

Blood pro-resolving mediators are linked with synovial pathology and are predictive of DMARD responsiveness in rheumatoid arthritis

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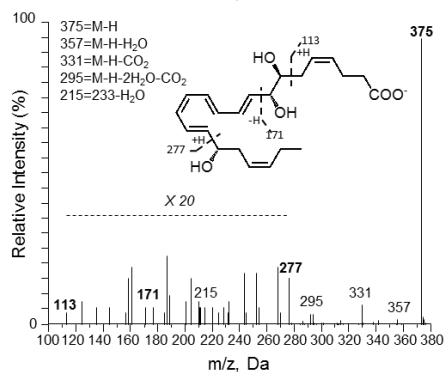
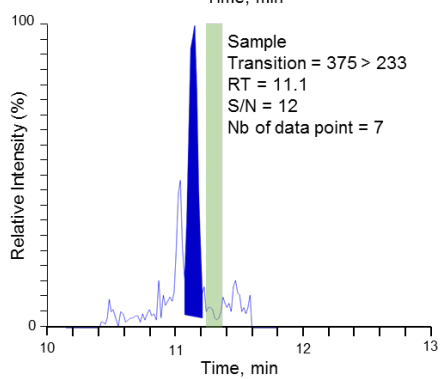
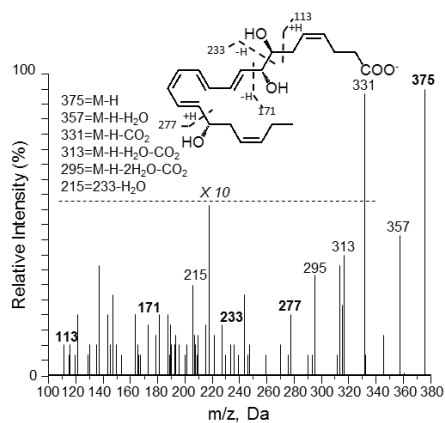
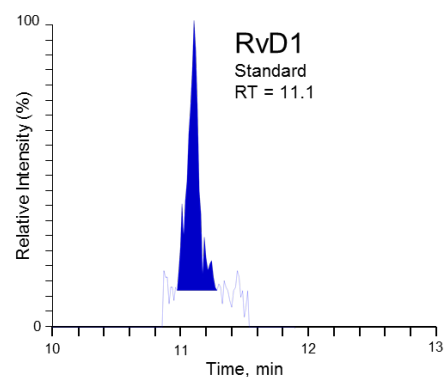
* These authors contributed equally

\$ These authors jointly supervised this work

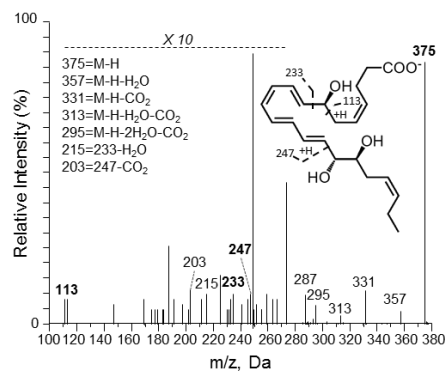
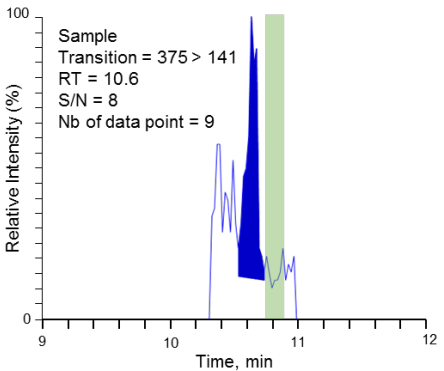
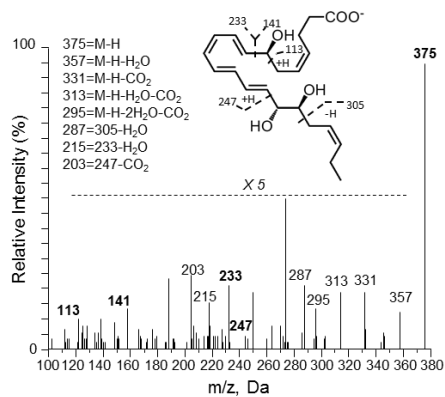
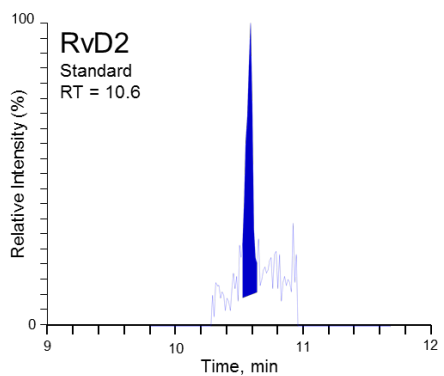
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Supplementary Figures and Legends

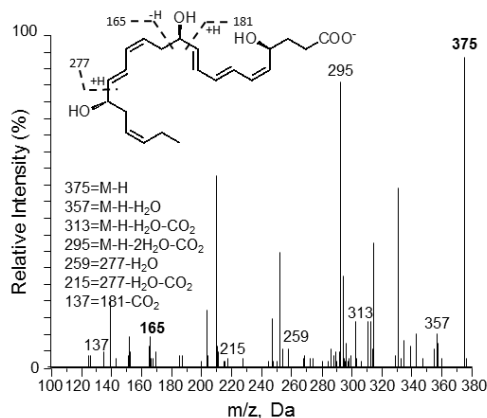
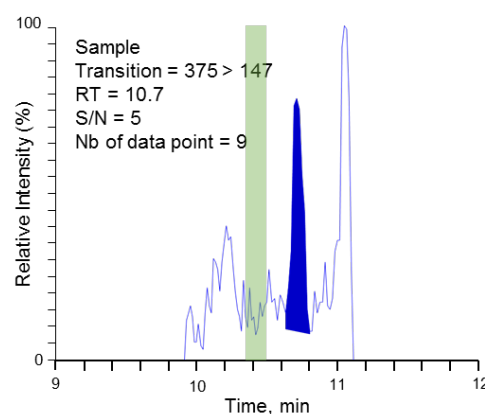
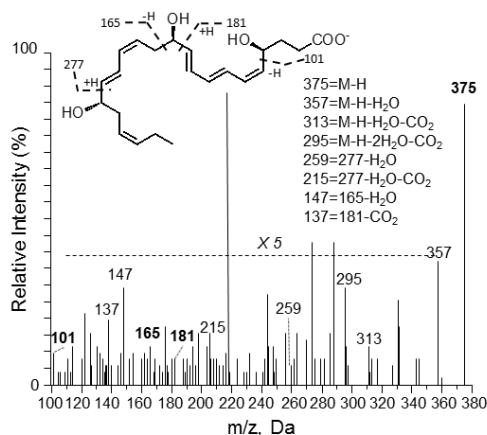
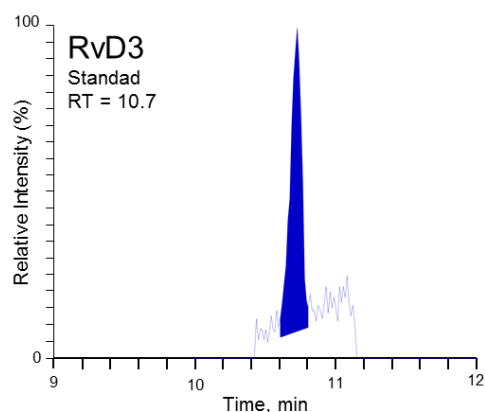
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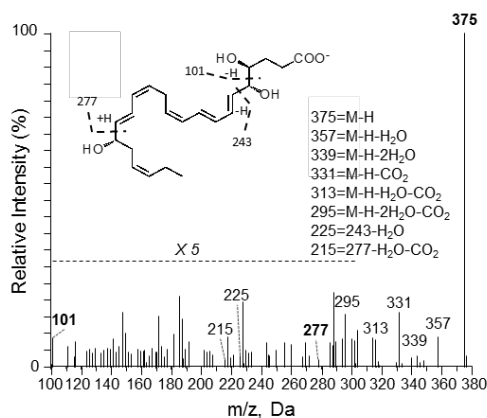
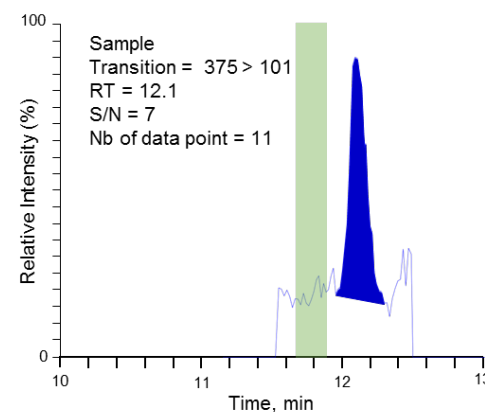
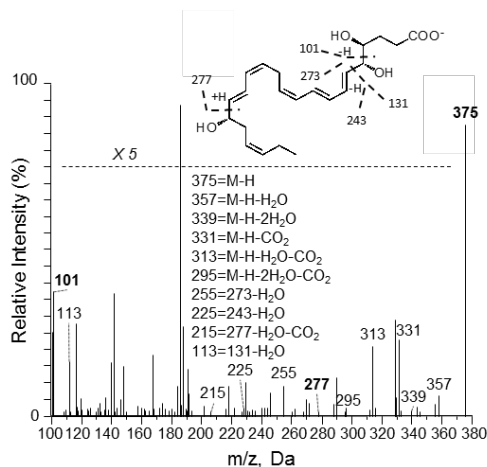
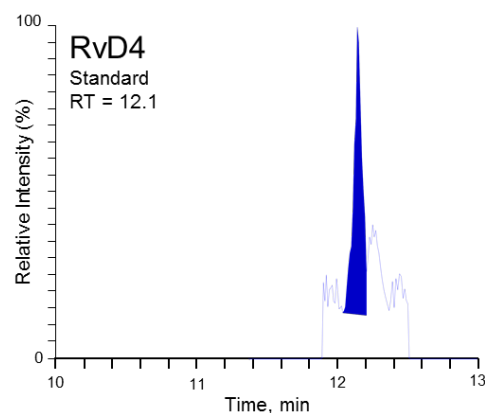
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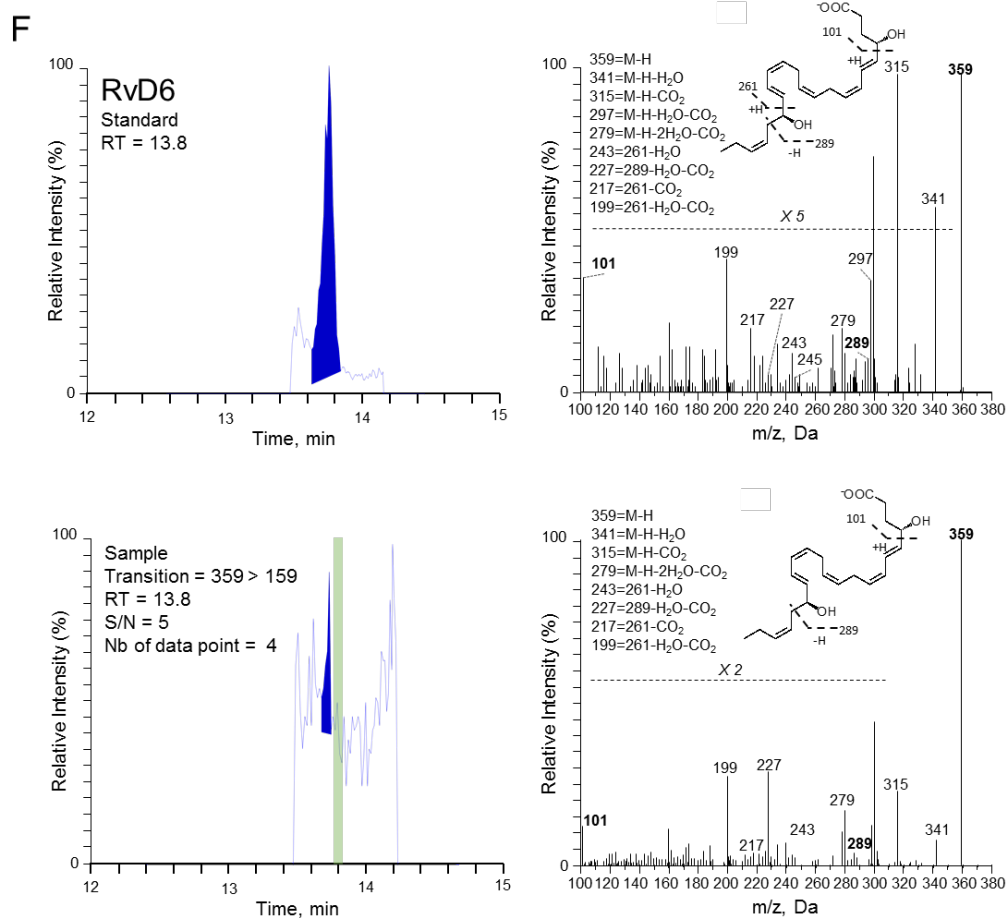
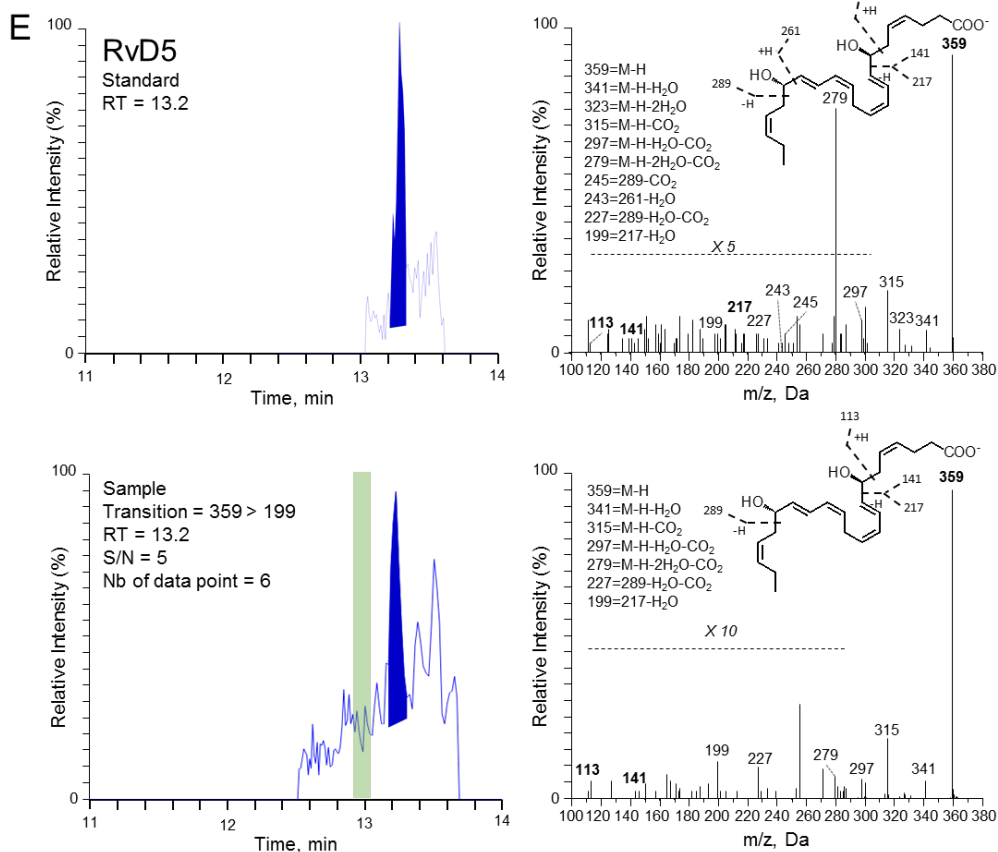


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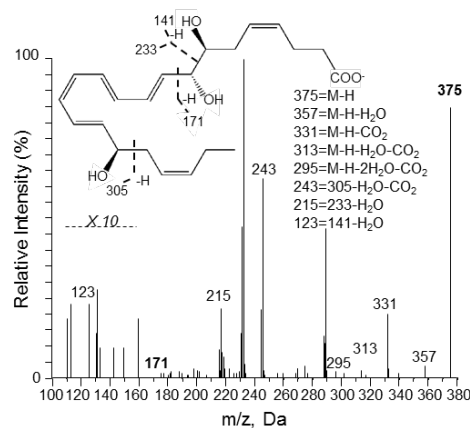
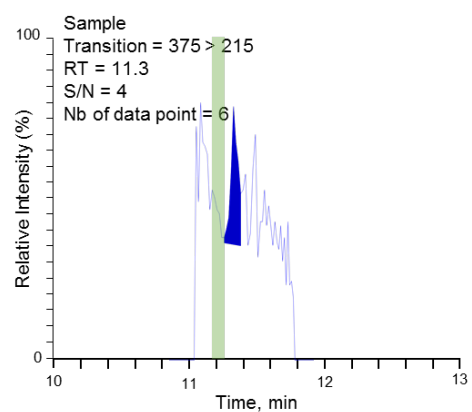
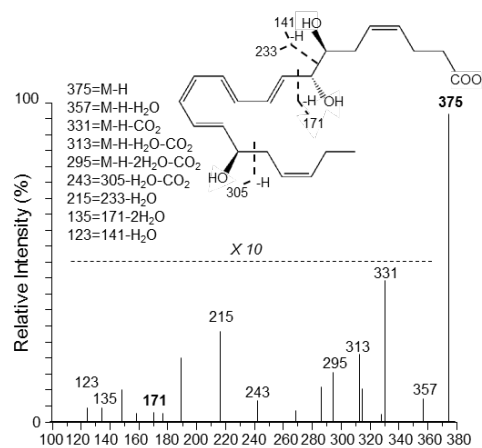
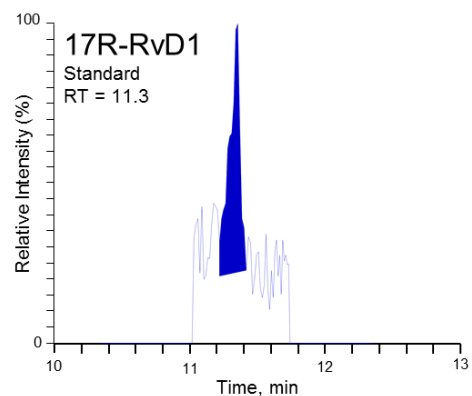


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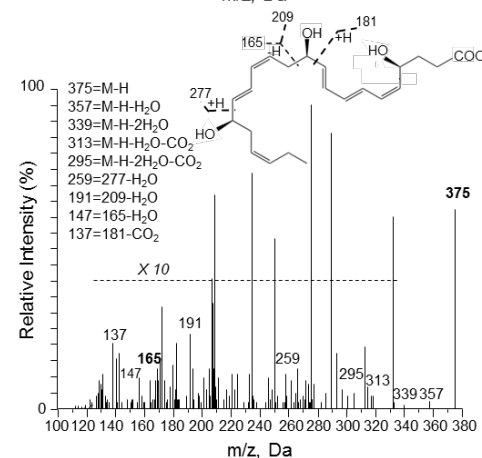
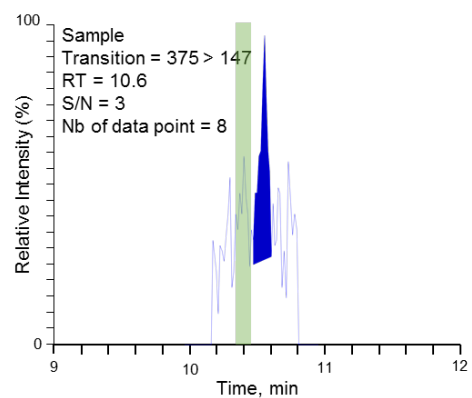
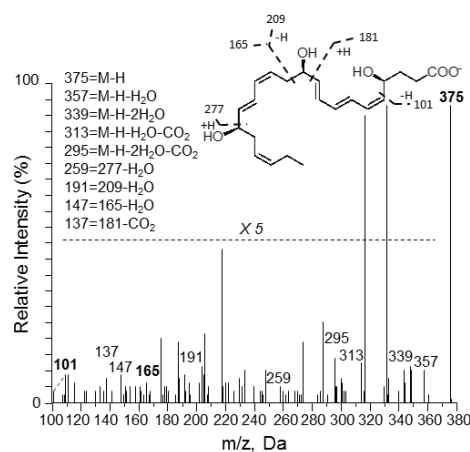
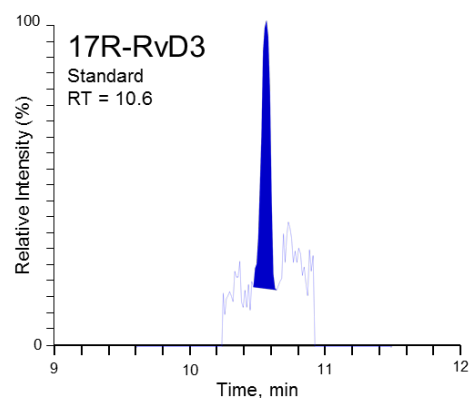




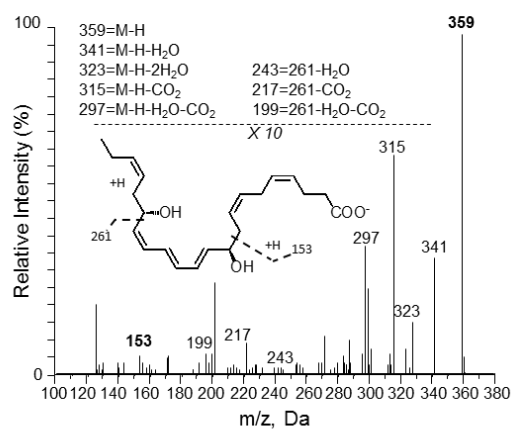
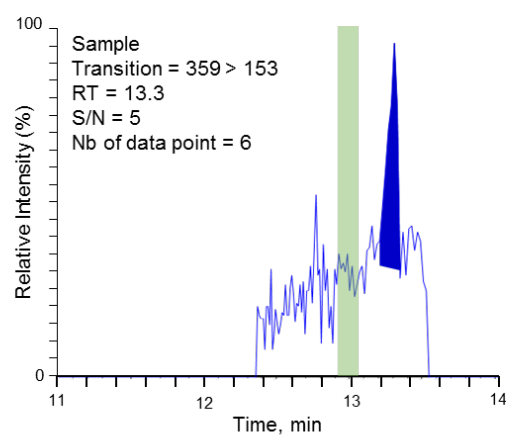
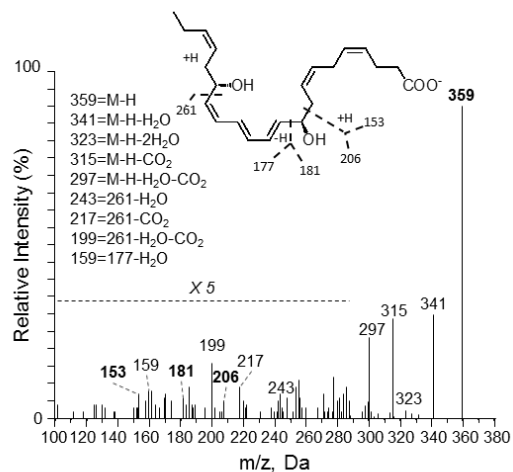
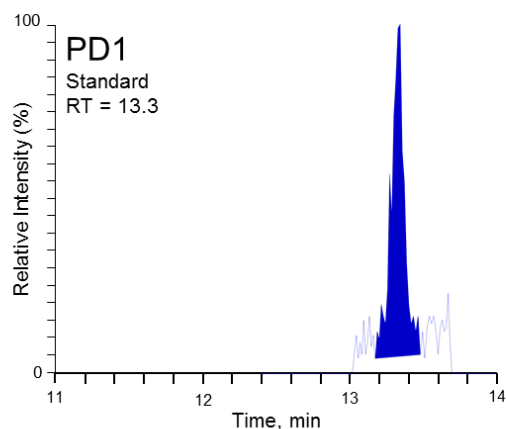
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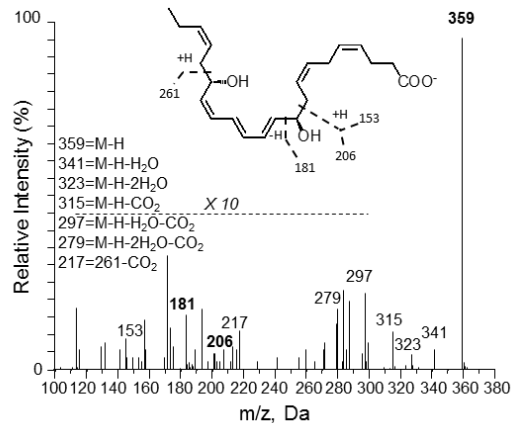
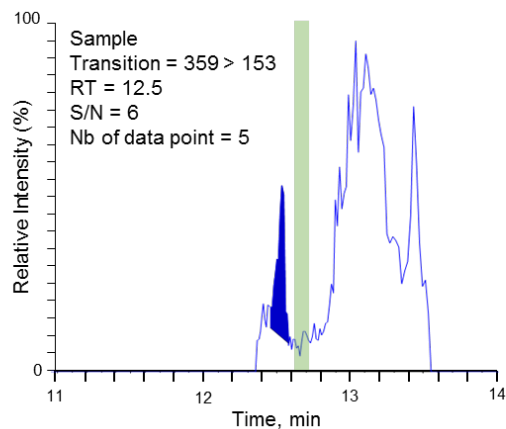
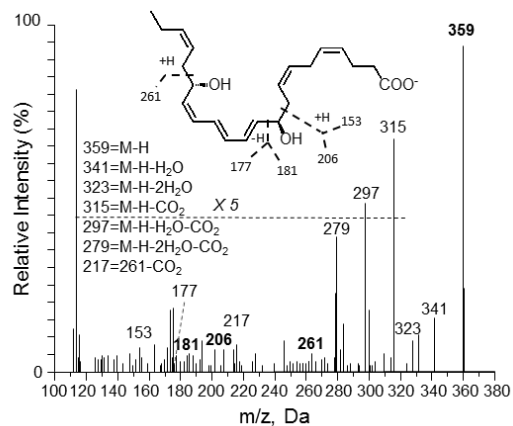
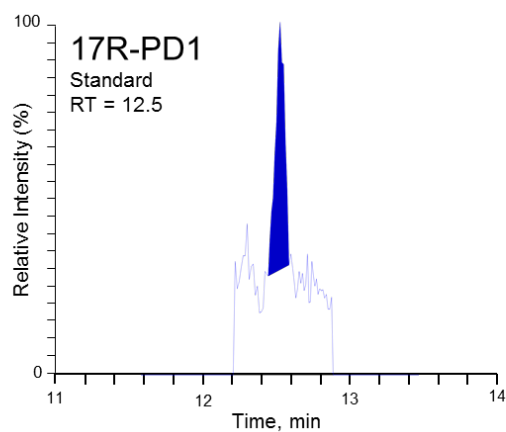
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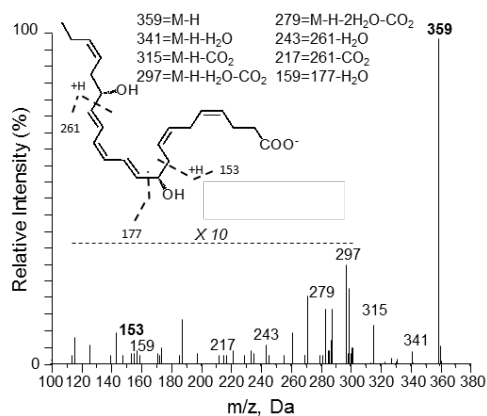
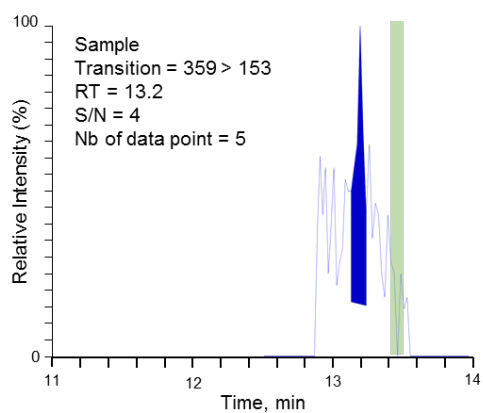
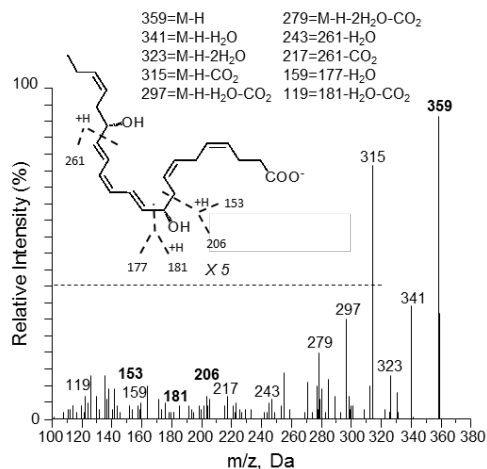
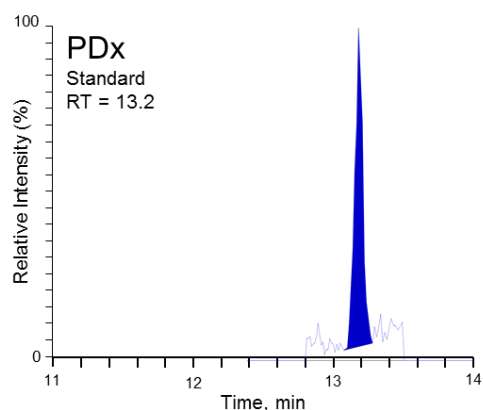
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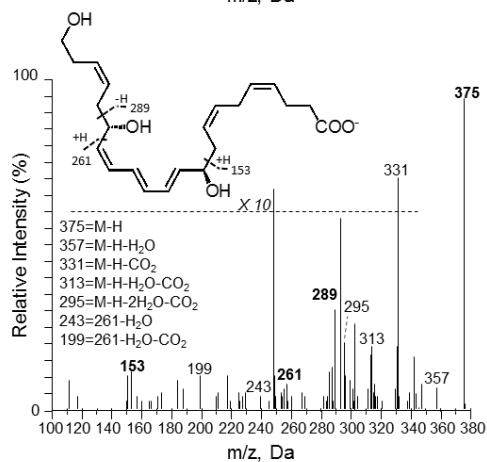
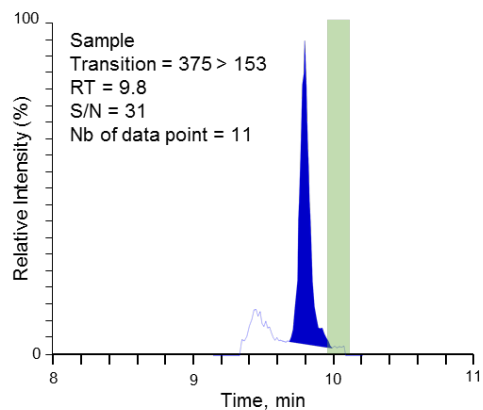
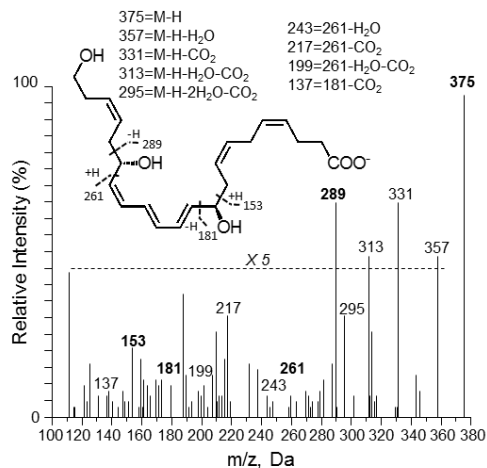
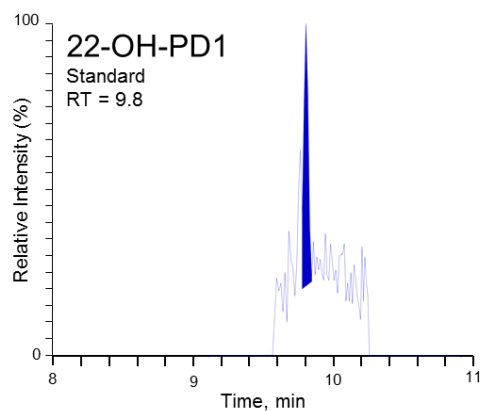
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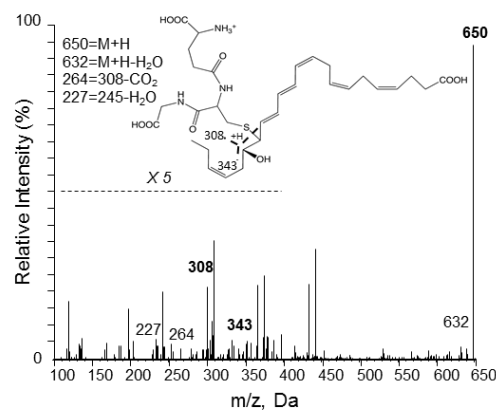
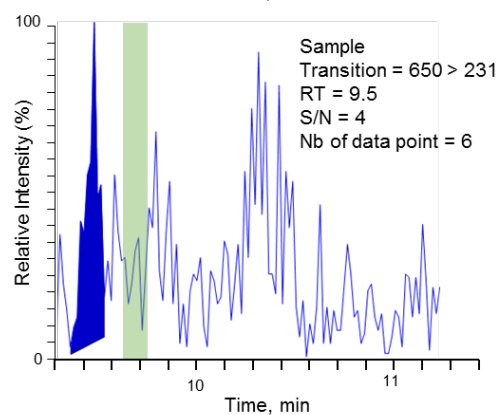
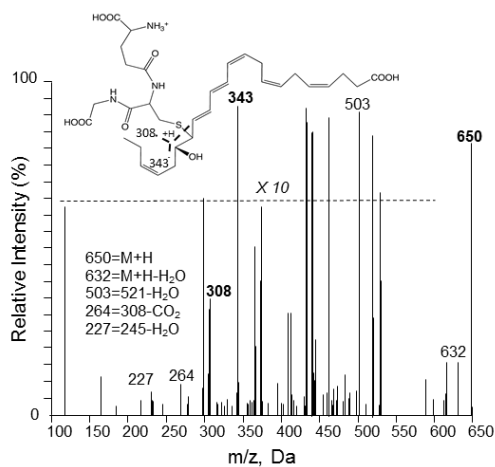
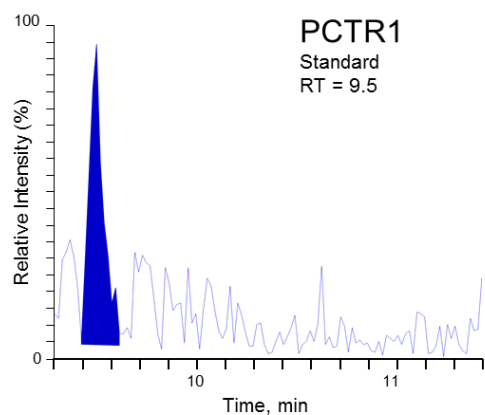
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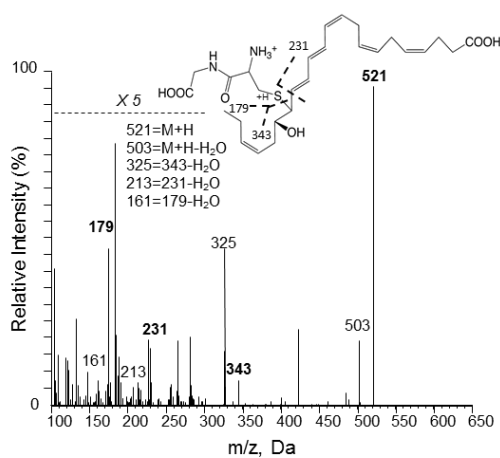
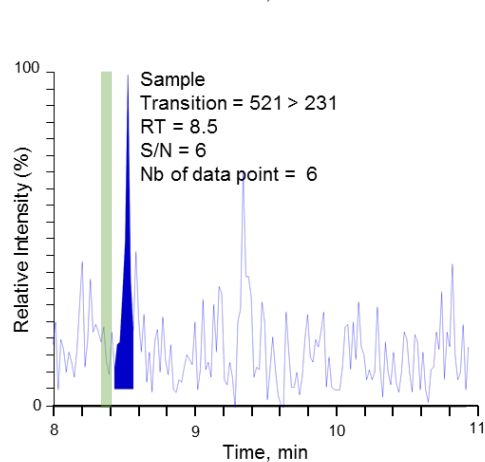
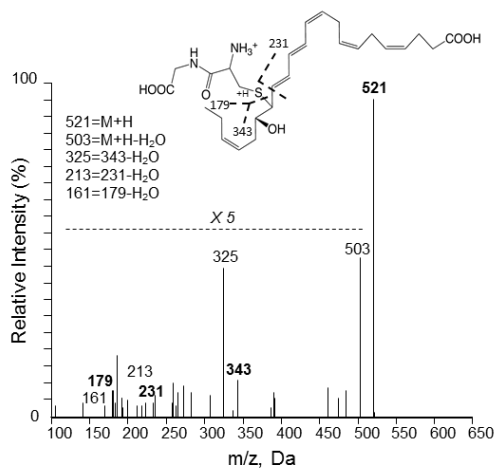
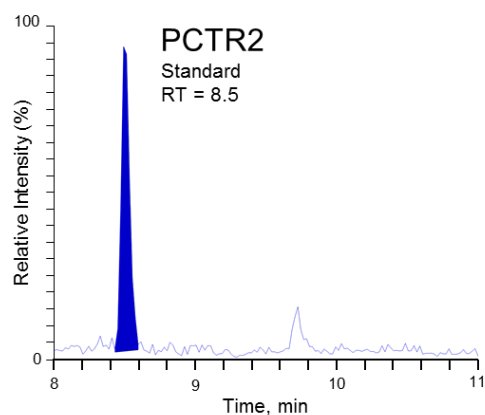
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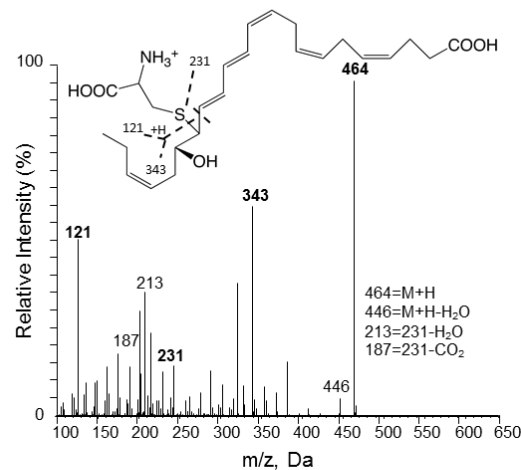
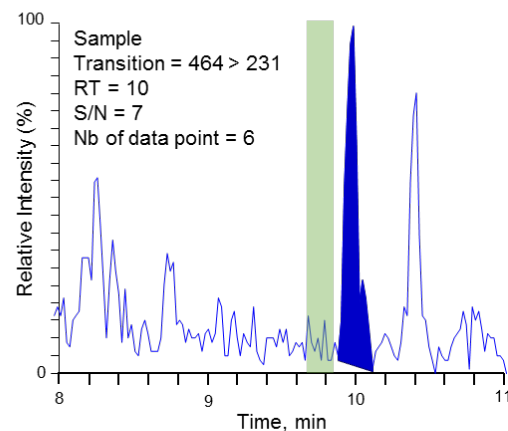
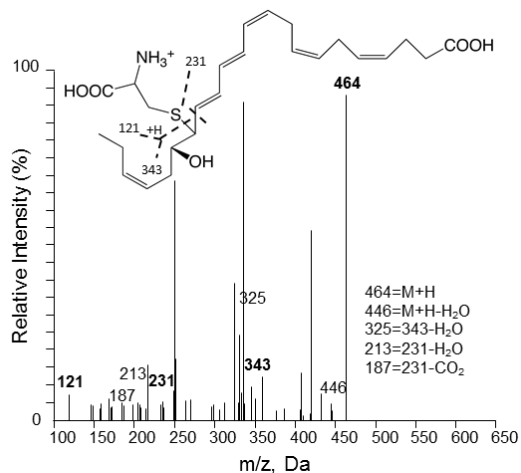
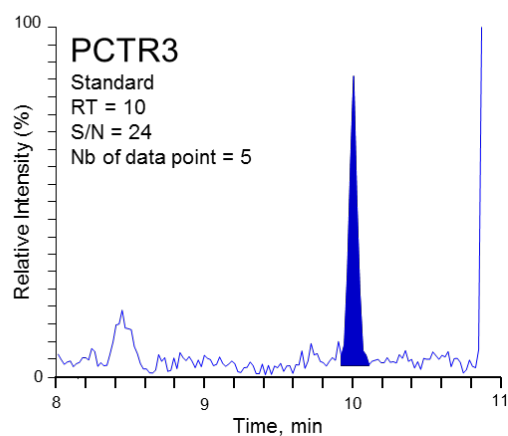
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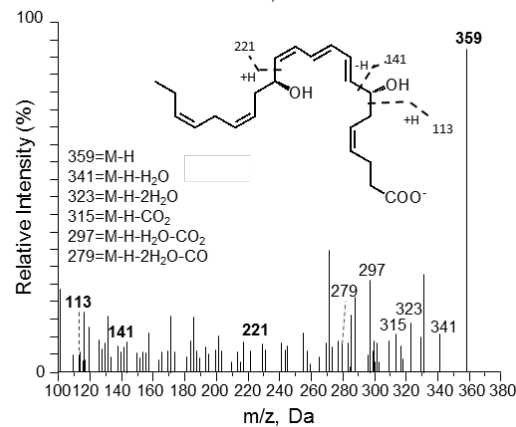
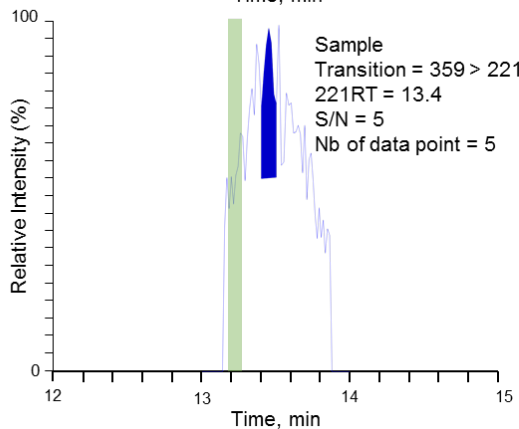
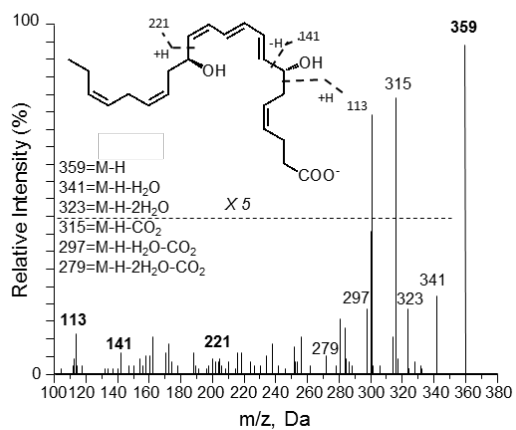
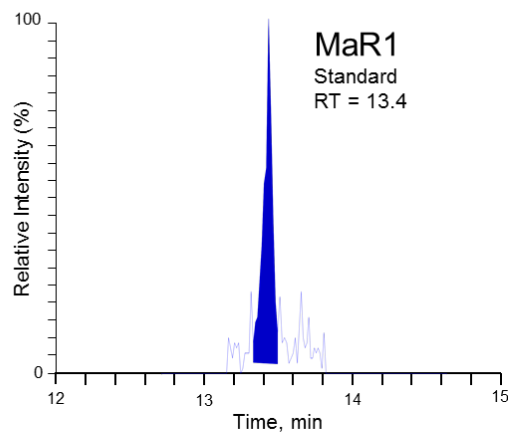
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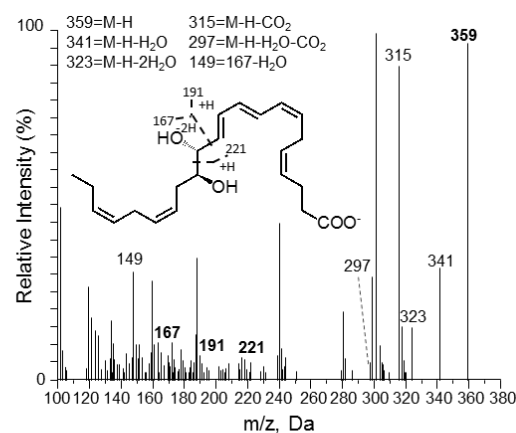
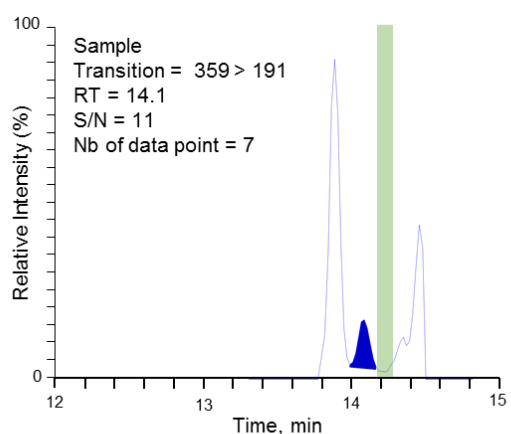
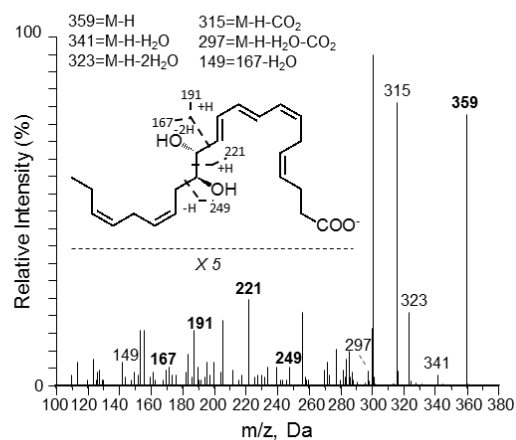
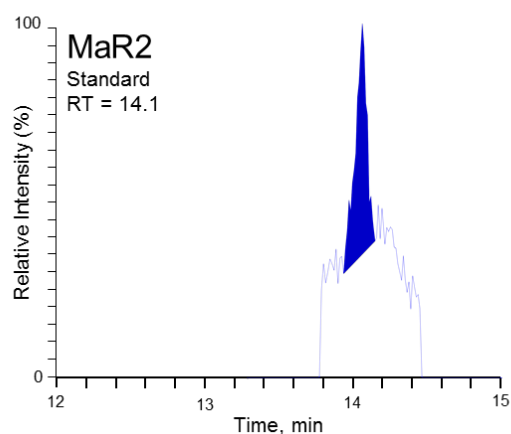
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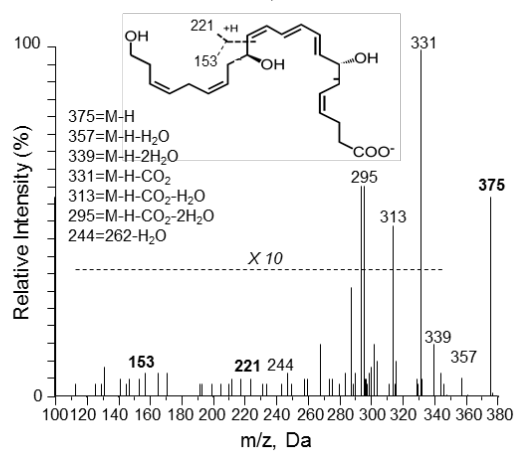
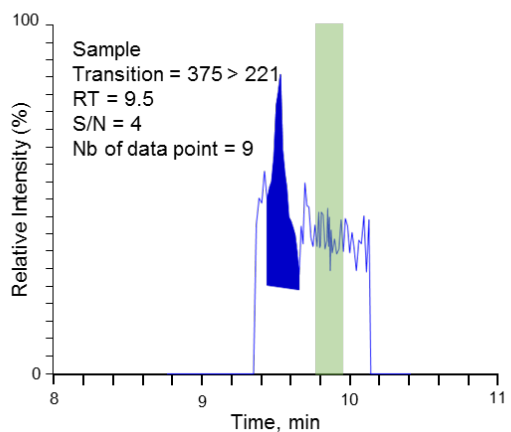
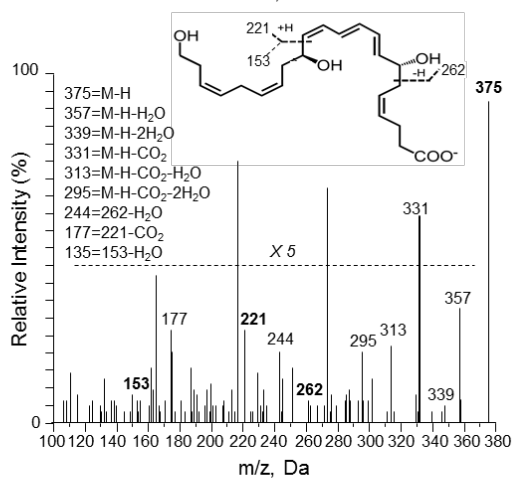
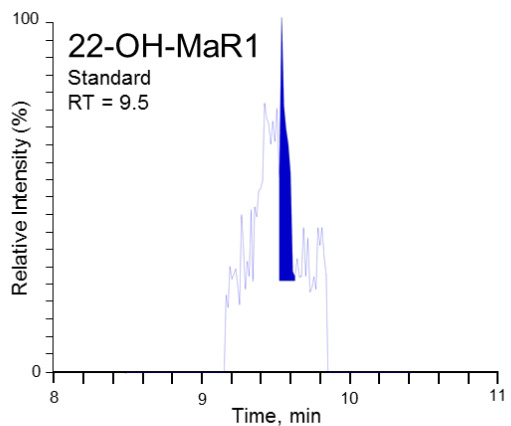
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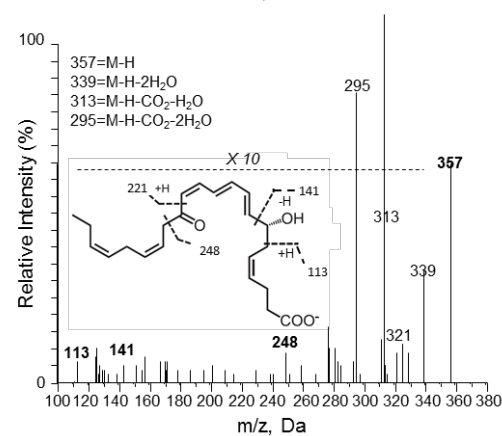
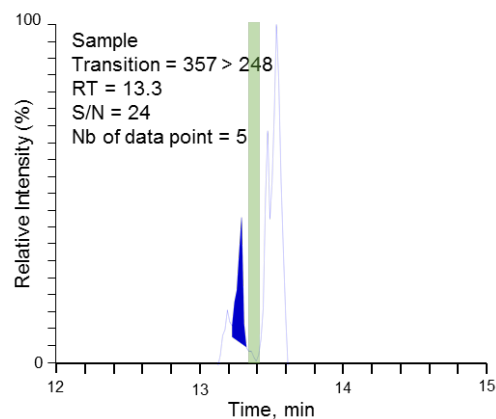
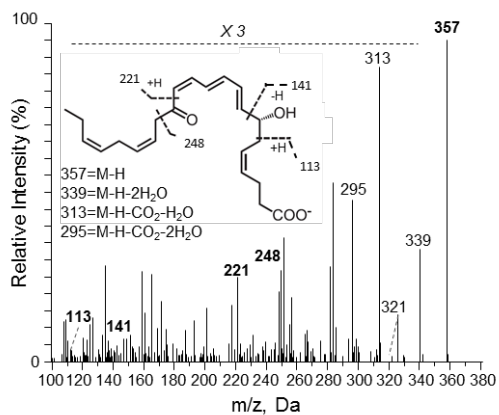
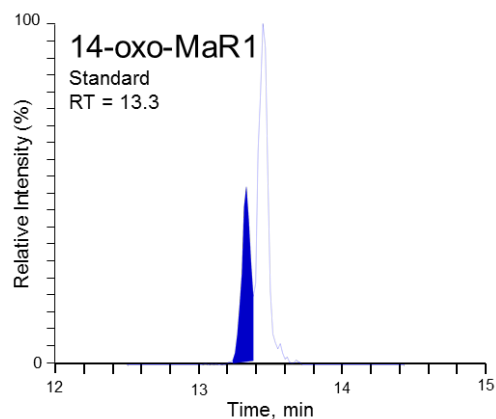
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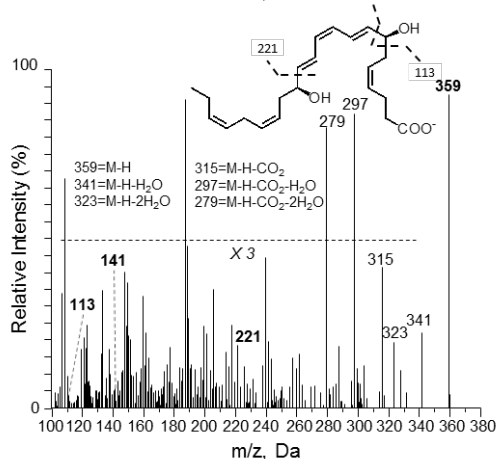
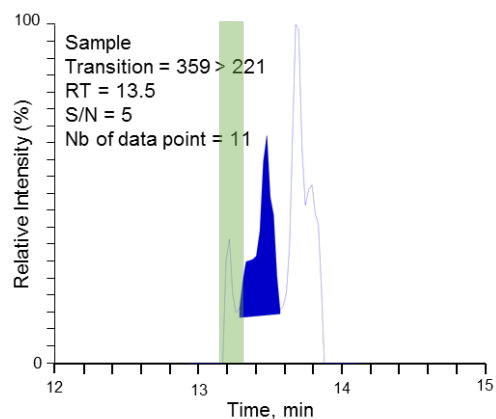
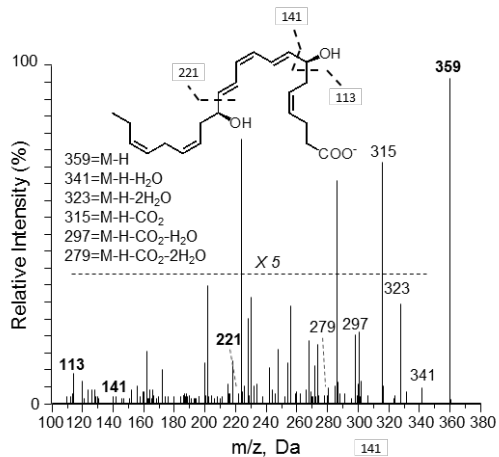
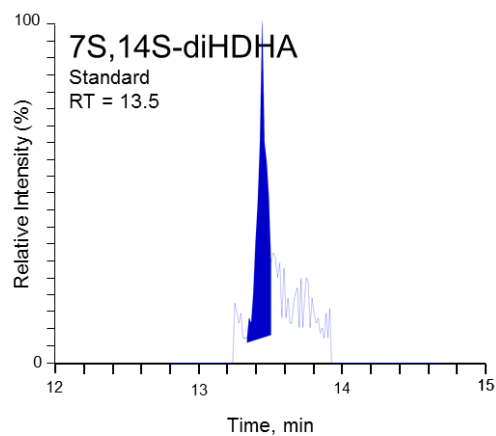
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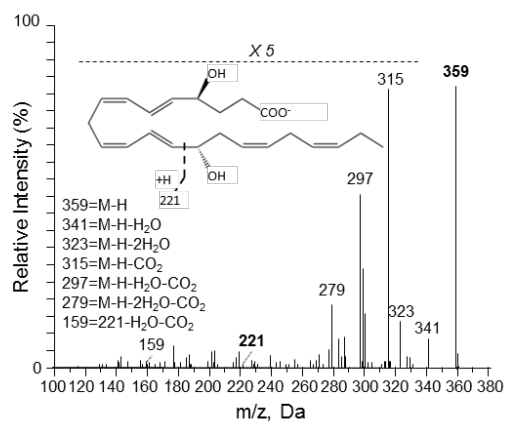
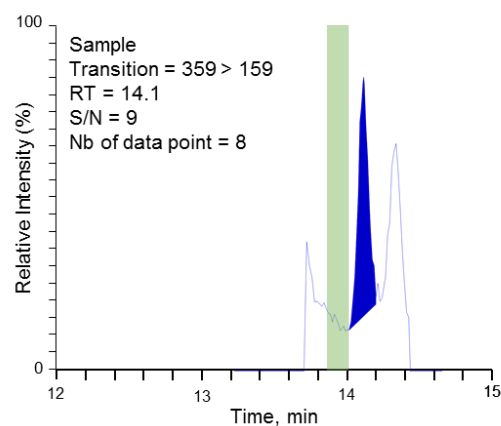
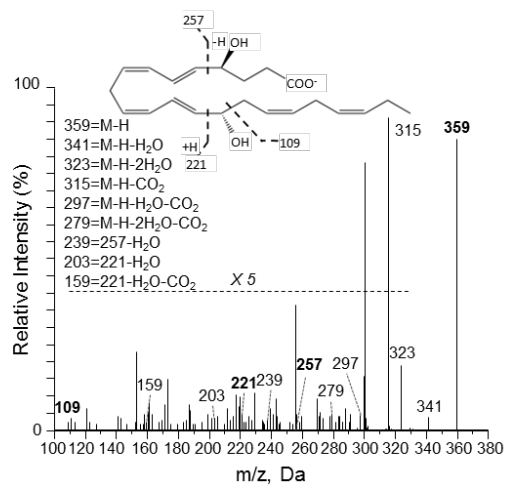
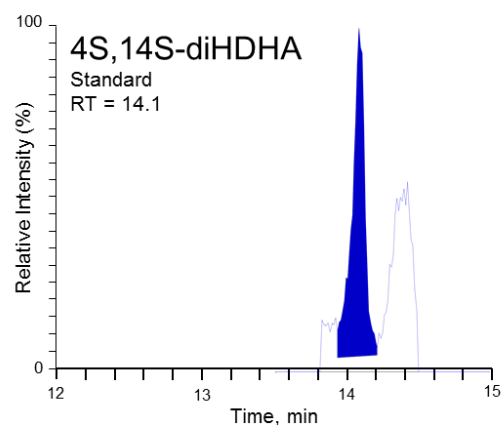
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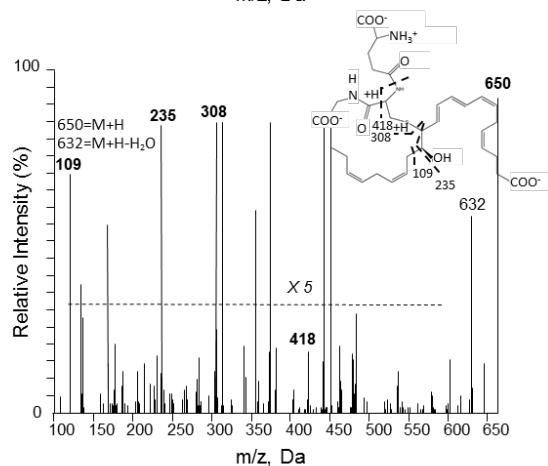
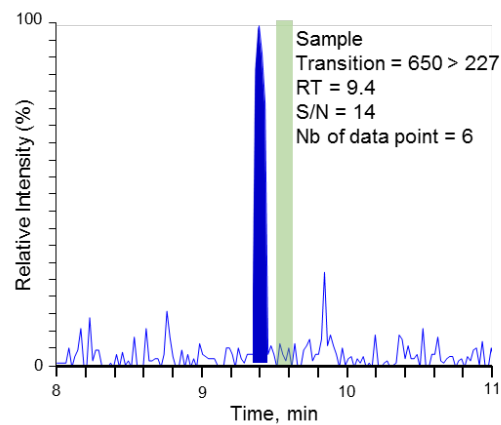
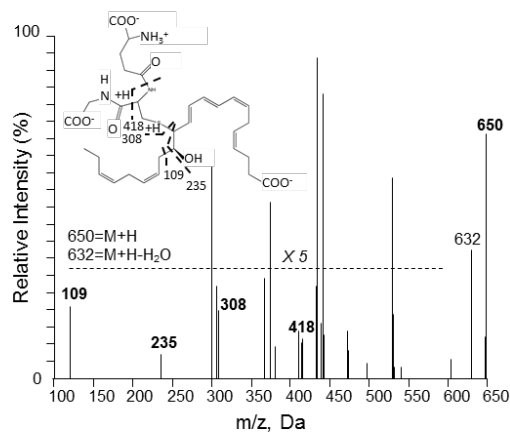
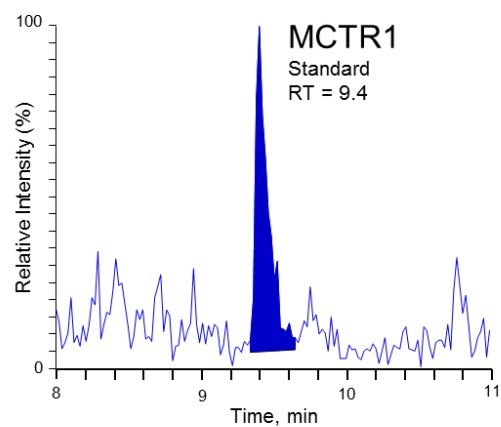
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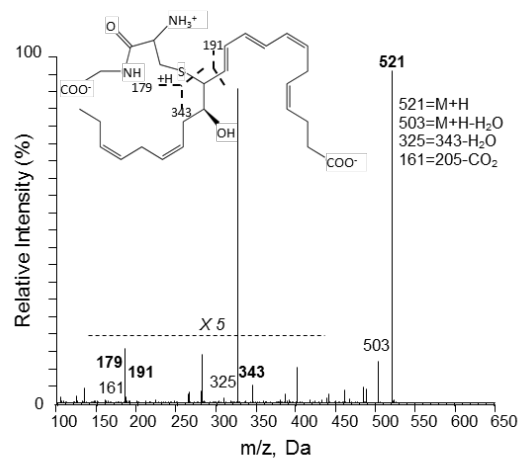
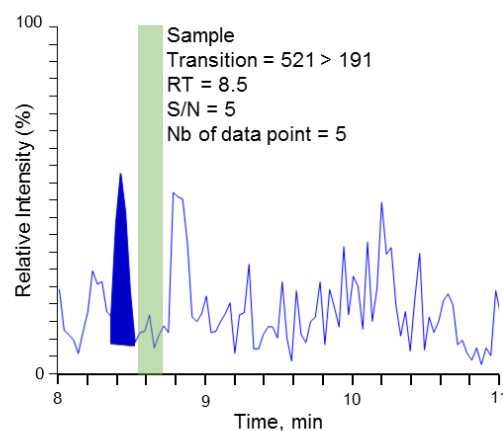
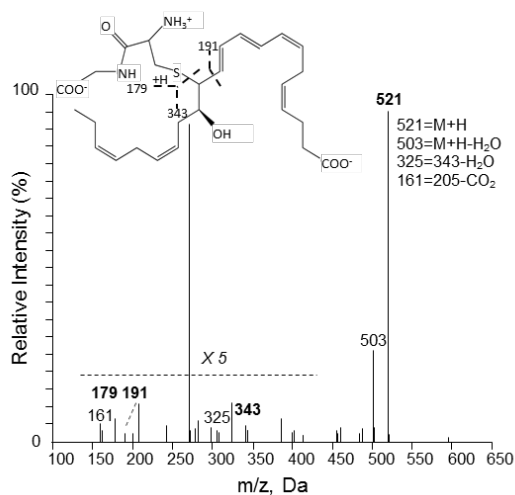
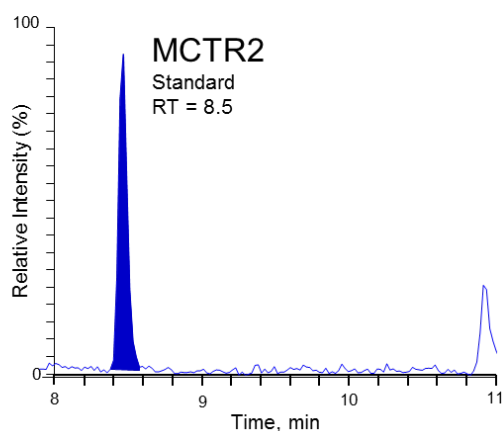
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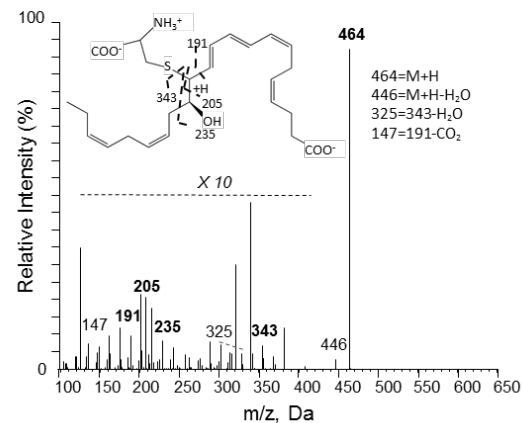
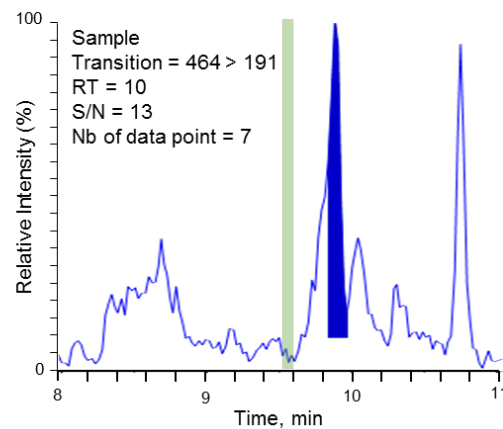
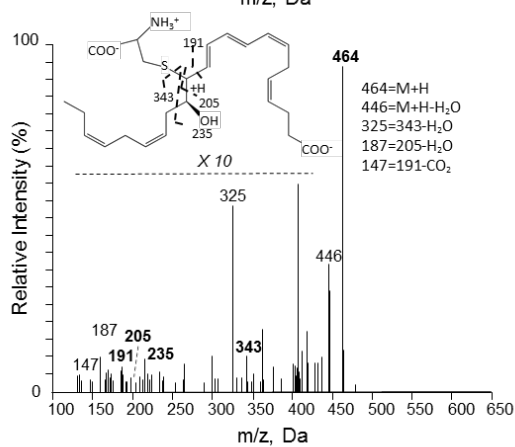
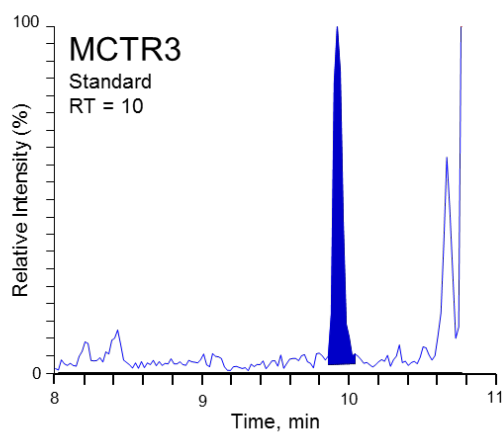
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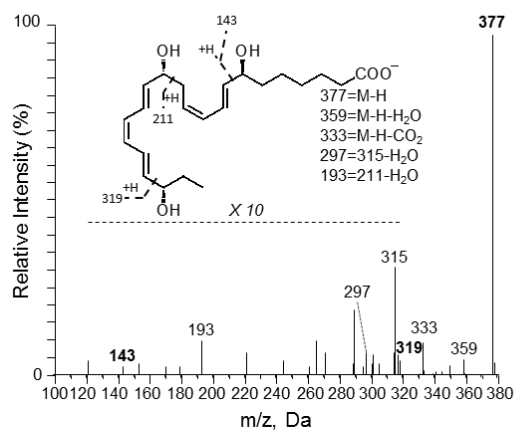
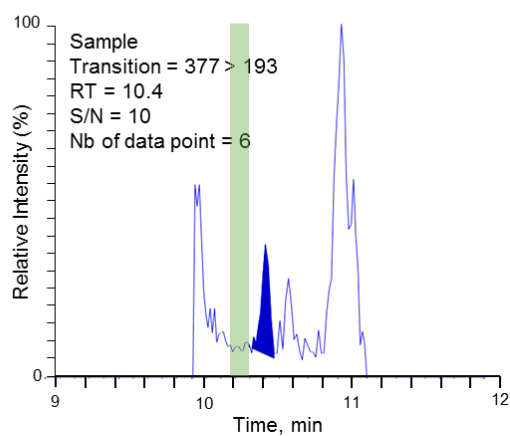
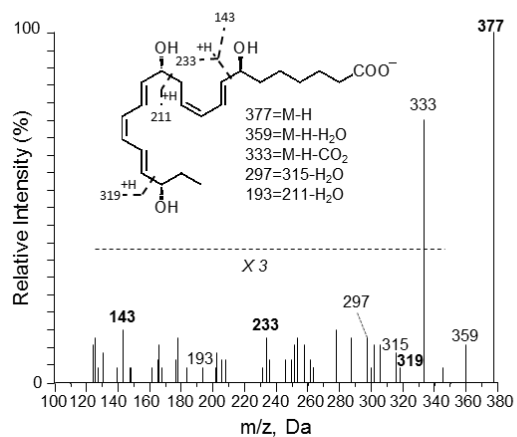
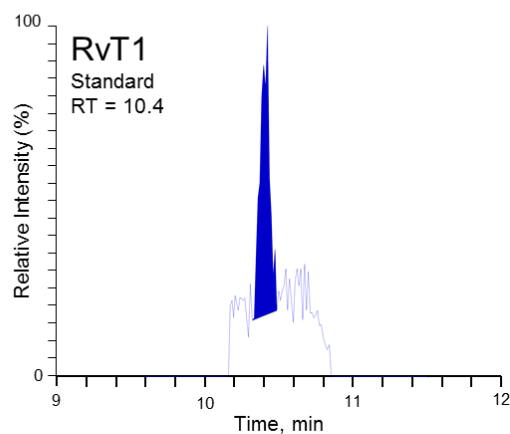


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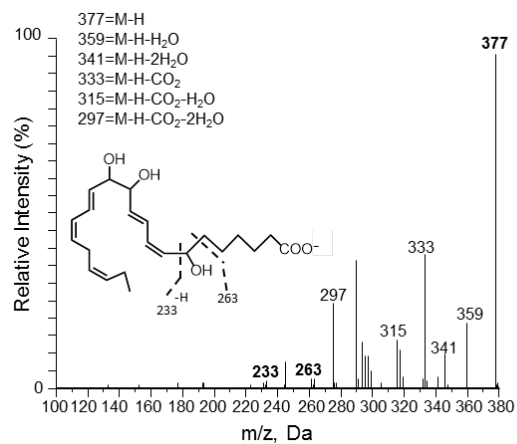
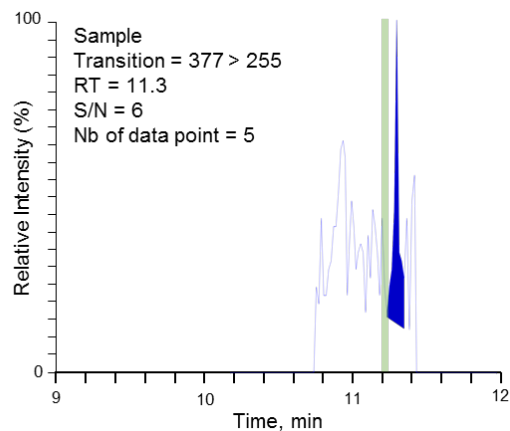
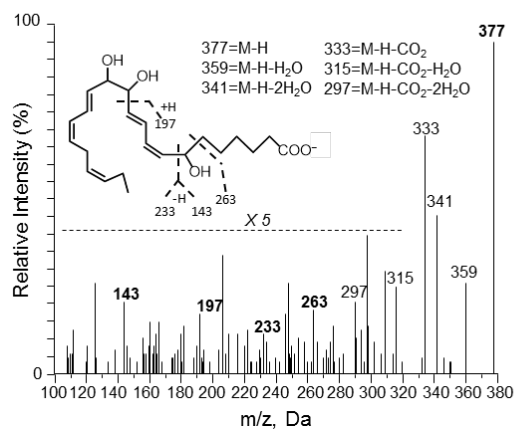
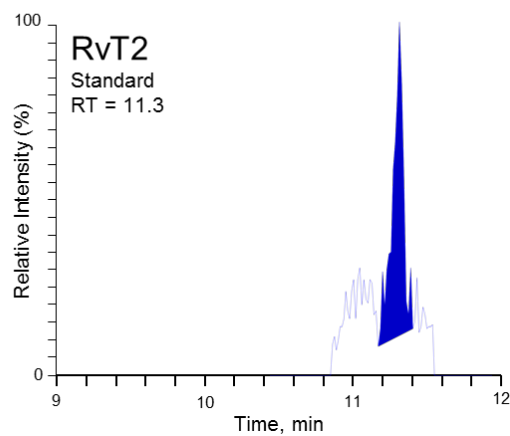


Supplementary Figure 1: Chromatographic and MS-MS spectral evidence for identified mediators for the DHA bioactive metabolome. Representative sMRM chromatograms (*left panels*) and MS-MS fragmentation spectra (*right panels*) employed for the identification of (A-H) D-series resolvins, (I-L) Protectins, (M-O) PCTRs, (P-U) Maresins and (V-X) MCTRs for spiked standards in matrix (*top panels*) and in the samples (*bottom panels*). Area highlighted in blue in extracted ion chromatograms represents the area under the curve employed for quantitation of identified mediators. Insets in chromatograms report sMRM transition (Transition), Retention time (RT), signal to noise (S/N) ratio and number of data points in the peak. Area highlighted in green represents the area designated as the noise region that was used to calculate the S/N ratio. Insets in MS/MS spectra report mediator structure and fragment assignments.

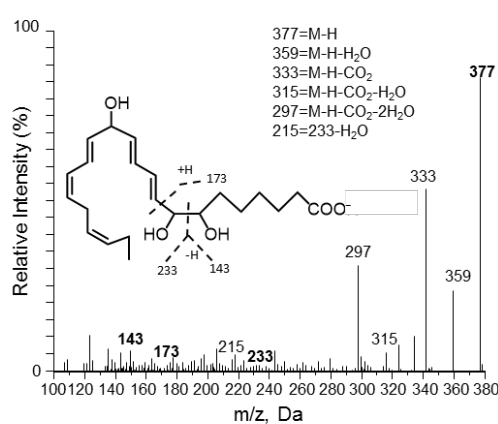
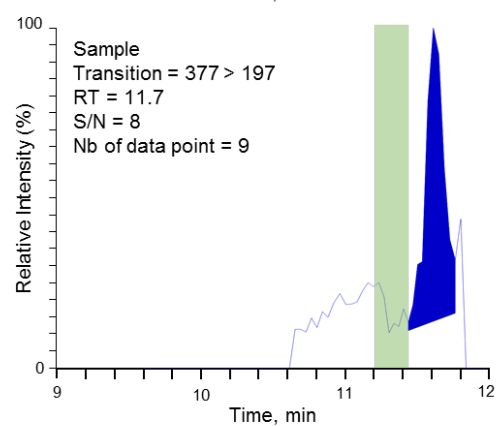
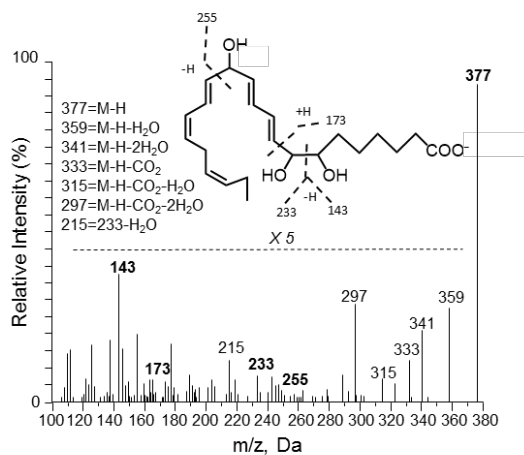
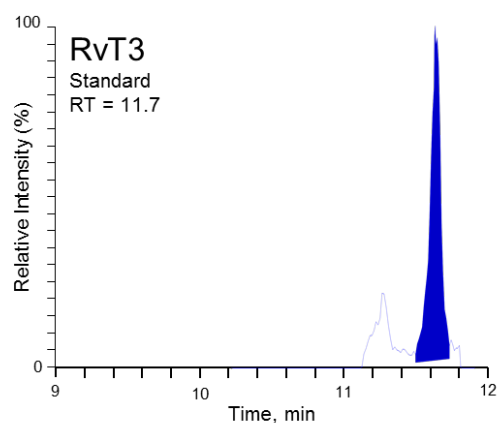
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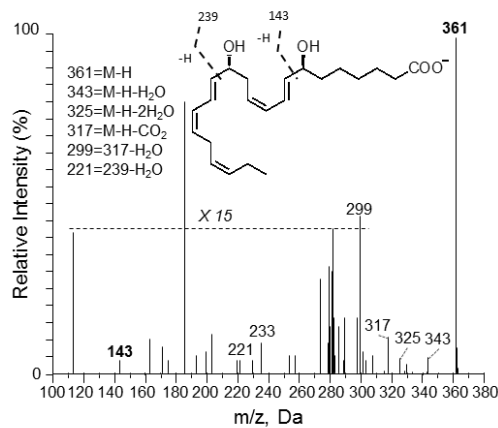
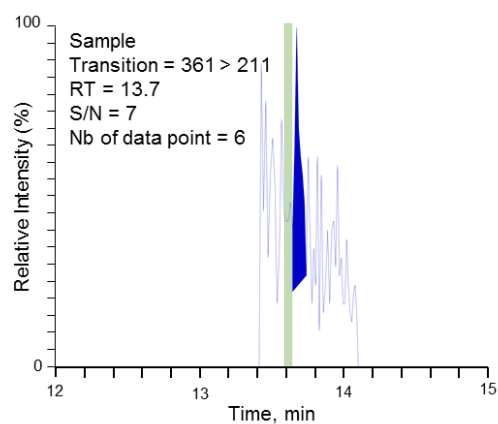
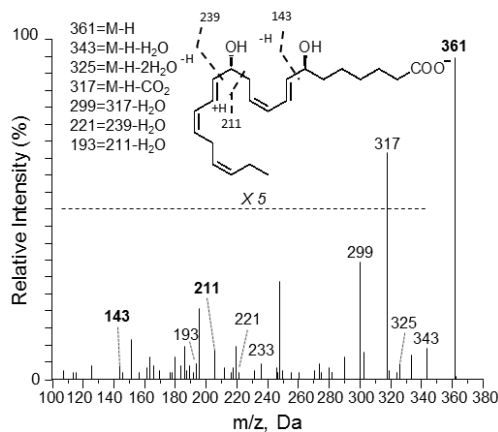
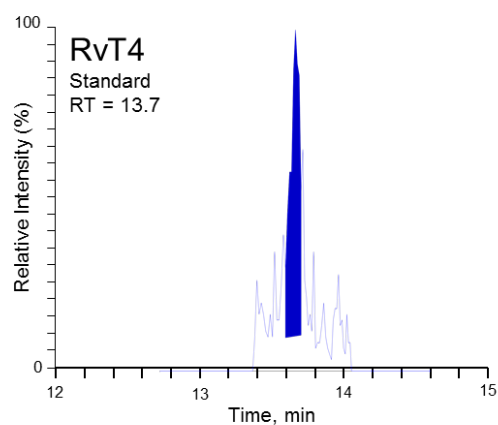
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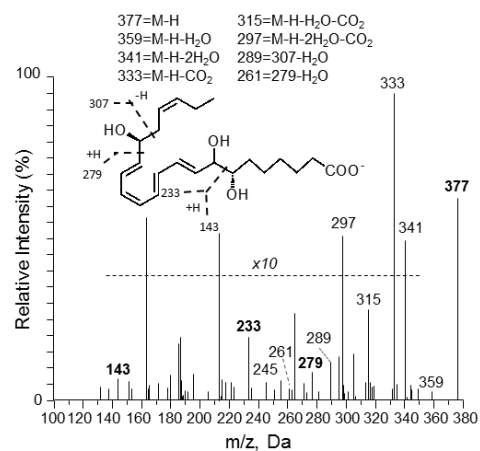
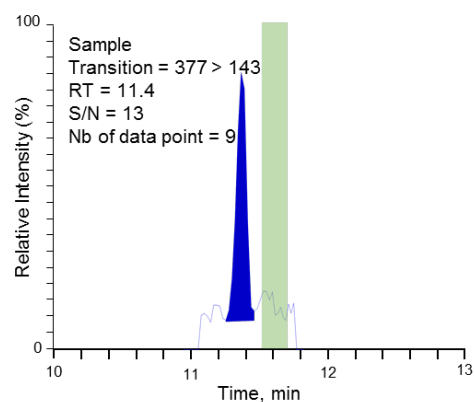
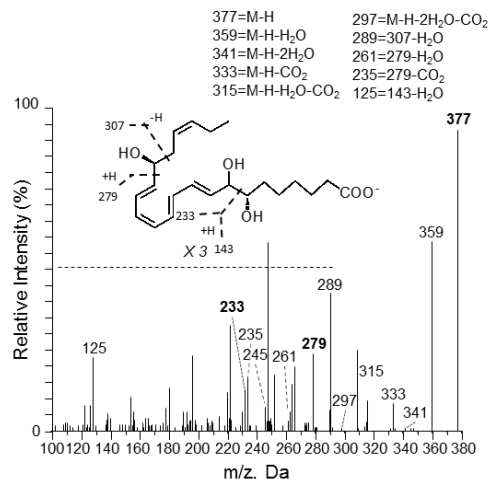
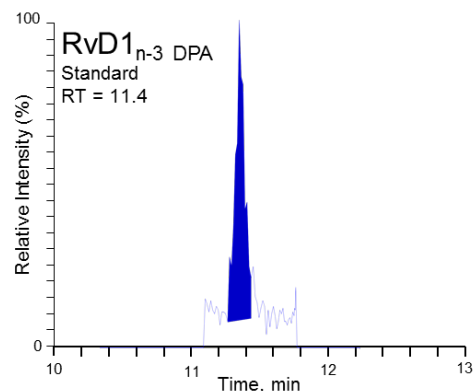
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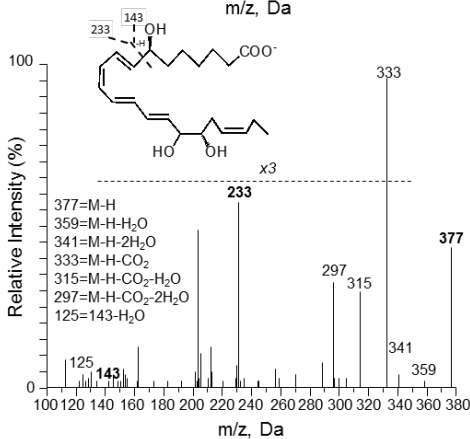
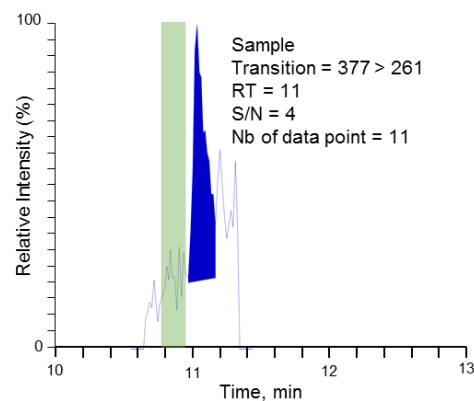
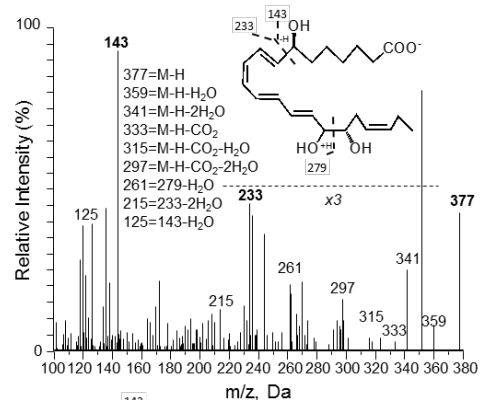
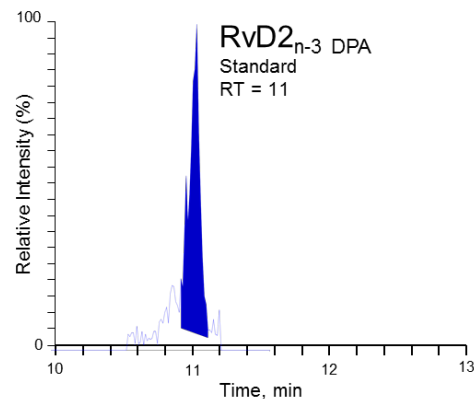
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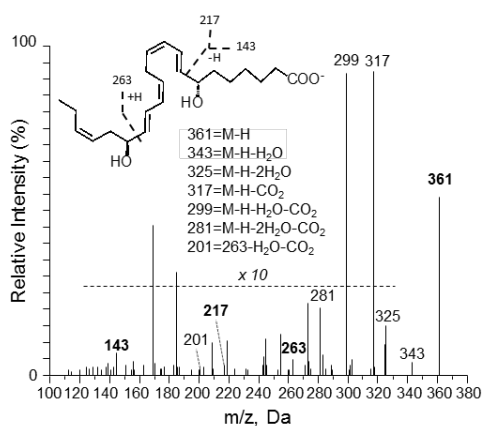
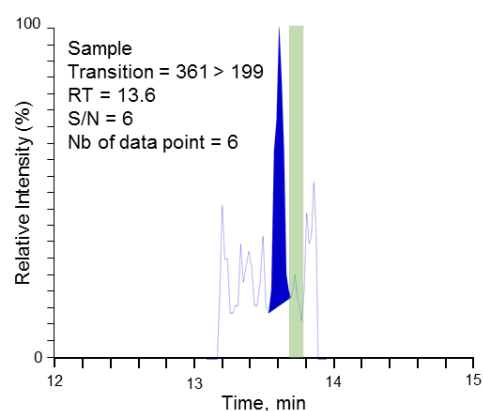
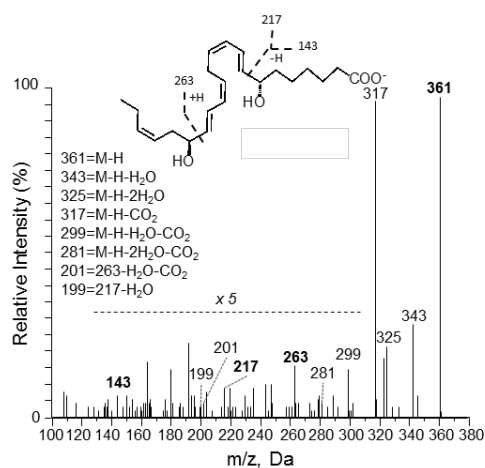
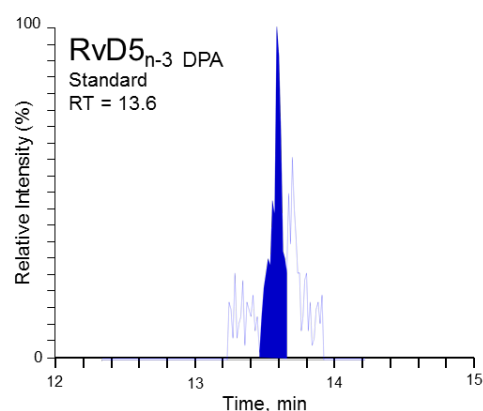
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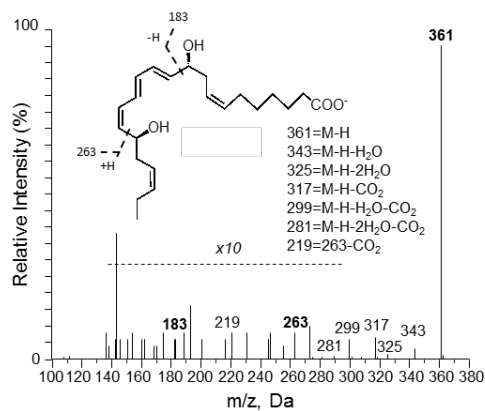
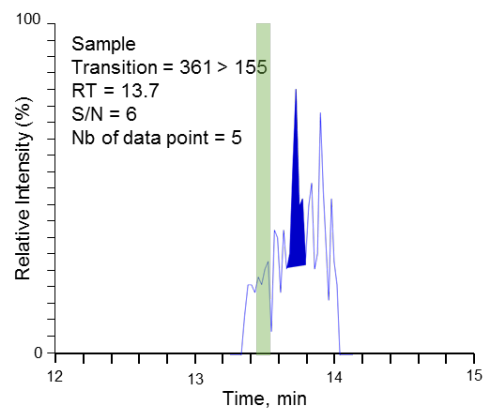
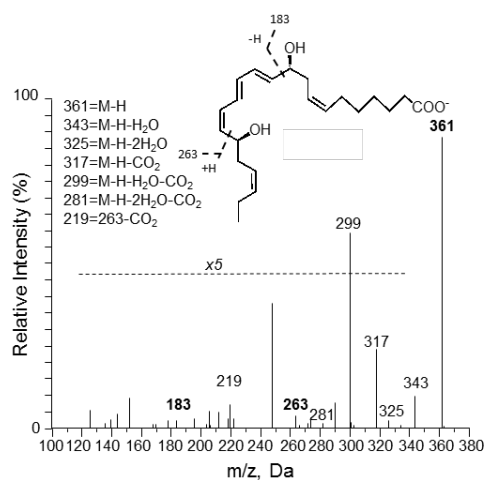
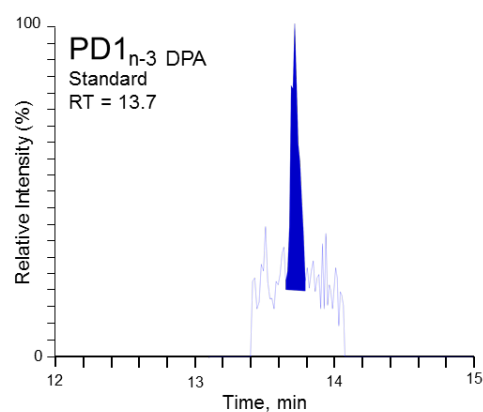
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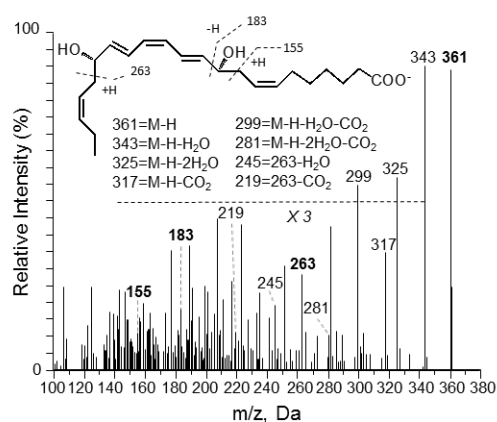
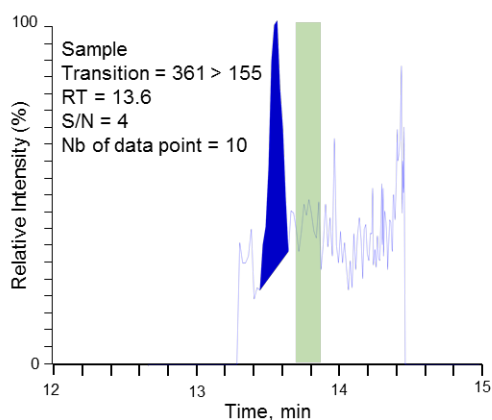
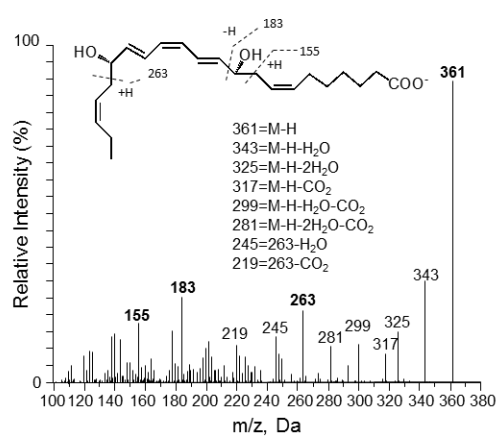
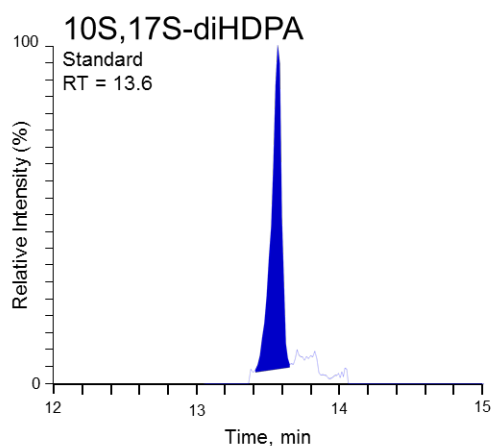
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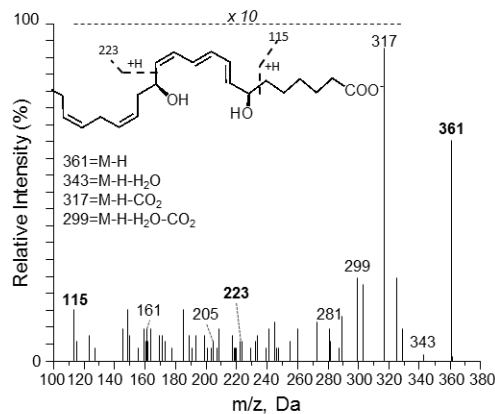
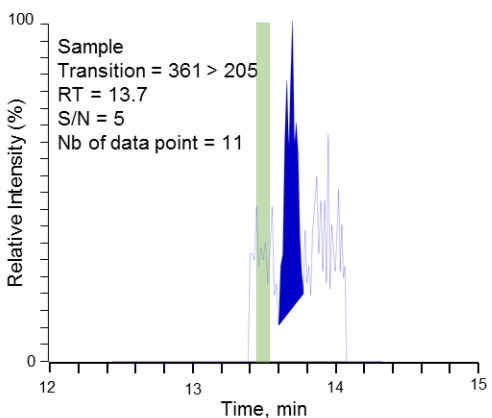
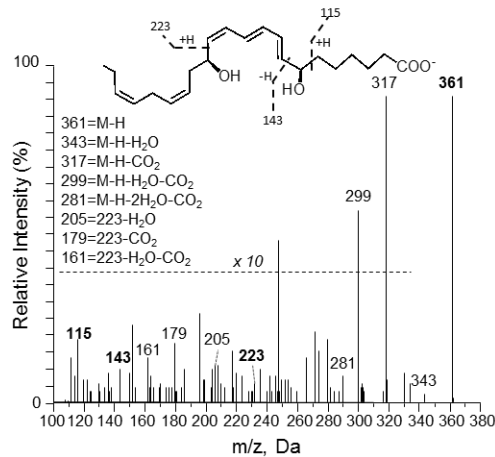
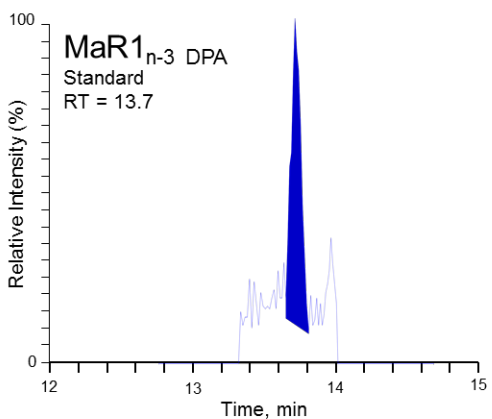
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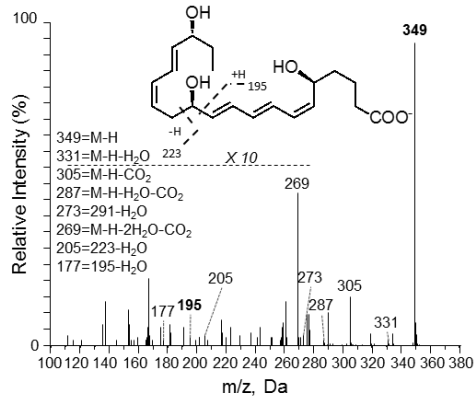
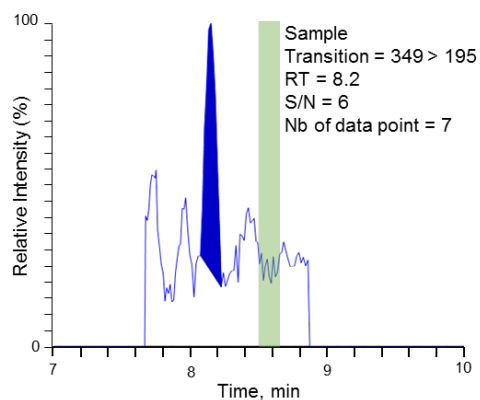
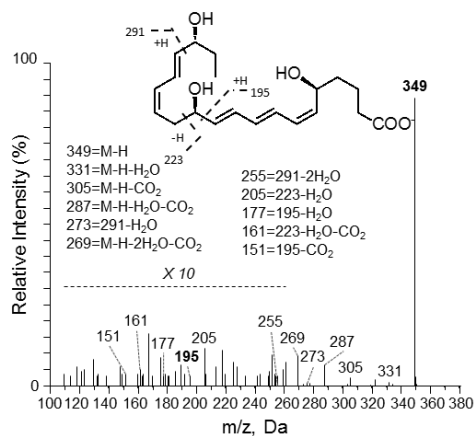
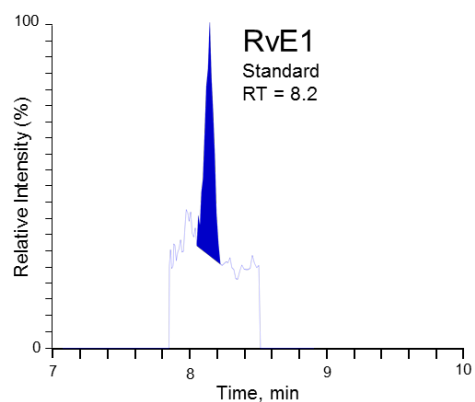


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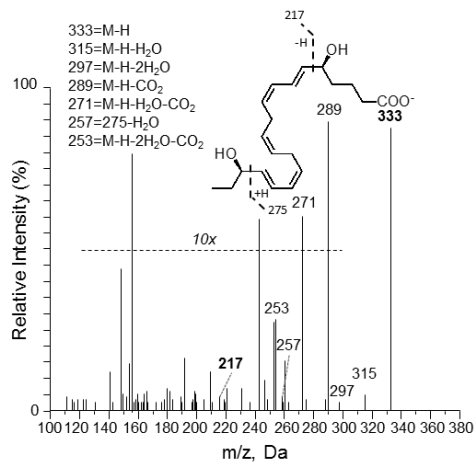
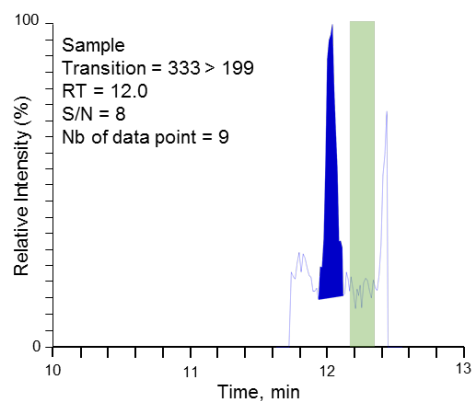
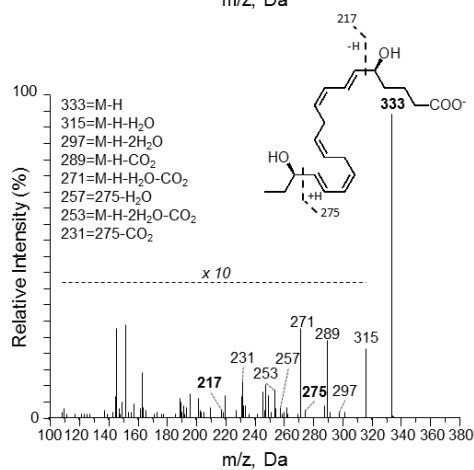
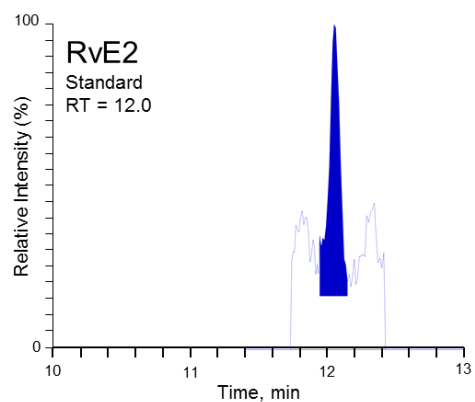


Supplementary Figure 2: Chromatographic and MS-MS spectral evidence for identified mediators for the n-3 DPA bioactive metabolome. Representative sMRM chromatograms (*left panels*) and MS-MS fragmentation spectra (*right panels*) employed for the identification of (A-D) 13-series resolvins, (E-G) D-series resolvins, (H-I) Protectins and (J) Maresins and for spiked standard in matrix (*top panels*) and in the samples (*bottom panels*). Area highlighted in blue in extracted ion chromatograms represents the area under the curve employed for quantitation of identified mediators. Insets in chromatograms report sMRM transition (Transition), Retention time (RT), signal to noise (S/N) ratio and number of data points in the peak. Area highlighted in green represents the area designated as the noise region that was used to calculate the S/N ratio. Insets in MS/MS spectra report mediator structure and fragment assignments.

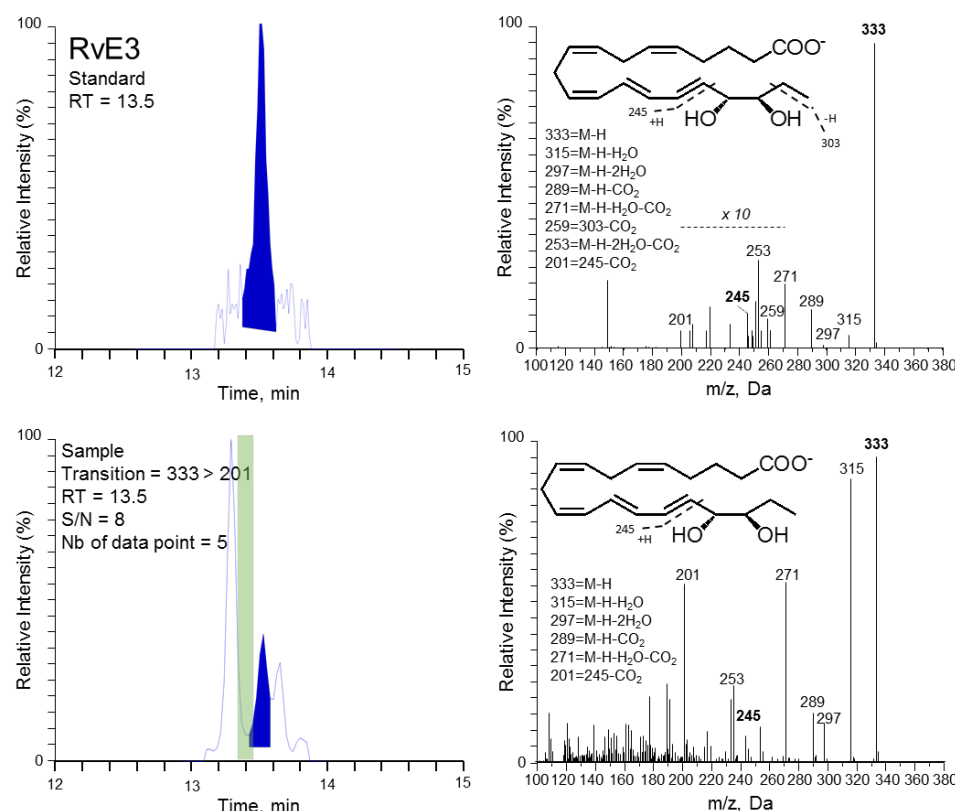
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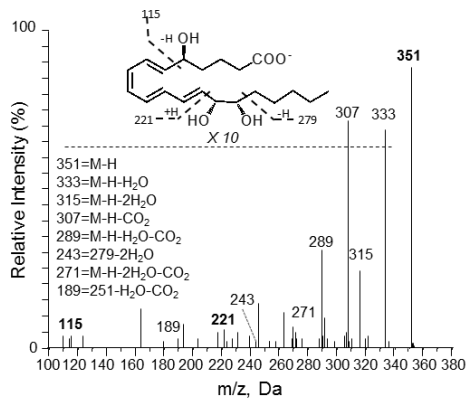
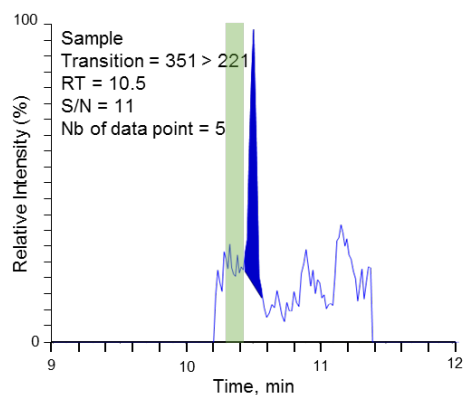
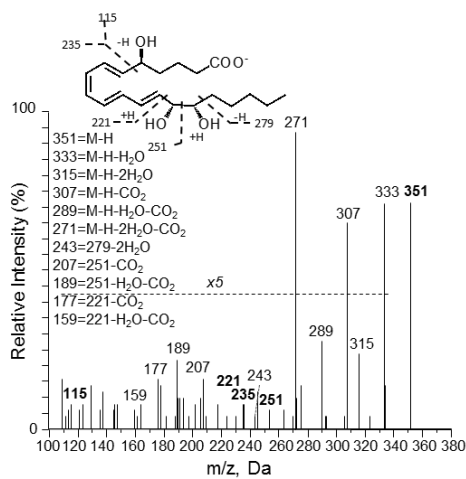
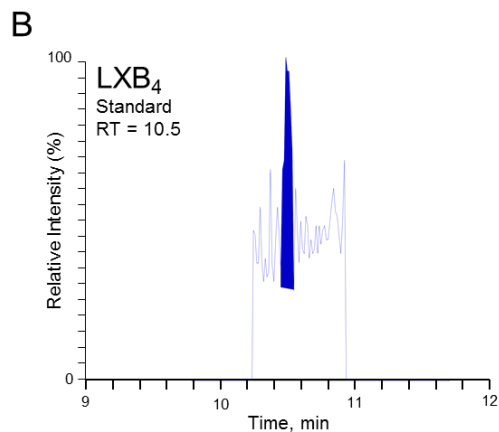
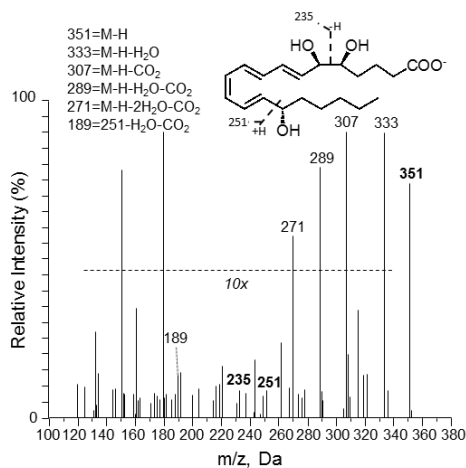
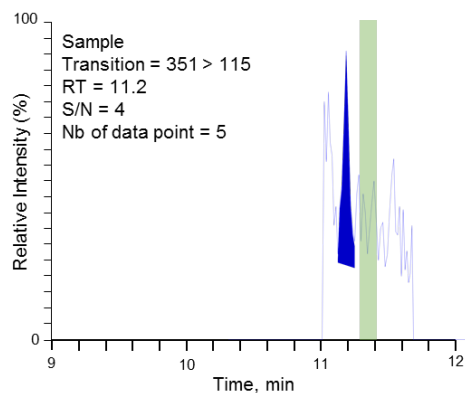
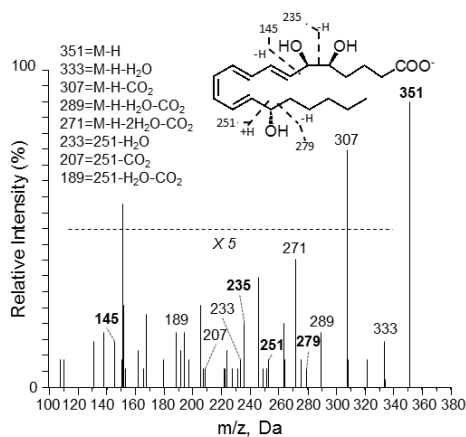
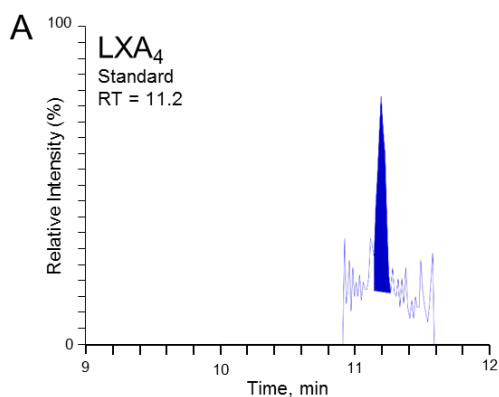
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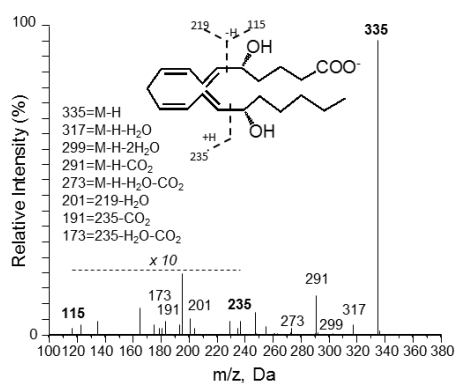
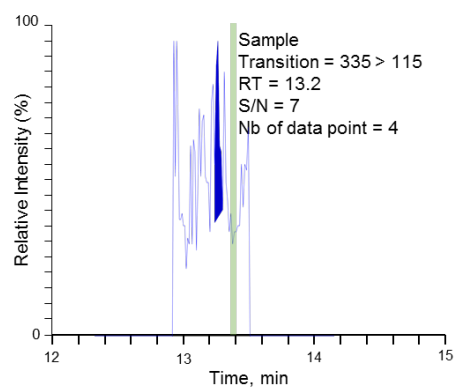
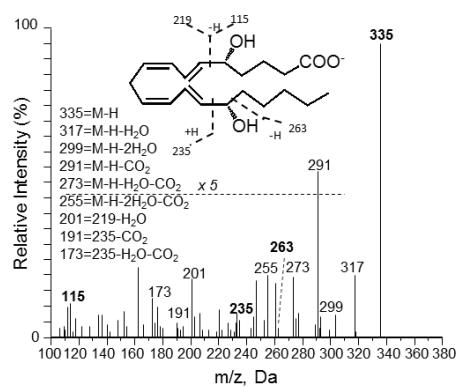
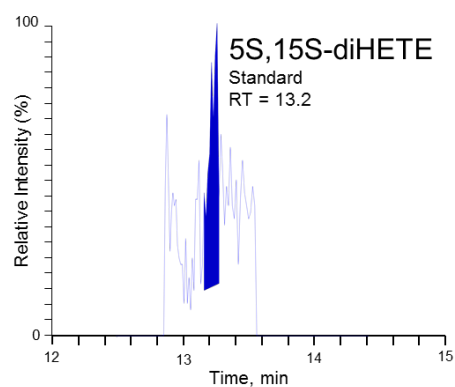
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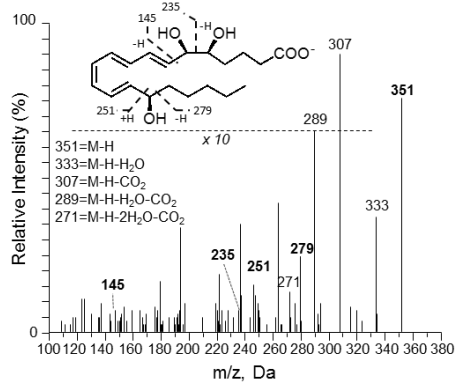
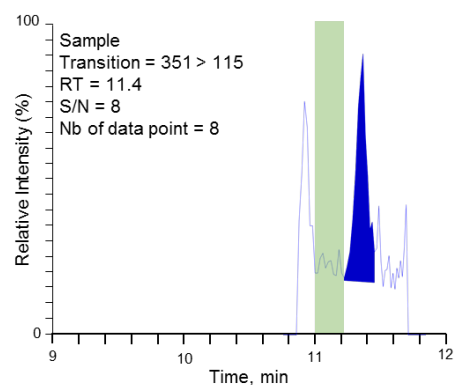
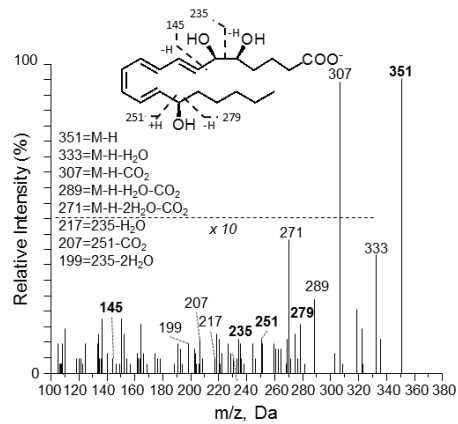
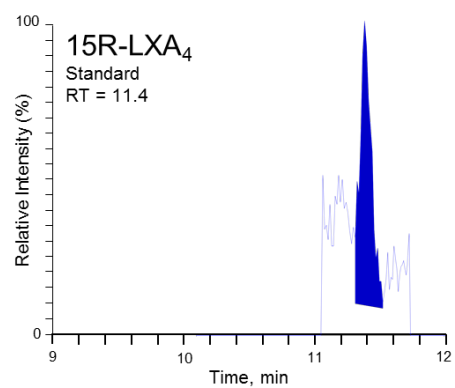
Supplementary Figure 3: Chromatographic and MS-MS spectral evidence for identified mediators for the EPA bioactive metabolome. Representative sMRM chromatograms (*left panels*) and MS-MS fragmentation spectra (*right panels*) employed for the identification of E-series resolvins for spiked standard in matrix (*top panels*) and in the samples (*bottom panels*). Area highlighted in blue in extracted ion chromatograms represents the area under the curve employed for quantitation of identified mediators. Insets in chromatograms report sMRM transition (Transition), Retention time (RT), signal to noise (S/N) ratio and number of data points in the peak. Area highlighted in green represents the area designated as the noise region that was used to calculate the S/N ratio. Insets in MS/MS spectra report mediator structure and fragment assignments.



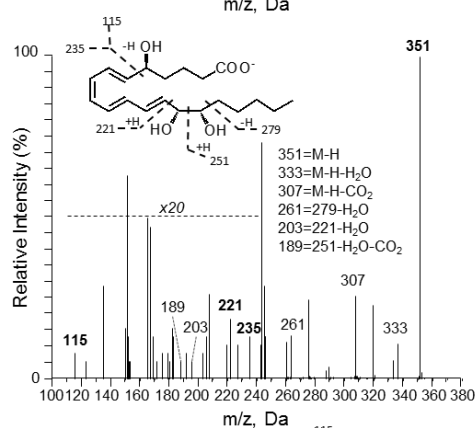
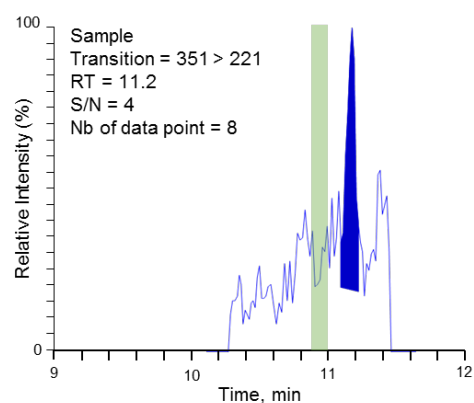
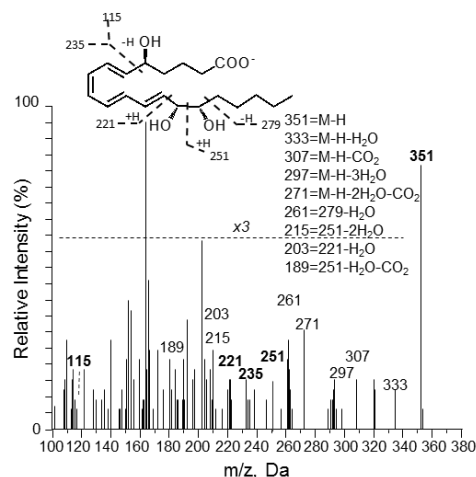
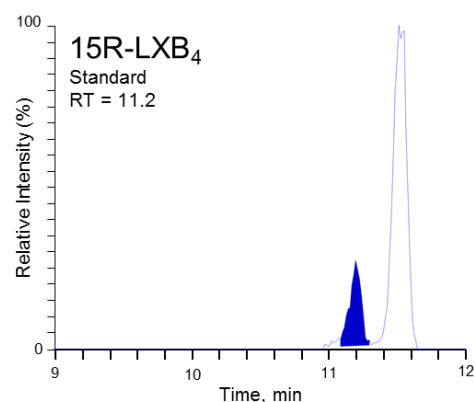
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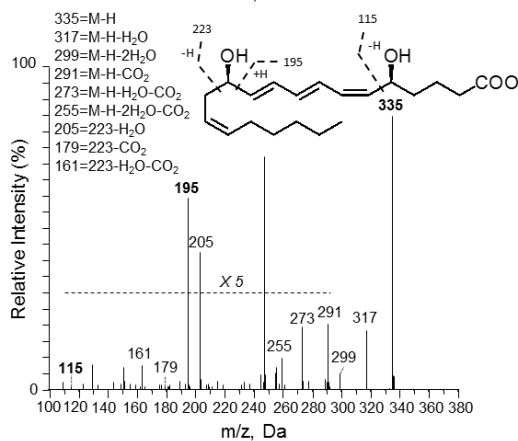
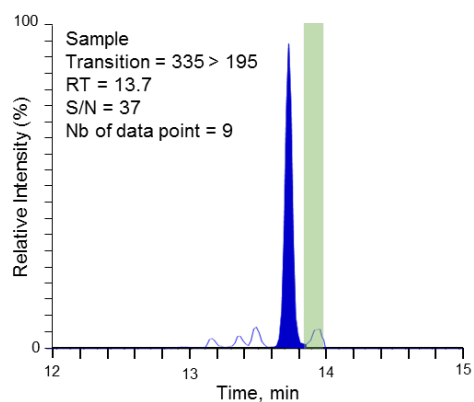
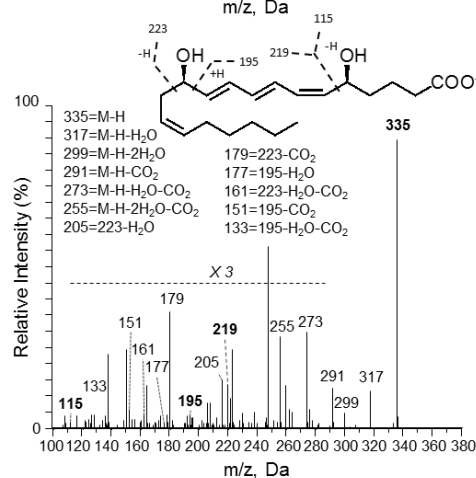
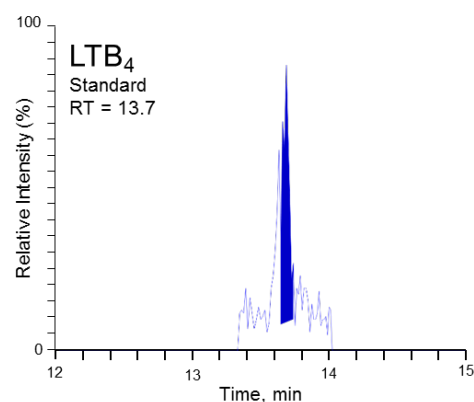
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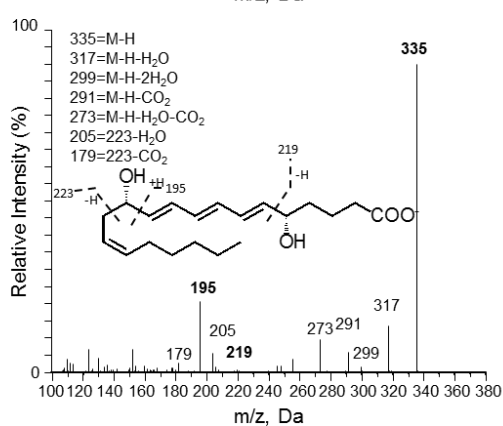
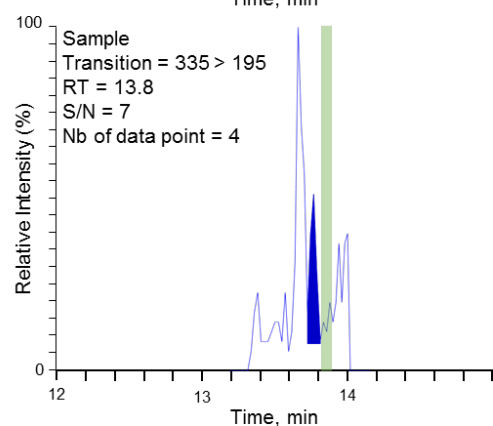
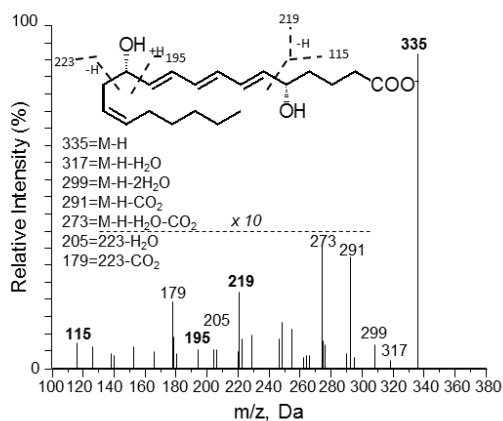
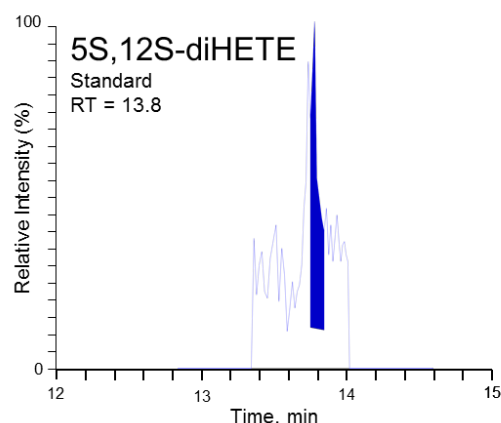
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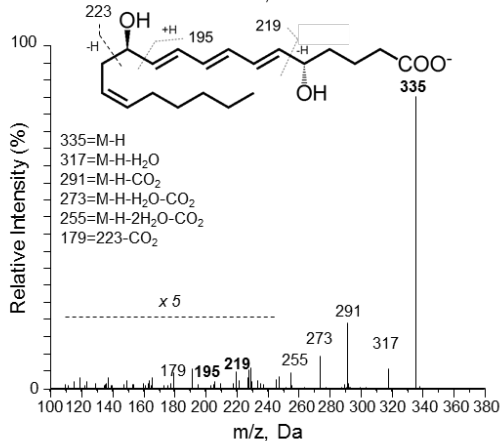
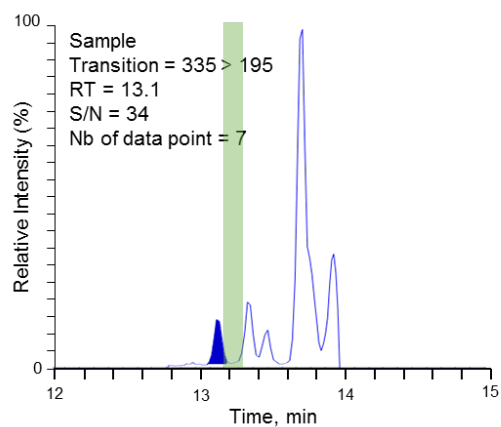
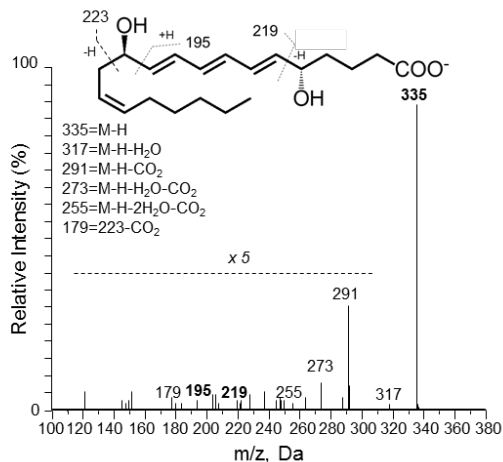
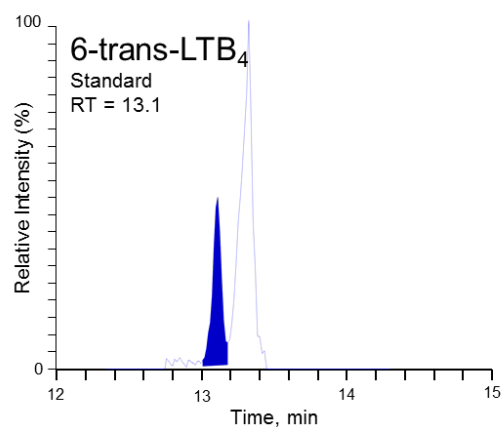
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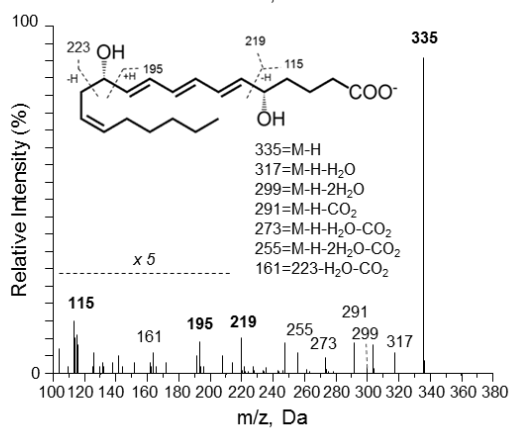
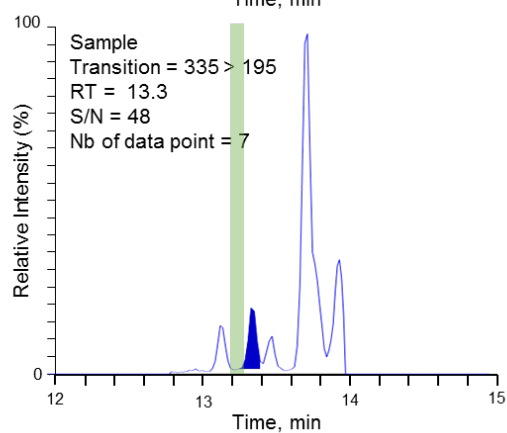
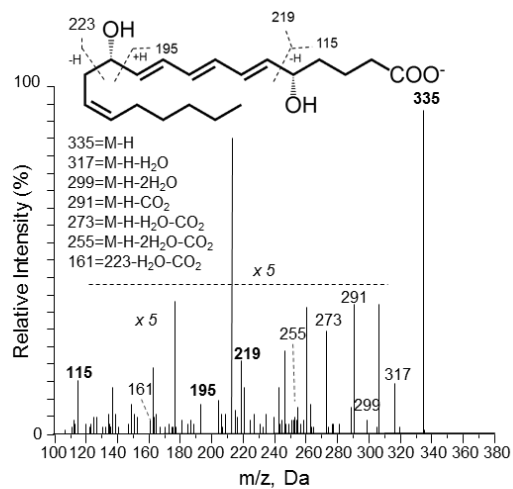
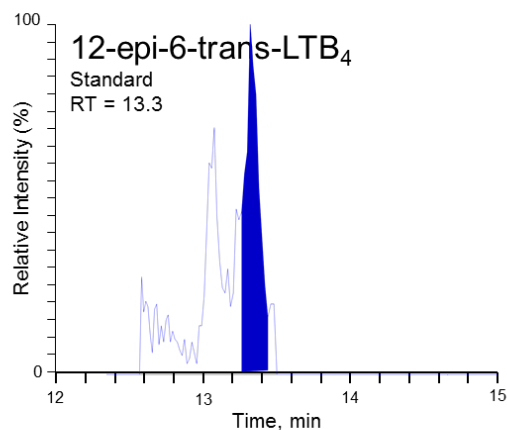
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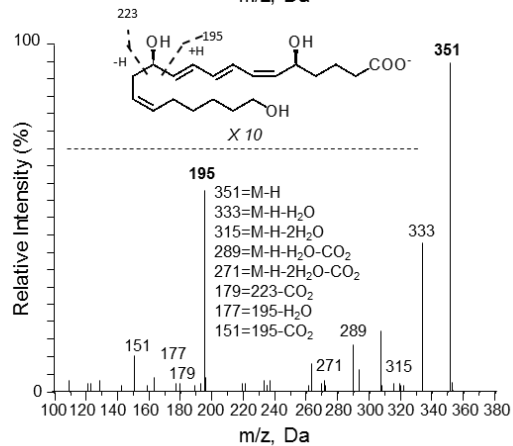
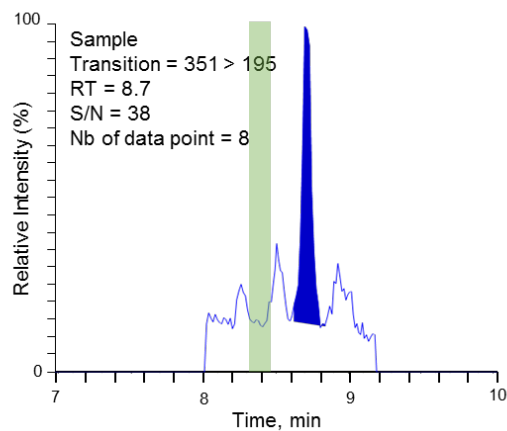
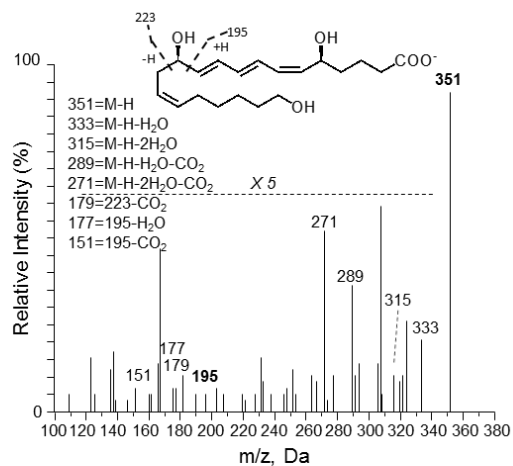
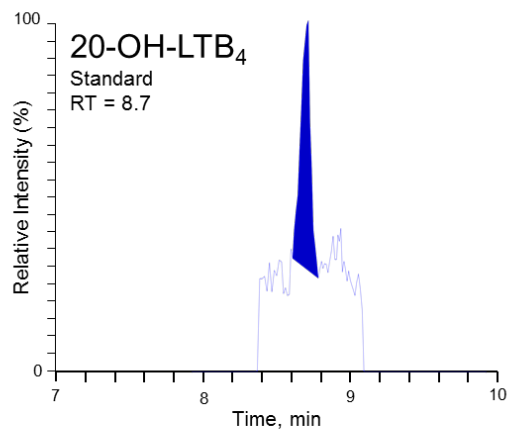
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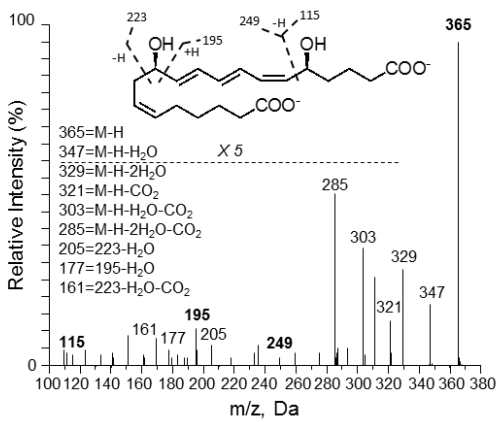
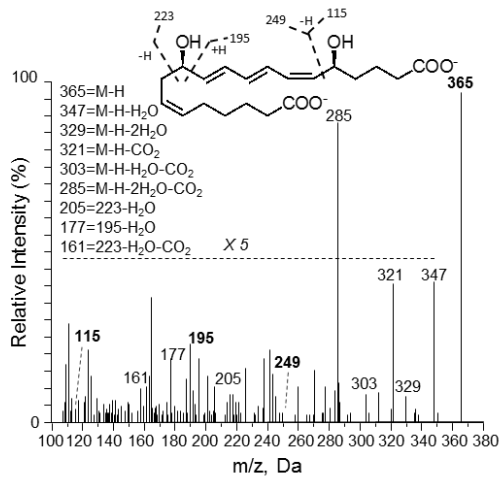
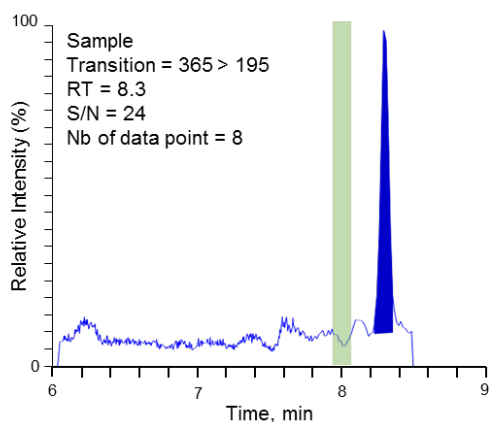
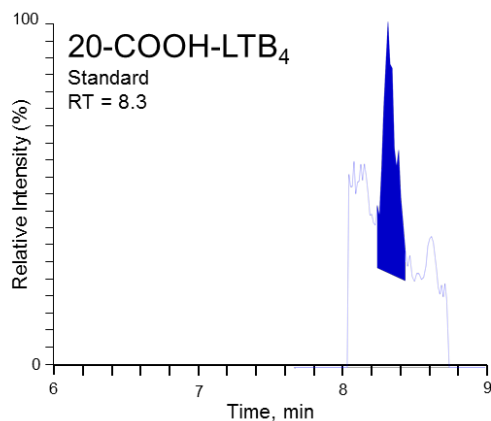
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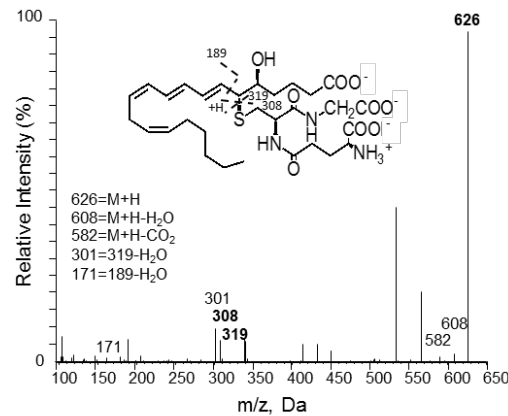
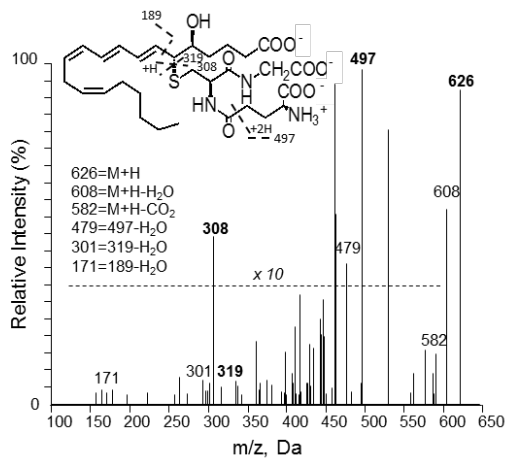
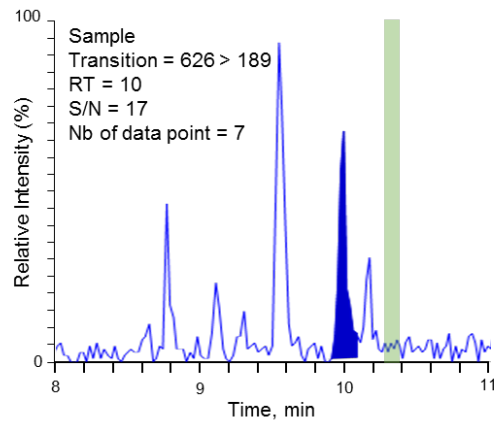
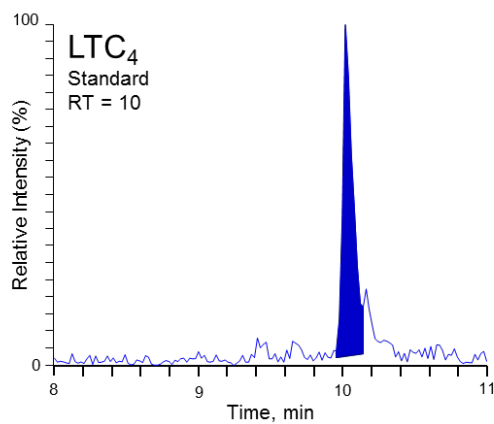
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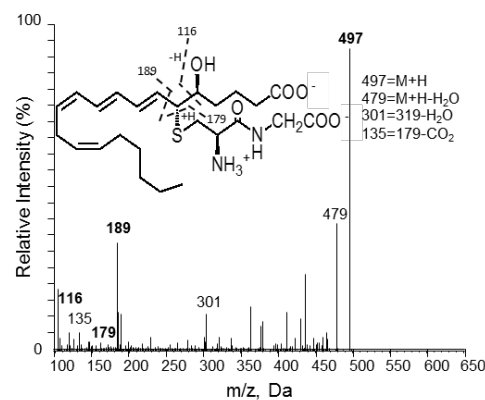
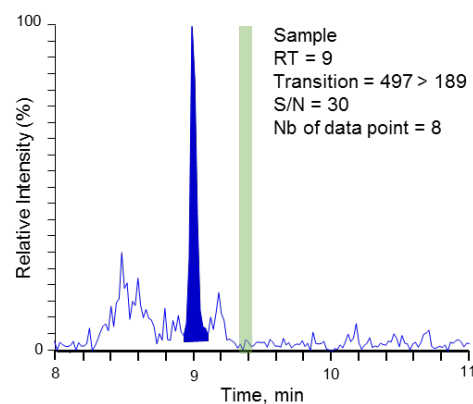
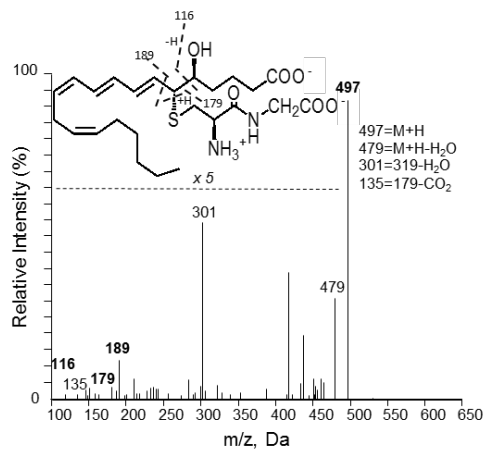
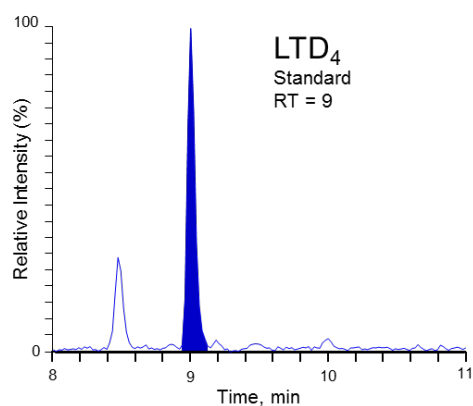
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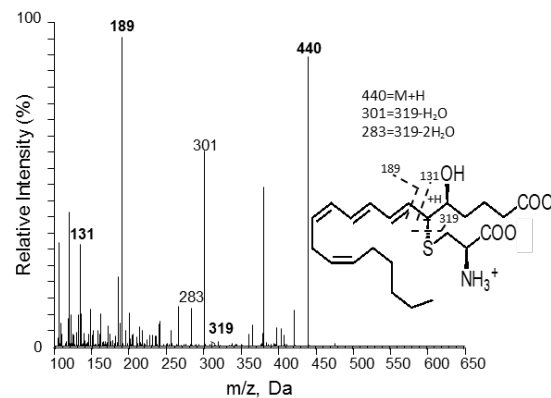
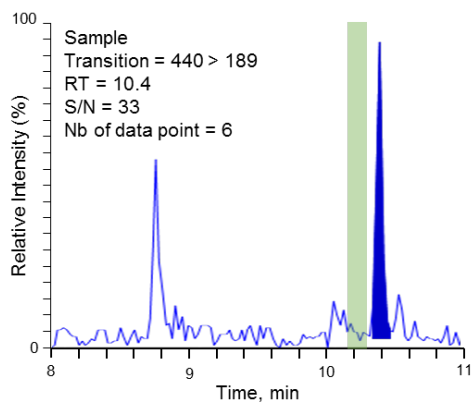
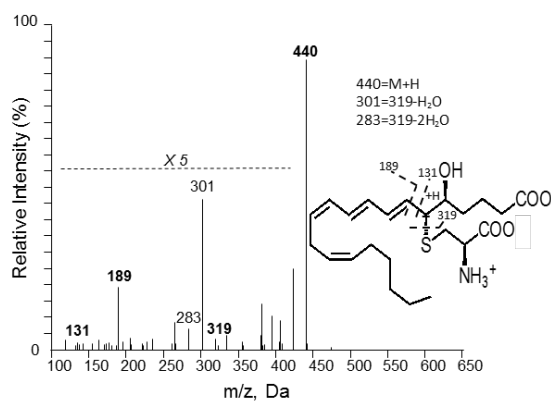
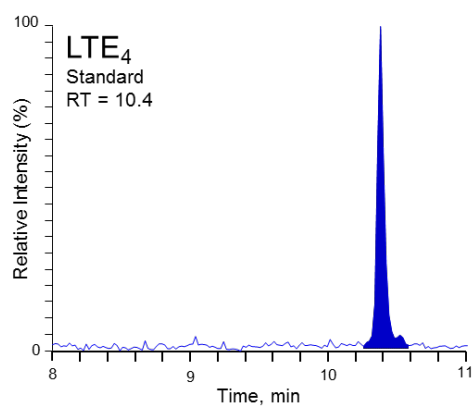
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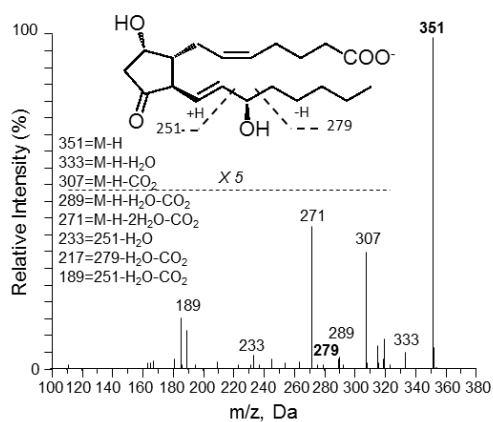
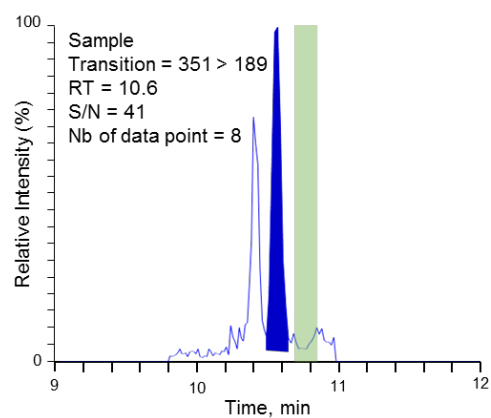
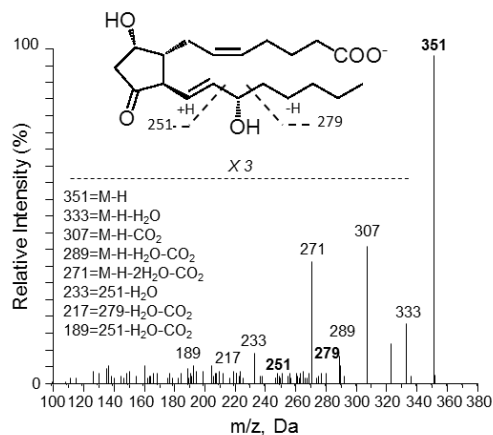
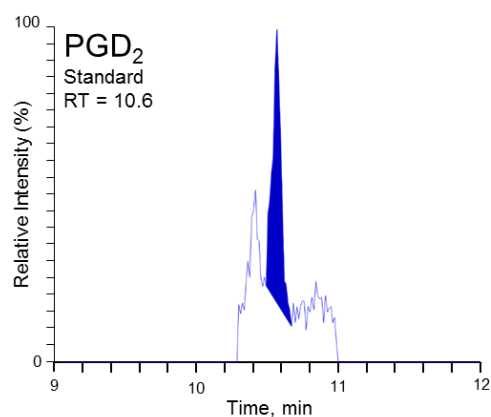
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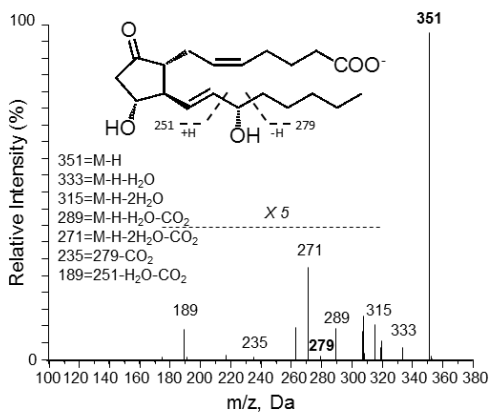
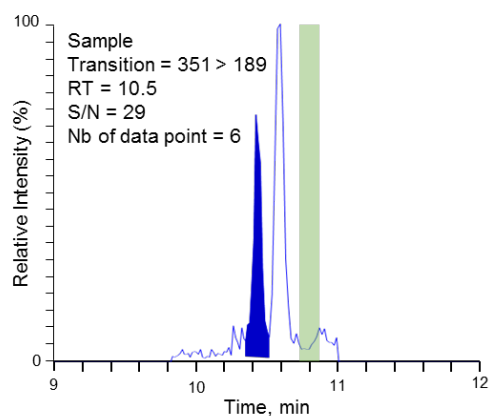
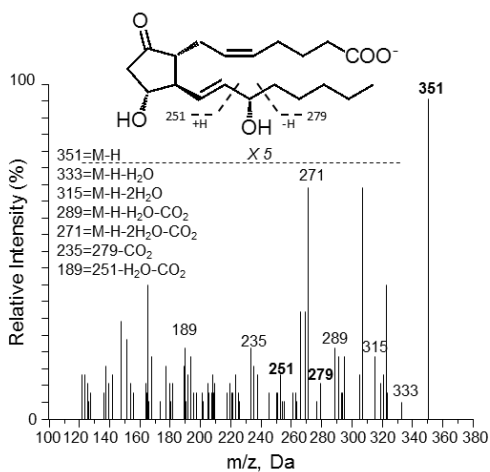
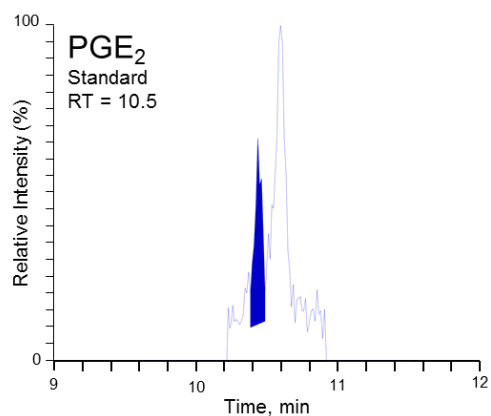
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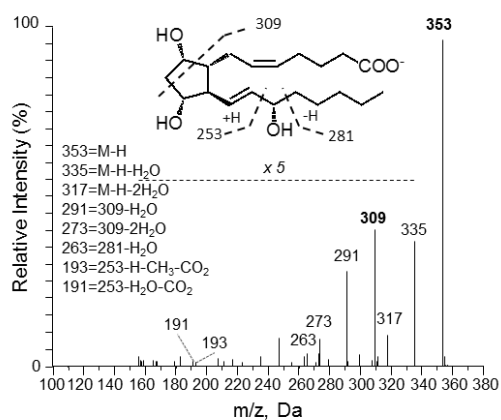
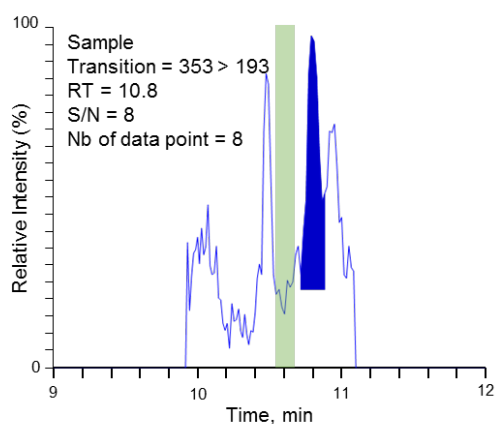
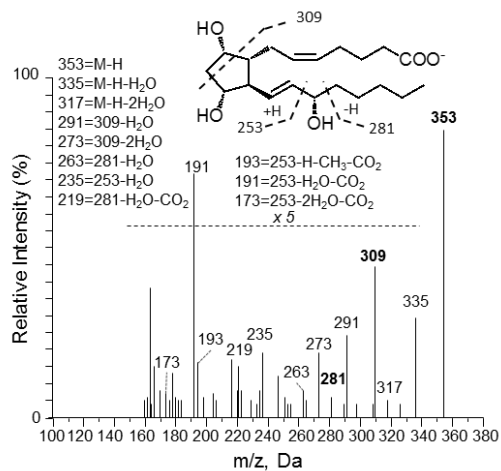
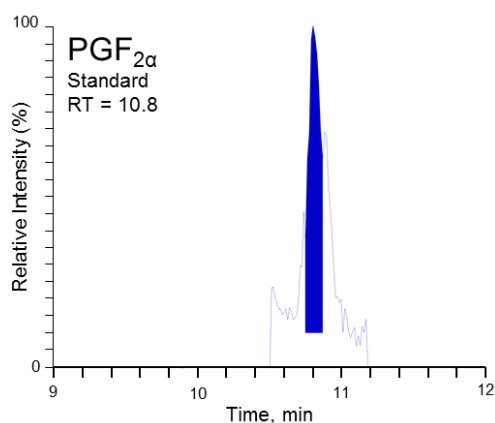
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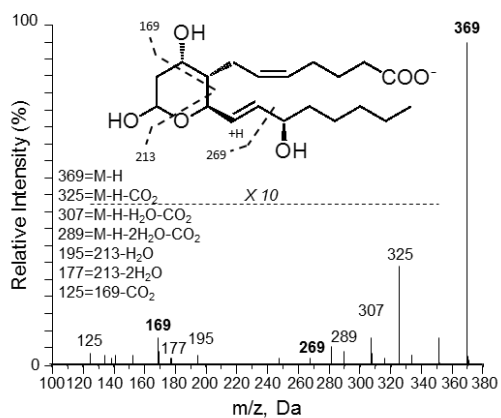
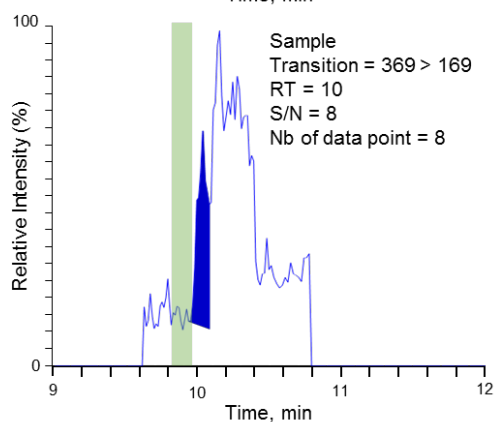
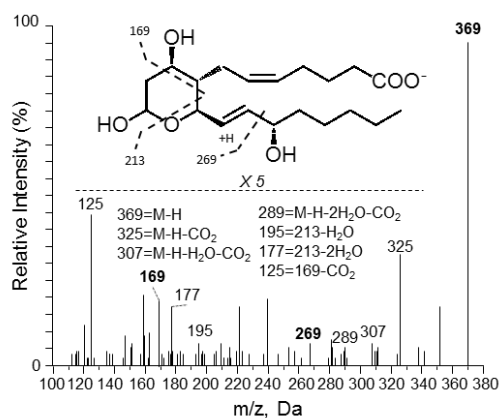
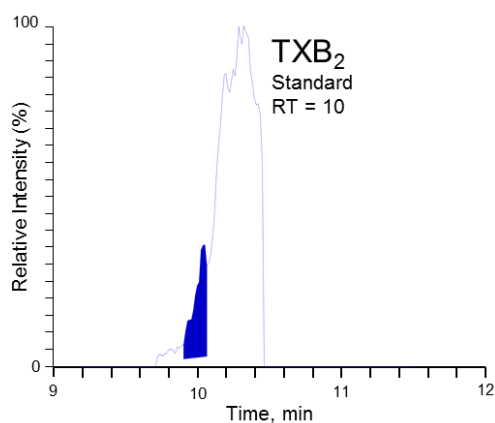
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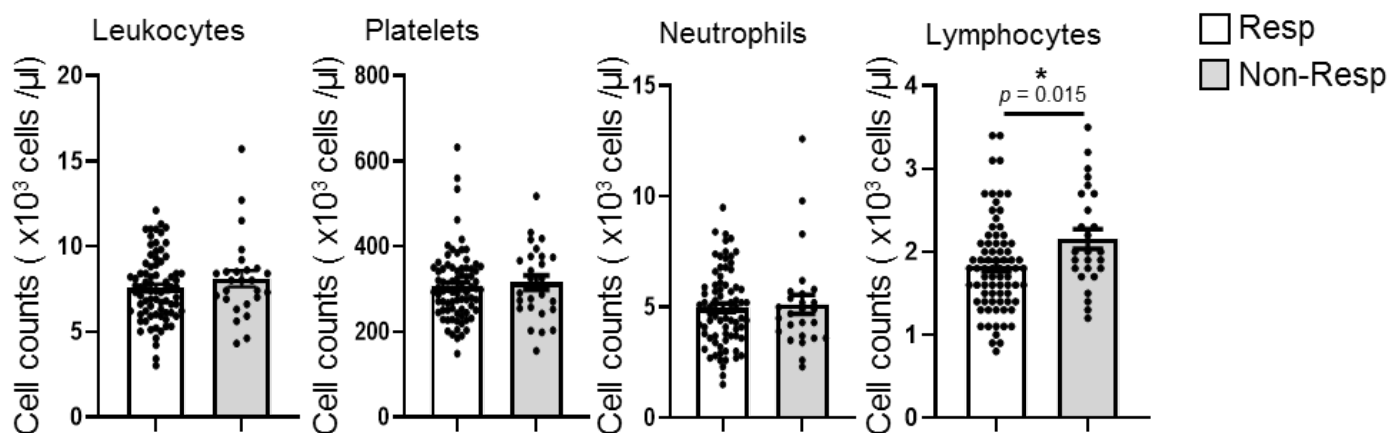
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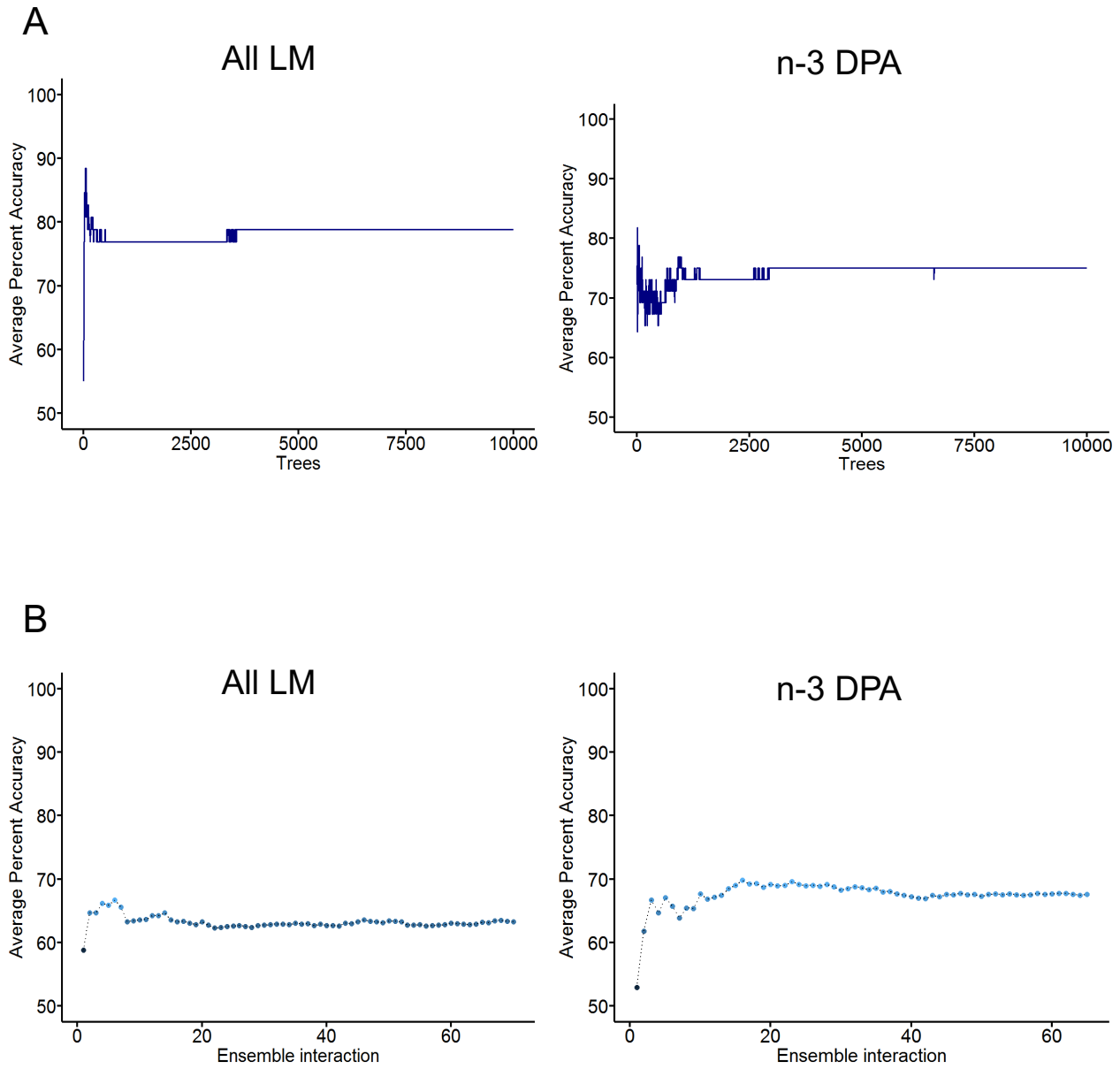


Supplementary Figure 4: Chromatographic and MS-MS spectral evidence for identified mediators for the AA bioactive metabolome. Representative sMRM chromatograms (*left panels*) and MS-MS fragmentation spectra (*right panels*) employed for the identification of (A-E) Lipoxins, (F-K) LTB₄ metabolome, (L-N) cysteinyl leukotrienes, and (O-R) Prostanoids for spiked standard in matrix (*top panels*) and in the samples (*bottom panels*). Area highlighted in blue in extracted ion chromatograms represents the area under the curve employed for quantitation of identified mediators. Insets in chromatograms report sMRM transition (Transition), Retention time (RT), signal to noise (S/N) ratio and number of data points in the peak. Area highlighted in green represents the area designated as the noise region that was used to calculate the S/N ratio. Insets in MS/MS spectra report mediator structure and fragment assignments.



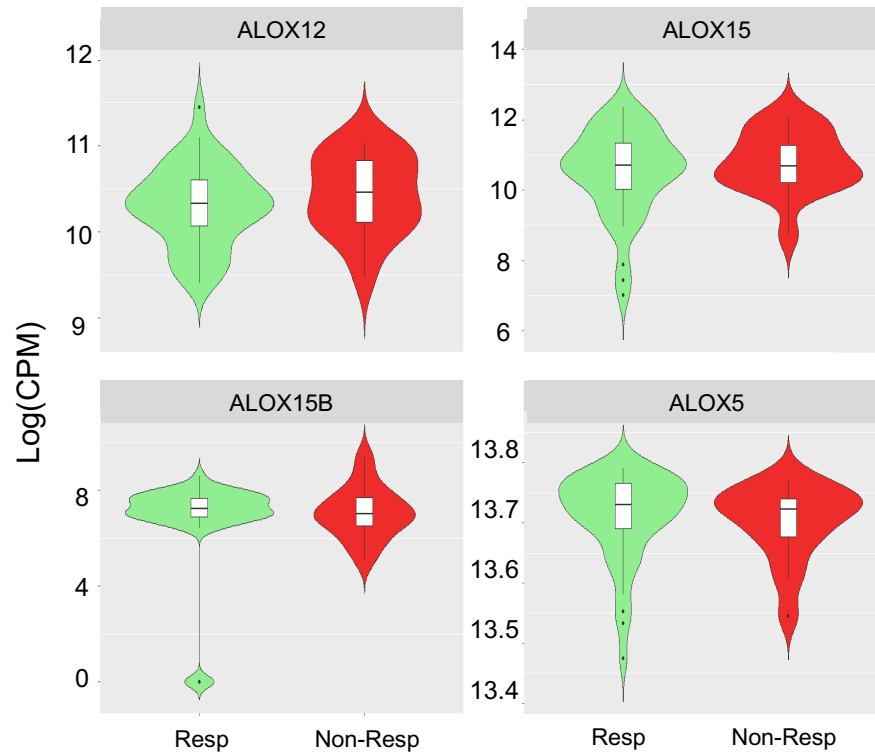
Supplementary Figure 5: Peripheral blood platelet and leukocyte counts in DMARD Responders

and Non-Responders. Peripheral blood was collected in patients DMARD-responders (Resp) and DMARD-non-responders (Non-Resp) prior to DMARD treatment initiation and peripheral blood cell counts determined. Results are represented as means $\pm$ SEM. Results are from $n = 78$ for Resp and $n=26$ Non-Resp. * $p < 0.05$ using Mann–Whitney U test. Source data are provided as a Source Data file.



Supplementary Figure 6: Establishing the optimal parameters for RandomForest and SVM models.

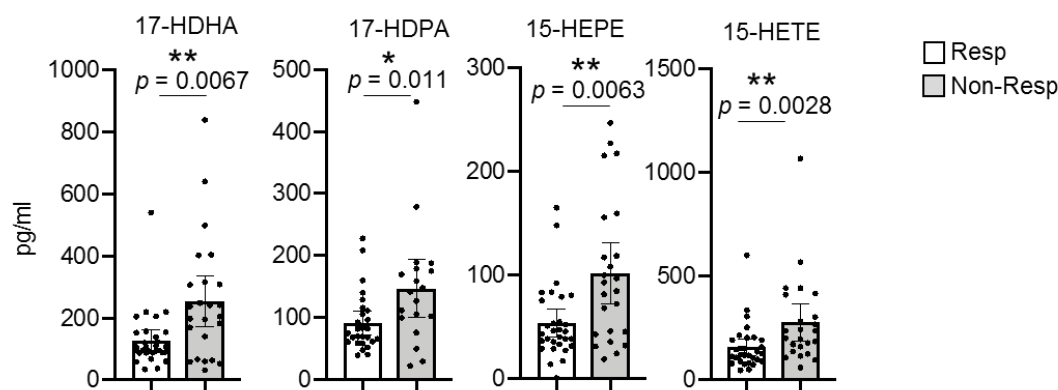
Representative results obtained for average percent accuracy for (A) RandomForest models and (B) SVM models by increasing the number of (A) decision trees (B) ensemble interactions.



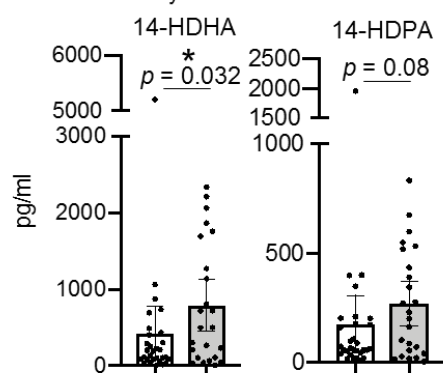
Supplementary Figure 7: Baseline expression of ALOX enzymes is essentially the same between DMARD-responders and DMARD-non-responders. Peripheral blood was collected in patients DMARD- responders (Resp) and DMARD-non-responders (Non Resp) prior to DMARD treatment initiation and the expression of ALOX enzymes was assessed. RNA count normalization and differential gene expression analysis were performed using the quasi-likelihood method of the Bioconductor R package “edgeR”. The data is expressed as the logarithm of counts per million (Log(CPM)), which indicates the number of reads mapping to a gene scaled by the number of reads you sequenced times one million. Results are represented as boxplots where the middle line is the median, the lower and upper hinges correspond to the first and third quartiles, the upper whisker extends from the hinge to the largest value no further than $1.5 \times \text{IQR}$ from the hinge (where IQR is the inter-quartile range) and the lower whisker extends from the hinge to the smallest value at most $1.5 \times \text{IQR}$ of the hinge, while data beyond the end of the whiskers are outlying points that are plotted individually (as indicated by the

geom_boxplot from the R package “ggplot2”). Results are representative of n = 43 for Resp and n=15 for Non-Resp. Source data are provided as a Source Data file.

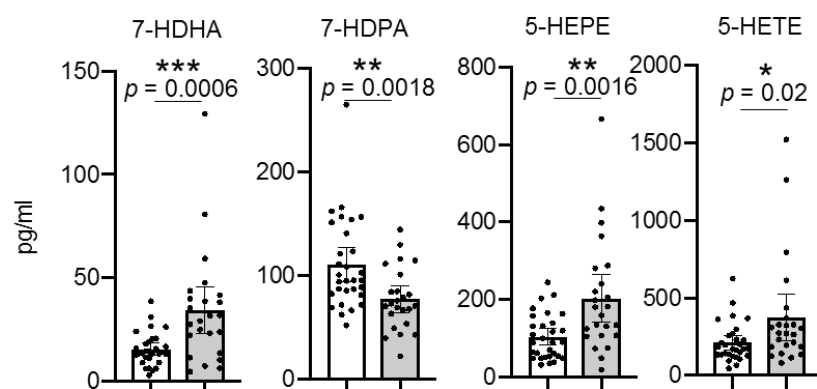
ALOX15 activity



ALOX12 activity

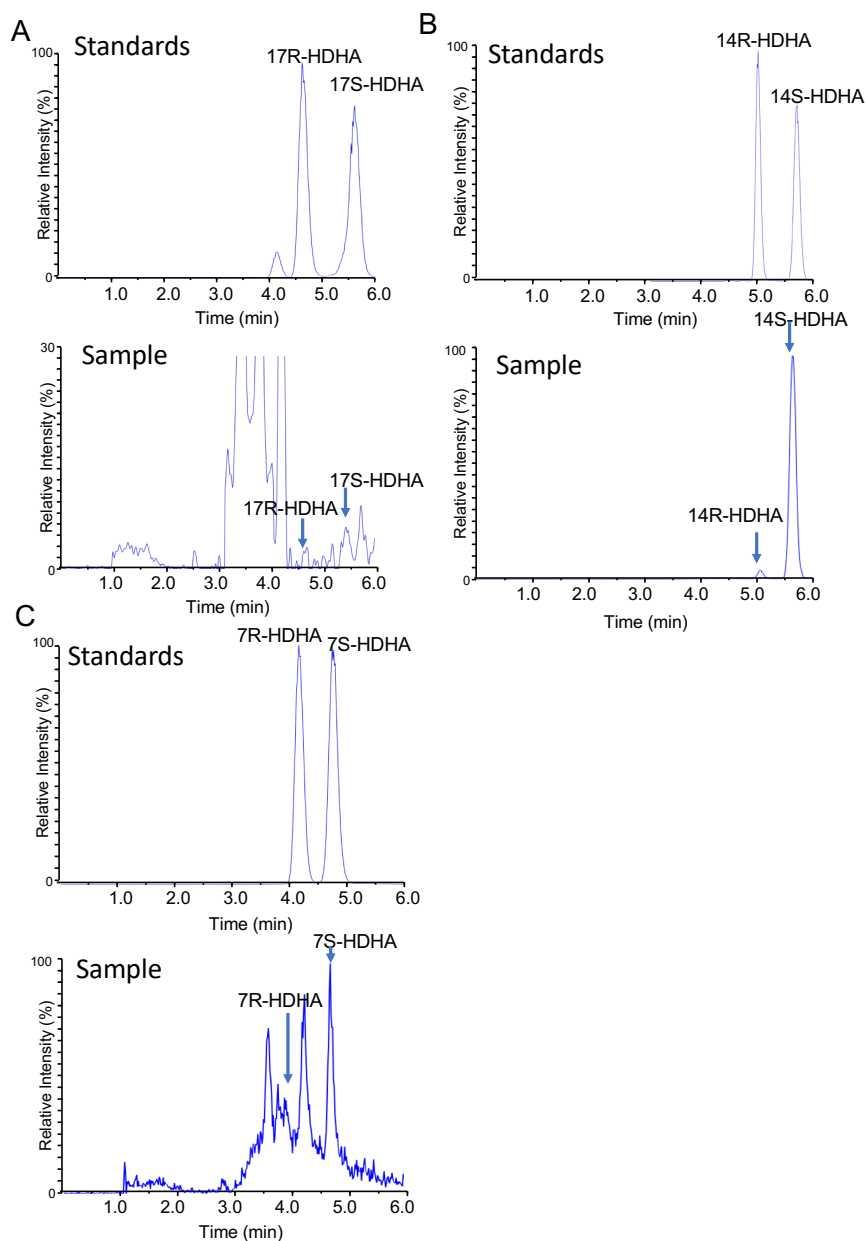


ALOX5 activity

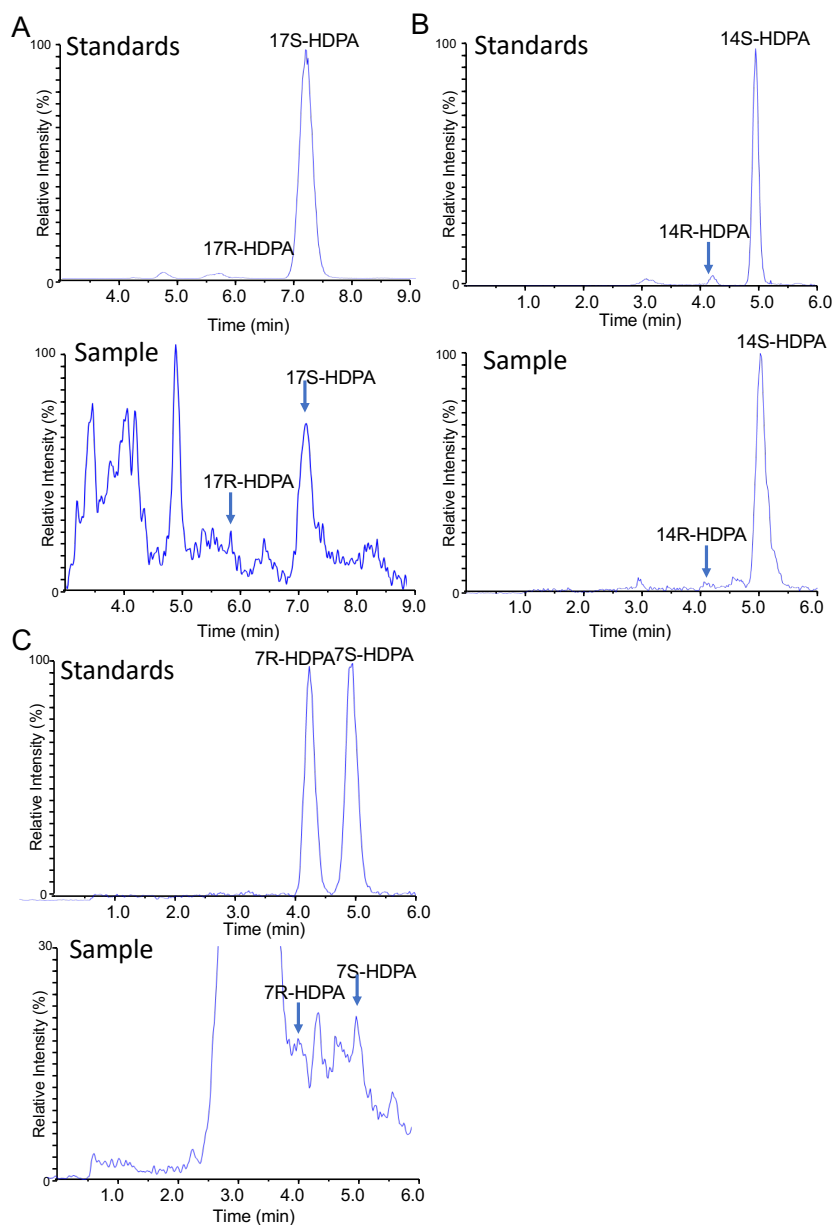


Supplementary Figure 8: Upregulation of monohydroxylated products from all four essential fatty acid metabolomes in plasma from non-responders when compared with responders prior to DMARD treatment initiation. Plasma was collected from RA patients prior the initiation of DMARD treatment and the activity of ALOX5 (7-HDHA, 7-HDPA, 5-HEPE and 5-HETE), ALOX12 (14-HDHA, and

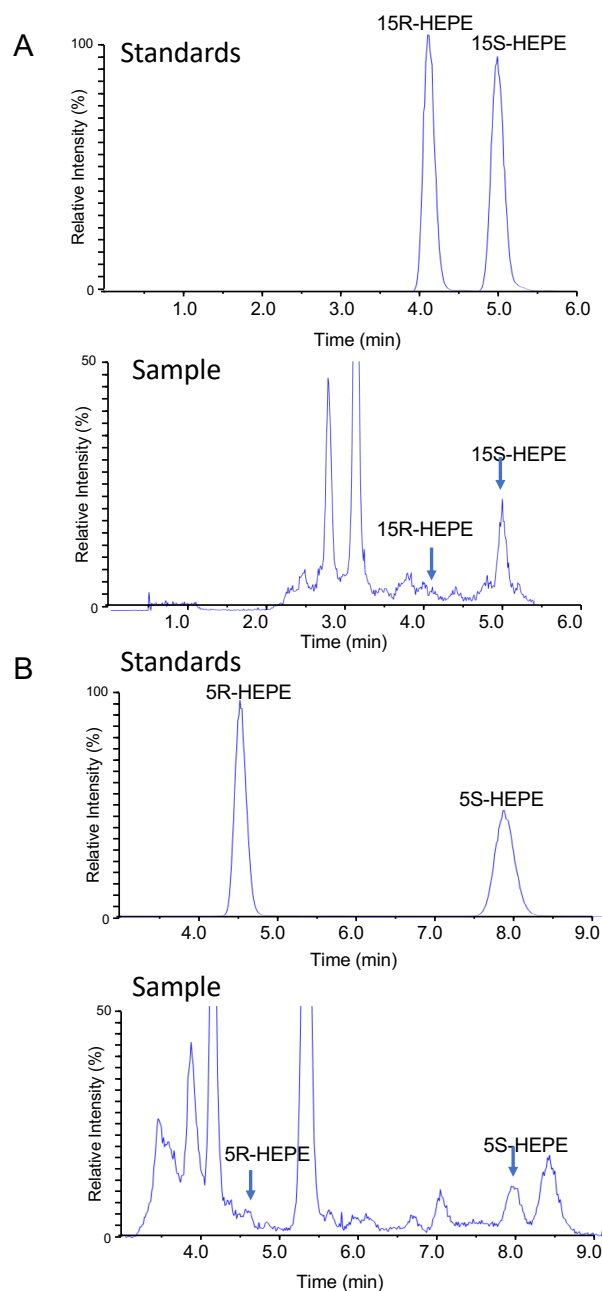
14-HDPA) and ALOX15 (17-HDHA, 17-HDPA, 15-HEPE and 15-HETE) was investigated using LC-MS/MS based lipid mediator profiling. Results are expressed as mean $\pm$ 95% CI. *, $p < 0.05$; **, $p < 0.01$; ***, $p < 0.001$ using Mann-Whitney Test. $n=30$ for DMARD-responders (Resp) and $n=24$ for DMARD-non-responders (Non-Resp). Source data are provided as a Source Data file.



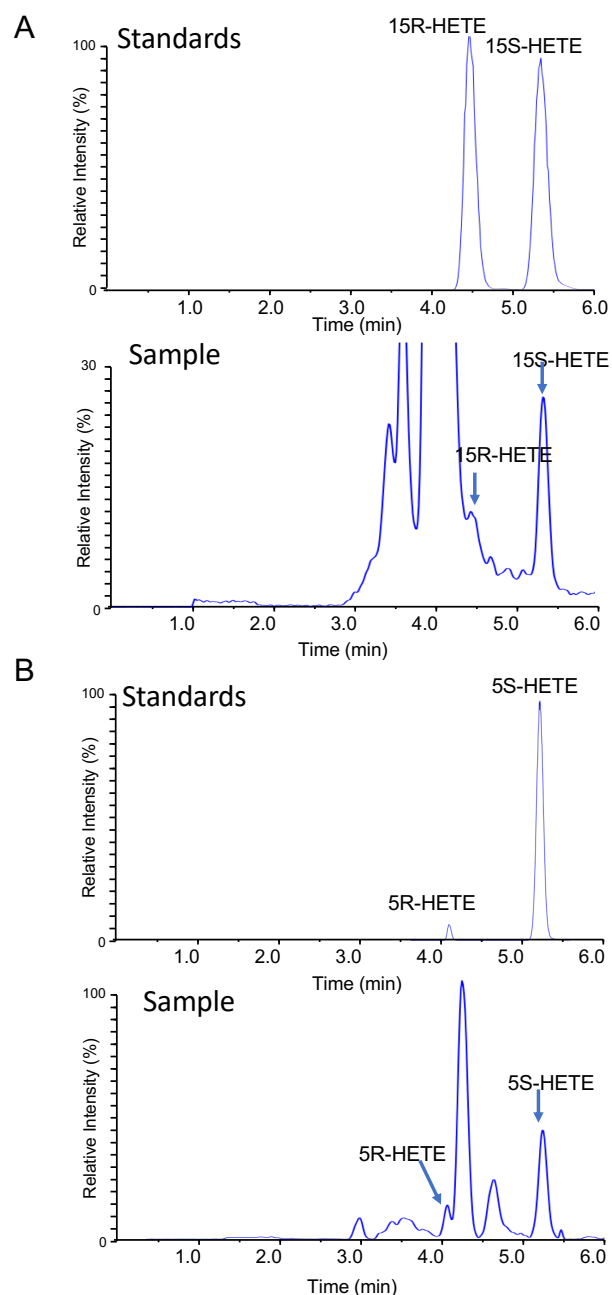
Supplementary Figure 9: Chiral chromatography of baseline plasma from DMARD responders and non-responders for DHA products. Plasma was extracted and relative abundance for each of the chiral isomers for (A) 17-HDHA, (B) 14-HDHA and (C) 7-HDHA were determined using chiral LC-MS/MS. (*Top panels*) chromatographic behaviour of standards, (*bottom samples*) representative chromatographic region of interest for the identification of the monohydroxy fatty acid epimers of interest. Results are representative of n=29 DMARD Responders and n=22 DMARD-non-responders from 3 distinct experiments.



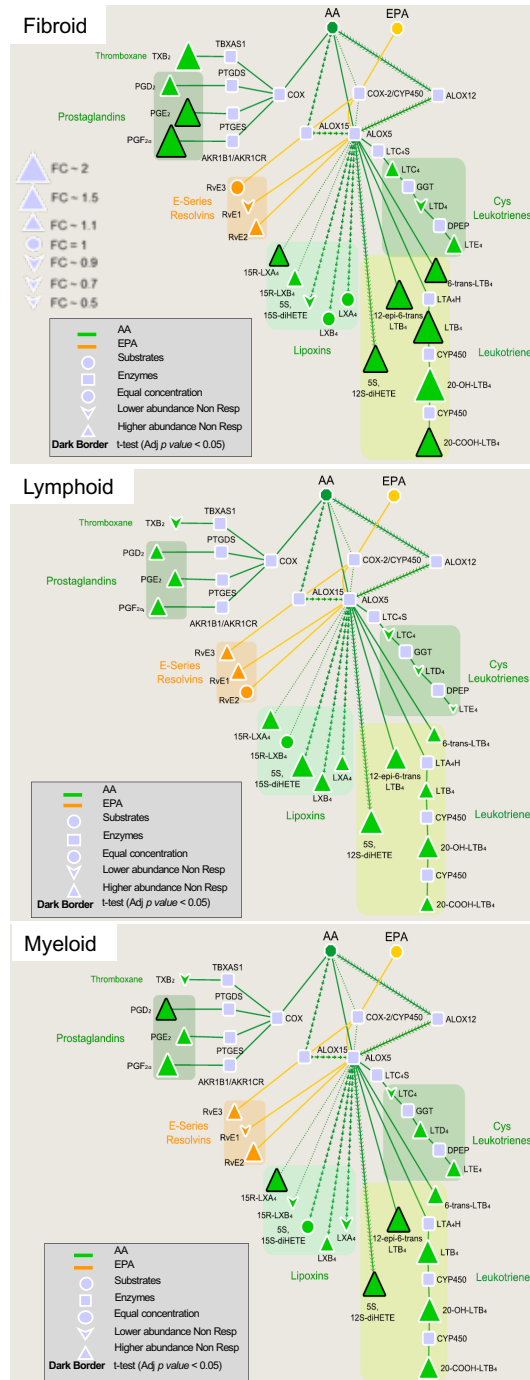
Supplementary Figure 10: Chiral chromatography of baseline plasma from DMARD responders and non-responders for n-3 DPA products. Plasma was extracted and relative abundance for each of the chiral isomers for (A) 17-HDPA, (B) 14-HDPA and (C) 7-HDPA were determined using chiral LC-MS/MS. (*Top panels*) chromatographic behaviour of standards, (*bottom panels*) representative chromatographic region of interest for the identification of the monohydroxy fatty acid epimers of interest. Results are representative of n=29 DMARD Responders and n=22 DMARD-non-responders from 3 distinct experiments.



Supplementary Figure 11: Chiral chromatography of baseline plasma from DMARD responders and non-responders for EPA products. Plasma was extracted and relative abundance for each of the chiral isomers for (A) 15-HEPE, (B) 5-HEPE were determined using chiral LC-MS/MS. (*Top panels*) chromatographic behaviour of standards, (*bottom panels*) representative chromatographic region of interest for the identification of the monohydroxy fatty acid epimers of interest. Results are representative of n=29 DMARD Responders and n=22 DMARD-non-responders from 3 distinct experiments.



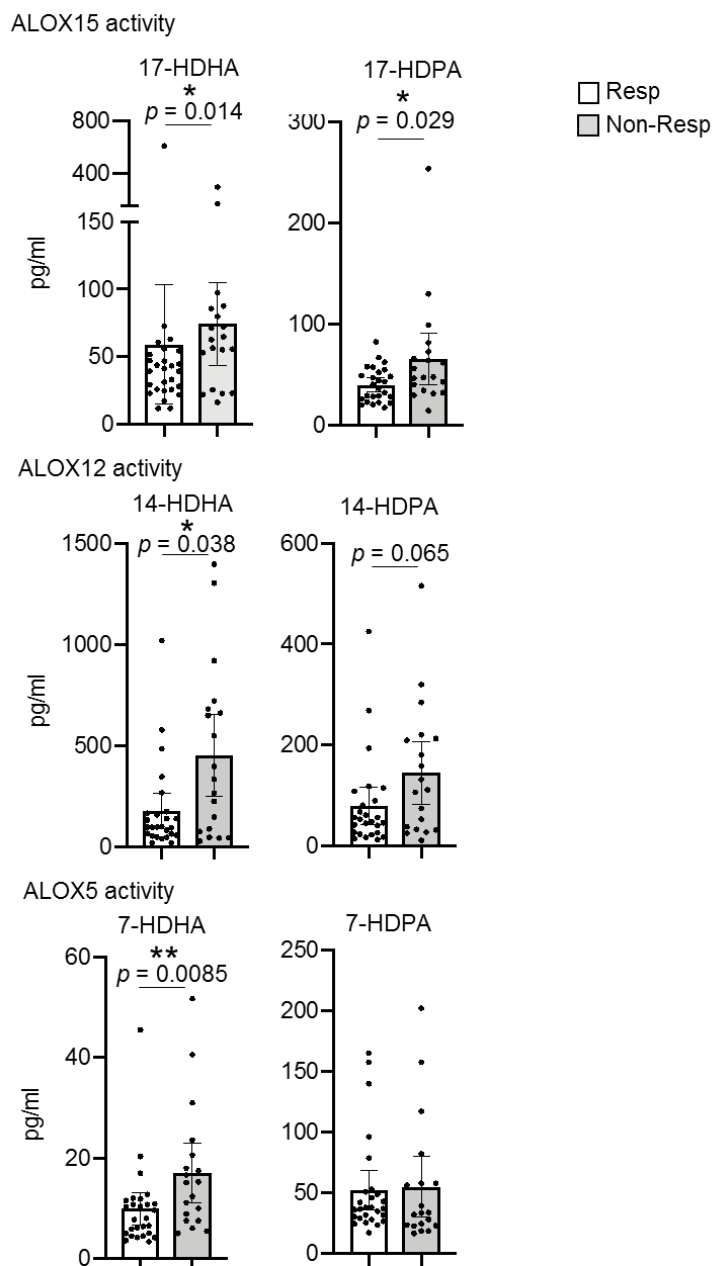
Supplementary Figure 12: Chiral chromatography of baseline plasma from DMARD responders and non-responders for AA products. Plasma was extracted and relative abundance for each of the chiral isomers for (A) 15-HETE, (B) 5-HETE were determined using chiral LC-MS/MS. (*Top panels*) chromatographic behaviour of standards, (*bottom panels*) representative chromatographic region of interest for the identification of the monohydroxy fatty acid epimers of interest. Results are representative of n=29 DMARD Responders and n=22 DMARD-non-responders from 3 distinct experiments.



Supplementary Figure 13: Differential regulation of AA and EPA metabolomes in peripheral blood of DMARD-responders and DMARD-non-responders from patients with distinct pathotypes.

Plasma was collected from RA patients prior the initiation of DMARD treatment. Lipid mediators were identified and quantified using LC-MS/MS based lipid mediator profiling and the differential expression of

mediators from the AA and EPA metabolomes was analysed for each RA pathotype in DMARD-non-responders (Non-Resp) when compared to DMARD-responders (Resp). Statistical differences between the normalised concentrations (expressed as the fold change) of the lipid mediators from the Non-Resp and Resp groups were determined using a two-sided t-test followed by multiple comparison correction using Benjamini-Hochberg procedure. Up or down regulated mediators are denoted with using upward and downward facing triangles, respectively, and on changes of the node's size. Bolded mediators represent statistical differences between the two groups when adjusted p value < 0.05. Results are representative of n= 18 for Fibroid Resp, n = 15 for Fibroid Non-Resp, n = 19 for Lymphoid Resp, n = 10 for Lymphoid Non-Resp, n = 22 for Myeloid Resp, n = 15 for Myeloid Non-Resp. Source data are provided as a Source Data file.



Supplementary Figure 14: Upregulation of monohydroxylated products from the DHA and n-3 DPA metabolomes in plasma from DMARD-non-responders when compared with DMARD-responders 6 months after DMARD treatment initiation. Plasma was collected from RA patients 6 months after the initiation of DMARD treatment and the activity of ALOX5 (7-HDHA and 7-HDPA), ALOX12 (14-HDHA and 14-HDPA) and ALOX15 (17-HDHA and 17-HDPA) was investigated using LC-MS/MS based lipid

mediator profiling. Results are expressed as mean $\pm$ 95% CI. *, $p < 0.05$; **, $p < 0.01$; using Mann-Whitney Test. $n=26$ for DMARD-responders (Resp) and $n=19$ for DMARD-non-responders (Non-Resp).

Source data are provided as a Source Data file.

Supplementary Tables

Supplementary Table 1: Cohort 1 patient demographics and clinical information

	DMARD - Responders (n=30)	DMARD- Non-Responders (n=24)
Pathotype (n)	Lymphoid (10), Fibroid (10), Myeloid (10)	Lymphoid (9), Fibroid (8), Myeloid (7)
Ethnicity (n)	Caucasian (19), Black (2), Indian (1), Caribbean (1), Asian (3), Bangladeshi (2), Black African (1)	Asian (1), Bangladeshi (1), Black (7), British (1), Caribbean (3), Caucasian (9), Filipino (1)
Gender (n)	Female (16), Male (14)	Female (21), Male (3)
Age at Recruitment – years	51 (±21)	56 (±9.5)
Onset	5.6 (±3.4)	6.0 (±3.42)
Currently smoking (%)	5 (16.7)	10 (43.5)
Co-Morbs Baseline (n)	Acne (1), Anaemia (1), Vitamin D deficiency (3), Hypercholesterolemia (2), Asthma (3), Hypertension (9), Osteoarthritis (2), Hypothyroidism (3), Gout (1), Shingles (1), Graves' disease (1), Kidney disease (1), TIA (1), Cardiovascular disease (1), Type 1 diabetes (1), Reactive iritis (1), Raised cholesterol (1), Hypothyroidism (3), Glaucoma (1), Thalassaemia (1), Poor vision (1), Heart surgery (1), Rubello in utero (1), Scleritis (1), COPD (1), Enlarged prostate (1), Sinusitis (1), Peptic ulcer (1), Lower back pain (1), Acute MI (1), Ischaemic heart disease (1), Ca bladder (1)	Hypercholesterolemia (2), Asthma (5), Hypertension (12), Osteoarthritis (2), Hypothyroidism (1), COPD (1), Ischaemic heart disease (2), Osteoporosis (1), Sick cell trait (1), IBS (2), Cervical spondylitis (1), Psoriasis (1), Fatty liver (1), Renal impairment (1), Coronary artery disease (1), Angina (1), Dyslipidaemia (1), Menorrhagia (1), Multiple sclerosis (1), Rectal incontinence (1), Detrusor instability (1), Meniscus tear/knee (1), Depression (1), Spina Bifida occulta (1), Axonal neuropathy (1), BCC (1), Gastritis (1), Heart valve repaired (1), Hysterectomy (1), foot & shoulder surgery (1), Endometriosis (1), Hay fever (1), Hysterectomy (1)
Concomitant Med. Baseline (n)	Tetracycline (1), Ferrous sulphate (1), Co-codamol (6), NSAIDs (3), Calcium vitamin D (2), Inhaler (1), Candesartan (1), Etoricoxib (1), Furosemide (1), Ramipril (2), Levothyroxine (1), Dihydrocodeine (1), Lisinopril (1), Lansoprazole (1), Bisoprolol (1), Tamsulosin (1), Carbimazole (1), Aspirin (2), Adcal (1), Simvastatin (5), Ibuprofen (4), Codeine (1), Losartan (1), Citalopram (1), Naproxen (5), Metformin (1), Lantus (1), Lacri-lube (1), Atenolol (1), Irbesartan (1), Amlodipine (2), Timolol (1), GTN spray (1), Frusemide (1), Celecoxib (1), Omeprazole (2), Budromide (1), Salbutamol (3), Diclofenac (1), Finasteride (1), Thyroxine (1), Talisartan (1)	Co-codamol (3), NSAIDs (3), Calcium vitamin D (3), Inhaler (1), Candesartan (2), Furosemide (1), Ramipril (3), Dihydrocodeine (1), Allopurinol (1), Lansoprazole (4), Aspirin (4), Simvastatin (5), Ibuprofen (2), Losartan (1), Ca-antagonist (1), Atenolol (2), Amlodipine (2), Alendronate (1), GTN spray (1), Pregabalin (2), Frusemide (1), Omeprazole (1), Salbutamol (1), Diclofenac (4), Thyroxine (2), Isosorbide (1), Adizem (1), Clopidogrel (2), Atorvastatin (1), Ivabradine (1), Co-tenidone (1), Nicorandil (1), Paracetamol (4), Tramadol (5), Amitriptyline (5), Piroxicam (1), Quinine (1), Bendroflumethiazide (3), Budesonide (2), Formoterol (1), Cetirizine (1), Arthrotec (1), Insulin (1), Doxazosin (2), Seretide (2), Spiriva (1), Arcoxia (1), Metformin (2), Glimepiride (1), Fluoxetine (1), Anti-hyper (1), Lyrica (1), CaD3 (1), Peppermint (1), Tiotropium (1), Detrusitol (1), Docusate (1), Voltron (1), HRT, (1), Aminophylline (1), Xolair (1), Ventolin (1), Oramorph (1), Temazepam (1)
Concomitant Med. 6mth (n)	Ferrous sulphate (1), MTX (28), Folic acid (8), ASA (21), Co-codamol (6), HCQ (8), Prednisolone (6), NSAIDs (3), Calcium vitamin D (3), Azathioprine (1), Salbutamol (3), Inhaler (1), Candesartan (1), Etoricoxib (1), Furosemide (1), Ramipril (2), Levothyroxine (1), Dihydrocodeine (1), Lisinopril (1), Allopurinol (1), Lansoprazole (1), Bisoprolol (1), Tamsulosin (1), Carbimazole (1), Aspirin (2), Adcal (1), Simvastatin (5), Ibuprofen (4), Codeine (1), Losartan (1), Citalopram (1), Naproxen (5), Metformin (1), Lantus (1), Lacri-lube (1), Atenolol (1), Irbesartan (1), Amlodipine (3), Timolol (1), Frusemide (1), Celecoxib (1), Omeprazole (2), Budromide (1), Diclofenac (1), Thyroxine (1), GTN spray (1), Finasteride (1)	MTX (18), Folic acid (6), ASA (9), Co-codamol (2), HCQ (11), Prednisolone (5), NSAIDs (3), Calcium vitamin D (3), Salbutamol (1), Inhaler (1), Candesartan (1), Furosemide (1), Ramipril (3), Dihydrocodeine (1), Allopurinol (1), Lansoprazole (5), Aspirin (4), Simvastatin (5), Ibuprofen (2), Losartan (1), Atenolol (2), Amlodipine (2), Frusemide (1), Omeprazole (1), Diclofenac (4), Thyroxine (2), Atorvastatin (1), GTN spray (1), Ca-antagonist (1), Alendronate (1), Pregabalin (2), Co-tenidone (1), Leflunomide (2), Paracetamol (5), Tramadol (5), Amitriptyline (4), Piroxicam (1), Quinine (1), Spironolactone (1), Bendroflumethiazide (2), Clopidogrel (2), Sulfasalazine (2), Budesonide (2), Formoterol (1), Cetirizine (1), Insulin (1), Doxazosin (2), Isosorbide (1), Adizem (1), Ivabradine (1), Nicorandil (1), Seretide (2), Spiriva (1), Arcoxia (1), Metformin (2), Glimepiride (1), Fluoxetine (1), Anti-hyper (1), Lyrica (1), Peppermint (1), Tiotropium (1), CaD4 (1), Detrusitol (1), Docusate (1), Voltarol (1), Aminophylline (1), Xolair (1), Ventolin (1), Co-Amoxiclav (1), Calcichew (1)
DMARD Treatment (n)	MTX/ASA/HCQ (2), MTX/ASA (21), MTX/HCQ (3), ASA/HCQ (1), MTX (1)	MTX/ASA/HCQ (2), MTX/ASA (11), MTX/HCQ (6), MTX (1), ASA (1), HCQ (2)
Recent Steroid Therapy Baseline (n)	No (25), Yes (5)	No (19), Yes (3)
Steroid Treatment Baseline (n)	Depo-Medro (5)	Pred. (3)
Recent Steroid Therapy 6mth (n)	No (13), Yes (15)	No (8), Yes (13)
Steroid Treatment 6mth (n)	Pred (15)	Depo-Medro (1), Pred (11)
ESR Baseline (mm/hr)	28 (±23)	41 (±28)

CRP Baseline (mg/l)	14 (± 17)	24 (± 37)
CCP Baseline (UI/L)	210 (± 201)	249 (± 255)
RF Baseline (UI/L)	87 (± 120)	93 (± 150)
ESR 6mth (mm/hr)	7 (± 7)	30 (± 14)
CRP 6mth (mg/l)	7 (± 5)	15 (± 18)
Tiredness VAS Baseline (1-100)	34 (± 29)	48 (± 26)
Pain VAS Baseline (1-100)	50 (± 29)	62 (± 23)
Pt. VAS Global Health baseline (1-100)	67 (± 24)	72 (± 19)
Physician VAS Global Assess. Baseline (1-100)	58 (± 21)	65 (± 20)
Tiredness VAS 6mth (1-100)	28 (± 27)	64 (± 17)
Pain VAS 6mth (1-100)	12 (± 14)	66 (± 22)
Pt. VAS Global Health 6mth (1-100)	17 (± 20)	71 (± 24)
Physician VAS Global Assess. 6mth (1-100)	10 (± 12)	63 (± 22)
Tender Joints Baseline (Number/28)	12 (± 7)	13 (± 9)
Swollen Joints Baseline (Number/28)	7 (± 5)	8 (± 5)
Tender Joints 6mth (Number/28)	1 (± 1)	17 (± 8)
Swollen Joints 6mth (Number/28)	1 (± 1)	8 (± 4)
HAQ Baseline (Max 38)	1.41 (± 0.68)	1.83 (± 0.60)
HAQ 6mth (Max 38)	0.57 (± 0.73)	1.79 (± 0.51)
DAS28 Baseline (0-10)	5.58 (± 0.98)	5.81 (± 1.08)
DAS28 6mth (0-10)	1.86 (± 0.65)	6.17 (± 0.98)
Delta DAS28 (Difference between 2 time points)	-3.72 (± 1.13)	0.36 (± 0.98)
US Synovial Thickness (12max) Baseline (number/36)	18 (± 7)	15 (± 9)
US Power Doppler (12max) Baseline (number/36)	7 (± 6)	6 (± 8)
US Synovial Thickness (Biopsied Joint) Baseline (number/3)	2 (± 0.5)	3 (± 1)
US Power Doppler (Biopsied Joint) Baseline (number/3)	1 (± 1)	2 (± 1)
US Synovial Thickness (12max) 6mths (number/36)	6 (± 4)	7 (± 8)
US Power Doppler (12max) 6mths (number/36)	2 (± 3)	3 (± 5)
Radiographic Erosion (n)	No (23), Yes (4)	No (20), Yes (2)

Erythrocyte sedimentation rate = ESR, C-reactive protein = CRP, Anti-cyclic citrullinated peptide = CCP, rheumatoid factor = RF, VAS = visual analogue scale, HAQ = Health Assessment Questionnaire, DAS28 = disease activity score-28, US = ultrasound, MTX = methotrexate, ASA = aspirin, HCQ = hydroxychloroquine, LEF = Leflunomide.

Supplementary Table 2: Chromatography and MS-MS spectral criteria employed in the identification of lipid mediators.

	Standard RT	Reference diagnostic ions	Identified RT	S/N ratio	Data points	Identified diagnostic ions
DHA Bioactive Metabolome						
RvD1	11.1	375, 357, 331, 313, 295, 277, 233, 215, 171, 113	11.1	12	7	375, 357, 331, 295, 277, 215, 171, 113
RvD2	10.6	375, 357, 331, 313, 295, 287, 247, 233, 215, 203, 141, 113	10.6	8	9	375, 357, 331, 313, 295, 287, 247, 233, 215, 203, 113
RvD3	10.7	375, 357, 313, 295, 259, 215, 181, 165, 147, 137, 101	10.7	5	9	375, 357, 313, 295, 259, 215, 165, 137
RvD4	12.1	375, 357, 339, 331, 313, 295, 277, 255, 225, 215, 113, 101	12.1	7	11	375, 357, 339, 331, 313, 295, 277, 225, 215, 101
RvD5	13.2	359, 341, 323, 315, 297, 279, 245, 243, 227, 217, 199, 141, 113	13.2	5	6	359, 341, 315, 297, 279, 227, 199, 141, 113
RvD6	13.8	359, 341, 315, 297, 289, 279, 245, 243, 227, 217, 199, 101	13.8	5	4	359, 341, 315, 289, 279, 243, 227, 217, 199, 101
17R-RvD1	11.3	375, 357, 331, 313, 295, 243, 215, 171, 135, 123	11.3	4	6	375, 357, 331, 313, 295, 243, 215, 171, 123
17R-RvD3	10.6	375, 357, 339, 313, 295, 259, 191, 165, 147, 137, 101	10.6	3	8	375, 357, 339, 313, 295, 259, 191, 165, 147, 137
PD1	13.3	359, 341, 323, 315, 297, 243, 217, 206, 199, 181, 159, 153	13.3	5	6	359, 341, 323, 315, 297, 243, 217, 199, 153
17R-PD1	12.5	359, 341, 323, 315, 297, 279, 261, 217, 206, 181, 177, 153	12.5	6	5	359, 341, 323, 315, 297, 279, 217, 206, 181, 153
PDx	13.2	359, 341, 323, 315, 297, 279, 243, 217, 206, 181, 159, 153, 119	13.2	4	5	359, 341, 315, 297, 279, 243, 217, 159, 153
22-OH-PD1	9.8	375, 357, 331, 313, 295, 289, 261, 243, 217, 199, 181, 153, 137	9.8	31	11	375, 357, 331, 313, 295, 289, 243, 199, 153
PCTR1	9.5	650, 632, 503, 343, 308, 264, 227	9.5	4	6	650, 632, 343, 308, 264, 227
PCTR2	8.5	521, 503, 343, 325, 231, 213, 179, 161	8.5	6	6	521, 503, 343, 325, 231, 213, 179, 161
PCTR3	10	464, 446, 343, 325, 231, 213, 187, 121	10	7	6	464, 446, 343, 231, 213, 187, 121
MaR1	13.4	359, 341, 323, 315, 297, 279, 221, 141, 113	13.4	5	5	359, 341, 323, 315, 297, 279, 221, 141, 113
MaR2	14.1	359, 341, 323, 315, 297, 249, 221, 191, 167, 149	14.1	11	7	359, 341, 323, 315, 297, 221, 191, 167, 149
22-OH-MaR1	9.5	375, 357, 339, 331, 313, 295, 262, 244, 221, 177, 153	9.5	4	9	375, 357, 339, 331, 313, 295, 244, 221, 153
14-oxo-MaR1	13.3	357, 339, 321, 313, 295, 248, 221, 141, 113	13.3	24	5	357, 339, 321, 313, 295, 248, 141, 113
7S,14S-diHDHA	13.5	359, 341, 323, 315, 297, 279, 221, 141, 113	13.5	5	11	359, 341, 323, 315, 297, 279, 221, 141, 113
4,14-diHDHA	14.1	359, 341, 323, 315, 297, 279, 257, 239, 221, 203, 159, 109	14.1	9	8	359, 341, 323, 315, 297, 279, 221, 159
MCTR1	9.4	650, 632, 418, 308, 235, 109	9.4	14	6	650, 632, 418, 308, 235, 109
MCTR2	8.5	521, 503, 343, 325, 191, 179, 161	8.5	5	5	521, 503, 343, 325, 191, 179, 161
MCTR3	10	464, 446, 343, 325, 235, 205, 191, 187, 147	10	13	7	464, 446, 343, 325, 235, 205, 191, 147
n-3 DPA Bioactive Metabolome						
RvT1	10.4	377, 359, 333, 319, 315, 297, 233, 193, 143	10.4	10	6	377, 359, 333, 319, 315, 297, 193, 143
RvT2	11.3	377, 359, 341, 333, 315, 297, 263, 233, 197, 143	11.3	6	5	377, 359, 341, 333, 315, 297, 263, 233
RvT3	11.7	377, 359, 341, 333, 315, 297, 255, 233, 215, 173, 143	11.7	8	9	377, 359, 333, 315, 297, 233, 215, 173, 143
RvT4	13.7	361, 343, 325, 317, 299, 233, 221, 217, 211, 193, 143	13.7	7	6	361, 343, 325, 317, 299, 233, 221, 143

RvD1 _{n-3} DPA	11.4	377 , 359, 341, 333, 315, 297, 289, 279 , 261, 235, 233 , 125	11.4	13	9	377 , 359, 341, 333, 315, 297, 289, 279 , 261, 245, 233
RvD2 _{n-3} DPA	11	377 , 359, 341, 333, 315, 297, 261, 233 , 215, 143 , 125	11	4	11	377 , 359, 341, 333, 315, 297, 233 , 143 , 125
RvD5 _{n-3} DPA	13.6	361 , 343, 325, 317, 299, 281, 263 , 217 , 201, 199, 143	13.6	6	6	361 , 343, 325, 317, 299, 281, 263 , 217 , 201, 143
PD1 _{n-3} DPA	13.7	361 , 343, 325, 317, 299, 281, 263 , 219, 183	13.7	6	5	361 , 343, 325, 317, 299, 281, 263 , 219, 183
10S,17S-diHPDA	13.6	361 , 343, 325, 317, 299, 281, 263 , 245, 219, 183 , 155	13.6	4	10	361 , 343, 325, 317, 299, 281, 263 , 245, 219, 183 , 155
MaR1 _{n-3} DPA	13.7	361 , 343, 317, 299, 281, 223 , 205, 179, 161, 143 , 115	13.7	5	11	361 , 343, 317, 299, 281, 223 , 205, 161, 115
EPA Bioactive Metabolome						
RvE1	8.2	349 , 331, 305, 287, 273, 269, 255, 205, 195 , 177, 161, 151	8.2	6	7	349 , 331, 305, 287, 273, 269, 205, 195 , 177
RvE2	12	333 , 315, 297, 289, 275 , 271, 257, 253, 231, 217	12	8	9	333 , 315, 297, 289, 257, 253, 217
RvE3	13.5	333 , 315, 297, 289, 271, 259, 253, 245 , 201	13.5	8	5	333 , 315, 297, 289, 271, 245 , 201
AA Bioactive Metabolome						
LXA ₄	11.2	351 , 333, 307, 289, 279 , 271, 251 , 235 , 233, 207, 189, 145	11.2	4	5	351 , 333, 307, 289, 271, 251 , 235 , 189
LXB ₄	10.5	351 , 333, 315, 307, 289, 271, 251 , 243, 235 , 221 , 207, 189, 177, 159, 115	10.5	11	5	351 , 333, 315, 307, 289, 271, 221 , 189, 115
5S,15S-diHETE	13.2	335 , 317, 299, 291, 273, 263 , 255, 235 , 201, 191, 173, 115	13.2	7	4	335 , 317, 299, 291, 273, 235 , 201, 191, 173, 115
15R-LXA ₄	11.4	351 , 333, 307, 289, 279 , 271, 251 , 235 , 217, 207, 199, 145	11.4	8	8	351 , 333, 307, 289, 279 , 271, 251 , 235 , 145
15R-LXB ₄	11.2	351 , 333, 307, 297, 271, 261, 251 , 235 , 221 , 215, 203, 177, 115	11.2	4	8	351 , 333, 307, 261, 235 , 221 , 203, 189, 115
LTB ₄	13.7	335 , 317, 299, 291, 273, 255, 219 , 205, 195 , 179, 177, 161, 151, 133, 115	13.7	37	9	335 , 317, 299, 291, 273, 255, 205, 195 , 179, 161, 115
5S,12S-diHETE	13.8	335 , 317, 299, 291, 273, 219 , 205, 195 , 179, 115	13.8	7	4	335 , 317, 299, 291, 273, 219 , 205, 195 , 179
6-trans-LTB ₄	13.1	335 , 317, 291, 255, 219 , 195 , 179	13.1	34	7	335 , 317, 291, 273, 255, 219 , 195 , 179
12-epi-6-trans-LTB ₄	13.3	335 , 317, 299, 291, 273, 255, 219 , 195 , 161, 115	13.3	48	7	335 , 317, 299, 291, 273, 255, 219 , 195 , 161, 115
20-OH-LTB ₄	8.7	351 , 333, 315, 289, 271, 195 , 179, 177, 151	8.7	38	8	351 , 333, 315, 289, 271, 195 , 179, 177, 151
20-COOH-LTB ₄	8.3	365 , 347, 329, 321, 303, 285, 249 , 205, 195 , 177, 161, 115	8.3	24	8	365 , 347, 329, 321, 303, 285, 249 , 205, 195 , 177, 161, 115
LTC ₄	10	626 , 608, 582, 497 , 479, 319 , 308 , 301, 171	10	17	7	626 , 608, 582, 319 , 308 , 301, 171
LTD ₄	9	497 , 479, 301, 189 , 179 , 135, 116	9	30	8	497 , 479, 301, 189 , 179 , 135, 116
LTE ₄	10.4	440 , 319 , 301, 283, 189 , 131	10.4	33	6	440 , 319 , 301, 283, 189 , 131
PGD ₂	10.6	351 , 333, 307, 289, 279 , 271, 251 , 233, 217, 189	10.6	41	8	351 , 333, 307, 289, 279 , 271, 233, 189
PGE ₂	10.5	351 , 333, 315, 289, 279 , 271, 251 , 235, 189	10.5	29	6	351 , 333, 315, 289, 279 , 271, 235, 189
PGF _{2a}	10.8	353 , 335, 317, 309 , 291, 281 , 273, 263, 235, 219, 193, 191, 173	10.8	8	8	353 , 335, 317, 309 , 291, 273, 263, 193, 191
TxB ₂	10	369 , 325, 307, 289, 269 , 195, 177, 169 , 125	10	8	8	369 , 325, 307, 289, 269 , 195, 177, 169 , 125

RT = Retention time, S/N = Signal to Noise. Ions marked in **Bold** denote fragments

Supplementary Table 3: Baseline peripheral blood lipid mediator profiles in RA patient cohort 1.

	Q1	Q3	DMARD Responders			DMARD Non-Responders		
DHA bioactive metabolome			Mean	±	SEM	Mean	±	SEM
RvD1	375	233	0.92	±	0.44	2.20	±	0.61
RvD2	375	141	1.75	±	0.73	1.52	±	1.52
RvD3	375	147	0.52	±	0.15	1.06	±	0.24
RvD4	375	101	1.40	±	0.53	5.70	±	1.19
RvD5	359	199	7.90	±	1.06	8.17	±	1.34
RvD6	359	101	1.82	±	0.66	1.30	±	0.40
17R-RvD1	375	233	2.43	±	1.62	3.69	±	1.92
17R-RvD3	375	147	0.13	±	0.05	0.60	±	0.20
PD1	359	153	0.78	±	0.27	0.99	±	0.33
PDX	359	153	0.63	±	0.21	1.39	±	0.46
17R-PD1	359	153	0.31	±	0.13	0.74	±	0.40
22-OH-PD1	375	153	2.36	±	2.36	1.91	±	1.46
PCTR1	650	231	0.13	±	0.13	0.00	±	0.00
PCTR2	521	231	1.48	±	0.65	2.10	±	1.80
PCTR3	464	231	16.87	±	6.74	4.75	±	4.63
MaR1	359	221	0.00	±	0.00	0.00	±	0.00
MaR2	359	191	0.47	±	0.20	0.56	±	0.31
7S,14S-diHDHA	359	221	3.21	±	1.57	3.65	±	1.73
4S,14S-diHDHA	359	101	0.98	±	0.48	4.29	±	1.13
22-OH-MaR1	375	221	4.64	±	3.77	5.31	±	3.98
14-oxo-MaR1	357	248	0.73	±	0.38	2.65	±	0.78
MCTR1	650	191	0.16	±	0.16	0.38	±	0.21
MCTR2	521	191	1.42	±	0.46	1.44	±	1.04
MCTR3	464	191	8.45	±	2.67	6.57	±	2.92
n-3 DPA bioactive metabolome								
RvT1	377	193	0.92	±	0.69	0.66	±	0.31
RvT2	377	197	2.97	±	1.31	2.26	±	0.71
RvT3	377	197	0.49	±	0.17	0.60	±	0.19
RvT4	361	211	0.48	±	0.13	0.78	±	0.18
RvD1 _{n-3} DPA	377	143	4.73	±	0.78	4.50	±	0.58
RvD2 _{n-3} DPA	377	261	3.64	±	1.22	2.32	±	0.96
RvD5 _{n-3} DPA	361	199	3.39	±	1.32	3.06	±	1.26
PD1 _{n-3} DPA	361	155	0.72	±	0.18	1.26	±	0.38
10S, 17S-diHDPA	361	155	0.69	±	0.33	2.11	±	0.49
MaR1 _{n-3} DPA	361	249	0.07	±	0.07	1.25	±	0.49
EPA bioactive metabolome								
RvE1	349	161	1.98	±	0.56	1.94	±	0.83
RvE2	333	199	0.30	±	0.25	0.71	±	0.34
RvE3	333	201	2.89	±	0.78	3.96	±	0.95
AA bioactive metabolome								
LXA ₄	351	115	0.72	±	0.28	0.96	±	0.60
LXB ₄	351	221	5.14	±	3.99	3.05	±	1.47
15R-LXA ₄	351	115	0.97	±	0.26	5.71	±	2.27
15R-LXB ₄	351	221	3.90	±	1.09	9.13	±	2.60
5S,15S-diHETE	335	115	36.90	±	7.28	46.68	±	7.59
LTB ₄	335	195	65.59	±	13.57	115.09	±	37.71
5S,12S-diHETE	335	195	11.42	±	9.03	12.69	±	4.52
6-trans-LTB ₄	335	195	2.93	±	0.57	5.37	±	1.82
12-epi-6-trans-LTB ₄	335	195	3.56	±	0.73	7.89	±	2.10
20-OH-LTB ₄	351	195	61.80	±	20.51	147.89	±	50.54
20-COOH-LTB ₄	369	195	12.86	±	5.40	22.68	±	7.65
LTC ₄	626	189	12.34	±	3.16	18.59	±	8.10
LTD ₄	497	189	7.42	±	2.20	6.93	±	2.71
LTE ₄	440	189	32.99	±	7.84	72.85	±	16.13
PGD ₂	351	189	9.00	±	2.47	15.22	±	7.22
PGE ₂	351	189	13.39	±	5.30	18.75	±	5.76
PGF _{2a}	353	193	29.26	±	15.96	27.65	±	7.49
TXB ₂	369	169	33.46	±	13.46	83.09	±	25.63

Results are expressed pg/ml. n = 30 for DMARD Responders and n = 22 DMARD Non-Responders.

Supplementary Table 4: Cohort 2 patient demographics and clinical information

	DMARD Responders (n=36)	DMARD Non-Responders (n=22)
Pathotype (n)	Lymphoid (9), Fibroid (8), Myeloid (13), Ungraded (6)	Lymphoid (2), Fibroid (7), Myeloid (9), Ungraded (4)
Ethnicity	Caucasian (18), Asian (3), Indian (1), Chinese (1), Black Caribbean (1), Bengali (1), Somalian (1), Black African (2), Afro-Caribbean (1), Bangladeshi (2), Sudanese (1), Pakistan (1), Korean (1), Caribbean (1)	Caucasian (8), Asian (5), Black African (1), Bangladeshi (2), Mixed Greek (1), Black (1), Pakistani (1), British (1), African (1)
Gender (n)	Female (13), Male (22)	Female (19), Male (3)
Age at Recruitment – years	51 (±14)	50 (±10.4)
Onset	4.8 (±2.7)	4.8 (±3.1)
Currently smoking (%)	7 (20)	6 (22.3)
Co-Morbs Baseline (n)	Osteoarthritis (1), Acne (1), Anaemia (1), Asthma (5), Depression (3), Hypothyroidism (2), Gastro-oesophageal reflux disease (1), anal fistula (1), Hay fever (1), Varicose veins (1), Hypertension (10), Glaucoma (2), Psoriasis (1), Gastric ulcers (1), Diverticulitis (1), Allergy to penicillin (1), Hypercholesterolemia (5), Erectile dysfunction (1), Ischaemic heart disease (2), Diabetes (3), Coronary heart disease (1), Enlarged prostate (1), Carpal tunnel syndrome (1), Low vitamin D (1), GORD (1), Ca prostate (1)	Osteoarthritis (3), Asthma (4), Depression (2), Hypertension (6), Hypercholesterolemia (6), Diabetes (5), Osteopenia (1), Low back pain (1), Anaemia (1), Psoriasis (3), Gout (1), heart block (1), hearing loss (1), laiden deficiency (1), Polycystic ovaries (1), Chest infection (1), Gastritis (1), Fibromyalgia (1), Renal tubular acidosis (1),
Concomitant Med. Baseline (n)	NSAIDs (1), Tetracycline (1), Ferrous sulfate (2), Fluoxetine(1), Fluticasone (1), Salbutamol (1), Lansoprazole (2), Levothyroxine (2), Naproxen (5), Gaviscon (1), Movicol (1), Ibuprofen (5), Amlodipine (6), Timolol (1), Latanoprost (1), Omeprazole (2), Tramadol (1), Diclofenac (2), Perindopril (2), Etoricoxib (1), Indapamide (1), Calcium (2), Irbesartan (1), Vitamin D (2), Sibicol (1), Bendroflumethiazide (2), Simvastatin (6), Co-codamol (5), Metformin (3), Ramipril (2), Repaglinide (1), Insulin (2), Sildenafil (1), Aspirin (3), Dipyrindamole (1), Isosorbide (1), Calci-chew (1), Doxazosin (1), Prednisolone (1), Lisinopril (2), Atenolol (2), Gabapentin (1), Symbicort (1), Paracetamol (1), Solgar (1), Glucosamine (1), Multivitamin (1), Senokot (1), Amitriptyline (1), Flixotide (1), Ventolin (1), Phyllocontin (1), Tamsulosin (1), Arcoxia (1)	Salbutamol (2), Lansoprazole (3), Levothyroxine (1), Naproxen (2), Ibuprofen (3), Amlodipine (2), Omeprazole (2), Tramadol (2), Diclofenac (3), Irbesartan (1), Vitamin D (1), Bendroflumethiazide (1), Simvastatin (2), Co-codamol (3), Metformin (7), Ramipril (2), Aspirin (1), Doxazosin (2), Lisinopril (1), Gabapentin (1), Paracetamol (4), Ventolin (1), Arcoxia (2), Co-dydramol (3), Glclazide (3), Atorvastatin (4), Pioglitazone (1), Trimethoprim (1), Lipitor (1), Allopurinol (1), Voltarol (1), Buprenorphine (1), Dihydrocodeine (2), Glucophage (1), Lanus (1), Novorapid (1), Amoxycillin (1), Clarithromycin (1), Losartan (1), Frusemide (1), Vitamin B12 (1), Humalog (2), Exenatide (1), Glucaxide (1), Glargine (1), Citalopram (2), Colecalcif (1), Metatone (1), Paroxitene, (1), Fenobrate (1), Ferrous fu (3), Bisacodyl (1), Pregabalin (1),
Recent Steroid Therapy (n)	No (30), Yes (5)	No (20), Yes (2)
Steroid Treatment (n)	Depo-Medro (2), Pred (2), Fluticason (1)	Methylpred. (1), Depo-Medro (1)
DMARD Treatment (n)	MTX (1), MTX/ASA (10), MTX/ASA/HCQ (5), ASA (1), ASA/HCQ (2), HCQ (1), MTX/HCQ/LEF (1), MTX/HCQ (12)	MTX (4), MTX/ASA/HCQ (2), MTX/ASA (6), MTX/HCQ (2), ASA (2), ASA/HCQ (1), HCQ (1), ASA/LEF (1)
ESR (mm/hr)	42 (±34)	45 (±26)
CRP (mg/l)	22 (±34)	31 (±35)
CCP (UI/L)	197 (±218)	164 (±200)
RF (UI/L)	119 (±187)	272 (±227)
Tiredness VAS (1-100)	49 (±31)	51 (±32)
Pain VAS (1-100)	61 (±28)	55 (±26)
Pt. VAS Global Health (1-100)	62 (±29)	62 (±30)
Physician VAS Global Assess. (1-100)	60 (±24)	60 (±25)

Tender Joints Baseline (Number/28)	15 (±8)	13 (±8)
Swollen Joints Baseline (Number/28)	9 (±6)	6 (±5)
HAQ (Max 38)	1.46 (±0.75)	1.85 (±0.68)
DAS28 (0-10)	6.03 (±1.48)	5.67 (±1.20)
Delta DAS28 (difference between 2 time points)	-2.59 (±1.18)	0.14 (±1.0)
Response (1)	Responder (36)	Non-responder (22)
Response (2)	Good (19), Moderate (17)	Non-responder (22)
US Synovial Thickness (12max) (Number/36)	2 (±0)	
US Power Doppler (12max) (Number/36)	1.5 (±0.5)	
US Synovial Thickness (Biopsied Joint) (Number/3)	13 (±1)	
US Power Doppler (Biopsied Joint) (Number/3)	4 (±1)	
Radiographic Erosion (n)	No (20), Yes (6)	No (11), Yes (4)

Erythrocyte sedimentation rate = ESR, C-reactive protein = CRP, Anti-cyclic citrullinated peptide = CCP, rheumatoid factor = RF, VAS = visual analogue scale, HAQ = Health Assessment Questionnaire, DAS28 = disease activity score-28, US = ultrasound, MTX = methotrexate, ASA = aspirin, HCQ = hydroxychloroquine, LEF = Leflunomide.

Supplementary Table 5: Baseline peripheral blood lipid mediator profiles in RA patient cohort 2.

	Q1	Q3	DMARD Responders			DMARD Non-Responders		
DHA bioactive metabolome			Mean	±	SEM	Mean	±	SEM
RvD1	375	233	0.31	±	0.19	0.50	±	0.17
RvD2	375	141	0.08	±	0.04	16.96	±	11.42
RvD3	375	147	0.01	±	0.01	0.10	±	0.05
RvD4	375	101	0.93	±	0.27	1.98	±	0.51
RvD5	359	199	0.15	±	0.04	2.39	±	1.41
RvD6	359	101	0.18	±	0.03	1.72	±	0.78
17R-RvD1	375	233	0.49	±	0.12	0.68	±	0.23
17R-RvD3	375	147	0.01	±	0.00	0.02	±	0.02
PD1	359	153	0.38	±	0.06	0.92	±	0.28
PDX	359	153	0.12	±	0.02	1.47	±	0.60
17R-PD1	359	153	0.04	±	0.01	0.65	±	0.34
22-OH-PD1	375	153	0.09	±	0.03	0.66	±	0.35
PCTR1	650	231	0.00	±	0.00	0.00	±	0.00
PCTR2	521	231	0.17	±	0.06	0.13	±	0.08
PCTR3	464	231	0.36	±	0.14	0.00	±	0.00
MaR1	359	221	0.44	±	0.14	3.27	±	0.81
MaR2	359	191	0.08	±	0.03	1.43	±	0.74
7S,14S-diHDHA	359	221	0.67	±	0.17	2.70	±	0.70
4S,14S-diHDHA	359	101	0.65	±	0.09	3.79	±	2.12
22-OH-MaR1	375	221	0.74	±	0.26	6.55	±	1.98
14-oxo-MaR1	357	248	0.04	±	0.02	0.02	±	0.01
MCTR1	650	191	0.00	±	0.00	0.00	±	0.00
MCTR2	521	191	0.44	±	0.12	2.15	±	0.81
MCTR3	464	191	0.29	±	0.12	1.83	±	1.14
n-3 DPA bioactive metabolome								
RvT1	377	193	0.48	±	0.45	0.00	±	0.00
RvT2	377	197	2.07	±	0.18	2.40	±	1.36
RvT3	377	197	0.32	±	0.11	0.43	±	0.13
RvT4	361	211	1.74	±	1.03	0.93	±	0.34
RvD1 _{n-3} DPA	377	215	0.78	±	0.21	0.74	±	0.50
RvD2 _{n-3} DPA	377	261	0.36	±	0.25	0.17	±	0.06
RvD5 _{n-3} DPA	361	199	0.49	±	0.22	2.69	±	0.90
PD1 _{n-3} DPA	361	155	0.06	±	0.03	0.10	±	0.06
10S, 17S-diHDP A	361	155	0.08	±	0.03	0.12	±	0.06
MaR1 _{n-3} DPA	361	223	0.05	±	0.03	1.53	±	0.69
EPA bioactive metabolome								
RvE1	349	195	0.24	±	0.08	0.01	±	0.01
RvE2	333	159	1.58	±	0.27	5.37	±	1.62
RvE3	333	201	0.21	±	0.06	0.18	±	0.10
AA bioactive metabolome								
LXA ₄	351	115	0.02	±	0.01	0.41	±	0.16
LXB ₄	351	221	0.80	±	0.49	1.86	±	0.83
15R-LXA ₄	351	115	0.65	±	0.31	3.82	±	0.82
15R-LXB ₄	351	221	1.39	±	0.30	0.44	±	0.17
5S,15S-diHETE	335	235	2.05	±	0.44	5.87	±	3.78
LTB ₄	335	195	18.04	±	4.20	66.04	±	14.51
5S,12S-diHETE	335	195	0.15	±	0.07	10.51	±	2.95
6-trans-LTB ₄	335	195	0.72	±	0.14	4.79	±	0.98
12-epi-6-trans-LTB ₄	335	195	0.63	±	0.17	9.97	±	2.10
20-OH-LTB ₄	351	195	10.92	±	3.42	34.65	±	7.93
20-COOH-LTB ₄	369	195	1.43	±	0.48	7.26	±	1.89
LTC ₄	626	189	51.99	±	17.43	14.45	±	3.07
LTD ₄	497	189	14.88	±	4.12	8.14	±	1.89
LTE ₄	440	189	91.54	±	23.83	32.76	±	6.85
PGD ₂	351	189	0.87	±	0.15	5.84	±	1.39
PGE ₂	351	189	1.30	±	0.31	7.13	±	1.72
PGF _{2a}	353	193	2.04	±	0.62	23.01	±	4.64
TXB ₂	369	169	53.28	±	13.57	45.37	±	16.21

Results are expressed pg/ml. n = 36 for DMARD Responders and n = 22 DMARD Non-Responders

Supplementary Table 6: Chiral chromatography of baseline plasma from DMARD responders and non-responders demonstrates higher concentrations of the S-monohydroxylated enantiomers.

	Responders		Non-Responders	
	R-Enantiomer <i>Relative abundance (%)</i>	S-Enantiomer <i>Relative abundance (%)</i>	R-Enantiomer <i>Relative abundance (%)</i>	S-Enantiomer <i>Relative abundance (%)</i>
17-HDHA	45.48 ± 2.48	54.52 ± 2.48	44.89 ± 1.69	55.11 ± 1.69
14-HDHA	6.71 ± 1.03	93.29 ± 1.03	19.84 ± 18.50	80.16 ± 18.50
7-HDHA	31.64 ± 3.13	68.36 ± 3.13	35.20 ± 4.01	64.80 ± 4.01
17-HDPA	16.16 ± 6.76	83.84 ± 6.76	16.16 ± 6.76	83.84 ± 6.76
14-HDPA	6.90 ± 1.63	93.10 ± 1.63	6.90 ± 1.63	93.10 ± 1.63
7-HDPA	-	-	-	-
15-HEPE	34.31 ± 5.59	65.69 ± 5.59	34.31 ± 5.59	65.69 ± 5.59
5-HEPE	24.34 ± 8.33	75.66 ± 8.33	24.34 ± 8.33	75.66 ± 8.33
15-HETE	4.44 ± 2.64	95.56 ± 2.64	4.44 ± 2.64	95.56 ± 2.64
5-HETE	11.27 ± 2.37	88.73 ± 2.37	11.27 ± 2.37	88.73 ± 2.37

- = below detection limits

Supplementary Table 7: Peripheral blood lipid mediator profiles in patients with RA after 6 months of DMARD treatment.

	Q1	Q3	DMARD Responders			DMARD Non-Responders		
			Mean	±	SEM	Mean	±	SEM
DHA bioactive metabolome								
RvD1	375	233	0.09	±	0.06	0.60	±	0.19
RvD2	375	141	0.97	±	0.44	0.18	±	0.13
RvD3	375	147	0.13	±	0.05	0.02	±	0.02
RvD4	375	101	1.38	±	0.41	0.93	±	0.26
RvD5	359	199	0.30	±	0.12	0.32	±	0.11
RvD6	359	101	0.52	±	0.10	0.55	±	0.16
17R -RvD1	375	233	0.13	±	0.07	0.27	±	0.13
17R -RvD3	375	147	0.07	±	0.04	0.10	±	0.07
PD1	359	153	1.14	±	0.19	0.78	±	0.27
PDX	359	153	0.92	±	0.36	9.23	±	3.38
17R-PD1	359	153	0.64	±	0.51	5.98	±	2.01
22-OH-PD1	375	153	0.07	±	0.04	0.06	±	0.05
PCTR1	650	231	2.25	±	1.59	0.00	±	0.00
PCTR2	521	231	0.39	±	0.14	0.05	±	0.05
PCTR3	464	231	0.00	±	0.00	0.00	±	0.00
MaR1	359	221	6.82	±	1.39	5.83	±	1.30
MaR2	359	191	0.64	±	0.38	0.00	±	0.00
7S,14S-diHDHA	359	221	2.21	±	0.78	2.79	±	0.69
4S,14S-diHDHA	359	101	3.89	±	3.28	1.51	±	0.37
22-OH-MaR1	375	221	2.21	±	0.95	2.07	±	1.78
14-oxo-MaR1	357	248	0.32	±	0.32	2.35	±	0.86
MCTR1	650	191	0.00	±	0.00	0.00	±	0.00
MCTR2	521	191	0.97	±	0.23	0.28	±	0.19
MCTR3	464	191	3.32	±	0.98	4.71	±	1.61
n-3 DPA bioactive metabolome								
RvT1	377	193	0.34	±	0.13	0.23	±	0.12
RvT2	377	197	0.04	±	0.04	0.16	±	0.10
RvT3	377	197	0.00	±	0.00	0.00	±	0.00
RvT4	361	211	0.31	±	0.09	0.93	±	0.27
RvD1 _{n-3 DPA}	377	143	1.19	±	0.31	1.02	±	0.27
RvD2 _{n-3 DPA}	377	261	1.54	±	0.27	1.68	±	0.58
RvD5 _{n-3DPA}	361	199	1.26	±	0.21	1.38	±	0.28
PD1 _{n-3 DPA}	361	155	0.37	±	0.08	0.34	±	0.11
10S, 17S-diHDPA	361	155	0.28	±	0.07	0.16	±	0.11
MaR1 _{n-3 DPA}	361	249	0.02	±	0.02	0.10	±	0.07
EPA bioactive metabolome								
RvE1	349	161	0.09	±	0.07	0.00	±	0.00
RvE2	333	199	5.26	±	1.02	3.62	±	1.44
RvE3	333	201	0.87	±	0.26	0.90	±	0.23
AA bioactive metabolome								
LXA ₄	351	115	0.11	±	0.03	0.08	±	0.03
LXB ₄	351	221	0.17	±	0.08	0.36	±	0.23
15R-LXA ₄	351	115	0.76	±	0.15	1.78	±	0.54
15R-LXB ₄	351	221	5.11	±	0.60	9.37	±	1.39
5S,15S-diHETE	335	115	26.99	±	7.61	26.54	±	3.89
LTB ₄	335	195	52.21	±	10.73	108.07	±	50.98
5S,12S-diHETE	335	195	1.57	±	0.69	0.85	±	0.33
6-trans-LTB ₄	335	195	1.67	±	0.28	5.35	±	3.63
12-epi-6-trans-LTB ₄	335	195	1.95	±	0.33	4.63	±	2.24
20-OH-LTB ₄	351	195	24.47	±	7.22	42.62	±	18.36
20-COOH-LTB ₄	369	195	0.16	±	0.03	0.42	±	0.33
LTC ₄	626	189	13.21	±	4.65	20.10	±	6.85
LTD ₄	497	189	6.86	±	1.69	5.65	±	1.31
LTE ₄	440	189	41.48	±	12.00	87.57	±	44.40
PGD ₂	351	189	7.48	±	1.87	12.26	±	5.93
PGE ₂	351	189	11.10	±	3.55	11.29	±	4.59
PGF _{2a}	353	193	11.24	±	2.30	13.45	±	3.42

369	169	190.70	±	72.02	168.15	±	85.85
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Supplementary Table 8: Chiral chromatography of plasma 6 months post treatment initiation from DMARD responders and non-responders demonstrates higher concentrations of the S-monohydroxylated enantiomers

	Responders		Non-Responders	
	R-Enantiomer <i>Relative abundance (%)</i>	S-Enantiomer <i>Relative abundance (%)</i>	R-Enantiomer <i>Relative abundance (%)</i>	S-Enantiomer <i>Relative abundance (%)</i>
17-HDHA	66.80 ± 3.97	33.20 ± 3.97	58.22 ± 11.53	41.78 ± 11.53
14-HDHA	9.57 ± 2.76	90.43 ± 2.76	10.32 ± 4.39	89.68 ± 4.39
7-HDHA	38.47 ± 10.90	61.53 ± 10.90	32.37 ± 8.50	67.63 ± 8.50
17-HDPA	-	-	-	-
14-HDPA	3.25 ± 0.32	96.75 ± 0.32	2.06 ± 0.40	97.94 ± 0.40
7-HDPA	-	-	-	-
15-HEPE	77.12 ± 6.97	22.88 ± 6.97	67.06 ± 10.51	32.94 ± 10.51
5-HEPE	18.30 ± 3.55	81.70 ± 3.55	17.86 ± 3.28	82.14 ± 3.28
15-HETE	48.48 ± 18.21	51.52 ± 18.21	15.87 ± 6.60	84.13 ± 6.60
5-HETE	15.82 ± 0.75	84.18 ± 0.75	13.51 ± 1.81	86.49 ± 1.81

- = below detection limits

Supplementary Table 9: Mass Spectrometer settings for Multiple Reaction Monitoring and Enhance product Ion for AB Sciex 5500 Q TRAP.

AB Sciex 5500 Q TRAP		
Parameter	MRM	EPI
Curtain Gas	35	35
Collision Gas	Medium	Medium
Ion Spray Voltage	-3500	-3500
Temperature	550 °C	550 °C
Ion Source Gas 1	30	30
Ion Source Gas 2	75	75

Supplementary Table 10: Mass Spectrometer settings for Multiple Reaction Monitoring and Enhance product Ion for AB Sciex 6500+ Q TRAP.

AB Sciex 6500+ Q TRAP		
Parameter	MRM	EPI
Curtain Gas	30	30
Collision Gas	Medium	Medium
Ion Spray Voltage	-4500	-4500
Temperature	440 °C	440 °C
Ion Source Gas 1	45	45
Ion Source Gas 2	70	70

Supplementary Table 11: Signal repeatability for MRM transitions employed in the quantitation of lipid mediators – SCIEX 5500.

Compound	Q1	Q3	% variability		
			0.5 pg	1 pg	5 pg
DHA Metabolome					
RvD1	375	233	12%	4%	3%
RvD2	375	141	4%	6%	5%
RvD3	375	147	5%	3%	7%
RvD4	375	101	2%	4%	2%
RvD5	359	199	6%	9%	2%
RvD6	359	101	5%	3%	3%
17R -RvD1	375	233	7%	6%	7%
17R -RvD3	375	147	9%	1%	7%
PD1	359	153	7%	8%	3%
PDX	359	153	3%	5%	1%
17R-PD1	359	153	5%	1%	9%
22-OH-PD1	375	153	2%	2%	3%
MaR1	359	221	19%	6%	15%
MaR2	359	191	3%	1%	2%
7S,14S-diHDHA	359	221	5%	6%	3%
4S,14S-diHDHA*	359	101	6%	5%	2%
22-OH-MaR1	375	221	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.
14-oxo-MaR1	357	248	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.
n-3 DPA Metabolome					
RvT1	377	193	5%	8%	3%
RvT2	377	197	3%	5%	5%
RvT3	377	197	4%	5%	5%
RvT4	361	211	5%	14%	6%
RvD1 _{n-3} DPA	377	143	11%	6%	4%
RvD2 _{n-3} DPA	377	261	9%	5%	1%
RvD5 _{n-3} DPA	361	199	10%	5%	5%
PD1 _{n-3} DPA	361	183	3%	5%	5%
10S, 17S-diHDPA*	361	183	3%	5%	5%
MaR1 _{n-3} DPA	361	249	10%	9%	4%
EPA Metabolome					
RvE1	349	161	4%	6%	4%
RvE2	333	199	17%	9%	6%
RvE3	333	201	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.
AA Metabolome					
LXA ₄	351	115	7%	3%	4%
LXB ₄	351	221	10%	4%	7%
5S,15S-diHETE	335	115	14%	11%	6%
15-epi-LXA ₄	351	115	6%	3%	3%
15-epi-LXB ₄	351	221	6%	1%	7%
LTB ₄	335	195	2%	4%	6%
5S,12S-diHETE*	335	195	2%	4%	6%
6-trans-LTB ₄ *	335	195	2%	4%	6%
12-epi-6-trans-LTB ₄ *	335	195	2%	4%	6%
20-OH-LTB ₄	335	195	4%	2%	5%
20-COOH-LTB ₄	351	195	5%	2%	7%
PGD ₂	351	189	4%	5%	2%
PGE ₂	351	189	5%	5%	3%
PGF _{2α}	353	193	6%	4%	5%

TXB ₂	369	169	10%	7%	17%
d ₄ -PGE ₂	355	193	17%	8%	2%
d ₅ -LXA ₄	356	115	9%	3%	3%
d ₅ -RvD2	380	141	19%	9%	3%
d ₄ -LTB ₄	339	197	9%	8%	6%

Lipid mediator were injected at the indicated concentrations and signal was quantified using a Sciex 5500 mass spectrometer. AUC for 4 distinct injections were determined and average calculated. Results are absolute percent variation for each transition. * Repeatability was determined using RvD6 for 4S,4S-diHDDHA, PD1_{n-3} DPA for 10S, 17S-diHDDPA and LTB₄ for 5S,12S-diHETE, 6-trans-LTB₄, 12-epi-6-trans-LTB₄. N.D. = not determined

Supplementary Table 12: Signal repeatability for MRM transitions employed in the quantitation of lipid mediators – SCIEX 6500+.

Compound	Q1	Q3	% variability		
			0.5 pg	1 pg	5 pg
DHA Metabolome					
RvD1	375	233	11%	9%	5%
RvD2	375	141	12%	9%	3%
RvD3	375	147	4%	4%	1%
RvD4	375	101	2%	3%	2%
RvD5	359	199	3%	6%	3%
RvD6	359	101	2%	4%	1%
17R -RvD1	375	233	7%	3%	1%
17R -RvD3	375	147	2%	9%	1%
PD1	359	153	8%	2%	2%
PDX	359	153	2%	3%	3%
17R-PD1	359	153	3%	4%	2%
22-OH-PD1	375	153	1%	1%	1%
PCTR1	650	231	7%	8%	9%
PCTR2	521	231	5%	5%	4%
PCTR3	464	231	7%	2%	13%
MaR1	359	221	9%	14%	15%
MaR2	359	191	2%	2%	1%
7S,14S-diHDHA	359	221	6%	5%	7%
4S,14S-diHDHA	359	101	3%	3%	1%
22-OH-MaR1	375	221	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.
14-oxo-MaR1	357	248	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.
MCTR1	650	191	4%	9%	9%
MCTR2	521	191	2%	4%	4%
MCTR3	464	191	3%	4%	7%
n-3 DPA Metabolome					
RvT1	377	193	10%	6%	2%
RvT2	377	197			
RvT3	377	197			
RvT4	361	211	9%	6%	6%
RvD1 _{n-3 DPA}	377	215	6%	5%	3%
RvD2 _{n-3 DPA}	371	261	9%	16%	13%
RvD5 _{n-3 DPA}	361	199	9%	10%	3%
PD1 _{n-3 DPA}	361	183			
10S, 17S-diHDPA	361	183			
MaR1 _{n-3 DPA}	361	249	1%	10%	6%
EPA Metabolome					
RvE1	349	195	5%	5%	2%
RvE2	333	159	5%	10%	4%
RvE2	333	201	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.
AA Metabolome					
LXA ₄	351	115	13%	6%	2%
LXB ₄	351	221	12%	4%	7%
5S,15S-diHETE	335	235	15%	16%	8%
15-epi-LXA ₄	351	115	5%	4%	4%
15-epi-LXB ₄	351	221	8%	4%	6%
LTB ₄	335	195	4%	3%	2%
5S,12S-diHETE*	335	195	4%	3%	2%
6-trans-LTB ₄ *	335	195	4%	3%	2%
12-epi-6-trans-LTB ₄ *	335	195	4%	3%	2%
20-OH-LTB ₄	351	195	3%	3%	1%
20-COOH-LTB ₄	369	195	6%	10%	4%

LTC ₄	626	189	5%	7%	7%
LTD ₄	497	189	3%	1%	12%
LTE ₄	440	189	4%	3%	8%
PGD ₂	351	189	6%	5%	1%
PGE ₂	351	189	5%	3%	4%
PGF _{2α}	353	193	11%	3%	1%
TXB ₂	369	169	8%	8%	9%
d ₄ -PGE ₂	355	193	6%	8%	2%
d ₅ -LXA ₄	356	115	5%	4%	2%
d ₅ -RvD2	380	141	14%	10%	3%
d ₄ -LTB ₄	339	197	13%	5%	1%
d ₅ -LTC ₄	631	194	6%	2%	12%
d ₅ -LTD ₄	502	194	6%	3%	13%
d ₅ -LTE ₄	445	194	3%	3%	3%

Lipid mediator were injected at the indicated concentrations and signal was quantified using a Sciex 6500+ mass spectrometer. AUC for 4 distinct injections were determined and average calculated. Results are absolute percent variation for each transition. * Repeatability was determined using a RvD6 for 4S,4S-diHDHA, PD1_{n-3} DPA for 10S, 17S-diHDPA and LTB₄ for 5S,12S-diHETE, 6-trans-LTB₄, 12-epi-6-trans-LTB₄. N.D. = not determined