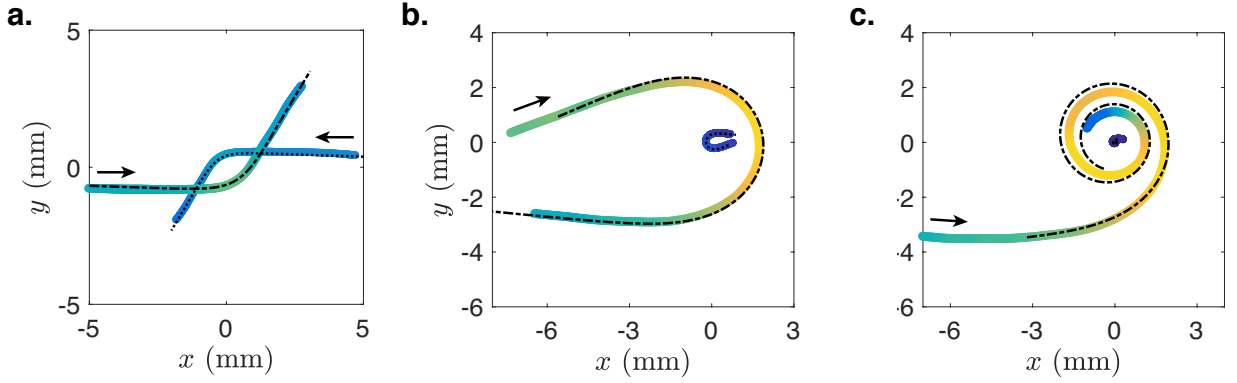


Capillary orbits Supplementary informations

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Supplementary figures



Supplementary Figure 1: **Orbiting trajectories fitted with friction.** **a.** Deflection between two drops ($R_1 = 410 \mu\text{m}$ and $R_2 = 360 \mu\text{m}$), as seen in the center of mass frame. The arrows indicate the initial direction of motion of the particles. **b.** Deviation of a small drop ($R_2 = 390 \mu\text{m}$) when approaching a bigger drop ($R_1 = 810 \mu\text{m}$). **c.** Collision trajectory between two frozen marbles ($R_1 = 820 \mu\text{m}$, $R_2 = 260 \mu\text{m}$). The color code indicates the drop velocity, from 0 cm/s (dark blue) to 5 cm/s (yellow). The dotted lines are the theoretical trajectories, calculated numerically by integrating a small friction force $F = \frac{\eta_v R^2}{h} (V - v_0)$ for each particle.