Å) in TM0415. *myo*-Inositol, PCP, and the residues around the ligands are shown as stick models. The gray envelope represents the *myo*-inositol-binding pocket. Gray dotted lines show the interactions between *myo*-inositol and the residues. The two panels are drawn from different viewpoints.



Supplementary Figure 5. Analyses of the TM0415 homologs. (a) SDS-PAGE analysis on the homologs after partial purification. The molecular weight of homolog No. 7 is about 45,000, and those of the other proteins are approximately 34,000. (b, c) Analyses of the PPi-dependent activity by the malachite green assay. The enzymatic reaction was performed for 10 min (b) and 8 or 17 h (c). The depth of blue color of the mixture represents the amount of Pi produced by the enzymatic reaction from PPi. The numbers above the pictures correspond to the following acceptors: 1, D-ribose; 2, D-xylose; 3, D-fructose; 4, D-glucose; 5, D-glucosamine; 6, glycerol; 7, *meso*-erythritol; 8, *myo*-inositol; 9, sucrose; 10, maltose; 11, inosine; 12, adenosine; 13, cytidine; 14, 2-keto-3-deoxygluconate. “No” means no acceptor.



Supplementary Figure 7. Different order of the secondary structures around the GXGD motif between a typical ribokinase and ADP-dependent glucokinases. The order of secondary structure elements for a typical enzyme of the ribokinase family (ribokinase from *E. coli*) and for ADP-dependent glucokinases (AGKs) from *Pyrococcus furiosus* and *Thermococcus litoralis* are represented. Superimposable elements in 3D-structure are colored, and double headed arrows indicate the superimposable element pairs. Blue triangles show locations of the GXGD motif. Two magenta elements in the typical enzyme are located before the helix colored orange, while the corresponding elements in AGKs are located after the orange α -helix. The difference in the order of the magenta and orange elements prevents primary sequence alignment, because primary sequence alignment programs adjust the conserved amino-acid residues by gap insertions, but such insertions cannot change the order of the elements. Thus, residues around the GXGD motif in AGKs are shown in the green box in **Fig. 3d**.

Supplementary Table 1. Candidate PPI-dependent kinases considered to phosphorylate the same acceptor as that of TM0415.

		Conservation of the residues																Pylum	
		Interacting with PPI				Interacting with myo-inositol				Positioned near to myo-inositol (4.5 Å)									
No.	K171	R229	R232	F221	M266	D11	N78	Q141	R145	S9	G24	G25	G26	I76	S89	L116	T230		D234
0	K	R	R	F	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	T	D	169–286 residues of TM0415
1	K	R	R	F	M	D	N	Q	R	S	G	G	G	I	S	L	T	D	carbohydrate kinase [Thermotoga maritima]
2	K	R	R	F	SEM	D	N	Q	R	S	G	G	G	I	S	L	T	D	Chain A, Crystal Structure Of Pfkfb Carbohydrate Kinase (tm0415) From Thermotoga Maritima At 1.91 Å Resolution
3	K	R	R	F	M	D	N	Q	R	S	G	G	G	I	S	L	T	D	MULTISPECIES: carbohydrate kinase [Thermotoga]
4	K	R	R	F	M	D	N	Q	R	S	G	G	G	I	S	L	T	D	MULTISPECIES: carbohydrate kinase [Kosmotoga]
5	K	R	R	F	M	D	N	Q	R	S	G	G	G	I	S	L	T	D	carbohydrate kinase [Kosmotoga pacifica]
6	K	R	R	F	M	D	N	Q	R	S	G	G	G	I	S	L	T	D	hypothetical protein [Thermotoga caldifornitis]
8	K	R	R	F	M	D	N	Q	R	S	G	G	G	I	S	L	T	D	hypothetical protein [Pseudothermotoga thermarum]
9	K	R	R	F	M	D	N	Q	R	S	G	G	G	I	S	L	T	D	hypothetical protein XD45_1042 [Thermotoga sp. 50_64]
10	K	R	R	F	M	D	N	Q	R	A	G	G	G	I	S	L	T	D	carbohydrate kinase [Thermotoga profunda]
11	K	R	R	F	M	D	N	Q	R	S	G	G	G	I	S	L	T	D	hypothetical protein [Pseudothermotoga hypogaea]
12	K	R	R	F	M	D	N	Q	R	S	G	G	G	I	S	L	T	D	carbohydrate kinase [Pseudothermotoga hypogaea DSM 11164 = NBRC 106472]
13	K	R	R	F	M	D	N	Q	R	C	G	G	G	I	S	L	T	D	hypothetical protein A2177_15780 [Spirochaetes bacterium RBG_13_68_11]
14	K	R	R	F	M	D	N	Q	R	S	G	G	G	I	S	L	T	D	carbohydrate kinase [Marinitoga sp. 1155]
16	K	R	R	F	M	D	N	Q	R	S	G	G	G	I	S	L	T	D	carbohydrate kinase [Marinitoga hydrogenitolerans]
17	K	R	R	F	M	D	N	Q	R	S	G	G	A	I	C	L	T	D	pfkB family carbohydrate kinase [Candidatus Hydrogenedentes bacterium ADurb.Bin101]
18	K	R	R	F	M	D	N	Q	R	S	G	G	G	I	C	L	T	D	PKfb domain protein [Candidatus Vecturithrix granulii]
22	K	R	R	F	M	D	N	Q	R	A	G	G	A	I	C	I	T	D	hypothetical protein A2284_03830 [Deltaproteobacteria bacterium RIFOXYA12_FULL_61_11]
24	K	R	R	F	M	D	N	Q	R	A	G	G	G	I	C	L	T	D	hypothetical protein A2Z07_08620 [Armatimonadetes bacterium RBG_16_67_12]
45	K	R	R	F	M	D	N	Q	R	T	G	G	G	I	V	L	T	D	hypothetical protein A2V99_02430 [Spirochaetes bacterium RBG_16_67_19]
64	K	R	R	F	M	D	N	Q	R	A	G	G	G	S	I	T	I	D	hypothetical protein AMJ93_05390 [Anaerolineae bacterium SM23_84]
																			Chloroflexi

The ID numbers correspond to the order of the E-values in 143 homologs found by the BLAST search, which include the 52 proteins possessing the five key residues (No. 0 is the submitted sequence, the sequence of No. 1 displayed the smallest E-value, and the sequence of No. 143 displayed the largest E-value). Conserved residues in the donor-binding site are highlighted in blue or gray. Domains of life are written in parentheses if the bacterial phylum is not defined.

Supplementary Table 2. Candidate PPI-dependent kinases considered to phosphorylate a different acceptor from that of TM0415.

		Conservation of the residues																				
		Interacting with PPI					Interacting with myo-inositol					Positioned near to myo-inositol (4.5 Å)										
No.	K171	R229	R232	F221	M266	D11	N78	Q141	R145	S9	G24	G25	G26	I76	S89	L116	T230	D234	Accession	E-value	Description	Pylum
7	K	R	R	F	M	D	N	Q	R	T	G	G	G	C	Q	L	T	D	XP_004352863.1	1E-27	ribokinase, putative [Acanthamoeba castellanii str. Neff]	(Eukaryota)
15	K	R	R	F	M	D	L	Q	R	T	G	G	A	L	I	S	S	D	KQC11084.1	3E-22	hypothetical protein APR54_11295 [Candidatus Cloacimonas sp. SDB]	(Bacteria)
27	K	R	R	F	M	D	L	Q	R	T	G	G	G	M	L	S	S	D	OGU60004.1	1E-18	hypothetical protein A2V66_06695 [Ignavibacteria bacterium RBG_13_36_8]	Chlorobi
29	K	R	R	F	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	T	D	OQB32101.1	2E-18	[Candidatus Hydrogenedentes bacterium ADurb.Bin179]	(Bacteria)
31	K	R	R	F	M	D	L	Q	R	T	G	G	A	M	L	S	S	D	OGO14342.1	5E-18	hypothetical protein A2Y53_06675 [Chloroflexi bacterium RBG_16_47_49]	Chloroflexi
39	K	R	R	F	M	D	L	Q	R	T	G	G	A	L	L	S	S	D	OQC71674.1	6E-17	hypothetical protein BWX45_01133 [Deltaproteobacteria bacterium ADurb.Bin002]	Proteobacteria
47	K	R	R	F	M	D	L	Q	R	T	G	G	A	L	I	S	S	D	KPL23130.1	3E-16	hypothetical protein AMJ93_05395 [Anaerolineae bacterium SM23_84]	Chloroflexi
48	K	R	R	F	M	D	V	Q	R	T	G	G	A	M	M	L	T	D	OPX96711.1	3E-16	aminimidazole riboside kinase [Syntrophorhabdus sp. PlaB.Bin006]	Proteobacteria
49	K	R	R	F	M	D	L	Q	R	T	G	G	G	M	L	S	S	D	WP_062419767.1	4E-16	hypothetical protein [Levilinea saccharolytica]	Chloroflexi
50	K	R	R	F	M	D	V	Q	R	T	G	G	A	M	M	L	T	D	OPY74118.1	4E-16	aminimidazole riboside kinase [Syntrophorhabdus sp. PlaU1.Bin002]	Proteobacteria
52	K	R	R	F	M	D	V	Q	R	T	G	G	A	M	M	L	T	D	OPY66382.1	6E-16	pkfB family carbohydrate kinase [Syntrophorhabdus sp. PlaU1.Bin050]	Proteobacteria
55	K	R	R	F	M	D	L	Q	R	T	G	G	A	L	I	S	S	D	OGD17089.1	7E-16	hypothetical protein A2V47_06395 [Candidatus Atribacteria bacterium RBG_19FT_COMBO_35_14]	(Bacteria)
61	K	R	R	F	M	D	L	Q	R	T	G	G	A	M	L	S	S	D	OGO65182.1	2E-15	hypothetical protein A2029_16545 [Chloroflexi bacterium RBG_19FT_COMBO_47_9]	Chloroflexi
62	K	R	R	F	M	D	V	Q	R	T	G	G	A	M	M	L	T	D	WP_051409333.1	2E-15	hypothetical protein [Syntrophorhabdus aromaticivorans]	Proteobacteria
66	K	R	R	F	M	D	N	Q	R	T	G	G	A	I	L	L	V	D	WP_016524852.1	4E-15	hypothetical protein [Treponema maltophilum]	Spirochaetes
68	K	R	R	F	M	D	V	Q	R	T	G	G	A	M	M	L	T	D	OPY81634.1	7E-15	aminimidazole riboside kinase [Syntrophorhabdus sp. PlaU1.Bin153]	Proteobacteria
69	K	R	R	F	M	D	L	Q	R	T	G	G	A	M	L	S	S	D	OJX43988.1	8E-15	hypothetical protein BGO78_03265 [Chloroflexi bacterium 44-23]	Chloroflexi
70	K	R	R	F	M	D	V	Q	R	V	G	S	A	N	M	I	T	D	OQB78664.1	1E-14	hypothetical protein BWX87_02598 [Bacteroidetes bacterium ADurb.Bin123]	(Bacteria)
71	K	R	R	F	M	D	L	Q	H	T	G	G	A	M	L	S	S	D	OIO83792.1	1E-14	hypothetical protein AUK02_07515 [Anaerolineae bacterium CG2_30_58_95]	Chloroflexi
72	K	R	R	F	M	D	V	Q	R	C	G	G	S	A	L	I	T	D	GAK58928.1	1E-14	PKB domain protein [Candidatus Vecturithrix granulii]	(Bacteria)
75	K	R	R	F	M	-	I	Q	R	-	-	-	-	M	L	S	S	D	OGO66208.1	3E-14	hypothetical protein A2Z45_06290 [Chloroflexi bacterium RBG_19FT_COMBO_55_16]	Chloroflexi
79	K	R	R	F	M	D	V	Q	R	C	A	G	S	A	L	I	T	D	OPZ84176.1	7E-14	hypothetical protein BWY76_01960 [bacterium ADurb.Bin429]	(Bacteria)
81	K	R	R	F	M	D	L	Q	R	T	G	G	A	L	I	S	S	D	OHD27353.1	1E-13	hypothetical protein A2064_11710 [Spirochaetes bacterium GWB1_66_5]	Spirochaetes
82	K	R	R	F	M	D	V	Q	R	A	G	S	A	M	V	M	T	D	OGJ92064.1	4E-13	hypothetical protein A2268_05905 [Candidatus Raymondobacteria bacterium RiOxyA12_full_50_37]	(Bacteria)
84	K	R	R	F	M	D	H	Q	R	T	G	G	G	F	S	L	T	D	XP_001320377.1	7E-13	hypothetical protein [Trichomonas vaginalis G3]	(Eukaryota)
86	K	R	R	F	M	D	H	Q	R	T	G	G	G	F	S	L	T	D	OHT03327.1	1E-12	hypothetical protein TRFO_29306 [Tritrichomonas foetus]	(Eukaryota)
87	K	R	R	F	M	A	T	Q	L	G	N	C	S	F	S	M	M	D	OPY65922.1	1E-12	pkfB family carbohydrate kinase [Syntrophorhabdus sp. PlaU1.Bin050]	Proteobacteria
92	K	R	R	F	M	A	V	Q	W	A	G	G	P	M	I	L	T	D	WP_051408910.1	4E-11	carbohydrate kinase family protein [Syntrophorhabdus aromaticivorans]	Proteobacteria
95	K	R	R	F	M	A	V	Q	W	A	G	G	P	I	I	L	T	D	OPY67903.1	2E-10	pkfB family carbohydrate kinase [Syntrophorhabdus sp. PlaU1.Bin002]	Proteobacteria
96	K	R	R	F	M	A	V	Q	W	A	G	G	P	I	I	L	T	D	OPX94088.1	3E-10	pkfB family carbohydrate kinase [Syntrophorhabdus sp. PlaB.Bin006]	Proteobacteria
97	K	R	R	F	M	D	V	Q	R	C	I	G	S	M	M	V	T	D	OPZ25350.1	3E-10	pkfB family carbohydrate kinase [Lentisphaerae bacterium ADurb.BinA184]	Lentisphaerae
111	K	R	R	F	M	G	V	Q	L	G	G	S	P	Y	A	M	M	D	OQB77460.1	3E-08	pkfB family carbohydrate kinase [Deltaproteobacteria bacterium ADurb.Bin135]	Proteobacteria

The ID numbers correspond to the order of the E-values in 143 homologs found by the BLAST search, which include the 52 proteins possessing the five key residues (No. 0 is the submitted sequence, the sequence of No. 1 displayed the smallest E-value, and the sequence of No. 143 displayed the largest E-value). Conserved residues in the donor-binding site are highlighted in blue or gray. Residues that are significantly different from TM0415 in the acceptor-binding site (Supplementary Figure 4) are highlighted in green. Domains of life are written in parentheses if the bacterial phylum is not defined.

Supplementary Table 3. Base sequence of the synthesized TM0415 gene.

Name	Sequence
TM0415	5'- <u>CCATGGG</u> GATCTGATAAAATTCATCATCATCATCATCACATGATCACCTTCATTG GGCATGTATCGAAAGACGTCAACGTGGTAGATGGAAAGAGGGAGATCGCGTAC GGTGGGGGAGTGGTGATGGGGGCCATCACCTCCTCGCTGCTCGGTGTGAAAAC AAAAGTGATTACAAAATGCACGAGAGAGGACGTTTCAAAGTTTTCTTTTCTCCG AGACAATGGTGTGGAAGTGGTGTTTCTGAAAAGTCCTAGAACAACCAGCATTG AGAACAGGTACGGATCAGATCCTGACACGAGGGAGAGTTTTTTTGATATCGGCGG CGGATCCGTTCACTGAAAGTGACCTGGCATTTCATCGAAGGAGAGGCGGTTCATA TCAACCCGCTCTGGTATGGAGAGTTTCCGGAGGATCTCATACCTGTTTTGCGAA GGAAAGTGATGTTTCTCTCTGCCGACGCGCAGGGGTTTGTAAGAGTGCCAGAA AATGAAAAACTCGTTTACAGAGACTGGGAGATGAAAGAGAAATATTTGAAGTA CCTCGATCTCTTCAAGGTGGACAGCAGGGAAGCAGAAACACTCACGGGAACGA ACGACTTGAGAGAGTCGTGCAGGATCATCCGTTCTTTTGGTGCGAAGATCATTC TGGCAACACATGCGAGCGGTGTGATAGTCTTCGATGGAAACTTCTACGAAGCTT CATTCAGAAGTTGGTCACTGGAAGGTAGAACGGGAAGAGGGGACACCTGTACT GCGGCGTTTCTCGTTGGATTCTGTTCAAAAAGATGAGCATCGAGAAGGCAACA AAATTCGCGGCTGCTGTAACTTCTGTAAAGATGAGACATCCTGGACCACTGAGG AGGGAGGATCTTGAAGCTATCTCTGGTGATCAGTACTTCTA <u>ACCATGG</u> -3'

Restriction sites used for subcloning are underlined.

Supplementary Table 4. Oligonucleotides used for preparation of the TM0415 plasmids.

Oligonucleotide	Sequence
K171A-F4	5'-GATCTCTTCGCGGTGGACAGCAGGGAA-3'
K171A-R4	5'-CCACCGCGAAGAGATCGAGGTACTTCAA-3'
R229A-F	5'-GAAGGTGCAACGGGAAGAGGGGACAC-3'
R229A-R	5'-TCCCGTTGCACCTTCCAGTGACCAACT-3'
R232A-F	5'-ACGGGAGCAGGGGACACCTGTACTGC-3'
R232A-R	5'-GTCCCCTGCTCCCGTTCTACCTTCCAG-3'
tag-rm-F	5'-ATATACCATGATCACCTTCATTGGG-3'
tag-rm-R	5'-GTGATCATGGTATATCTCCTTCTTAA-3'

Supplementary Table 5. Base sequences of the synthesized genes of the TM0415 homologs.

Name	Sequence
Homolog No. 7	5'- <u>CATATG</u> GGAAGAGAATCAGCAGCAATGCCCCGTACGGCACATTGGGAGCCTCAACAAGGGCAGGTTCAAC AACAGGCGAGTACTGGCAGCGAGTGCCAGTCCGTAACACTTGGGACACCTCAAGCCTGTACCACACGAAC GGTCACTTCCAGCACCCGCCCATCTCTCAAACGAATGGCCAGGCGAGATGCCCATGGGCTACTTCTCCATC TCTGTTCTTTCGGGCGCTCCCGCCTCTTCTTCGGACGGTGCCGCCAAGTGGCCCATTCGGCACATCGCCCTGG GcTCCAGCACAGACAGGAGGGGCGCCCCCTGAGCAGCTGCGTCTGACCATTCTGGGCCACGTCACCAACGAC ATCAACATCTTCGTCGGCAAGGAGACGCGCGCGCAGGGTGGTGGAGTGCTGTTACGCGGTGTGGCTGCCTC CAACTTGGGCATGAACGTTGAGGTTGTTACCAAGTGCTCGGCCGAGGACAAGCCCGTGTTCAGAAGATCT TTGCCCCCAGTGGAACCAAGGTACAGTTCCTGCCGTCGCAAGAGACGACTTGCTGTGAAAACAACACTACCC AAGCCCAACTCGGATGAAAGAGTCCAACGCTTCCACGCTGTTGGCGTCCCTTCACGGTGGACGATCTGAA GCACATTGAATCCACAATCGTCCACATCAACCCCTCTTTCATAcGGCGAGTTCCTGACGAGCTGATCCCCAAG ATCAAGGAGCTCAACCCCTCTGTTACGTACCTGGTTCGGCAGCGCAGGGATTTCATCAGGCACATCGACATG CAGAACGGGCGCAAGATCTCGCACAAGGACTGGGCTGCCAAGGAGCAGTACCTCAAATACTTTGATTTGTTT C AAGGTGGACGACAAGGAGGCCACTGTCTTGACCGGAGAGAAGGACATGAAGCGCGCCATGCAGATTCTGC ACGAGAAGGGCGCCAAGATGGTGCTCGGGACGTACAACGCGGGCGTGCTGTTGTTTGTATGGCAACATCTTCT ACCAGGCAAGCTTCGGTCTTGGAAAGGTAGAGGGAAAGAACTGGCAGGGGAGATACTGTACCCGCGAGCTTC CTTGCCGCCGCGGGGTTGAGCGGAGGACCCTGGAAGCGCAACGTCGCGCTTGAGTTTGCCGCCGCGTGAC CACCACCAAGATGCAGTACCCGGGTCCGTACCGTCGGCCAACGGCCTCGCTTTGAGGATCC-3'
Homolog No. 48	5'- <u>CATATG</u> AATAGATATGATCTTCTGTTTGTGGGCCATGTAATAATTGACGAAATCGAGGCAAAGGAAGGATCT GCCCGTAGTGTGCCCGGTGGCGCACCGTCTTTTCGGGGCTTTAGCCGCCTCTCGTAGCGGCAAGAGGATCGCC GTGGTTACGAGAATGGCCAAAGAAGATGAAGTTACCTTGCACTGTTGAAAGATGCCCGTATAGACATCTAC CTGCAACCGGTTCGCCCAGACTACCCACATGCGGGTGTCCATCCACAGAGAATGTGGACGAAAGGCTGAT GTATCAGACACAGAACGCCGGGTCTTTTCCCTGGAAGATCTATCCCCGTACAGCCGTGCCCGGCTCACCTT GGTGCCCTGACCGACCGGAATTTACCCTGGGATTCATGCGAAGATTGAAGGAACGGGGTTTTCGGCTGTCA ATAGATATGCAGAAATTTGTGCGCCAGGTTGACATGGAGACCGGTGTGATTCAATTTCAAGGATGTACCCGAGA AAAGAGAGATTGTGAGTCTCGCCGACATGGTAAACTCGATGTGGTGGAAGCAGAAATACTACCCGGTACT GACGATCTGGAGCAAGCCGCCGTGATTGTAGAAAAATGGGATGTCCGAGATCATATAACCCGTTACAGAC GGAGTTCTCGCCCGTTATAAGGGCAAAATGTACTTTGAAAAATTCTTAACAGGAATTCAGGGCAGAACCC GGCCGTGGTGACACAACGACAGGGTCATATCTGGTCCGACGGCTGGATCATGAGGTAGAAGACTCGTTAAAA TTGCGCAGCAGCCCTGGCTTCGATCAAGATGGAGACCCCGGTCCCTTCAACGGAACCCCTCGAAGATGTTCTT AGAAGAATGGGCTCCTGAGGATCC-3'
Homolog No. 49	5'- <u>CATATG</u> GCGAATCAGCAGTCGGCTTACGACGTGGTTTTTATTGGTAATTACACCAAAGATACGATCATCACC CCCGCGGGCACGCGCTACGTGGACGGCGGTGGGATGAACTATGCGGCCAACGCCGCGGCGCGCTGGGCCT GAAAACGGCGGTGGTACGCGCCTATCGCGCGAAGATGTGCATGTGGTGGAGGGACTGCAGGCCAACGGG GTGGATTGCTTTGCCACCTACAGCCCTTCTTCGACCCTGATGAAGCTGGAATACCCACCACCGACCCCGAC ATCCGACCCCTGACCGTGGCCGGGATCGCGGGCTCTATCACTGCCCGCATGTGGACGGCTTTACACCCGCG GCCGCGGCATCAATTCCAGCCTGCGCGGGGAGGTGGGTCTGGATGTGATCCGCGCGCTGCGCGCGCGG CACGCTGGTGCGGCGGATATGCAGGGCTTTGTGCGCGTGCTGCGCGGCCAGAGCCTGATCTATGAACCCCTG GCCGGAGATGGAAGCCACCCTGGCCAGGTGGACGTGGTGAAGAGCGACGCCGTGGAAGCGGAGTTCTCTG ACCGGCACCAAGGATATTTATCAGGCGGCCAAGATCTACGCGCAGATGGGCCCGGCTGAGATCGTTCTGACG CATAAAGACGGCGTGCTGATCTACGACCGCGGTGCGACCTATGAATACGGCTTTTACCCGCGCGCAATTGGTG GGGCGCAGCGGGCGCGGCGATACCTGCGTGGGCACGTACCTTTCCAAGCGCCTGTCCATGAACCCGCAGGA AGCTGGTTGTGGGCGGCGAGCCGTGACCAGCCTGAAGATGGAAGCCCTGGGCCCTTCAACCGCTCGGTGC CTGAGGTGGAGGCCTTATCGCCAGTAAATACCGCCAGACGGTGGGCTAAGGATCC-3'
Homolog No. 92	5'- <u>CATATG</u> AATCGGTATGATCTTGTATTATGGGTCAATTTGGCGACAGCCATATTGTTCTCTTCGAGGGCCCC CTTTCATCGAACGCGGTGGCCCGGCTTCTTCGTTCCCATAGCAGCCTCTGTTTGAACAAGAAGGATTGCTG CAGTGACGAGCATTGCGGAGAATGAAGCACAGCTTTTGAACCGCTGCAAGCTGCCGGCATCGATCTCTTCA TGCAACCTCGAGAACTGCCCAAATGCGGGTCTGCCAGCCTAGCCGGAATGTCGATGAGAGGCAGATTTTTT C TCACAAAGCGCGGAGGATGCTTTTGCAGGCGACATTCCCCCTATCGATCCGTGTCTGATCCACCTTGGCG GCCTGAGCGATCACGAGTTTACCCTGGAATTCATGCGGGCGCTCAAAGCGCGCGGATTCCGTTTGTCCGTGG ATATACAGAGTTTGTCTGGCACGTAGACGATCGGACGACGCTTATCACTGGGAGGATATACCGGAAAAAC ACGACATCTGACCATGGTCGATTTCTATAAAGCTTGATGTAAAAAGAAGCAGCCACGCTGACCGGTACACGC GTTCTCCATCAACAGGCGGAAATACTGGAAGAGTGGGAAGCTCCGAGACTGTAATAACGTGTTCAAAGGGG GCACTGGCACGCAACAAGGGGAAAAACCACTTTTACACGTTTACCAACAGGAGCACCAGGGGAGAACCG GCCGCGGCGATACCTTTTCCGGGGCATACTTGGCCGAGGCTGGATCACTCCGTGCAAGAGTCTCTGAAAT TTGCCGACGACTGACCTCCATCAAGATGGAATCCGTGCGCCCCCTCAGGGGCTCTCTCGAGGATGTTATCA AGAGAATGGGCAACTCCCTTTCTCCTTGAGGATCC-3'
Homolog No. 111	5'- <u>CATATG</u> AGCAAGAAGAACCAGTATGATATTGTGTTTCGTGGGACAGATGGGTAGGGGCACTGTAGTTCTTT TGAAGGAGTTCCCTTCGTTATATTGGGCAGCCCGTTCTGTTTGCCTCAATAGCAGCATCTTGTGTTGAAAG AGGATTGCTGTGGTTACGACAATCTCCAAAAAGGAAGAATACCTTTTGGAGCCTATGAAAAAGGCTGGTATA GATCTCTACATTACGCCTGGAGAGACTGCTCAATACCGTGTGTCTTCCCAAATGCAAATGTTGATGAGAGGC AGGCTTTTTCATGTTAAAGGGGGAAGTAATTTGAAAAAGTACCCCTTTTGAGCCATGCCTGTGTCAGTGTG CTGATGGGCCCTCGCGAGGTCCAGATGGATTGATGAGGTCACTAAAGGCAAGAGATTCCGTTTATCAGT AGACATGCAAGGTCTTATGCTGCAGGCAGACCGTGAGACCGCATTTGTCGCCCTTGAAGATTTCACAGAGAA AAAAGAAATCCTGAGAATGGCAGATTTCGTAAAGCTTGACAGTAAGGAGGCGCAGGCTTTGACAGGCACCG ACGTCTTACAAGACCAGGCTGCCATACTGGAAGGCTGGGGAAGCCCTGAGACTATTATTACGTCTTCAGGTG GTGTACTGGCGCGAAGCCACGGAACAACAAAATATGCAAAATTTTCAAACAGGAGCACTAAAGGCAGGATG GGGCGAGGCGACACGGTCATCGGATCTTATATAGCGCGCAGGTTTGATTATCCTGTTGAAGACTCTCTCAGT TCGCTGGAGCCCTTGATCGATCAAGATGGAGTCTGTTGGGCCATTGCGGGCTCCCTGGAAGATGTGATTG AGAGAATGGGTGATTACGTGCCATGTCAATCAATCTAAGGATCC-3'

Restriction sites used for subcloning are underlined.

Supplementary Table 6. Crystallographic data and refinement statistics.

	PCP complex*	SO ₄ ²⁻ complex*
Data collection		
Space group	<i>P</i> 2 ₁	<i>P</i> 2 ₁
Cell dimensions		
<i>a</i> , <i>b</i> , <i>c</i> (Å)	46.7, 63.0, 89.9	46.8, 62.4, 88.0
β (°)	105.1	104.0
Resolution (Å)	50–1.70 (1.73–1.70) **	50–1.47 (1.50–1.47)
<i>R</i> _{sym}	0.045 (0.505)	0.039 (0.394)
<i>I</i> / σ <i>I</i>	24.8 (2.1)	27.8 (3.1)
Completeness (%)	98.1 (96.7)	95.7 (94.3)
Redundancy	3.3 (3.2)	3.4 (3.3)
Refinement		
Resolution (Å)	50–1.70 (1.73–1.70)	50–1.47 (1.50–1.47)
No. reflections	51566	75813
<i>R</i> _{work} / <i>R</i> _{free}	0.1964/0.2104	0.1931/0.2045
No. atoms		
Protein	4168	4504
Ligand	34	24
Solvent	100	278
<i>B</i> -factors (Å ²)		
Protein	35.1	18.2
Ligand	32.2	15.8
Solvent	31.5	19.7
R.m.s. deviations		
Bond lengths (Å)	0.0099	0.0145
Bond angles (°)	1.3823	1.6952
Ramachandran plot		
Favored (%)	99.3	99.1
Allowed (%)	100	100

*One crystal was used for each structure.

**Values in parentheses are for highest-resolution shell.

Supplementary Table 7. Abbreviations of the ribokinase family enzymes.

Abbreviation	Description	PDB ID	Reference
MI3K_TK	<i>myo</i> -inositol 3-kinase from <i>Thermococcus kodakarensis</i>	4XF7	6
NK_MJ	nucleoside kinase (NK) from <i>Methanocaldococcus jannaschii</i>	2C49	7
NK_BT	NK from <i>Burkholderia thailandensis</i>	3B1Q	8
AK_MT	adenosine kinase (AK) from <i>Mycobacterium tuberculosis</i>	2PKK	9
AK_TG	AK from <i>Toxoplasma gondii</i>	1LII	10
AK_AG	AK from <i>Anopheles gambiae</i>	3LOO	11
AK_TB	AK from <i>Trypanosoma brucei rhodesiense</i>	3OTX	12
AK_HS	AK from <i>Homo sapiens</i>	1BX4	13
RK_EC	ribokinase (RK) from <i>E. coli</i>	1RK2	14
RK_HS	RK from <i>H. sapiens</i>	2FV7	15
RK_SA	RK from <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i>	3RY7	16
KDGK_SS	2-keto-3-deoxygluconate kinase (KDGK) from <i>Sulfolobus solfataricus</i>	2VAR	17
KDGK_TT	KDGK from <i>Thermus thermophilus</i>	1V1A	18
KDGK_TM	KDGK from <i>T. maritima</i>	2AFB	19
T6PK_SA	D-tagatose-6-phosphate kinase from <i>S. aureus</i>	2JG1	20
FK_HS	fructokinase from <i>H. sapiens</i>	2HW1	21
AIRK_SE	aminoimidazole riboside kinase from <i>Salmonella enterica</i>	1TZ6	22
HldA_BC	D-glycero- β -D-manno-heptose 7-phosphate kinase from <i>Burkholderia cenocepacia</i>	4E8Y	23
PFK2_EC	phosphofructokinase-2 from <i>E. coli</i>	3UQD	24
PK_TB	pyridoxal kinase (PK) from <i>Trypanosoma brucei</i>	3ZS7	25
PK_OA	PK from <i>Ovis aries</i>	1RFU	26
PK_EC1	PK from <i>E. coli</i>	1VI9	27
PK_HS	PK from <i>H. sapiens</i>	3FHY	28
PK_BS	PK from <i>Bacillus subtilis</i>	2I5B	29
PK_EC2	PK from <i>E. coli</i>	2DDO	30
HMPPK_ST	4-amino-5-hydroxymethyl-2-methylpyrimidine phosphate kinase from <i>Salmonella typhimurium</i>	1JXI	3
THZK_BS	4-methyl-5- β -hydroxyethylthiazole kinase from <i>B. subtilis</i>	1EKQ	31
AGK_PF	ADP-dependent glucokinase (AGK) from <i>P. furiosus</i>	1UA4	32
AGK_TL	AGK from <i>T. litoralis</i>	4B8S	33
APFK_PH	ADP-dependent phosphofructokinase from <i>Pyrococcus horikoshii</i>	1U2X	34

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