

Reporting Summary

Nature Portfolio wishes to improve the reproducibility of the work that we publish. This form provides structure for consistency and transparency in reporting. For further information on Nature Portfolio policies, see our [Editorial Policies](#) and the [Editorial Policy Checklist](#).

Statistics

For all statistical analyses, confirm that the following items are present in the figure legend, table legend, main text, or Methods section.

n/a	Confirmed
☐	☒ The exact sample size (<i>n</i>) for each experimental group/condition, given as a discrete number and unit of measurement
☐	☒ A statement on whether measurements were taken from distinct samples or whether the same sample was measured repeatedly
☐	☒ The statistical test(s) used AND whether they are one- or two-sided <i>Only common tests should be described solely by name; describe more complex techniques in the Methods section.</i>
☐	☒ A description of all covariates tested
☐	☒ A description of any assumptions or corrections, such as tests of normality and adjustment for multiple comparisons
☐	☒ A full description of the statistical parameters including central tendency (e.g. means) or other basic estimates (e.g. regression coefficient) AND variation (e.g. standard deviation) or associated estimates of uncertainty (e.g. confidence intervals)
☐	☒ For null hypothesis testing, the test statistic (e.g. <i>F</i> , <i>t</i> , <i>r</i>) with confidence intervals, effect sizes, degrees of freedom and <i>P</i> value noted <i>Give P values as exact values whenever suitable.</i>
☒	☐ For Bayesian analysis, information on the choice of priors and Markov chain Monte Carlo settings
☒	☐ For hierarchical and complex designs, identification of the appropriate level for tests and full reporting of outcomes
☒	☐ Estimates of effect sizes (e.g. Cohen's <i>d</i> , Pearson's <i>r</i>), indicating how they were calculated

Our web collection on [statistics for biologists](#) contains articles on many of the points above.

Software and code

Policy information about [availability of computer code](#)

Data collection	Data was downloaded from public repositories using fastq-dl (v2.0.4)
Data analysis	The created tool to help genotype SVs from a minigraph graph, miniwalk, can be found in https://github.com/aleixcanalda/miniwalk. Custom code used for the analysis, creation of figures and statistics can be found in https://github.com/aleixcanalda/Mtb_PRG_Paper. New ONT data was basecalled using Guppy (v7.2.13) and dorado (v0.5.3). ONT reads were preprocessed with Porechop (v0.2.4) and nanoq (v0.10.0). PB-CLR reads were preprocessed with seqkit (v2.3.1) and pbclip. PB-Hifi reads were preprocessed with HifiAdapterfilt (v2.0.1). Reads were decontaminated with kraken2 (v2.1.2). Assemblies were created with Flye (v2.9.2) and polished with Pilon (v1.23). Assembly QC was evaluated with QUAST (v5.2.0). K-mer counts were called using Mash (v2.3). Short contigs were removed with sequence-stats (v1.1). The Mtb-PRG was created with minigraph (v0.20-r59). SV genotyping was done with miniwalk (v0.1), SVIM-ASM (1.0.3) and manta (v1.6.0). Short reads were preprocessed with fastp (v0.23.2), mapped to the reference genome with bwa-mem (v0.7.17) or assembled with shovill (v1.1.0). Benchmarking was done using custom code as well as vcfdist (v2.3.2). The L9 translocation event was visualised in IGV by mapping the ONT reads to the reference genome using minimap2 (v2.24). SV PCA was done in R (v4.1.2) with the package factoextra (v1.0.7). The phylogeny was constructed with RAxML (v8.2). The transcriptomic analysis was done by mapping preprocessed (fastp) short reads to the reference genome (bwa mem) and counting the reads mapped to each gene using featurecounts (v2.0.8). TMM normalization was done with the edgeR (v3.36.0) package and differential

expression was done using the limma (v3.50.3) package.

The 44,709 short-read phylogenetic tree was created by calling SNPs using snippy (v4.6.0), creating a pairwise SNP matrix with psdm (v0.3.0) and creating the tree with VeryFastTree (v4.0.4). The PCA from the SNPs was calculated with hail (v0.2.13).

The DR machine learning model was created with xgboost (v1.7.8.1).

For manuscripts utilizing custom algorithms or software that are central to the research but not yet described in published literature, software must be made available to editors and reviewers. We strongly encourage code deposition in a community repository (e.g. GitHub). See the Nature Portfolio [guidelines for submitting code & software](#) for further information.

Data

Policy information about [availability of data](#)

All manuscripts must include a [data availability statement](#). This statement should provide the following information, where applicable:

- Accession codes, unique identifiers, or web links for publicly available datasets
- A description of any restrictions on data availability
- For clinical datasets or third party data, please ensure that the statement adheres to our [policy](#)

ONT data generated in this study for African lineages is available in BioProject PRJNA857537 while all the other newly sequenced lineages can be found in BioProject PRJNA119321. All public long-read data is available in Supplementary Data 1. All RNA-Seq accession IDs are available in Supplementary Table 2 and 3. All public Illumina data used for this project can be found in <https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.7819984>. The Mtb-PRG and phylogenetic tree are available at <https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.14842102>. The rest of the data can be obtained from our code deposited in Github. Source Data for the R figures can be found in <https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.17216946>.

Research involving human participants, their data, or biological material

Policy information about studies with [human participants or human data](#). See also policy information about [sex, gender \(identity/presentation\), and sexual orientation](#) and [race, ethnicity and racism](#).

Reporting on sex and gender

Use the terms sex (biological attribute) and gender (shaped by social and cultural circumstances) carefully in order to avoid confusing both terms. Indicate if findings apply to only one sex or gender; describe whether sex and gender were considered in study design; whether sex and/or gender was determined based on self-reporting or assigned and methods used. Provide in the source data disaggregated sex and gender data, where this information has been collected, and if consent has been obtained for sharing of individual-level data; provide overall numbers in this Reporting Summary. Please state if this information has not been collected. Report sex- and gender-based analyses where performed, justify reasons for lack of sex- and gender-based analysis.

Reporting on race, ethnicity, or other socially relevant groupings

Please specify the socially constructed or socially relevant categorization variable(s) used in your manuscript and explain why they were used. Please note that such variables should not be used as proxies for other socially constructed/relevant variables (for example, race or ethnicity should not be used as a proxy for socioeconomic status). Provide clear definitions of the relevant terms used, how they were provided (by the participants/respondents, the researchers, or third parties), and the method(s) used to classify people into the different categories (e.g. self-report, census or administrative data, social media data, etc.) Please provide details about how you controlled for confounding variables in your analyses.

Population characteristics

Describe the covariate-relevant population characteristics of the human research participants (e.g. age, genotypic information, past and current diagnosis and treatment categories). If you filled out the behavioural & social sciences study design questions and have nothing to add here, write "See above."

Recruitment

Describe how participants were recruited. Outline any potential self-selection bias or other biases that may be present and how these are likely to impact results.

Ethics oversight

Identify the organization(s) that approved the study protocol.

Note that full information on the approval of the study protocol must also be provided in the manuscript.

Field-specific reporting

Please select the one below that is the best fit for your research. If you are not sure, read the appropriate sections before making your selection.

☒ Life sciences ☐ Behavioural & social sciences ☐ Ecological, evolutionary & environmental sciences

For a reference copy of the document with all sections, see [nature.com/documents/nr-reporting-summary-flat.pdf](https://www.nature.com/documents/nr-reporting-summary-flat.pdf)

Life sciences study design

All studies must disclose on these points even when the disclosure is negative.

Sample size

Sample size was not inferred.

Data exclusions

No data was initially excluded. After initial analyses, data was excluded if not passing the QC thresholds. PB-CLR data was then completely

Data exclusions	removed due to low QC values.
Replication	Each sequence was assembled only once for SV discovery/genotyping. For the transcriptomics data, all three isolates were successfully replicated twice. Further information can be found in the original manuscript (https://doi.org/10.1038/s41467-019-11948-6).
Randomization	Not applicable.
Blinding	Not applicable.

Reporting for specific materials, systems and methods

We require information from authors about some types of materials, experimental systems and methods used in many studies. Here, indicate whether each material, system or method listed is relevant to your study. If you are not sure if a list item applies to your research, read the appropriate section before selecting a response.

Materials & experimental systems

n/a	Involved in the study
☒	☐ Antibodies
☒	☐ Eukaryotic cell lines
☒	☐ Palaeontology and archaeology
☒	☐ Animals and other organisms
☒	☐ Clinical data
☒	☐ Dual use research of concern
☒	☐ Plants

Methods

n/a	Involved in the study
☒	☐ ChIP-seq
☒	☐ Flow cytometry
☒	☐ MRI-based neuroimaging

Plants

Seed stocks	Report on the source of all seed stocks or other plant material used. If applicable, state the seed stock centre and catalogue number. If plant specimens were collected from the field, describe the collection location, date and sampling procedures.
Novel plant genotypes	Describe the methods by which all novel plant genotypes were produced. This includes those generated by transgenic approaches, gene editing, chemical/radiation-based mutagenesis and hybridization. For transgenic lines, describe the transformation method, the number of independent lines analyzed and the generation upon which experiments were performed. For gene-edited lines, describe the editor used, the endogenous sequence targeted for editing, the targeting guide RNA sequence (if applicable) and how the editor was applied.
Authentication	Describe any authentication procedures for each seed stock used or novel genotype generated. Describe any experiments used to assess the effect of a mutation and, where applicable, how potential secondary effects (e.g. second site T-DNA insertions, mosaicism, off-target gene editing) were examined.