

SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIAL

Probiotic-mediated modulation of gut microbiome in students exposed to academic stress: a randomized controlled trial

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Supplementary Figure 6. Topological metrics of microbial interaction networks.

A. Differences across timepoints in Degree centrality (number of direct connections per node), Closeness centrality (how easily a node can reach all other nodes), Betweenness centrality (how often a node lies on the shortest path between other nodes, indicating its role as a connector), and Eigenvector centrality (a measure of a node's influence based on the connectivity of its neighbors). Significant differences between the placebo and probiotic groups at each timepoint were assessed using the Wilcoxon test. **B.** Centrality values of *Lactobacillus rhamnosus* over time in the probiotic arm. *L. rhamnosus* shows an increase in centrality between timepoints 2 and 3, suggesting a growing influence within the microbial network.

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Supplementary Table 2 Significant covariates of the gut microbiome composition and metabolic potential

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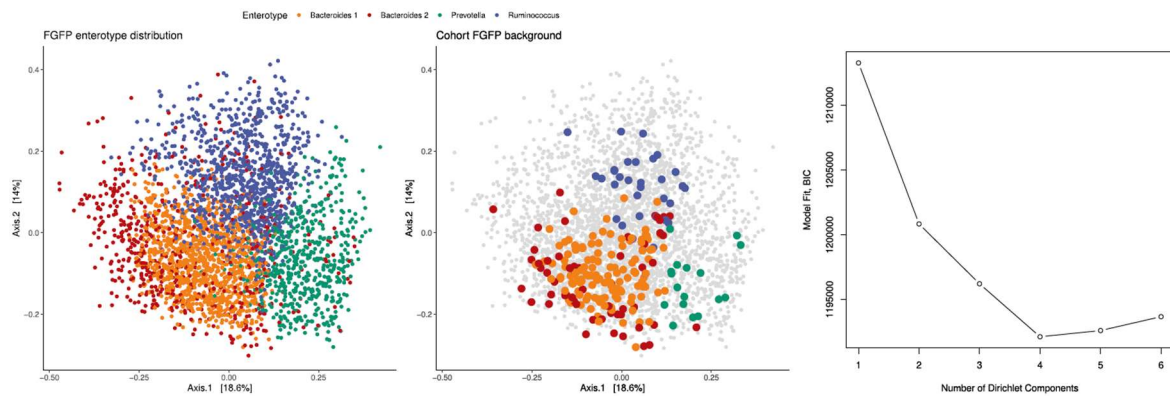
Supplementary Table 8 Differences between microbiome and host variables between enterotypes

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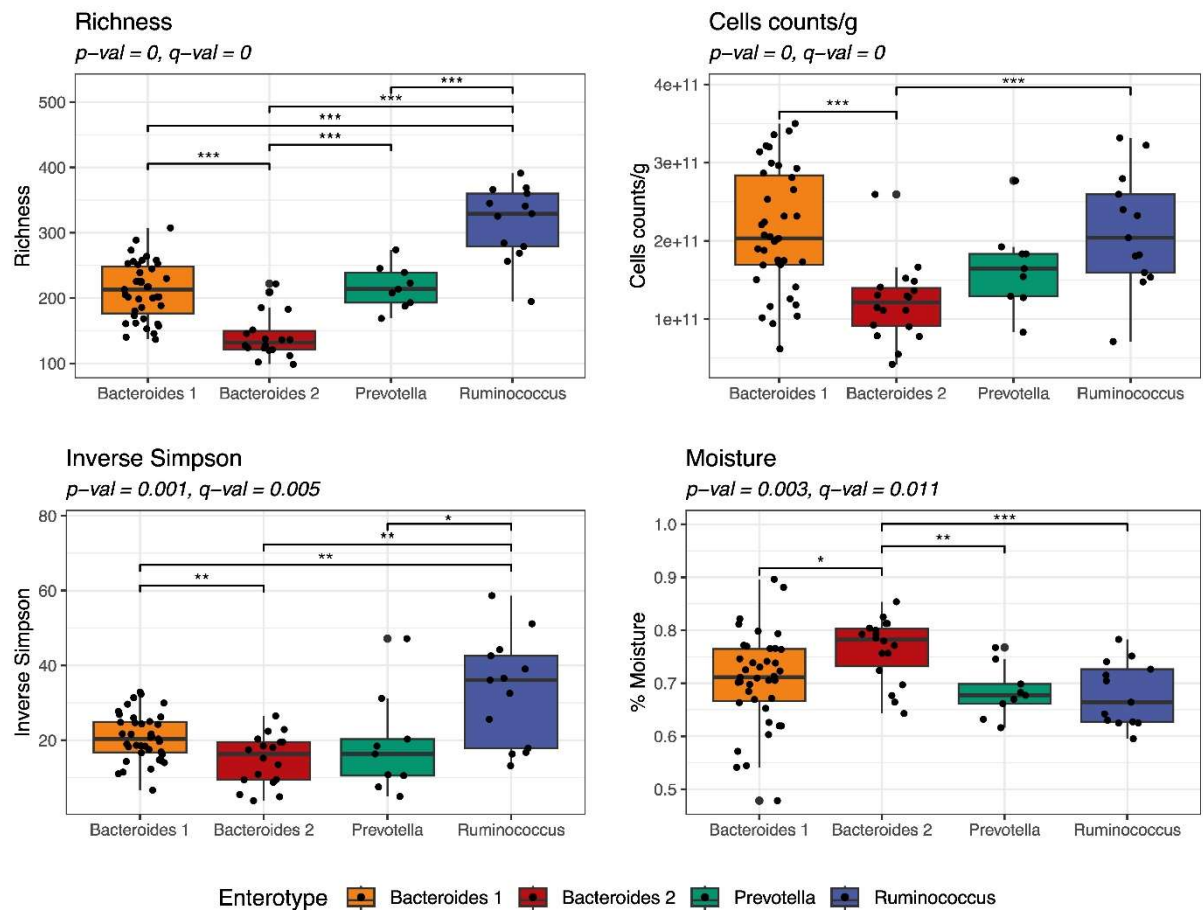
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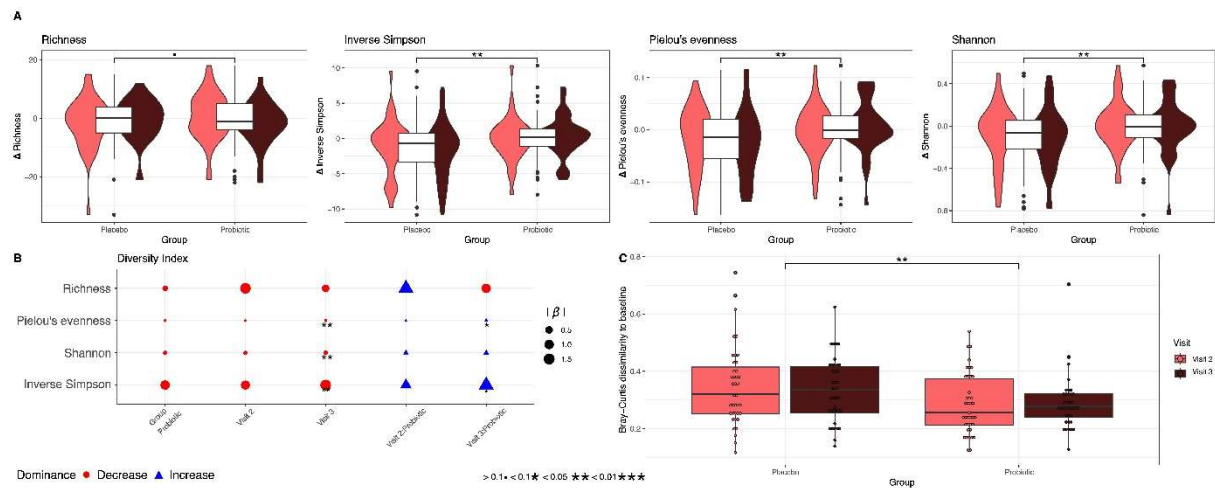
Supplementary Table 12 Delta association between species/GMM and host variables



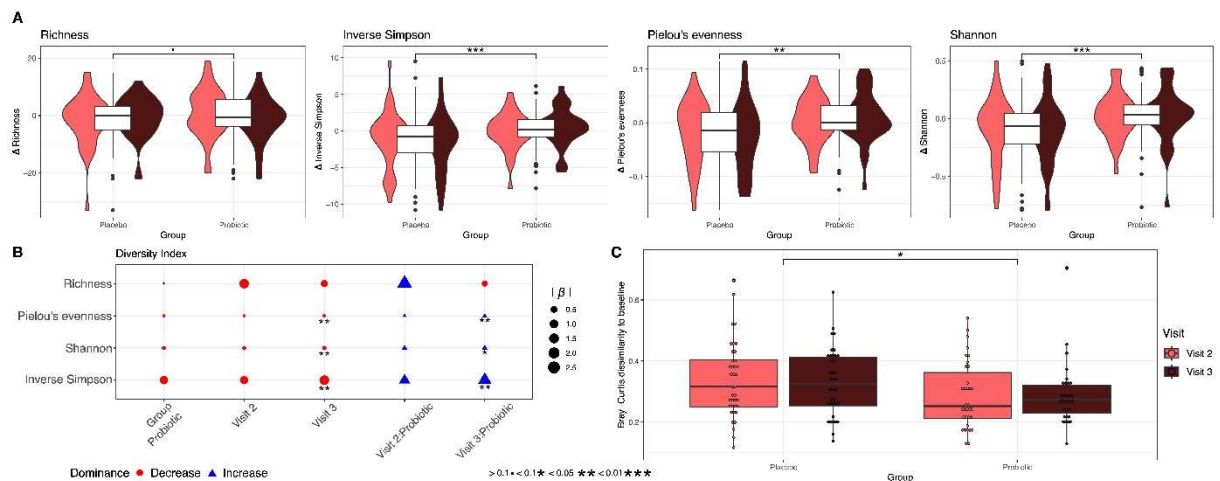
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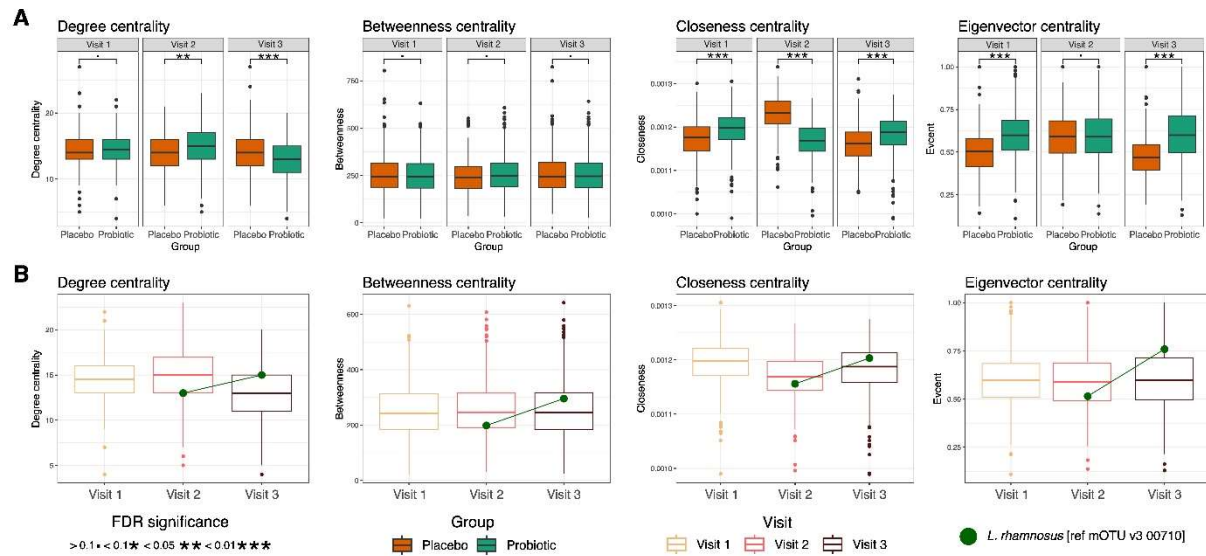
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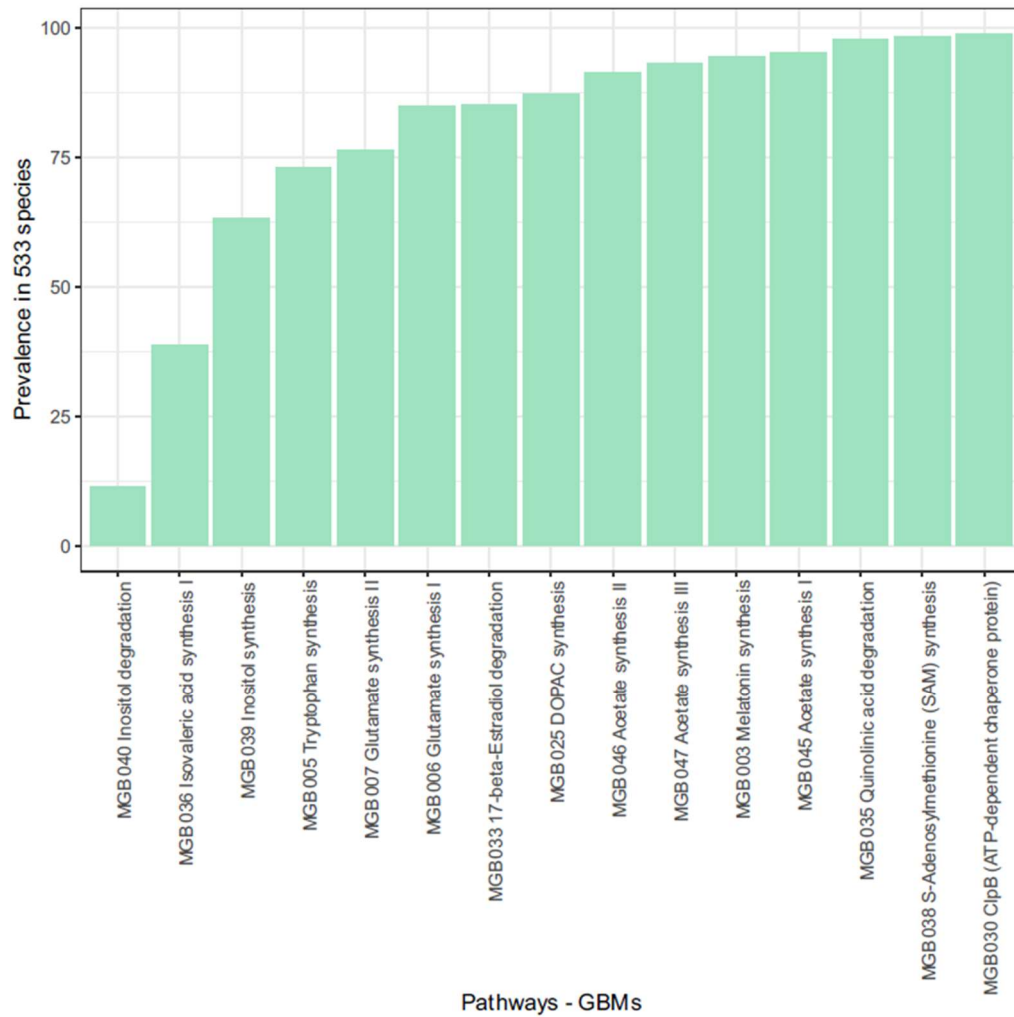


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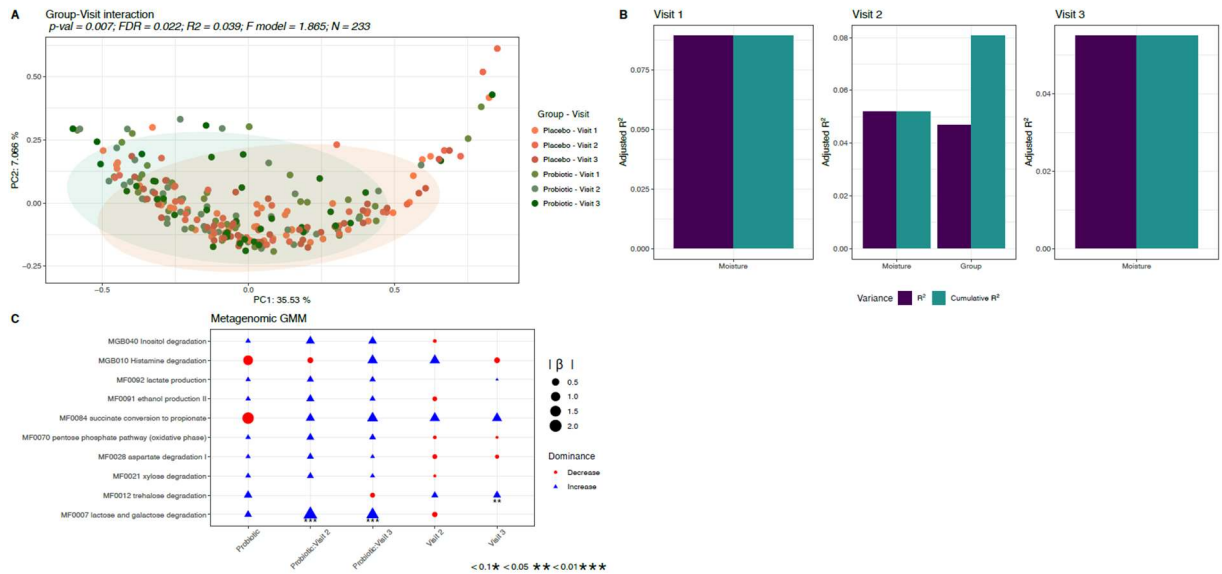


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