

Reporting Summary

Nature Portfolio wishes to improve the reproducibility of the work that we publish. This form provides structure for consistency and transparency in reporting. For further information on Nature Portfolio policies, see our [Editorial Policies](#) and the [Editorial Policy Checklist](#).

Statistics

For all statistical analyses, confirm that the following items are present in the figure legend, table legend, main text, or Methods section.

- | | |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| n/a | Confirmed |
| ☐ | ☒ The exact sample size (<i>n</i>) for each experimental group/condition, given as a discrete number and unit of measurement |
| ☐ | ☒ A statement on whether measurements were taken from distinct samples or whether the same sample was measured repeatedly |
| ☐ | ☒ The statistical test(s) used AND whether they are one- or two-sided
<i>Only common tests should be described solely by name; describe more complex techniques in the Methods section.</i> |
| ☒ | ☐ A description of all covariates tested |
| ☐ | ☒ A description of any assumptions or corrections, such as tests of normality and adjustment for multiple comparisons |
| ☐ | ☒ A full description of the statistical parameters including central tendency (e.g. means) or other basic estimates (e.g. regression coefficient) AND variation (e.g. standard deviation) or associated estimates of uncertainty (e.g. confidence intervals) |
| ☐ | ☒ For null hypothesis testing, the test statistic (e.g. <i>F</i> , <i>t</i> , <i>r</i>) with confidence intervals, effect sizes, degrees of freedom and <i>P</i> value noted
<i>Give P values as exact values whenever suitable.</i> |
| ☒ | ☐ For Bayesian analysis, information on the choice of priors and Markov chain Monte Carlo settings |
| ☒ | ☐ For hierarchical and complex designs, identification of the appropriate level for tests and full reporting of outcomes |
| ☐ | ☒ Estimates of effect sizes (e.g. Cohen's <i>d</i> , Pearson's <i>r</i>), indicating how they were calculated |

Our web collection on [statistics for biologists](#) contains articles on many of the points above.

Software and code

Policy information about [availability of computer code](#)

Data collection	Quantitative crotonylome analysis was conducted on Q ExactiveTM Plus (Thermo) coupled online to the UPLC; HPLC-MS/MS analysis was conducted on Orbitrap Exploris 480 coupled to the EASY-nLC 1200 UPLC; Metabolomic data analysis of crotonyl-CoA was performed using a 6500plus QTrap mass spectrometer (AB SCIEX, USA) coupled with the ACQUITY UPLC H-Class system (Waters, USA); Targeted metabolomics was performed using TSQ Quantiva with C18 based reverse phase chromatography (Thermo Fisher); Metabolite profiling and isotope tracing was performed using TSQ Quantiva triple quadrupole mass spectrometer coupled to a Dionex Ulti-Mate 3000 UPLC system (Thermo Fisher Scientific); Fluorescence images were captured using a confocal microscope (ZeissLSM 880); Tissue microarrays were scanned by Panoramic scan (3DHISTECH Ltd.); Extracellular acidification rate and oxygen consumption rate was recorded using a Seahorse XF96 Analyzer (Agilent); Flow cytometry analysis was performed using a BD LSRFortessa cell analyzer (BD Biosciences); Real-time RT-PCR was performed using the applied Biosystems 7500 Fast instrument (Life Technologies).
Data analysis	GraphPad PRISM (v.9.0.2) was used for bar graphs output and statistic analysis; Maxquant search engine (v.1.5.2.8) was used for the MS/MS data processing; Tracefinder 3.2 (Thermo) was used for metabolite identification of targeted metabolomics; SCIEX OS 1.6 software was applied for crotonyl-CoA identification and peak integration; Seahorse Wave Desktop software was used for the analysis of the cellular metabolism data; ZEN 2.3 SP1 software was used for image processing and colocalization analysis; Caseviewer 2.4 was used for image analysis of immunohistochemistry; Aperio ImageScope (v12.3.3.5048) was used for calculating IHC scores; BD FACSDiva 7.0 software was used for the analysis of flow cytometry data. GSEA (v.4.3.2) was used for the analysis of gene expression data.

For manuscripts utilizing custom algorithms or software that are central to the research but not yet described in published literature, software must be made available to editors and reviewers. We strongly encourage code deposition in a community repository (e.g. GitHub). See the Nature Portfolio [guidelines for submitting code & software](#) for further information.

Data

Policy information about [availability of data](#)

All manuscripts must include a [data availability statement](#). This statement should provide the following information, where applicable:

- Accession codes, unique identifiers, or web links for publicly available datasets
- A description of any restrictions on data availability
- For clinical datasets or third party data, please ensure that the statement adheres to our [policy](#)

Publicly available datasets reported in this paper are from the GEO databases (GSE22820, GSE26304) and Gene Expression Profiling Interactive Analysis (GEPIA). The mass spectrometry proteomics data have been deposited to the ProteomeXchange Consortium (<https://proteomecentral.proteomexchange.org>) via the iProX partner repository with the dataset identifier PXD051809. All other data are available within this Article and Supplementary Files, or available from the corresponding authors on request. Source data are provided with this paper.

Research involving human participants, their data, or biological material

Policy information about studies with [human participants or human data](#). See also policy information about [sex, gender \(identity/presentation\), and sexual orientation](#) and [race, ethnicity and racism](#).

Reporting on sex and gender	No.
Reporting on race, ethnicity, or other socially relevant groupings	No.
Population characteristics	No.
Recruitment	No.
Ethics oversight	No.

Note that full information on the approval of the study protocol must also be provided in the manuscript.

Field-specific reporting

Please select the one below that is the best fit for your research. If you are not sure, read the appropriate sections before making your selection.

☒ Life sciences ☐ Behavioural & social sciences ☐ Ecological, evolutionary & environmental sciences

For a reference copy of the document with all sections, see [nature.com/documents/nr-reporting-summary-flat.pdf](https://www.nature.com/documents/nr-reporting-summary-flat.pdf)

Life sciences study design

All studies must disclose on these points even when the disclosure is negative.

Sample size	All the experiments were performed using sample sizes based on our previously published studies and standard protocols in the field (PMID:36396642; PMID: 33981038). No statistical methods were used to predetermine sample sizes. In cases where statistics were derived, sample size was n=3 or more biological replicates.
Data exclusions	No data was excluded from the study.
Replication	All biological experiments were carried out under clearly defined and standard conditions and the results of all the experiments were generated from at least three biologically independent samples unless noted otherwise in the figure legend.
Randomization	Mice were randomly divided into different groups. For experiments other than mice experiments, samples were randomly allocated into experimental groups.
Blinding	Data collection and analysis were not performed blind to the conditions of the experiments.

Behavioural & social sciences study design

All studies must disclose on these points even when the disclosure is negative.

Study description	Briefly describe the study type including whether data are quantitative, qualitative, or mixed-methods (e.g. qualitative cross-sectional, quantitative experimental, mixed-methods case study).
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Research sample	State the research sample (e.g. Harvard university undergraduates, villagers in rural India) and provide relevant demographic information (e.g. age, sex) and indicate whether the sample is representative. Provide a rationale for the study sample chosen. For studies involving existing datasets, please describe the dataset and source.
Sampling strategy	Describe the sampling procedure (e.g. random, snowball, stratified, convenience). Describe the statistical methods that were used to predetermine sample size OR if no sample-size calculation was performed, describe how sample sizes were chosen and provide a rationale for why these sample sizes are sufficient. For qualitative data, please indicate whether data saturation was considered, and what criteria were used to decide that no further sampling was needed.
Data collection	Provide details about the data collection procedure, including the instruments or devices used to record the data (e.g. pen and paper, computer, eye tracker, video or audio equipment) whether anyone was present besides the participant(s) and the researcher, and whether the researcher was blind to experimental condition and/or the study hypothesis during data collection.
Timing	Indicate the start and stop dates of data collection. If there is a gap between collection periods, state the dates for each sample cohort.
Data exclusions	If no data were excluded from the analyses, state so OR if data were excluded, provide the exact number of exclusions and the rationale behind them, indicating whether exclusion criteria were pre-established.
Non-participation	State how many participants dropped out/declined participation and the reason(s) given OR provide response rate OR state that no participants dropped out/declined participation.
Randomization	If participants were not allocated into experimental groups, state so OR describe how participants were allocated to groups, and if allocation was not random, describe how covariates were controlled.

Ecological, evolutionary & environmental sciences study design

All studies must disclose on these points even when the disclosure is negative.

Study description	Briefly describe the study. For quantitative data include treatment factors and interactions, design structure (e.g. factorial, nested, hierarchical), nature and number of experimental units and replicates.
Research sample	Describe the research sample (e.g. a group of tagged <i>Passer domesticus</i> , all <i>Stenocereus thurberi</i> within Organ Pipe Cactus National Monument), and provide a rationale for the sample choice. When relevant, describe the organism taxa, source, sex, age range and any manipulations. State what population the sample is meant to represent when applicable. For studies involving existing datasets, describe the data and its source.
Sampling strategy	Note the sampling procedure. Describe the statistical methods that were used to predetermine sample size OR if no sample-size calculation was performed, describe how sample sizes were chosen and provide a rationale for why these sample sizes are sufficient.
Data collection	Describe the data collection procedure, including who recorded the data and how.
Timing and spatial scale	Indicate the start and stop dates of data collection, noting the frequency and periodicity of sampling and providing a rationale for these choices. If there is a gap between collection periods, state the dates for each sample cohort. Specify the spatial scale from which the data are taken
Data exclusions	If no data were excluded from the analyses, state so OR if data were excluded, describe the exclusions and the rationale behind them, indicating whether exclusion criteria were pre-established.
Reproducibility	Describe the measures taken to verify the reproducibility of experimental findings. For each experiment, note whether any attempts to repeat the experiment failed OR state that all attempts to repeat the experiment were successful.
Randomization	Describe how samples/organisms/participants were allocated into groups. If allocation was not random, describe how covariates were controlled. If this is not relevant to your study, explain why.
Blinding	Describe the extent of blinding used during data acquisition and analysis. If blinding was not possible, describe why OR explain why blinding was not relevant to your study.

Did the study involve field work? ☐ Yes ☐ No

Field work, collection and transport

Field conditions	Describe the study conditions for field work, providing relevant parameters (e.g. temperature, rainfall).
Location	State the location of the sampling or experiment, providing relevant parameters (e.g. latitude and longitude, elevation, water depth).
Access & import/export	Describe the efforts you have made to access habitats and to collect and import/export your samples in a responsible manner and in compliance with local, national and international laws, noting any permits that were obtained (give the name of the issuing authority,

the date of issue, and any identifying information).

Disturbance

Describe any disturbance caused by the study and how it was minimized.

Reporting for specific materials, systems and methods

We require information from authors about some types of materials, experimental systems and methods used in many studies. Here, indicate whether each material, system or method listed is relevant to your study. If you are not sure if a list item applies to your research, read the appropriate section before selecting a response.

Materials & experimental systems

n/a	Involved in the study
☐	☒ Antibodies
☐	☒ Eukaryotic cell lines
☒	☐ Palaeontology and archaeology
☐	☒ Animals and other organisms
☒	☐ Clinical data
☒	☐ Dual use research of concern
☒	☐ Plants

Methods

n/a	Involved in the study
☒	☐ ChIP-seq
☐	☒ Flow cytometry
☒	☐ MRI-based neuroimaging

Antibodies

Antibodies used

anti-PGK1 (Proteintech, 17811-1-AP, 1:2000 dilution), anti-PGK1 (Santa Cruz, sc-130335, 1:1000 dilution), anti-Crotonyllysine (PTM BIO, PTM-501, 1:500 dilution), anti-Acetyllysine (PTM BIO, PTM-105, 1:500 dilution), anti-ECHS1 (Proteintech, 11305-1-AP, 1:500 dilution), anti-GAPDH (Proteintech, 60004-1-Ig, 1:1000 dilution), anti-VHL (Proteintech, 24756-1-AP, 1:500 dilution), anti-HIF-1 alpha (Proteintech, 20960-1-AP, 1:1000 dilution), anti-PCAF (Santa Cruz, sc-13124, 1:1000 dilution), anti-PDHK1 (Proteintech, 18262-1-AP, 1:2000 dilution), anti-phospho-PDHK1 (Thr338) (Signalway, 11596, 1:500 dilution), anti-Flag M2 (Sigma-Aldrich, F1804, 1:5000 dilution), anti-GST (Proteintech, 66001-2-Ig, 1:5000 dilution), anti-His (Proteintech, 66005-1-Ig, 1:5000 dilution), anti-HA (Proteintech, 51064-2-AP, 1:3000 dilution), anti-mouse IgG (H+L)/HRP (Jackson, 115-035-003, 1:10000 dilution), anti-rabbit IgG (H+L)/HRP (Jackson, 111-035-003, 1:10000 dilution), anti-rabbit IgG (H+L)/FITC (ZSGB-Bio, ZF-0311, 1:200 dilution), anti-rabbit IgG (H+L)/TRITC (ZSGB-Bio, ZF-0316, 1:200 dilution), anti-mouse IgG (H+L)/FITC (ZSGB-Bio, ZF-0312, 1:200 dilution), anti-mouse IgG (H+L)/TRITC (ZSGB-Bio, ZF-0313, 1:200 dilution). Rabbit polyclonal anti-crotonyl-PGK1 (K131) was custom-made by PTM to detect PGK1 K131 site-specific crotonylation levels.

Validation

Rabbit polyclonal anti-crotonyl-PGK1 (K131) is a customized antibody and validated by the manufacturers or by ourselves with negative controls or the lysates of cells transfected with PGK1 K131R to ensure good specificity. This antibody is validated for ELISA, dot blot, WB and IHC, and tested in human. Other antibodies used in this study are commercially available and are validated by the manufacturers or by ourselves with negative controls or the lysates of knockout or knockdown cells to ensure good specificity.

Related information is available from their website:

anti-PGK1 (<https://www.ptgcn.com/Products/PGK1-Antibody-17811-1-AP.htm>),
 anti-PGK1 (<https://www.scbt.com/zh/p/pgk1-antibody-14>),
 anti-Crotonyllysine (<https://ptmbio.com/products/anti-crotonyllysine-mouse-mab/PTM-502.htm>),
 anti-Acetyllysine (<https://ptmbio.com/products/anti-acetyllysine-rabbit-mab/PTM-105RM.htm>),
 anti-ECHS1 (<https://www.ptgcn.com/Products/ECHS1-Antibody-11305-1-AP.htm>),
 anti-GAPDH (<https://www.ptglab.co.jp/products/GAPDH-Antibody-60004-1-Ig.htm>),
 anti-VHL (<https://www.ptgcn.com/Products/VHL-Antibody-24756-1-AP.htm>),
 anti-HIF-1 alpha (<https://www.ptglab.co.jp/products/HIF1A-Antibody-20960-1-AP.htm>),
 anti-PCAF (<https://www.scbt.com/p/pcaf-antibody-e-8?requestFrom=search>),
 anti-PDHK1 (<https://www.ptglab.co.jp/Products/PDK1-Antibody-18262-1-AP.htm>),
 anti-phospho-PDHK1 (Thr338) (<https://www.sabbiotech.com.cn/g-17162-PDHK1-Phospho-Thr338-Antibody-11596.html>),
 anti-Flag M2 (<https://www.sigmaaldrich.com/HK/zh/product/sigma/f1804>),
 anti-GST (<https://www.ptglab.co.jp/Products/GST-Tag-Antibody-66001-2-Ig.htm>),
 anti-His (<https://www.ptglab.co.jp/products/His-Tag-Antibody-66005-1-Ig.htm>),
 anti-HA (<https://www.ptglab.co.jp/Products/HA-tag-Antibody-51064-2-AP.htm>),
 anti-mouse IgG (H+L)/HRP (<https://www.jacksonimmuno.com/catalog/products/115-035-003>),
 anti-rabbit IgG (H+L)/HRP (<https://www.jacksonimmuno.com/catalog/products/111-035-003>),
 anti-rabbit IgG (H+L)/FITC (<http://www.zsbio.com/product/ZF-0311>),
 anti-rabbit IgG (H+L)/TRITC (<http://www.zsbio.com/product/ZF-0316>),
 anti-mouse IgG (H+L)/FITC (<http://www.zsbio.com/product/ZF-0312>),
 anti-mouse IgG (H+L)/TRITC (<http://www.zsbio.com/product/ZF-0313>).

Eukaryotic cell lines

Policy information about [cell lines and Sex and Gender in Research](#)

Cell line source(s)	MDA-MB231 (ATCC, HTB-26), MDA-MB468 (ATCC, HTB-132), T47D (ATCC, HTB-133), HCC1806 (ATCC, CRL-2335), MCF 10A (ATCC, CRL-10317) and HEK293T (ATCC, CRL-3216) cells were obtained from the American Type Culture Collection (ATCC).
Authentication	The identity of the cell lines was frequently checked by their morphological features but has not been authenticated by the short tandem repeat (STR) profiling.
Mycoplasma contamination	All cell lines tested negative for mycoplasma contamination.
Commonly misidentified lines (See ICLAC register)	No commonly misidentified cell lines were used in this study.

Palaeontology and Archaeology

Specimen provenance	<i>Provide provenance information for specimens and describe permits that were obtained for the work (including the name of the issuing authority, the date of issue, and any identifying information). Permits should encompass collection and, where applicable, export.</i>
Specimen deposition	<i>Indicate where the specimens have been deposited to permit free access by other researchers.</i>
Dating methods	<i>If new dates are provided, describe how they were obtained (e.g. collection, storage, sample pretreatment and measurement), where they were obtained (i.e. lab name), the calibration program and the protocol for quality assurance OR state that no new dates are provided.</i>
☐ Tick this box to confirm that the raw and calibrated dates are available in the paper or in Supplementary Information.	
Ethics oversight	<i>Identify the organization(s) that approved or provided guidance on the study protocol, OR state that no ethical approval or guidance was required and explain why not.</i>

Note that full information on the approval of the study protocol must also be provided in the manuscript.

Animals and other research organisms

Policy information about [studies involving animals](#); [ARRIVE guidelines](#) recommended for reporting animal research, and [Sex and Gender in Research](#)

Laboratory animals	Female BALB/c nude mice (6 weeks old) were purchased from Beijing Vital River Laboratory Animal Technology Co., Ltd.. Female FVB/N-Tg(MMTVPyVT)634Mul/J mouse were purchased from the Jackson Laboratory. Female FVB mouse were purchased from Shanghai SLAC Laboratory Animal Company. The purchased FVB/N-Tg(MMTVPyVT)634Mul/J mice were housed in a pathogen-free animal barrier facility until sacrificed at 7 and 18 weeks old.
Wild animals	This study did not involve wild animals.
Reporting on sex	This study did not involve reporting on sex.
Field-collected samples	This study did not involve field-collected samples.
Ethics oversight	All animal protocols were approved by the Capital Medical University Institutional Animal Care and Use Committee (IACUC) or by the Westlake University IACUC in accordance with the principles and procedures outlined in the NIH Guide for the Care and Use of Laboratory Animals.

Note that full information on the approval of the study protocol must also be provided in the manuscript.

Clinical data

Policy information about [clinical studies](#)

All manuscripts should comply with the ICMJE [guidelines for publication of clinical research](#) and a completed [CONSORT checklist](#) must be included with all submissions.

Clinical trial registration	<i>Provide the trial registration number from ClinicalTrials.gov or an equivalent agency.</i>
Study protocol	<i>Note where the full trial protocol can be accessed OR if not available, explain why.</i>
Data collection	<i>Describe the settings and locales of data collection, noting the time periods of recruitment and data collection.</i>
Outcomes	<i>Describe how you pre-defined primary and secondary outcome measures and how you assessed these measures.</i>

Dual use research of concern

Policy information about [dual use research of concern](#)

Hazards

Could the accidental, deliberate or reckless misuse of agents or technologies generated in the work, or the application of information presented in the manuscript, pose a threat to:

- | No | Yes |
|--------------------------|---|
| ☐ | ☐ Public health |
| ☐ | ☐ National security |
| ☐ | ☐ Crops and/or livestock |
| ☐ | ☐ Ecosystems |
| ☐ | ☐ Any other significant area |

Experiments of concern

Does the work involve any of these experiments of concern:

- | No | Yes |
|--------------------------|--|
| ☐ | ☐ Demonstrate how to render a vaccine ineffective |
| ☐ | ☐ Confer resistance to therapeutically useful antibiotics or antiviral agents |
| ☐ | ☐ Enhance the virulence of a pathogen or render a nonpathogen virulent |
| ☐ | ☐ Increase transmissibility of a pathogen |
| ☐ | ☐ Alter the host range of a pathogen |
| ☐ | ☐ Enable evasion of diagnostic/detection modalities |
| ☐ | ☐ Enable the weaponization of a biological agent or toxin |
| ☐ | ☐ Any other potentially harmful combination of experiments and agents |

Plants

Seed stocks

No.

Novel plant genotypes

No.

Authentication

No.

ChIP-seq

Data deposition

- ☐ Confirm that both raw and final processed data have been deposited in a public database such as [GEO](#).
- ☐ Confirm that you have deposited or provided access to graph files (e.g. BED files) for the called peaks.

Data access links

May remain private before publication.

For "Initial submission" or "Revised version" documents, provide reviewer access links. For your "Final submission" document, provide a link to the deposited data.

Files in database submission

Provide a list of all files available in the database submission.

Genome browser session

(e.g. [UCSC](#))

Provide a link to an anonymized genome browser session for "Initial submission" and "Revised version" documents only, to enable peer review. Write "no longer applicable" for "Final submission" documents.

Methodology

Replicates	Describe the experimental replicates, specifying number, type and replicate agreement.
Sequencing depth	Describe the sequencing depth for each experiment, providing the total number of reads, uniquely mapped reads, length of reads and whether they were paired- or single-end.
Antibodies	Describe the antibodies used for the ChIP-seq experiments; as applicable, provide supplier name, catalog number, clone name, and lot number.
Peak calling parameters	Specify the command line program and parameters used for read mapping and peak calling, including the ChIP, control and index files used.
Data quality	Describe the methods used to ensure data quality in full detail, including how many peaks are at FDR 5% and above 5-fold enrichment.
Software	Describe the software used to collect and analyze the ChIP-seq data. For custom code that has been deposited into a community repository, provide accession details.

Flow Cytometry

Plots

Confirm that:

- ☒ The axis labels state the marker and fluorochrome used (e.g. CD4-FITC).
- ☒ The axis scales are clearly visible. Include numbers along axes only for bottom left plot of group (a 'group' is an analysis of identical markers).
- ☒ All plots are contour plots with outliers or pseudocolor plots.
- ☒ A numerical value for number of cells or percentage (with statistics) is provided.

Methodology

Sample preparation	Cells were seeded into 12-well plates at 50000 cells per well 1 day before incubation with the probes. Cells were then cultured with serum-free DMEM medium containing 5 μ M 2',7'-dichlorodihydrofluorescein diacetate (DCFH-DA) probe for 20 min, followed by washing and trypsinization.
Instrument	BD LSRFortessa cell analyzer (BD Biosciences)
Software	BD FACSDiva 7.0 software
Cell population abundance	A total of 10,000 single cells were analyzed per sample.
Gating strategy	Cells were identified with FSC-A/SSC-A gating and followed by FSC-A/FSC-H for singlets. An identical cell gating strategy was applied to all samples analyzed at the same time. A figure exemplifying the gating strategy would be provided upon request.
☒ Tick this box to confirm that a figure exemplifying the gating strategy is provided in the Supplementary Information.	

Magnetic resonance imaging

Experimental design

Design type	Indicate task or resting state; event-related or block design.
Design specifications	Specify the number of blocks, trials or experimental units per session and/or subject, and specify the length of each trial or block (if trials are blocked) and interval between trials.
Behavioral performance measures	State number and/or type of variables recorded (e.g. correct button press, response time) and what statistics were used to establish that the subjects were performing the task as expected (e.g. mean, range, and/or standard deviation across subjects).

Acquisition

Imaging type(s)	<i>Specify: functional, structural, diffusion, perfusion.</i>
Field strength	<i>Specify in Tesla</i>
Sequence & imaging parameters	<i>Specify the pulse sequence type (gradient echo, spin echo, etc.), imaging type (EPI, spiral, etc.), field of view, matrix size, slice thickness, orientation and TE/TR/flip angle.</i>
Area of acquisition	<i>State whether a whole brain scan was used OR define the area of acquisition, describing how the region was determined.</i>
Diffusion MRI	☐ Used ☐ Not used

Preprocessing

Preprocessing software	<i>Provide detail on software version and revision number and on specific parameters (model/functions, brain extraction, segmentation, smoothing kernel size, etc.).</i>
Normalization	<i>If data were normalized/standardized, describe the approach(es): specify linear or non-linear and define image types used for transformation OR indicate that data were not normalized and explain rationale for lack of normalization.</i>
Normalization template	<i>Describe the template used for normalization/transformation, specifying subject space or group standardized space (e.g. original Talairach, MNI305, ICBM152) OR indicate that the data were not normalized.</i>
Noise and artifact removal	<i>Describe your procedure(s) for artifact and structured noise removal, specifying motion parameters, tissue signals and physiological signals (heart rate, respiration).</i>
Volume censoring	<i>Define your software and/or method and criteria for volume censoring, and state the extent of such censoring.</i>

Statistical modeling & inference

Model type and settings	<i>Specify type (mass univariate, multivariate, RSA, predictive, etc.) and describe essential details of the model at the first and second levels (e.g. fixed, random or mixed effects; drift or auto-correlation).</i>
Effect(s) tested	<i>Define precise effect in terms of the task or stimulus conditions instead of psychological concepts and indicate whether ANOVA or factorial designs were used.</i>
Specify type of analysis:	☐ Whole brain ☐ ROI-based ☐ Both
Statistic type for inference	<i>Specify voxel-wise or cluster-wise and report all relevant parameters for cluster-wise methods.</i>
(See Eklund et al. 2016)	
Correction	<i>Describe the type of correction and how it is obtained for multiple comparisons (e.g. FWE, FDR, permutation or Monte Carlo).</i>

Models & analysis

n/a	Involvement in the study
☐	☐ Functional and/or effective connectivity
☐	☐ Graph analysis
☐	☐ Multivariate modeling or predictive analysis
Functional and/or effective connectivity	<i>Report the measures of dependence used and the model details (e.g. Pearson correlation, partial correlation, mutual information).</i>
Graph analysis	<i>Report the dependent variable and connectivity measure, specifying weighted graph or binarized graph, subject- or group-level, and the global and/or node summaries used (e.g. clustering coefficient, efficiency, etc.).</i>
Multivariate modeling and predictive analysis	<i>Specify independent variables, features extraction and dimension reduction, model, training and evaluation metrics.</i>