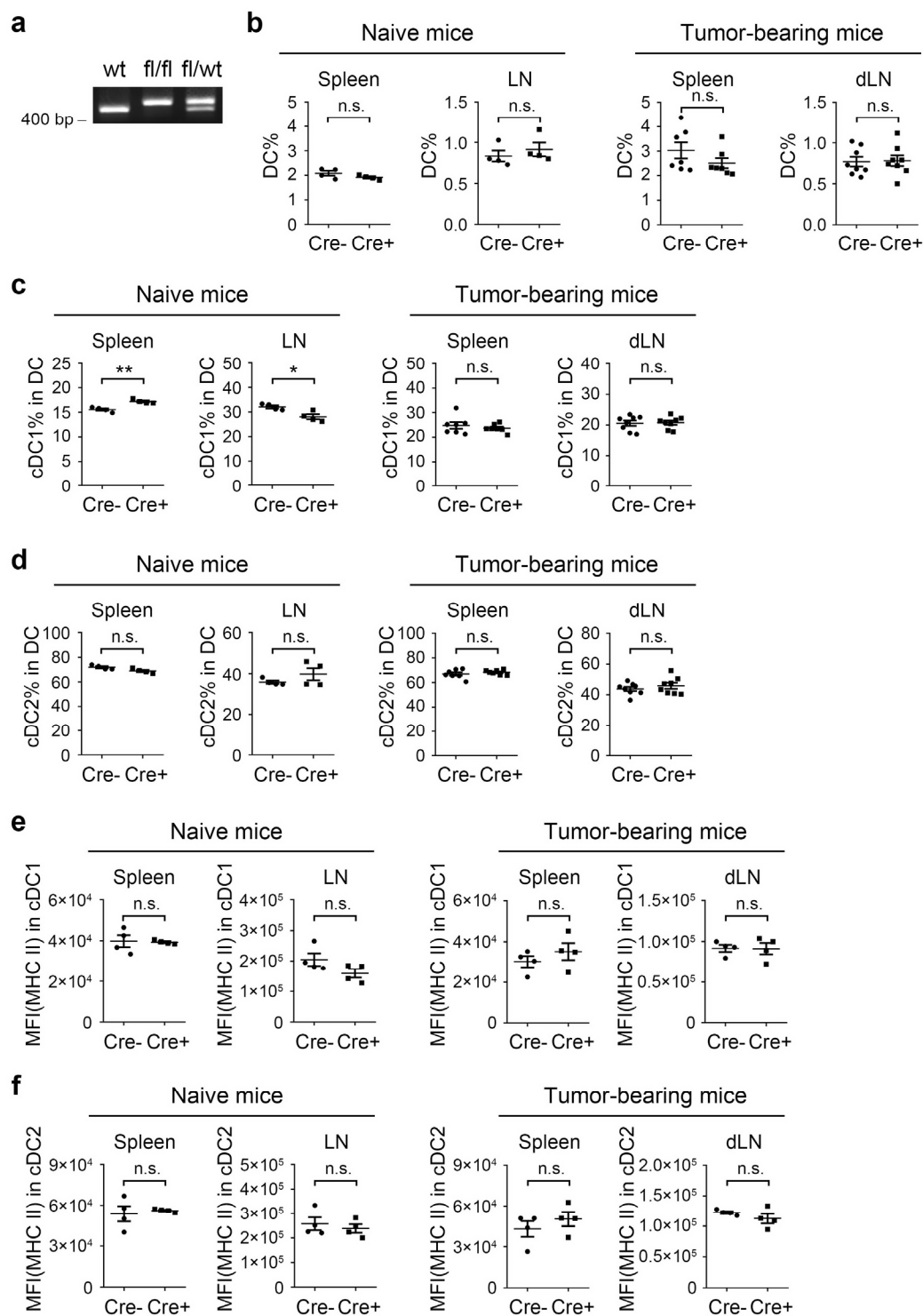


Supplementary Information

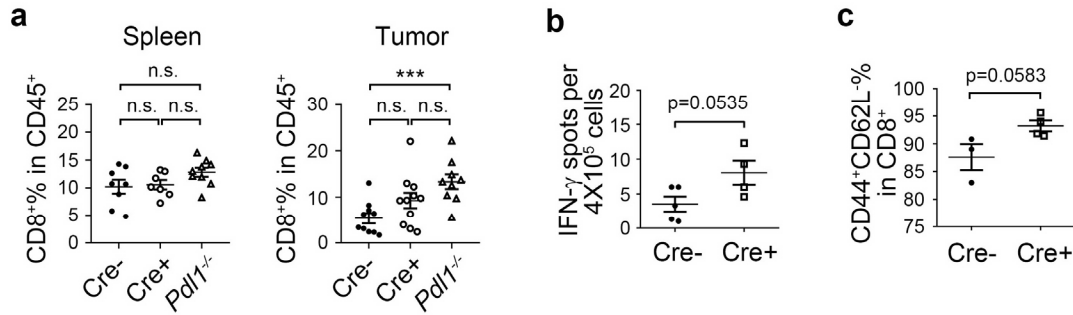
PD-L1 on dendritic cells attenuates T cell activation and regulates response to immune checkpoint blockade

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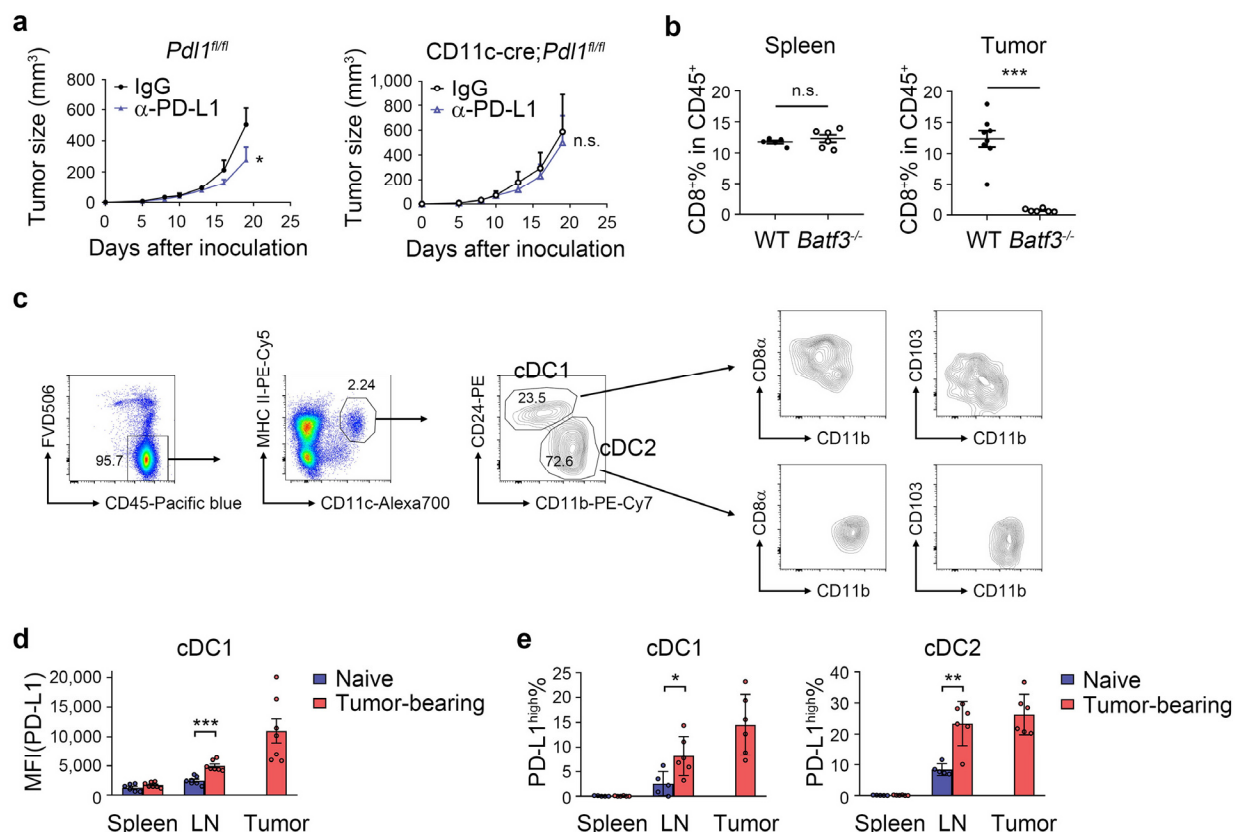


Supplementary Figure 1. Characterization of PD-L1-conditional knockout mice. (a) PCR results of genotyping. Data is representative of more than three independent experiments. **(b-f)**

Spleen and LN tissues were collected from naïve or MC38 tumor-bearing conditional knockout mice (for b-d: n = 4 naïve, 7 tumor-bearing spleen, 8 tumor-bearing LN; for e-f: n = 4). Percentages of **(b)** total DCs (CD11c⁺MHC II⁺), **(c)** cDC1 (CD11b⁻CD24⁺), **(d)** cDC2 (CD11b⁺CD24⁻), MHC II levels on **(e)** cDC1 and **(f)** cDC2 were measured by flow cytometry. **p=0.0021; *p=0.0158. Data are shown as mean ± SEM and are representative of two independent experiments or pool of two independent experiments. n.s., not significant; *, p<0.05; **, p<0.01 determined by unpaired two-tailed Student's t-test. Source data are provided as a Source Data file.



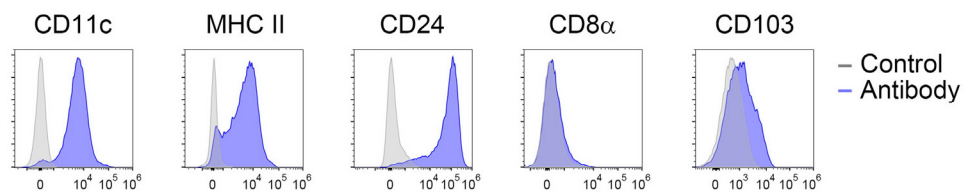
Supplementary Figure 2. PD-L1 on DCs dampens spontaneous antitumor immune responses. CD11c-cre;*Pd1*^{fl/fl} or control mice were inoculated with MC38 tumor and analyzed on day 14 after inoculation. **(a)** Percentages of CD8⁺ T cells in spleen (n = 8 Cre-, 7 Cre+, 9 *Pd1*^{-/-}) and tumor (n = 10 Cre-, 11 Cre+, 9 *Pd1*^{-/-}) tissues were shown. ***p=0.0007. **(b)** IFN-γ⁺ cells in spleen were measured by ELISPOT (n = 5 Cre-, 4 Cre+). **(c)** CD8⁺ T cell activation in tumor tissues were measured by flow cytometry (n = 3 Cre-, 4 Cre+). Data are shown as mean ± SEM and are representative of two independent experiments **(b and c)** or pool of two independent experiments **(a)**. n.s., not significant; ***, p<0.001 determined by unpaired two-tailed Student's t-test. Source data are provided as a Source Data file.



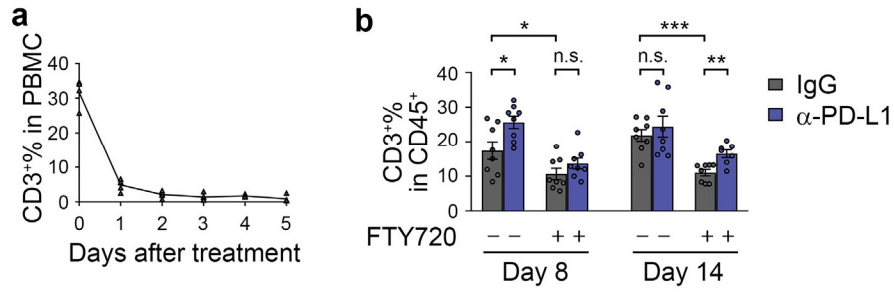
Supplementary Figure 3. PD-L1 on cDC1 plays important roles in antitumor immunity. (a)

E.G7 tumors established in *CD11c-cre;Pdl1^{fl/fl}* or control mice (n = 4) were treated with IgG or anti-PD-L1 on day 10 and 13. Tumor growth curves were shown. *p=0.0200. (b) WT or *Batf3^{-/-}* mice were inoculated with 5×10^5 MC38 cells. Spleen (n = 5 WT, 6 *Batf3^{-/-}*) and tumor (n = 8 WT, 6 *Batf3^{-/-}*) tissues were collected on day 14 after inoculation and analyzed by flow cytometry. Percentages of CD8⁺ cells among CD45⁺ cells were shown. ***p<0.0001. (c) Gating strategy for DC subsets. Gated cDC1 and cDC2 were further stained for CD8 α and CD103. (d) Tissues were collected and analyzed as in Fig. 3b. Mean fluorescent intensities (MFIs) of PD-L1 were shown (n = 7 mice, except naïve spleen n = 6). ***p<0.0001. (e) In naïve or E.G7 tumor-bearing WT mice (n = 5 naïve, 6 tumor-bearing), PD-L1 levels on cDC1 and cDC2 were measure by flow cytometry. *p=0.0228; **p=0.0013. Data are shown as mean $\pm$ SEM or + SEM (a) and are

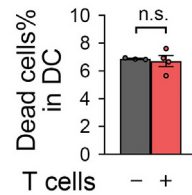
representative of two independent experiments (**a**, **c**, and **e**) or pool of two independent experiments (**b** and **d**). n.s., not significant; *, $p < 0.05$; ***, $p < 0.001$ determined by two-way ANOVA in (**a**) or by unpaired two-tailed Student's t-test in (**b**, **d**, and **e**). Source data are provided as a Source Data file.



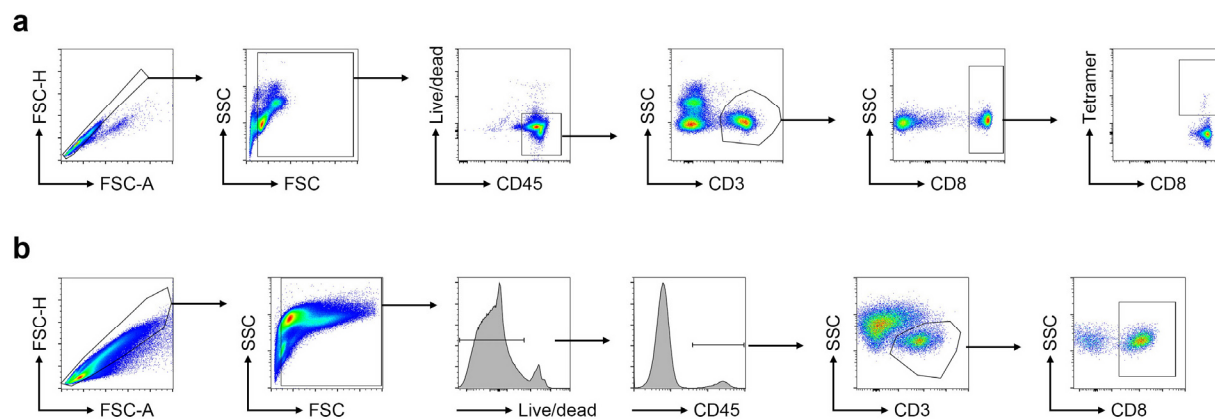
Supplementary Figure 4. Characterization of BMDCs. BMDCs were generated by FLT3-L. The expressions of CD11c, MHC II, CD24, CD8 α , and CD103 were evaluated by flow cytometry. Shown are representative of two independent experiments.



Supplementary Figure 5. Efficacy of FTY720 treatment. Mice were treated with FTY720 as in **Figure 5a-5c**. Percentages of T cells in PBMC (n = 5 mice, except day 0 n = 4) (**a**) and tumor tissues (n = 8 mice, except day 14 FTY720+anti-PD-L1 n = 7) (**b**) were shown. $^{*}_{(8: \text{IgG vs anti-PD-L1})}p=0.0192$; $^{**}p=0.0022$; $^{*}_{(8: \text{IgG vs FTY720+IgG})}p=0.0416$; $^{***}p<0.0001$. Data are shown as mean $\pm$ SEM and are representative of three (**a**) or pool of two (**b**) independent experiments. n.s., not significant; *, $p<0.05$; **, $p<0.01$ determined by unpaired two-tailed Student's t-test in (**b**). Source data are provided as a Source Data file.



Supplementary Figure 6. T cell-mediated cytotoxicity is contact-dependent. Isolated DCs were loaded with OT-1 peptide. Activated OT-1 T cells were seeded on the upper side of a transwell membrane, while DCs were seeded on the lower side. Cell death of DCs was measured 4 hours later (n = 3 -T cells, 4 +T cells). Data are shown as mean $\pm$ SEM and are representative of two independent experiments. n.s., not significant determined by unpaired two-tailed Student's t-test. Source data are provided as a Source Data file.



Supplementary Figure 7. Gating strategies used in the study. (a) PBMCs were gated for single live CD45⁺ cells. Tetramer⁺ cells were identified from CD8⁺ T (CD3⁺CD8⁺) cells (Fig. 1f). (b) Gating strategy for CD8⁺ T (CD3⁺CD8⁺) cells from tumor tissues (Fig. 5c).

Supplementary Table 1. List of antibodies and reagents used.

Reagent	Source	Identifier	Dilution
Antibodies			
anti-mouse CD103 FITC (clone 2E7)	eBioscience	11-1031-82	1:200
anti-mouse CD11b PE/Cy7 (clone M1/70)	eBioscience	25-0112-82	1:200
anti-mouse CD11c Alexa Fluor 700 (clone N418)	eBioscience	56-0114-82	1:200
anti-mouse CD24 PE (clone M1/69)	eBioscience	12-0242-82	1:200
anti-mouse CD3e PE/Cy7 (clone 145-2C11)	eBioscience	25-0031-82	1:200
anti-mouse CD45 FITC (clone 30-F11)	eBioscience	11-0451-85	1:200
anti-mouse CD45 PE (clone 30-F11)	eBioscience	12-0451-83	1:200
anti-mouse CD62L PE (clone MEL-14)	eBioscience	12-0621-82	1:200
anti-mouse CD8a Alexa Fluor 700 (clone 53-6.7)	eBioscience	56-0081-82	1:200
anti-mouse IFN-g PerCP/Cy5.5 (clone XMG1.2)	eBioscience	45-7311-82	1:50
anti-mouse MHC II APC (clone M5/114.15.2)	eBioscience	17-5321-82	1:200
anti-mouse MHC II PE/Cy5 (clone M5/114.15.2)	eBioscience	15-5321-82	1:200
anti-mouse PD-L1 APC (clone MIH5)	eBioscience	17-5982-82	1:200
anti-mouse PD-L1 PE (clone MIH5)	eBioscience	12-5982-83	1:200
anti-mouse CD11b biotin (clone M1/70)	BioLegend	101204	1:200
anti-mouse CD11c biotin (clone N418)	BioLegend	117304	1:200
anti-mouse CD19 Pacific Blue (clone 6D5)	BioLegend	115526	1:200
anti-mouse CD24 Pacific Blue (clone M1/69)	BioLegend	101820	1:200
anti-mouse CD4 APC/Cy7 (clone RM4-5)	BioLegend	100526	1:200
anti-mouse CD44 APC (clone IM7)	BioLegend	103012	1:200
anti-mouse CD45 Pacific Blue (clone 30-F11)	BioLegend	103126	1:200
anti-mouse CD8a APC/Cy7 (clone 53-6.7)	BioLegend	100714	1:200
anti-mouse CD8a PE (clone 53-6.7)	BioLegend	100708	1:200
anti-mouse F4/80 PE (clone BM8)	BioLegend	123110	1:200
anti-mouse Gr-1 FITC (clone RB6-8C5)	BioLegend	108406	1:200
anti-mouse IFN-g APC (clone XMG1.2)	BioLegend	505810	1:50
7-AAD	eBioscience	00-6993-50	1:20
Fixable Viability Dye eFluor 506	eBioscience	65-0866-14	1:1000
PI	Leagene	DA0028	1:20
Tetramer-SIINFEKL-APC	MBL	TS-5001-2C	1:20
Anti-CD16/32 (clone 2.4G2)	in house	N/A	
Anti-PD-L1 (Atezolizumab)	in house	N/A	
anti-mouse CD28 (clone 37.51)	BioXCell	BE0015	
anti-mouse CD3e (clone 145-2C11)	BioXCell	BE0001	
anti-mouse CD8a (clone YTS 169.4)	BioXCell	BE0117	
anti-mouse IFNAR-1 (clone MAR1-5A3)	BioXCell	BE0241	

anti-mouse IFN-g (clone XMG1.2)	BioXCell	BE0055	
anti-mouse PD-L1 (clone 10F.9G2)	BioXCell	BE0101	
Chemicals, Peptides, and Recombinant Proteins			
Recombinant murine FLT3-L	Sino Biological	51113-M02H	
Recombinant murine IFN-a	in house	N/A	
Recombinant murine IFN-g	Sangon Biotech	C600059	
Collagenase, Type IV	Invitrogen	17104019	
DNase I	Sigma	DN25	
FTY720	Cayman Chemical	10006292	
MTT	Sangon Biotech	A600799	
Puromycin	Solarbio	P8230	
SIY peptide (SIYRYYYGL)	GL Biochem	N/A	
OT-1 peptide (SIINFEKL)	GL Biochem	N/A	
Critical Commercial Assays			
Mouse CD11c Positive Selection Kit II	STEMCELL	18780	
Mouse CD8+ T Cell Isolation Kit	STEMCELL	19853	
Mouse IFN-g ELISPOT Sets	BD Biosciences	551083	