

Supplementary Information

Host serum-circulating flavivirus NS1 co-opts mosquito miRNA processing to suppress early immune defense

Yifei Li (李祎斐)^{1,2†}, Chunlai Cui (崔春来)^{1,2,3†}, Jinjin Ding (丁金金)^{1,2,3}, Yiguan Wang (王义冠)^{1,2}, Jiaqi Yun (俞佳琦)^{1,2}, Fang Li (李芳)^{1,2}, Sibao Wang (王四宝)^{1,2*}

¹New Cornerstone Science Laboratory, Key Laboratory of Insect Developmental and Evolutionary Biology, State Key Laboratory of Plant Trait Design, CAS Center for Excellence in Molecular Plant Sciences, Institute of Plant Physiology and Ecology, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Shanghai 200032, China

²University of Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing 100049, China

³Shanghai Institute of Wildlife Epidemics, School of Life Sciences, East China Normal University, Shanghai, 200241, China

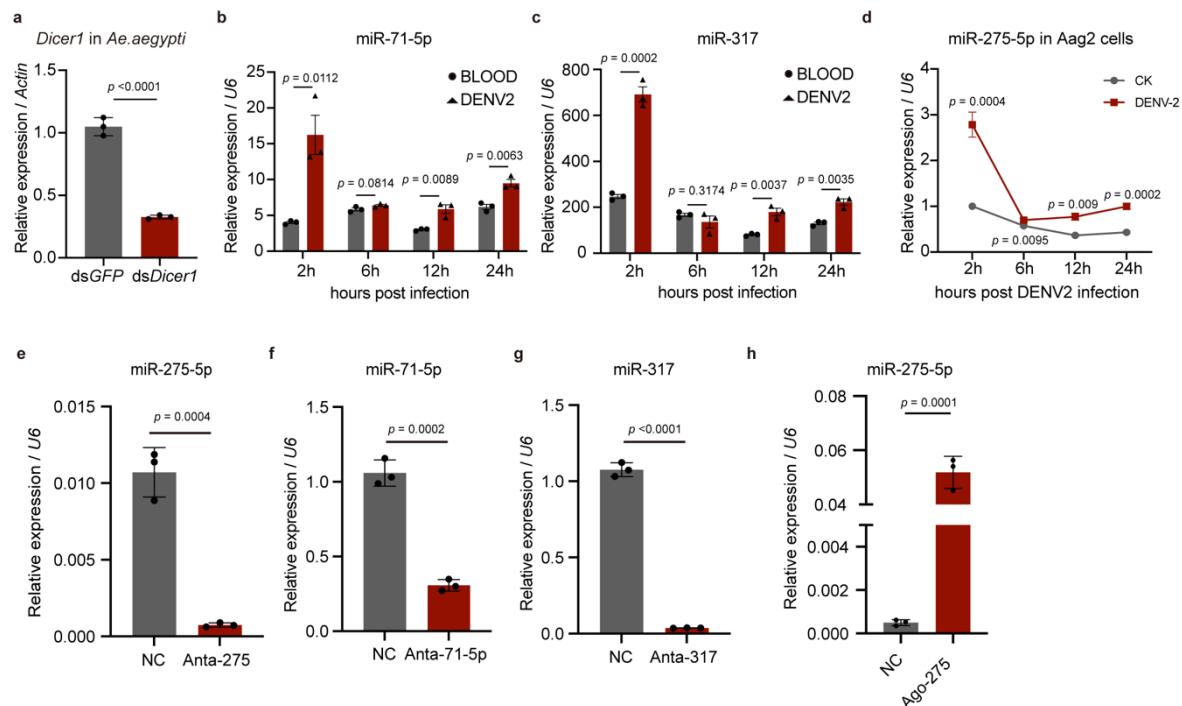
[†]These authors contributed equally

*Correspondence: sbwang@cemps.ac.cn (S.W.)

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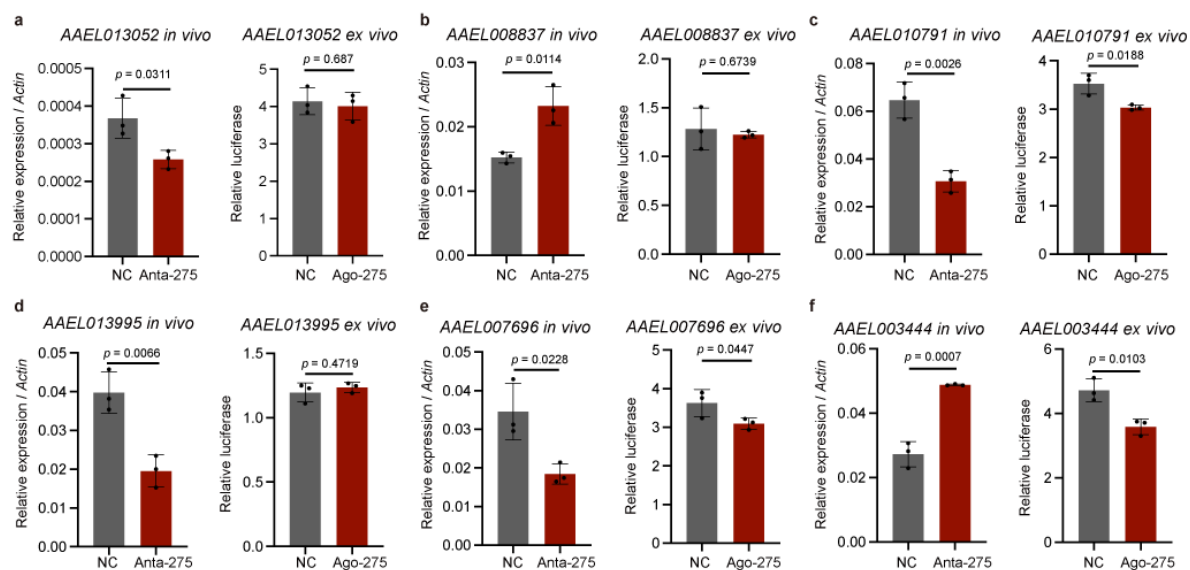
Supplementary Figures 1 to 6

Supplementary Tables 1 to 2



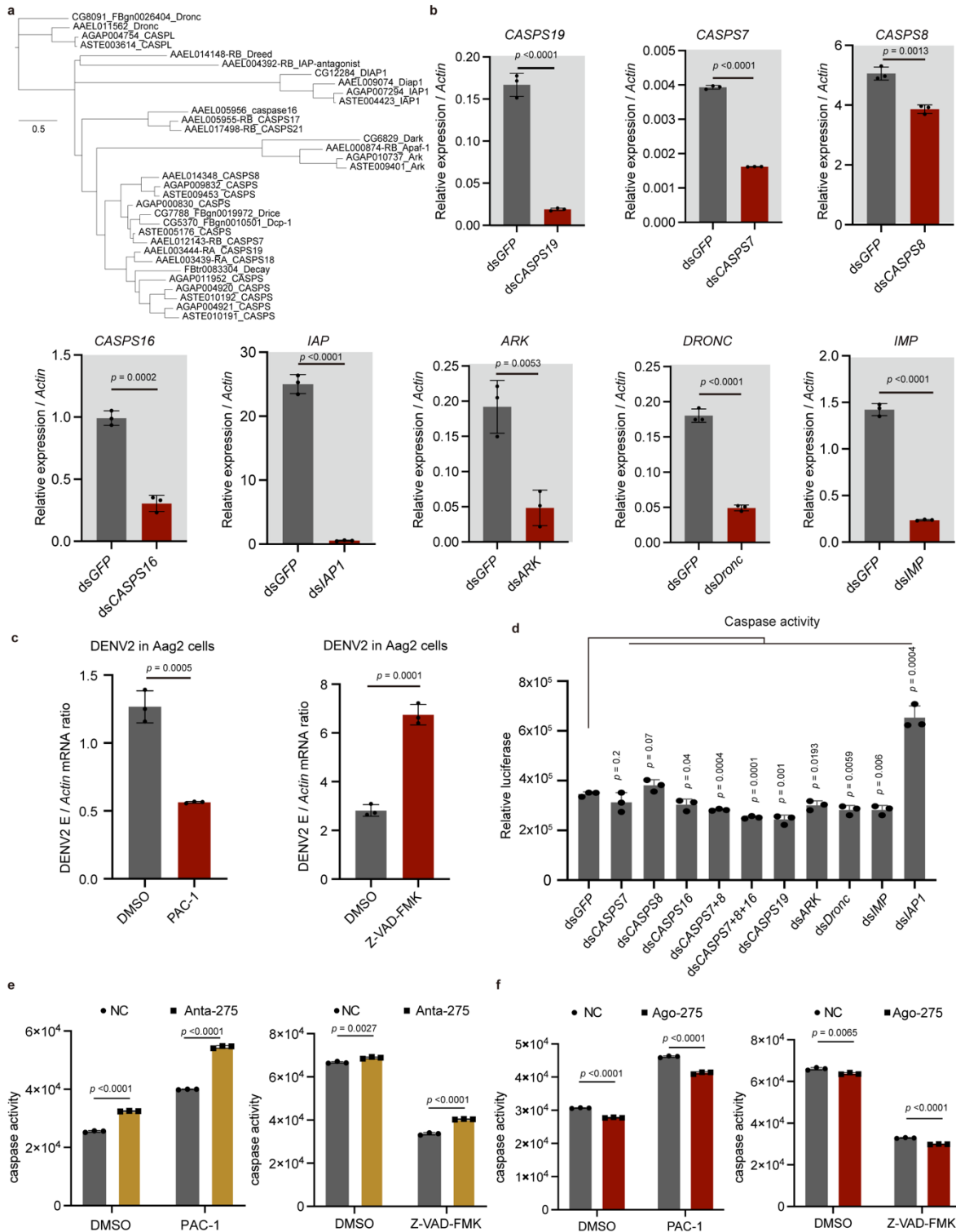
Supplementary Fig. 1| Induction and functional relevance of *Ae. aegypti* mosquito miRNAs following DENV2 infection.

a, qPCR quantification of *Dicer1* mRNA abundance after injection of *GFP* or *Dicer1* dsRNA in mosquitoes (n=20). **b,c**, qPCR quantification of miR-71-5p and miR-317 in mosquito midguts at different time points after feeding with uninfected or DENV2-infected blood. **d**, Temporal expression profile of miR-275-5p in Aag2 cells infected with DENV2, measured by qPCR at 2, 6, 12, and 24 h post infection. CK, uninfected blood. **e, f, g**, qPCR quantification of miR-275-5p, miR-71-5p, and miR-317 levels in mosquito midguts (n=20) following antagomir injection. NC represents a negative control for antagomir with irrelevant sequences. **h**, Validation of miR-275-5p overexpression in mosquitoes injected with miR-275-5p agomir, quantified by qPCR. The experiment was repeated at least twice with similar results. Data are presented as mean $\pm$ SD. Statistical significance was determined by two-tailed Student's *t*-test. Source data are provided as a Source Data file.



Supplementary Fig. 2 | miR-275-5p inhibits *CASPS19* expression.

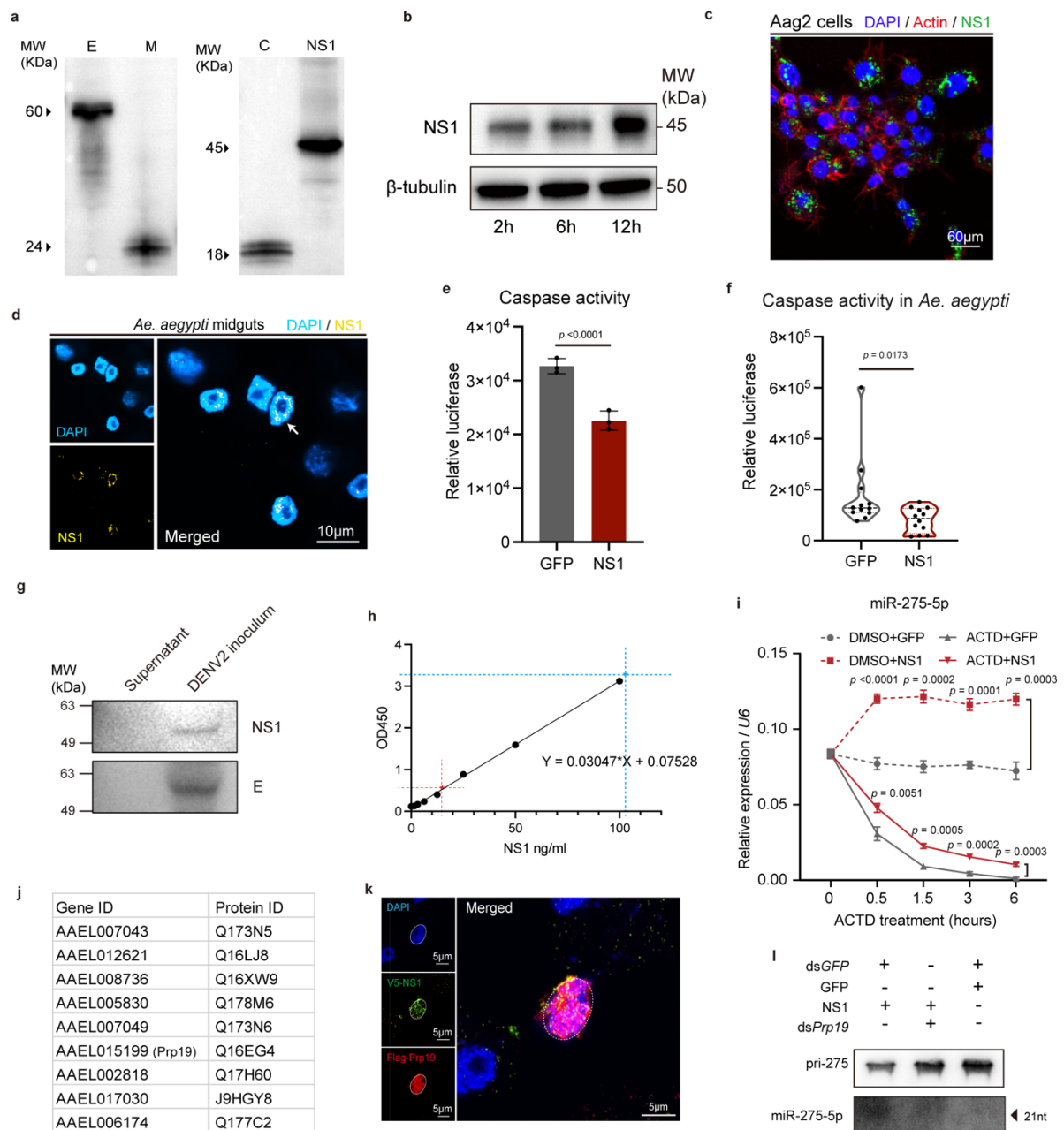
a-f, *Ex vivo* dual-luciferase reporter assays and *in vivo* analyses indicate that the immune-related candidate genes identified through computational prediction are not direct targets of miR-275-5p. NC: negative controls. The experiment was repeated three times with similar results. Data are presented as mean $\pm$ SD. Statistical significance was determined by two-tailed Student's *t*-test. Source data are provided as a Source Data file.



Supplementary Fig. 3| CASPS19 is involved in mosquito cell apoptosis.

a, Phylogenetic tree of mosquito caspase proteins. **b**, qPCR validation of *CASPS19*, *CASPS7*, *CASPS8*, *CASPS16*, *ARK*, *DRONC*, and *IMP* silencing efficiency in mosquitoes. **c**, Aag2 cells were pretreated with the caspase activator PAC-1 or the pan-caspase inhibitor Z-VAD-FMK

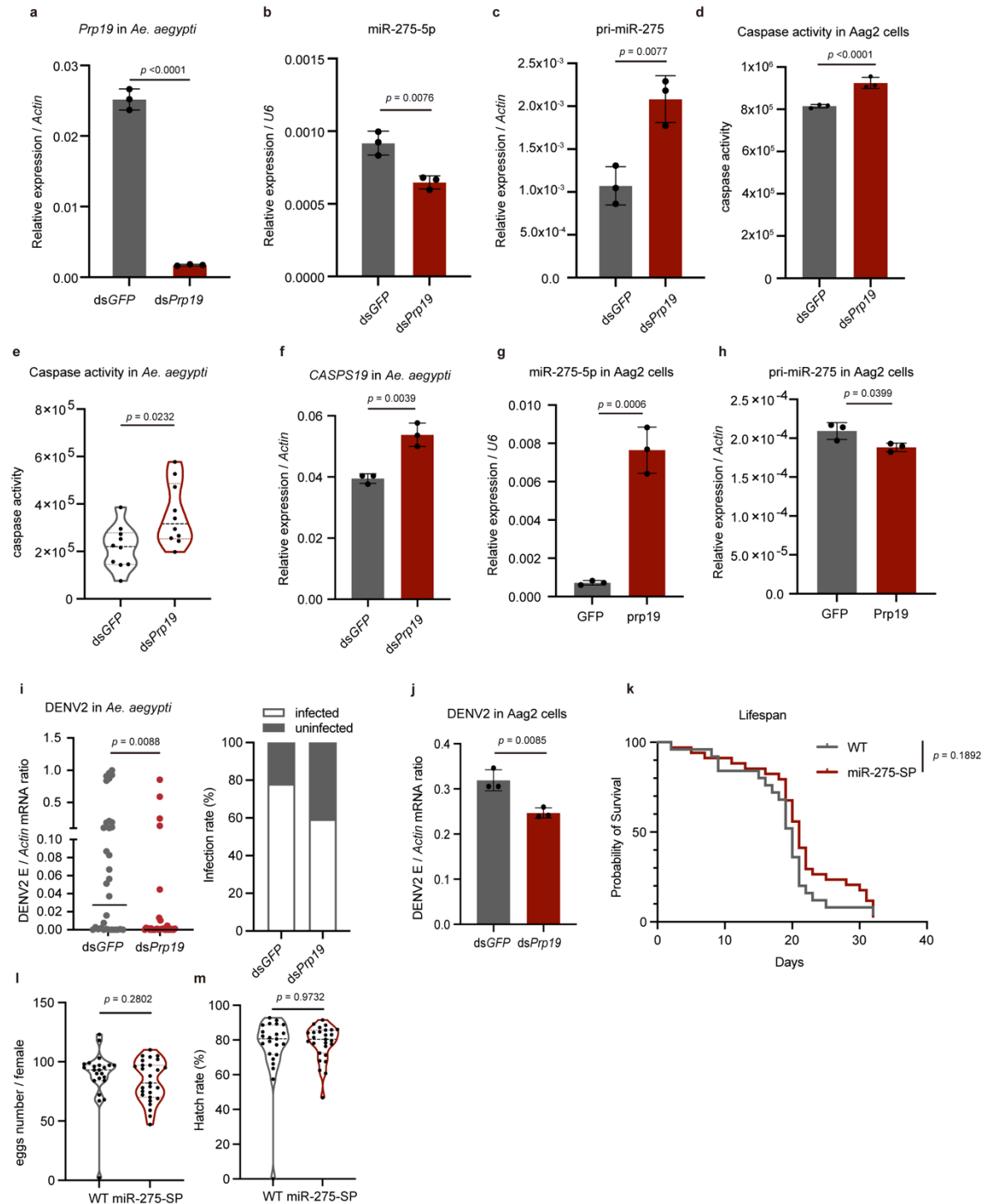
(10 μ M each) for 12 h, followed by DENV2 infection. Viral load was quantified by qPCR. **d**, Measurement of caspase activity in the cells after knockdown of the indicated cell apoptotic genes. ds*CASPS7+8* refers to the simultaneous interference with both *CASPS7* and *CASPS8*. ds*CASPS7+8+16* refers to the simultaneous interference with *CASPS7*, *CASPS8* and *CASPS16*. **e,f**, Aag2 cells were treated with PAC-1 or Z-VAD-FMK for 12 h, followed by transfection with either miR-275-5p antagomir (Anta-275, e) or agomir (Ago-275, f). Cells were subsequently infected with DENV2 for 48 h. Caspase activity was measured at 2dpi. The experiment was repeated at least twice with similar results. Data are mean $\pm$ SD, statistical significance was determined by two-tailed Student's *t*-test. Source data are provided as a Source Data file.



Supplementary Fig. 4| The DENV NS1 protein interacts with Prp19 to promote miR-275-5p expression at early infection and engages the host miRNA processing machinery.

a, Western blot analysis of DENV2 proteins detected with an anti-V5 antibody. **b**, Western blot analysis of NS1 protein in Aag2 cells at indicated time points post incubation with NS1 (4 µg/ml). **c**, Confocal immunofluorescence images of Aag2 cells showing NS1 localization (green) 2 h after incubation with NS1. Actin (red) and nuclei (DAPI, blue) are shown. **d**, Confocal images of mosquito midguts showing NS1 localization (yellow) in mosquito midgut epithelial cells 2 h after feeding on NS1-containing blood. DAPI (blue). The right panel

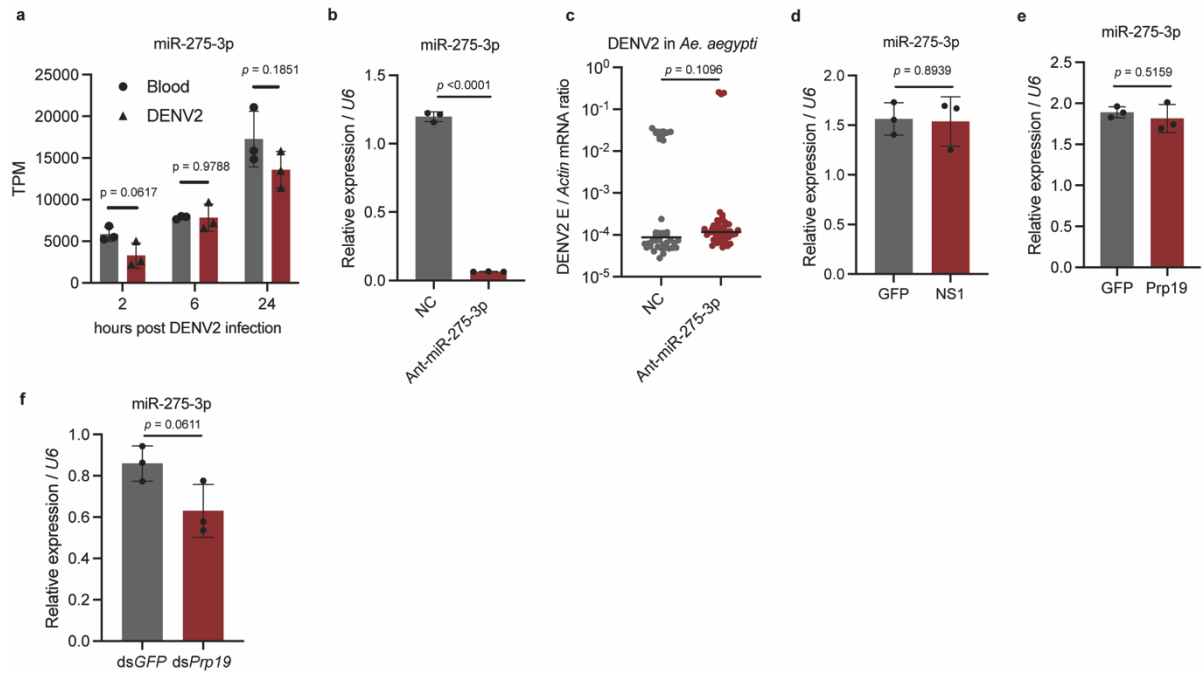
shows a magnified view of the merged image. n= 6 or 8 midguts per group. **e**, Caspase activity in Aag2 cells incubated with NS1 or GFP for 12 h. **f**, Caspase activity in mosquito midgut lysates at 12 h after feeding on GFP- or NS1-containing blood. n=12 per group. Each dot represents one mosquito. **g**, Western blot detection of NS1 in the DENV2 inoculum. **h**, Standard curve for NS1 protein quantification. Absorbance (OD450) is plotted against the known concentrations of recombinant NS1 protein. The data were fitted with linear regression ($R^2=0.999$). Red and blue asterisks indicate absorbance values for the 100-fold and 10-fold diluted virus inoculum, respectively. **i**, qPCR analysis of miR-275-5p abundance in Aag2 cells pretreated with dactinomycin (10 μ g/ml) for the indicated periods followed by 2 h incubation with GFP or NS1 protein. **j**, Identification of NS1-interacting proteins in Aag2 cells. **k**, Confocal immunofluorescent images showing co-localization of NS1 (green) and Prp19 (red) in Aag2 cells. The right panel displays a magnified view of the merged image. **l**, Northern blot analysis of primary transcript and mature miR-275-5p. The experiment was repeated at least twice with similar results. Data are presented as mean $\pm$ SD or median (f). Statistical significance was determined by two-tailed Student's *t*-test or Mann-Whitney test (f). Source data are provided as a Source Data file.



Supplementary Fig. 5| NS1 protein interacts with Prp19 to promote miR-275-5p biogenesis and facilitate viral infection.

a, qPCR analysis of *Prp19* abundance in mosquitoes injected with ds*Prp19*. **b,c**, qPCR analysis of mature miR-275-5p and its primary transcript (pri-miR-275) in *Prp19*-depleted Aag2 cells. **d,e**, Caspase activity in *Prp19*-depleted Aag2 cells (d) and mosquito midguts (e). $n=10$ per group. Each dot represents one mosquito. **f**, *CASPS19* transcript abundance in

Prp19-depleted cells was measured by qPCR. **g,h**, qPCR quantification of miR-275-5p and pri-miR-275 in Aag2 cells transfected with *Prp19*. **i**, DENV2 RNA abundance was measured by qPCR in *Prp19*-depleted mosquitoes at 7 dpi. Infection rates are displayed to the right. n=32 per group. Infection rates are displayed to the right. Each dot represents one mosquito. **j**, Viral RNA abundance was quantified by qPCR in *Prp19*-depleted Aag2 cells. **k**, Lifespan of miR-275-SP (n=33) and wild type (n=24) mosquitoes. **l**, Fecundity of female mosquitoes. Number of eggs laid per female by individual WT (n=23) and miR-275 sponge (SP, n=27) females. **m**, Egg hatching rate. Percentage of eggs hatched from WT (n=23) and miR-275-SP (n=27) lines. The experiment was repeated at least twice with similar results. Data are presented as mean $\pm$ SD (a-d, f-h, j) or median (e, i, l, m). Statistical significance was determined by Student's *t*-test (a-d, f-h, j), Mann-Whitney test (e, i, l, m) and Log-rank (Mantel-Cox) test (k). Source data are provided as a Source Data file.



Supplementary Fig. 6| miR-275-3p does not contribute detectably to DENV infection phenotypes.

a, Temporal expression profile of miR-275-3p abundance after DENV2 infection. Mosquitoes were infected with DENV2 and subjected to sRNA sequencing at the indicated time points. The line graph depicts mean normalized miR-275-3p abundance across three biological replicates. **b**, miR-275-3p abundance in mosquitoes injected with a miR-275-3p-specific antagomir (Ant-miR-275-3p). **c**, Viral loads in mosquitoes injected with the indicated antagomirs and subsequently fed with DENV2-infected blood meal. Viral titers were measured at 7 days post-infection (dpi). $n = 42$ or 45 mosquitoes per group. Each dot represents an individual mosquito. **d**, qPCR quantification of miR-275-3p transcript abundance in mosquitoes fed blood supplemented with GFP or NS1 protein. **e**, qPCR quantification of miR-275-3p in Aag2 cells transfected with Prp19 or GFP for 48 h. **f**, qPCR quantification of miR-275-3p in *Prp19*-depleted Aag2 cells. Data are presented as mean $\pm$ SD or median (c). Statistical significance was determined by two-tailed Student's *t*-test and Mann-Whitney test (c). Source data are provided as a Source Data file.

Supplementary Table 1 | miR-275-5p target prediction in *Aedes aegypti* using the multi-algorithm and multi-model strategy.

Gene ID	Gene Description	mfe (kcal/mol)	Target site
AAEL013052	Ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal hydrolase isozyme	-24.4	CGCGCUA---AGCAGGA----ACCG----AGAC : : GUGUGGUUUUUCGCCC UUAGUUGGGAGUUUUUGC
AAEL008837	Ubiquitin-conjugating enzyme E2R2	-23.6	CGCGCUAAGCAGGAACCGAGAC : : :: : ACGCGA--UGUCCGAUGCA
AAEL010791	Autophagy-specific protein	-20.4	CGCGCUAAG----CAGGAACCGAGAC : :: : : CUGUGGUUUUAAGGUACGUGGGUCUU
AAEL013995	Autophagy related gene	-22.6	CGCGCU----AAGCA---GGA--ACCGAGAC : : GGGUGACCCCUUCGUAAGCCUUGUGGUUA
AAEL007696	REL1	-23.7	CGCGCUAAGCAGGAA-CCGAGAC : GCGCGA--UGUUUUUAGGA-CUA
AAEL003444	Caspase (short)	-26.1	CGCGCUAAGCAGGAACCGAGAC : : GUGUGAUUCGUAA---GUUCUA

Supplementary Table 2 | Primers and oligoes used in this study.

Primers	Sequence (5'-3')
Cy5-pri-275	AACACGGCAGCAAUCAACGAGUGCCAGGUGACUCCAGCAG AGUAUCCUUUCGAUUUCGCGCGCUAAGCAGGAACCGAGAC UUUGUCAUUUGCUAGCAGUCAGGUACCUGAAGUAGCGCGC GUGAUCAAACAGGAAGCGUCAUCAAGCGACAACAGAGGCG UGAAAAUCGCUA
qPCR-U6-F	AGAGAAGATTAGCATGGCCCCTGC
qPCR-miR-275-5p-F	CGCGCTAAGCAGGAACCGAGACAAA
qPCR-DENV-2-F	CAGATCTCTGATGAATAACCAACG
qPCR-DENV-2-R	CATTCCAAGTGAGAATCTCTTTGTCA
qPCR-DENV-4-F	TTGTCCTAATGATGCTGGTCG
qPCR-DENV-4-R	TCCACCTGAGACTCCTTCCA
qPCR-ZIKV-F	GGAGAAGAAGAGACGAGGCG
qPCR-ZIKV-R	GATATGGCCTCCCCAGCATC
qPCR-Actin-F	GAACACCCAGTCCTGCTGACA
qPCR-Actin-R	TGCGTCATCTTCTCACGGTTAG
qPCR-Dicer1-F	AGCAATCAACAGTACGCGGA
qPCR-Dicer1-R	GGCGTTTGACAGTCCAACAC
qPCR-miR-125-5p	TCCCTGAGACCCTAACTTGTGA
qPCR-miR-71-5p	AGAAAGACATGGGTAGTGAGAT
qPCR-miR-988-3p	CCCCTTGTTGCAAACCTCACGC
qPCR-CASPS19-F	TCGGTCATGGCCAAAAGGAA
qPCR-CASPS19-R	TGCTCGCCATGTGACATCAT
qPCR-IAP1-F	CGGAACCAAGCTACGACACA
qPCR-IAP1-R	GACTGGTCCATTTCGATGCCA
qPCR-IMP-F	CATGGAAGCAACAACGGTGG
qPCR-IMP-R	ACTGAGAACGCCTTCCATCG
qPCR-DRONC-F	CCACGGATAAGGGCGGTATG

Primers	Sequence (5'-3')
qPCR-DRONC-R	AGAATCCGGTGGCTTTGAGG
qPCR-ARK-F	GAGTTCTACGCCGAGTTGCT
qPCR-ARK-R	CGGTTGTTGTACTGGCTTGC
qPCR-CASPS7-F	ATTCTACTCGTGGCGCAACA
qPCR-CASPS7-R	CGAAAGTCAGCAGGGTCAGT
qPCR-CASPS8-F	CGGTGTCGGACGTTAGTAGG
qPCR-CASPS8-R	CCGGAATTGTGGCAAAAGCA
qPCR-CASPS16-F	GATGCTACTCGGACTGCCAC
qPCR-CASPS16-R	CGTTTGGATGAATGTGGTGCC
qPCR-Prp19-F	AGCCTTGGCTACCCTCAAAC
qPCR-Prp19-R	GAATGACCTCGGCGCTCATA
qPCR-pri275-FP	GTCATTGCTAGCAGTCAGGTACCTG
qPCR-pri275-RP	GGTTTGCCCGGGTTTTTCGATTTCTAGC
qPCR-pre275-FP	GTATCCTTTCGATTCGCGC
qPCR-pre275-RP	TCCTGTTTGATCACGCGCGC
qPCR-Drosha-F	AGAAACTGGCCGAGCTTACC
qPCR-Drosha-R	GCGGTTGATAAGGAGCCTGT
qPCR-Pasha-F	GAATCCAGCCCCTCCACTTC
qPCR-Pasha-R	CCTCCTCCTCCAAATCGTCG