

Declines in European bumblebee habitat suitability attributable to climate change

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Supplementary Information

Supplementary Methods and Results: Calculation of the Boyce index

In addition to the ecological niche maps, which evaluate changes in ecological suitability related to climate change, we also compared the differentiation between the historical and counterfactual scenarios through time, using the Boyce Index (BI), a presence-only predictive performance metric. This index was computed across the full ecological suitability range [0, 1] using a sliding window approach: suitability bins had a width of 0.1 and were shifted by 0.01 at each step^{1,2}. We restricted the computation of the Boyce index to species with a minimum of 30 unique presence cells in a given time period. For each species and time period, we randomly selected an equal number of evaluation points (1:1 ratio with presences) across the study area. As this process is random, we repeated this procedure ten times per trained BRT (boosted regression tree) model, leading to a total of 100 BI computations per species and per considered time period. We then calculated the mean differences of the BI between the historical and counterfactual scenarios for each species and each time period (Supplementary Fig. S6), with positive values indicating better predictions of occurrence data under historical climate data, and negative values, better predictions of occurrences under a counterfactual scenario. This comparison enables us to evaluate whether incorporating climate change enhances model performance in predicting the past and present distributions of European bumblebee species. To test whether these differences were significant, one-sided and two-sided Wilcoxon-Mann-Whitney tests were performed for each time period, species and reanalysis dataset. Specifically, we evaluated whether the BI differences were significantly greater/less than or different from zero. To correct for multiple testing, a Benjamini-Hochberg procedure was applied.

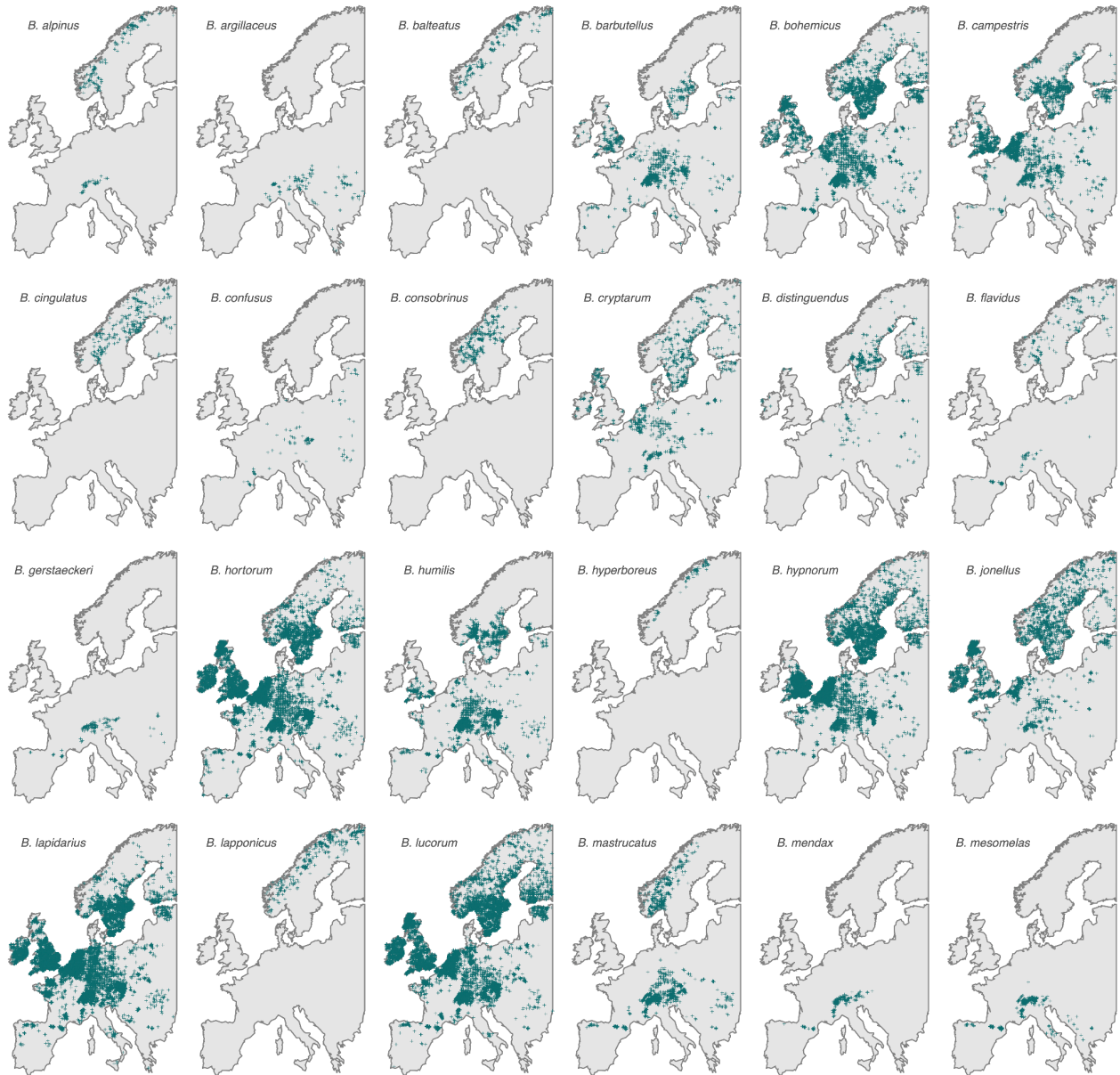
We found that, under the GSWP3-W5E5 reanalysis dataset, the mean BI differences are clustered around zero at the beginning of the 20th century but become more variable when moving towards the 21st century (Supplementary Fig. S6). This pattern is consistent with the signal previously observed with the ecological suitability index (ESI) metric (Fig. 1) and suggests an increasing influence of climate change in explaining the current distribution of European bumblebees, whether such changes reflect an expanding or contracting range. Moreover, many of the most affected species, either through great loss or increased ecological suitability, also display significant positive BI differences. Testing across each time period, we found a consistent increase in the proportion of species with significantly positive BI differences towards recent decades, indicating a growing divergence between factual and counterfactual model performance over time (Supplementary Table S1). For the most recent period (2000-2019), 66% of species ($n = 31$ out of 47) had a significantly positive BI difference, and 11 species (23%) showed similar performance between the counterfactual and factual scenarios, resulting in BI differences that are not significantly different from zero (Supplementary Table S1). This suggests that the current distribution of these species can still be reasonably well predicted even without incorporating climate change. Finally, a group of five species (11%) had significantly negative BI differences for the same period (Supplementary Table S1).

Similar temporal trends were observed across the other reanalysis datasets (20CRv3, 20CRv3-ERA5, and 20CRv3-W5E5), with increasing BI divergence between the two scenarios and a growing proportion of species showing significantly positive BI differences towards recent decades (Supplementary Fig. S6, Supplementary Table S1). Between 47% and 62% of species still showed significantly positive BI differences for the 2000-2019 period under the other reanalysis datasets ($n = 22/47$ for 20CRv3, $n = 26/47$ for 20CRv3-ERA5, and $n = 29/47$ for 20CRv3-W5E5). However, a relatively higher proportion of species had significant negative BI differences under the 20CRv3 ($n = 12/47$) and 20CRv3-ERA5 reanalysis datasets ($n = 10/47$), whereas 20CRv3-W5E5 remained similar to GSWP3-W5E5 ($n = 4/47$; Supplementary Table S1). Nevertheless, a tendency of improved model performance under the historical climate change scenario through time was observed across the four reanalysis datasets. This provides additional support that climate change has increasingly shaped the distribution of European bumblebees over the last century.

References

1. Boyce, M. S., Vernier, P. R., Nielsen, S. E. & Schmiegelow, F. K. A. Evaluating resource selection functions. *Ecol. Model.* 157, 281–300 (2002).
2. Hirzel, A. H., Le Lay, G., Helfer, V., Randin, C. & Guisan, A. Evaluating the ability of habitat suitability models to predict species presences. *Ecol. Model.* 199, 142–152 (2006).

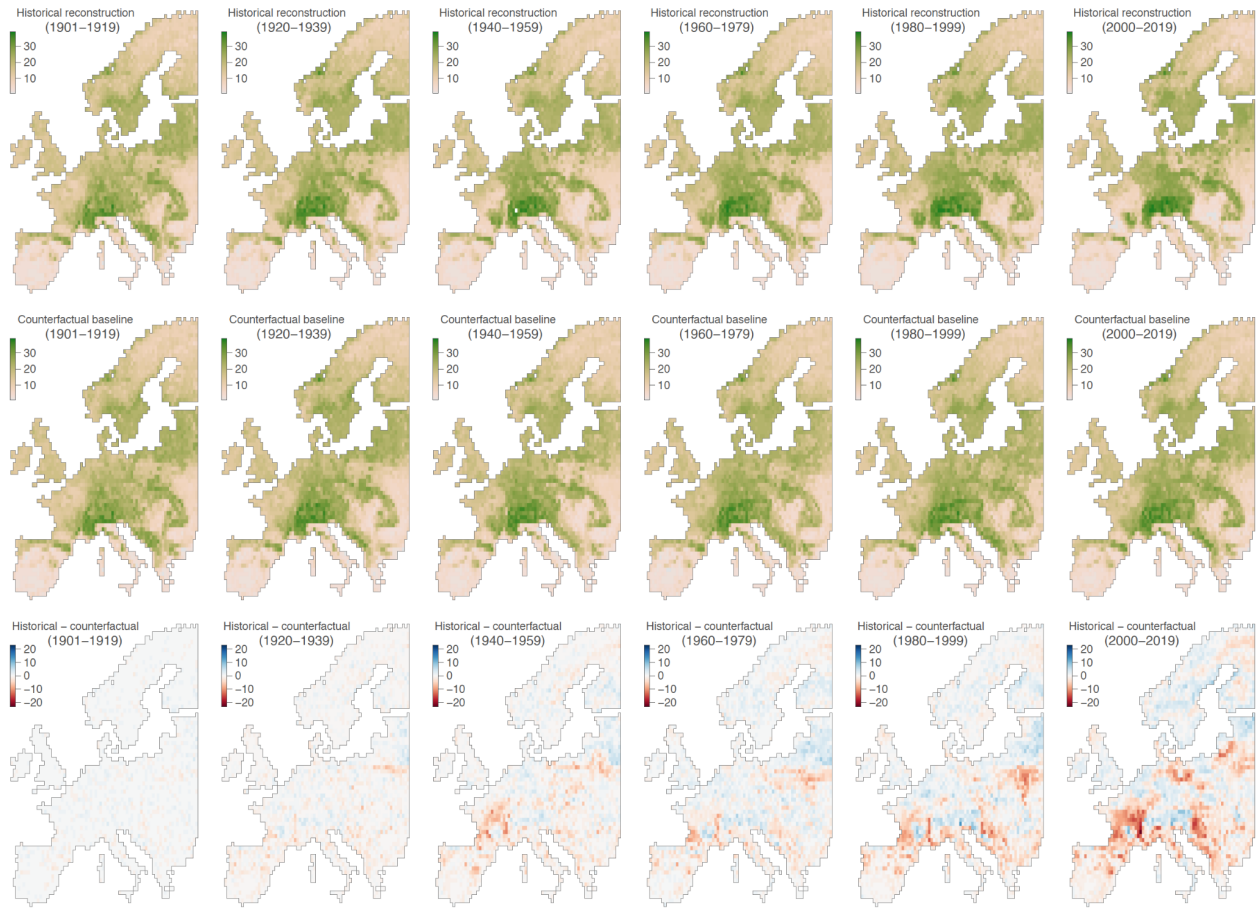
Supplementary Figures and Tables



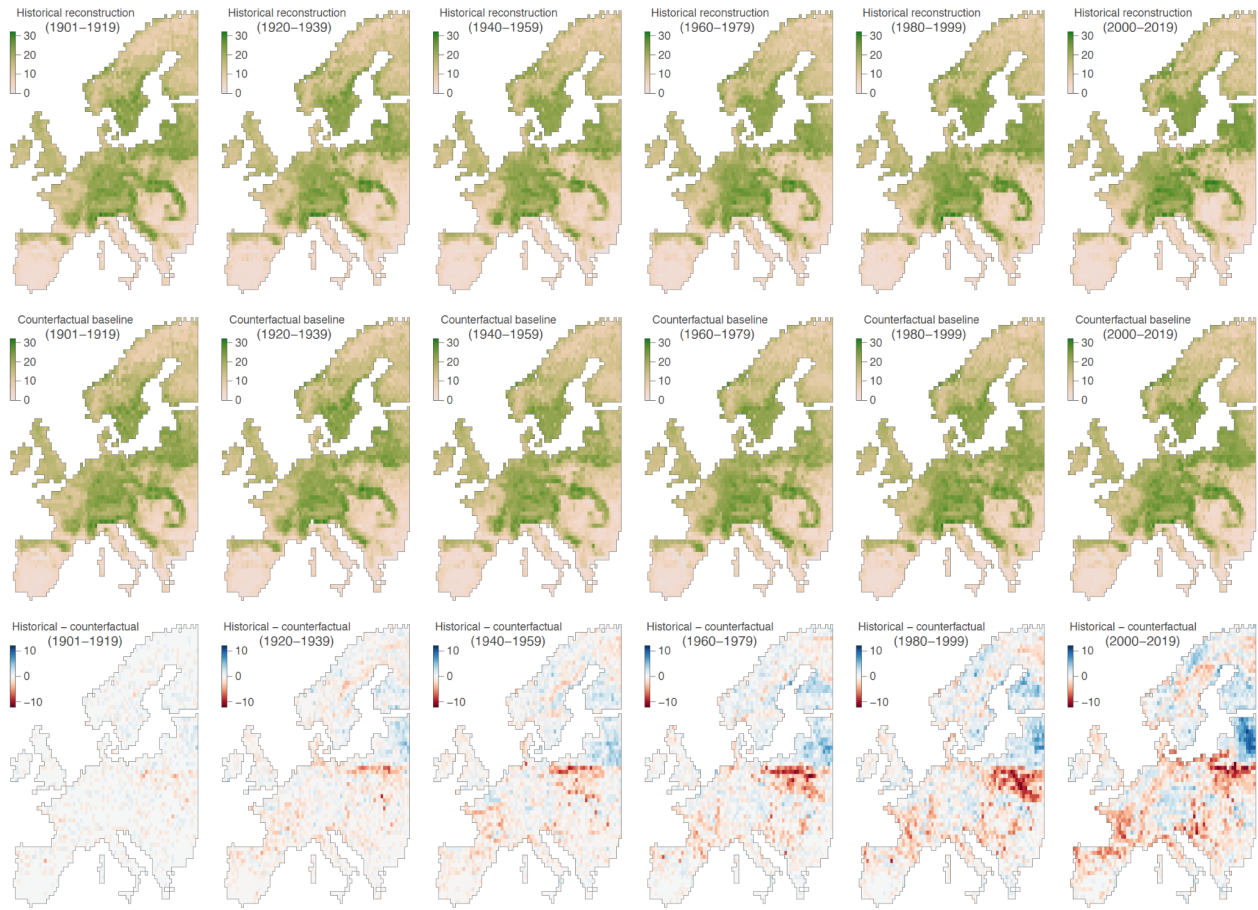
Supplementary Figure S1 (part 1/2). Map of the occurrence records for the 47 European bumblebee species considered in this study (2000-2019).



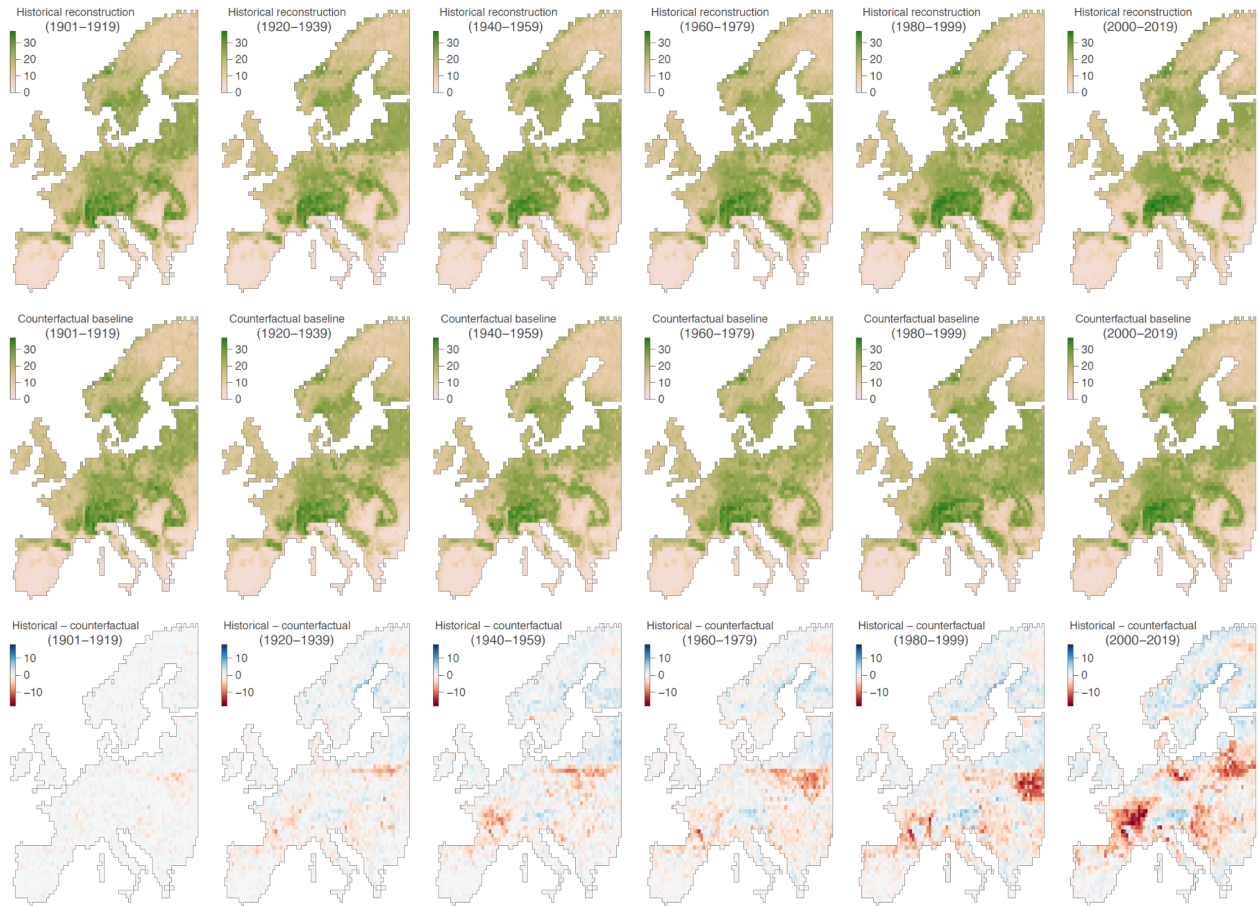
Supplementary Figure S1 (part 2/2). Map of the occurrence records for the 47 European bumblebee species considered in this study (2000-2019).



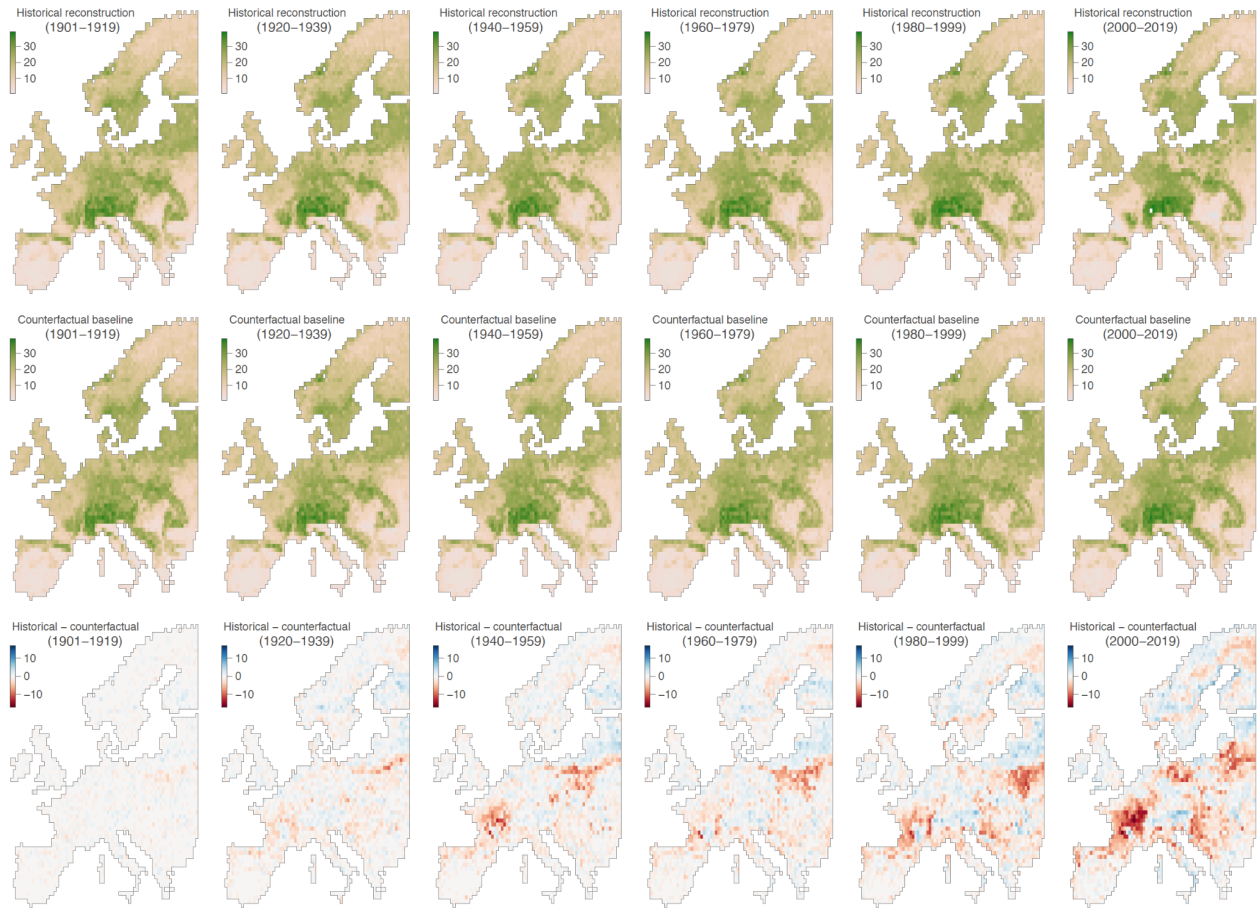
Supplementary Figure S2. Investigating the changes in ecological suitability for bumblebees in regard to climate change over the last century in Europe, as estimated with the species richness index for the results based on the ISIMIP3a reanalysis dataset GSWP3-W5E5. For each successive time period and each scenario (historical or counterfactual), we report a map of the species richness index (SRI), defined as the local number of species associated with an ecological suitability higher than the median threshold value retrieved from the optimisation step of the prevalence-pseudoabsence-calibrated Sørensen index (SI_{ppc}) computed for each of ten ecological niche models trained on present-day data (see the Methods section for further detail). The first and second rows of maps report local SRI estimates based on the reconstructions of the historical climate and a counterfactual baseline, respectively, and the third row of maps reports the difference, for each time period, between the two, i.e., between the estimates based on the reconstructions of the historical climate and a counterfactual baseline.



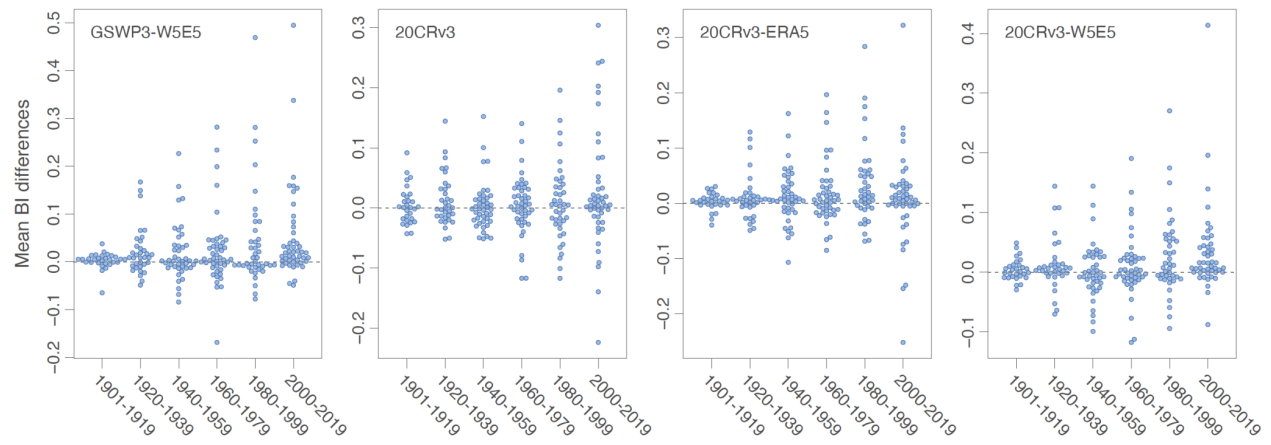
Supplementary Figure S3. Investigating the changes in species richness index for bumblebees in regard to climate change over the last century in Europe, as estimated with the species richness index for the results based on the ISIMIP3a reanalysis dataset 20CRv3. For each successive time period and each scenario (historical or counterfactual), we report a map of the species richness index (SRI), defined as the local number of species associated with an ecological suitability higher than the median threshold value retrieved from the optimisation step of the prevalence-pseudoabsence-calibrated Sørensen index (SI_{ppc}) computed for each of ten ecological niche models trained on present-day data (see the Methods section for further detail). The first and second rows of maps report local SRI estimates based on the reconstructions of the historical climate and a counterfactual baseline, respectively, and the third row of maps reports the difference, for each time period, between the two, i.e., between the estimates based on the reconstructions of the historical climate and a counterfactual baseline.



Supplementary Figure S4. Investigating the changes in species richness index for bumblebees with regard to climate change over the last century in Europe, as estimated with the species richness index for the results based on the ISIMIP3a reanalysis dataset 20CRv3-ERA5. For each successive time period and each scenario (historical or counterfactual), we report a map of the species richness index (SRI), defined as the local number of species associated with an ecological suitability higher than the median threshold value retrieved from the optimisation step of the prevalence-pseudoabsence-calibrated Sørensen index (SI_{ppc}) computed for each of ten ecological niche models trained on present-day data (see the Methods section for further detail). The first and second rows of maps report local SRI estimates based on the reconstructions of the historical climate and a counterfactual baseline, respectively, and the third row of maps reports the difference, for each time period, between the two, i.e., between the estimates based on the reconstructions of the historical climate and a counterfactual baseline.



Supplementary Figure S5. Investigating the changes in species richness index for bumblebees in regard to climate change over the last century in Europe, as estimated with the species richness index for the results based on the ISIMIP3a reanalysis dataset 20CRv3-W5E5. For each successive time period and each scenario (historical or counterfactual), we report a map of the species richness index (SRI), defined as the local number of species associated with an ecological suitability higher than the median threshold value retrieved from the optimisation step of the prevalence-pseudoabsence-calibrated Sørensen index (SI_{ppc}) computed for each of ten ecological niche models trained on present-day data (see the Methods section for further detail). The first and second rows of maps report local SRI estimates based on the reconstructions of the historical climate and a counterfactual baseline, respectively, and the third row of maps reports the difference, for each time period, between the two, i.e., between the estimates based on the reconstructions of the historical climate and a counterfactual baseline.



Supplementary Figure S6. Comparison of the adequacy between historical occurrence records for European bumblebee species and their ecological suitability estimates based on historical climate or a counterfactual baseline. We report, for six successive periods, the distribution of species-specific mean differences between (i) the Boyce index (BI) computed when considering past ecological suitability estimated according to the historical climate and (ii) the BI value computed when considering past ecological suitability estimated according to the counterfactual climate. A positive BI difference hence indicates that historical climate data lead to a better prediction of past occurrence data, while a negative BI difference rather indicates that counterfactual data lead to a better prediction of past occurrence data. These results are reported for each of the four ISIMIP3a reanalysis datasets — GSWP3-W5E5, 20CRv3, 20CRv3-ERA5, and 20CRv3-W5E5 — considered in the present study.

Supplementary Table S1 (part 1/3, for the periods 1900-1919 and 1920-1939). Results of the one-sided and two-sided Wilcoxon-Mann-Whitney tests conducted to assess whether Boyce index differences were significantly greater/less than or different from zero for each period. The Boyce Index (BI) is a presence-only predictive performance metric used in the present study to test whether historical climate conditions improved the predictive performance of our species-specific ecological niche models for observed bumblebee occurrences relative to the counterfactual climatic scenario. BI differences between the historical and counterfactual scenarios were computed for each species, with positive values indicating better predictions of occurrence data under historical climate data, and negative values, better predictions of occurrences under a counterfactual scenario. In this table, we report the p-values of the one-sided and two-sided Wilcoxon-Mann-Whitney tests conducted to assess whether BI differences were significantly greater/less than or different from zero for each period. To correct for multiple testing, a Benjamini-Hochberg procedure was applied, and p-values corresponding to significant differences are marked by an asterisk.

1900-1919	Wilcoxon-Mann-Whitney test p-values for BI different from zero				Wilcoxon-Mann-Whitney test p-values for BI greater than zero				Wilcoxon-Mann-Whitney test p-values for BI less than zero			
	GSWP3-WSE5	20CRv3	20CRv3-ERA5	20CRv3-WSE5	GSWP3-WSE5	20CRv3	20CRv3-ERA5	20CRv3-WSE5	GSWP3-WSE5	20CRv3	20CRv3-ERA5	20CRv3-WSE5
<i>Bombus alpinus</i>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Bombus argillaceus</i>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Bombus balteatus</i>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Bombus barbutellus</i>	0.235	0.985	0.014	0.171	0.117	0.492	0.007	0.915	0.883	0.509	0.993	0.085
<i>Bombus bohemicus</i>	0.535	0.990	0.190	0.360	0.267	0.495	0.095	0.180	0.734	0.506	0.906	0.821
<i>Bombus campestris</i>	0.067	0.372	0.944	0.717	0.033	0.815	0.472	0.643	0.967	0.186	0.529	0.358
<i>Bombus cingulatus</i>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Bombus confusus</i>	0.919	0.041	0.257	0.119	0.542	0.020	0.129	0.059	0.460	0.980	0.872	0.941
<i>Bombus consobrinus</i>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Bombus cryptarum</i>	0.335	0.495	0.102	0.586	0.167	0.754	0.949	0.708	0.833	0.247	0.051	0.293
<i>Bombus distinguendus</i>	0.209	0.365	0.029	0.110	0.896	0.818	0.986	0.055	0.104	0.182	0.015	0.945
<i>Bombus flavidus</i>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Bombus gerstaeckeri</i>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Bombus hortorum</i>	0.253	0.846	0.892	0.758	0.874	0.423	0.555	0.622	0.126	0.578	0.446	0.379
<i>Bombus humilis</i>	0.795	0.044	0.528	0.038	0.398	0.022	0.264	0.019	0.604	0.978	0.737	0.981
<i>Bombus hyperboreus</i>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Bombus hypnorum</i>	0.326	0.003*	0.389	0.055	0.163	0.998	0.195	0.027	0.838	0.002*	0.806	0.973
<i>Bombus jonellus</i>	0.104	0.356	0.689	0.164	0.052	0.178	0.344	0.918	0.949	0.823	0.657	0.082
<i>Bombus lapidarius</i>	0.014	0.179	0.069	0.758	0.007	0.090	0.966	0.379	0.993	0.911	0.034	0.622
<i>Bombus lapponicus</i>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Bombus lucorum</i>	0.795	0.002*	<0.001*	0.979	0.398	0.001*	<0.001*	0.490	0.604	0.999	>0.999	0.512
<i>Bombus mastrucatus</i>	0.612	0.017	0.382	0.072	0.306	0.009	0.810	0.036	0.695	0.991	0.191	0.964
<i>Bombus mendax</i>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Bombus mesomelas</i>	0.602	0.457	0.158	0.740	0.700	0.228	0.079	0.631	0.301	0.773	0.921	0.370
<i>Bombus monticola</i>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Bombus mucidus</i>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Bombus muscorum</i>	0.546	0.679	0.250	0.727	0.273	0.339	0.125	0.638	0.728	0.662	0.876	0.364
<i>Bombus norvegicus</i>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Bombus pascuorum</i>	0.560	0.012	0.691	0.133	0.721	0.994	0.656	0.066	0.280	0.006	0.346	0.934
<i>Bombus pomorum</i>	0.914	0.607	0.612	0.906	0.457	0.698	0.306	0.549	0.544	0.304	0.695	0.453
<i>Bombus pratorum</i>	0.244	<0.001*	0.109	0.639	0.122	>0.999	0.054	0.319	0.878	<0.001*	0.946	0.682
<i>Bombus pyrenaeus</i>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Bombus pyrrhopygus</i>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Bombus quadricolor</i>	0.843	0.153	0.177	0.397	0.580	0.924	0.912	0.803	0.422	0.077	0.089	0.198
<i>Bombus ruderarius</i>	0.432	0.344	0.247	0.344	0.216	0.172	0.124	0.172	0.785	0.829	0.877	0.829
<i>Bombus ruderatus</i>	0.021	0.176	0.862	0.188	0.011	0.913	0.570	0.094	0.989	0.088	0.431	0.906
<i>Bombus rupestris</i>	0.480	0.014	0.649	0.508	0.761	0.007	0.677	0.747	0.240	0.993	0.324	0.254
<i>Bombus semenoviellus</i>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Bombus sichelii</i>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Bombus soroeensis</i>	0.617	0.712	0.843	0.219	0.308	0.645	0.422	0.891	0.693	0.356	0.580	0.109
<i>Bombus sporadicus</i>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Bombus subterraneus</i>	0.908	0.849	0.631	0.450	0.454	0.577	0.316	0.776	0.547	0.424	0.685	0.225
<i>Bombus sylvanum</i>	0.467	0.187	0.544	0.367	0.234	0.907	0.729	0.183	0.768	0.094	0.272	0.818
<i>Bombus sylvestris</i>	0.634	<0.001*	0.331	0.067	0.684	<0.001*	0.166	0.033	0.317	>0.999	0.835	0.967
<i>Bombus terrestris</i>	0.006	0.125	0.166	0.446	0.997	0.062	0.917	0.778	0.003	0.938	0.083	0.223
<i>Bombus vestalis</i>	0.240	0.153	0.416	0.158	0.120	0.077	0.208	0.079	0.881	0.924	0.793	0.921
<i>Bombus veteranus</i>	0.015	0.851	0.651	0.753	0.993	0.426	0.326	0.625	0.007	0.576	0.676	0.377
Proportion of significant difference	0/29	4/29	1/29	0/29	0/29	2/29	1/29	0/29	0/29	2/29	0/29	0/29

1920-1939	Wilcoxon-Mann-Whiteney test p-values for BI different from zero				Wilcoxon-Mann-Whiteney test p-values for BI greater than zero				Wilcoxon-Mann-Whiteney test p-values for BI less than zero			
	GSWP3-WSE5	20CRv3	20CRv3-ERA5	20CRv3-WSE5	GSWP3-WSE5	20CRv3	20CRv3-ERA5	20CRv3-WSE5	GSWP3-WSE5	20CRv3	20CRv3-ERA5	20CRv3-WSE5
<i>Bombus alpinus</i>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Bombus argillaceus</i>	0.674	0.308	0.347	0.822	0.664	0.154	0.174	0.590	0.337	0.847	0.827	0.411
<i>Bombus balteatus</i>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Bombus barbutellus</i>	0.039	0.015	0.732	0.756	0.019	0.007*	0.635	0.623	0.981	0.993	0.366	0.378
<i>Bombus bohemicus</i>	0.694	0.993	0.119	0.073	0.654	0.497	0.059	0.964	0.347	0.505	0.941	0.036
<i>Bombus campestris</i>	0.038	0.192	<0.001*	<0.001*	0.019	0.905	<0.001*	<0.001*	0.981	0.096	>0.999	>0.999
<i>Bombus cingulatus</i>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Bombus confusus</i>	0.022	0.004*	0.555	0.010*	0.011*	0.002*	0.278	0.005*	0.989	0.998	0.723	0.995
<i>Bombus consobrinus</i>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Bombus cryptarum</i>	0.444	0.148	0.077	0.440	0.779	0.926	0.962	0.781	0.222	0.074	0.038	0.220
<i>Bombus distinguendus</i>	0.041	0.624	0.064	0.001*	0.020	0.689	0.968	>0.999	0.980	0.312	0.032	<0.001*
<i>Bombus flavidus</i>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Bombus gerstaeckeri</i>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Bombus hortorum</i>	<0.001*	0.352	0.546	0.878	>0.999	0.176	0.273	0.439	<0.001*	0.825	0.728	0.562
<i>Bombus humilis</i>	0.027	0.476	0.469	0.816	0.014*	0.763	0.235	0.593	0.987	0.238	0.766	0.408
<i>Bombus hyperboreus</i>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Bombus hypnorum</i>	<0.001*	0.438	0.041	0.897	<0.001*	0.782	0.020	0.553	>0.999	0.219	0.980	0.449
<i>Bombus jonellus</i>	0.290	0.022	<0.001*	<0.001*	0.856	0.989	>0.999	>0.999	0.145	0.011	<0.001*	<0.001*
<i>Bombus lapidarius</i>	<0.001*	0.966	0.903	0.023	>0.999	0.483	0.451	0.011*	<0.001*	0.519	0.550	0.989
<i>Bombus lapponicus</i>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Bombus lucorum</i>	<0.001*	0.001*	0.206	0.021	>0.999	<0.001*	0.103	0.010*	<0.001*	>0.999	0.897	0.990
<i>Bombus mastrucatus</i>	0.356	0.469	0.175	0.122	0.178	0.235	0.087	0.061	0.823	0.766	0.913	0.939
<i>Bombus mendax</i>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Bombus mesomelas</i>	0.911	0.519	0.234	0.013*	0.546	0.742	0.884	0.994	0.456	0.260	0.117	0.006
<i>Bombus monticola</i>	<0.001*	<0.001*	0.622	0.323	>0.999	<0.001*	0.311	0.839	<0.001*	>0.999	0.690	0.161
<i>Bombus mucidus</i>	0.050	0.340	0.567	<0.001*	0.975	0.831	0.718	>0.999	0.025	0.170	0.283	<0.001*
<i>Bombus muscorum</i>	0.003*	0.549	0.158	0.082	0.001*	0.727	0.921	0.041	0.999	0.274	0.079	0.960
<i>Bombus norvegicus</i>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Bombus pascuorum</i>	<0.001*	0.119	0.034	0.033	>0.999	0.941	0.017	0.016	<0.001*	0.059	0.983	0.984
<i>Bombus pomorum</i>	<0.001*	0.013*	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	0.006*	<0.001*	<0.001*	>0.999	0.994	>0.999	>0.999
<i>Bombus pratorum</i>	<0.001*	0.003*	0.583	<0.001*	<0.001*	0.999	0.292	<0.001*	>0.999	0.001*	0.709	>0.999
<i>Bombus pyrenaeus</i>	0.188	0.002*	0.504	0.389	0.094	0.001*	0.252	0.195	0.906	0.999	0.749	0.806
<i>Bombus pyrrhopygus</i>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Bombus quadricolor</i>	0.922	0.110	0.252	0.459	0.461	0.945	0.875	0.229	0.540	0.055	0.126	0.772
<i>Bombus ruderarius</i>	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	>0.999	>0.999	>0.999	>0.999
<i>Bombus ruderatus</i>	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*							

Supplementary Table S1 (part 2/3, for the periods 1940-1959 and 1960-1979). Results of the one-sided and two-sided Wilcoxon-Mann-Whitney tests conducted to assess whether Boyce index differences were significantly greater/less than or different from zero for each period. The Boyce Index (BI) is a presence-only predictive performance metric used in the present study to test whether historical climate conditions improved the predictive performance of our species-specific ecological niche models for observed bumblebee occurrences relative to the counterfactual climatic scenario. BI differences between the historical and counterfactual scenarios were computed for each species, with positive values indicating better predictions of occurrence data under historical climate data, and negative values, better predictions of occurrences under a counterfactual scenario. In this table, we report the p-values of the one-sided and two-sided Wilcoxon-Mann-Whitney tests conducted to assess whether BI differences were significantly greater/less than or different from zero for each period. To correct for multiple testing, a Benjamini-Hochberg procedure was applied, and p-values corresponding to significant differences are marked by an asterisk.

1940-1959	Wilcoxon-Mann-Whitney test p-values for BI different from zero				Wilcoxon-Mann-Whitney test p-values for BI greater than zero				Wilcoxon-Mann-Whitney test p-values for BI less than zero			
	GSWP3-W5E5	20CRv3	20CRv3-ERA5	20CRv3-W5E5	GSWP3-W5E5	20CRv3	20CRv3-ERA5	20CRv3-W5E5	GSWP3-W5E5	20CRv3	20CRv3-ERA5	20CRv3-W5E5
<i>Bombus alpinus</i>	0.101	0.743	0.771	<0.001*	0.051	0.630	0.386	>0.999	0.950	0.371	0.616	<0.001*
<i>Bombus agrillaceus</i>	<0.001*	0.488	0.001*	0.719	<0.001*	0.757	<0.001*	0.360	>0.999	0.244	>0.999	0.642
<i>Bombus balteatus</i>	0.537	0.974	0.461	0.099	0.733	0.514	0.230	0.049	0.269	0.487	0.771	0.951
<i>Bombus barbutellus</i>	0.544	0.916	0.252	0.732	0.272	0.458	0.126	0.366	0.729	0.543	0.875	0.635
<i>Bombus bohemicus</i>	0.001*	0.036	0.003*	0.106	0.001*	0.982	0.002*	0.948	>0.999	0.018	0.998	0.053
<i>Bombus campestris</i>	0.014*	0.038	<0.001*	<0.001*	0.993	0.019	<0.001*	<0.001*	0.007*	0.981	>0.999	>0.999
<i>Bombus cingulatus</i>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Bombus confusus</i>	<0.001*	0.544	0.001*	0.012*	<0.001*	0.272	<0.001*	0.006*	>0.999	0.729	>0.999	0.994
<i>Bombus consobrinus</i>	0.378	0.115	<0.001*	0.119	0.812	0.943	>0.999	0.941	0.189	0.057	<0.001*	0.059
<i>Bombus cryptarum</i>	<0.001*	0.026	0.025*	0.006*	>0.999	0.987	0.987	0.997	<0.001*	0.013	0.013	0.003*
<i>Bombus distinguendus</i>	0.252	0.725	0.900	0.035	0.875	0.362	0.450	0.983	0.126	0.639	0.551	0.018*
<i>Bombus flavidus</i>	0.539	0.933	0.186	0.033	0.731	0.535	0.907	0.984	0.270	0.466	0.093	0.017*
<i>Bombus gerstaeckeri</i>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Bombus hortorum</i>	0.235	<0.001*	0.172	0.046	0.883	<0.001*	0.086	0.023	0.117	>0.999	0.915	0.977
<i>Bombus humilis</i>	<0.001*	0.032	<0.001*	0.231	<0.001*	0.016	<0.001*	0.115	>0.999	0.984	>0.999	0.885
<i>Bombus hyperboreus</i>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Bombus hypnorum</i>	0.444	0.070	0.098	0.013*	0.779	0.035	0.951	0.994	0.222	0.965	0.049	0.006*
<i>Bombus jonellus</i>	<0.001*	0.455	<0.001*	<0.001*	>0.999	0.774	>0.999	>0.999	<0.001*	0.227	<0.001*	<0.001*
<i>Bombus lapidarius</i>	<0.001*	0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	>0.999	<0.001*	>0.999	>0.999	<0.001*	>0.999	<0.001*	<0.001*
<i>Bombus lapponicus</i>	0.369	0.461	0.360	0.387	0.817	0.771	0.180	0.194	0.184	0.230	0.821	0.807
<i>Bombus lucorum</i>	0.340	0.977	0.016*	0.843	0.831	0.488	0.008*	0.580	0.170	0.513	0.992	0.422
<i>Bombus mastrucatus</i>	0.387	0.238	0.020*	0.014*	0.194	0.882	0.010*	0.993	0.807	0.119	0.990	0.007*
<i>Bombus mendax</i>	0.166	0.517	0.033	0.756	0.083	0.743	0.016*	0.623	0.917	0.258	0.984	0.378
<i>Bombus mesomelas</i>	0.072	0.041	0.003*	0.112	0.964	0.020	0.998	0.944	0.036	0.980	0.002*	0.056
<i>Bombus monticola</i>	<0.001*	0.030	0.231	0.535	<0.001*	0.015	0.115	0.267	>0.999	0.985	0.885	0.734
<i>Bombus mucidus</i>	0.002*	0.501	<0.001*	<0.001*	0.999	0.750	<0.001*	<0.001*	0.001*	0.251	>0.999	>0.999
<i>Bombus muscorum</i>	0.865	<0.001*	0.593	0.347	0.432	>0.999	0.296	0.827	0.569	<0.001*	0.705	0.174
<i>Bombus norvegicus</i>	<0.001*	0.922	0.001*	0.214	<0.001*	0.461	0.001*	0.107	>0.999	0.540	0.999	0.894
<i>Bombus pascuorum</i>	<0.001*	<0.001*	0.283	0.028*	>0.999	<0.001*	0.859	0.986	<0.001*	>0.999	0.141	0.014*
<i>Bombus pomorum</i>	<0.001*	0.295	0.200	0.001*	<0.001*	0.853	0.100	0.001*	>0.999	0.148	0.900	0.999
<i>Bombus pratensis</i>	0.254	0.001*	0.008*	0.887	0.874	0.001*	0.004*	0.558	0.127	0.999	0.996	0.443
<i>Bombus pyrenaicus</i>	0.020*	0.071	0.003*	0.001*	0.990	0.036	0.998	>0.999	0.010	0.965	0.002*	0.001*
<i>Bombus pyrrhopygus</i>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Bombus quadricolor</i>	0.208	0.093	0.011*	0.681	0.897	0.954	0.006*	0.661	0.104	0.047	0.994	0.341
<i>Bombus rudarius</i>	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	>0.999	>0.999	>0.999	>0.999
<i>Bombus ruderatus</i>	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	>0.999	>0.999	>0.999	>0.999
<i>Bombus rupestris</i>	<0.001*	0.231	0.223	<0.001*	<0.001*	0.885	0.111	<0.001*	>0.999	0.115	0.889	>0.999
<i>Bombus semenoviellus</i>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Bombus sichelii</i>	0.876	0.506	0.004*	0.004*	0.438	0.748	0.998	0.998	0.564	0.253	0.002*	0.002*
<i>Bombus soroeensis</i>	0.841	<0.001*	0.195	0.008*	0.420	>0.999	0.903	0.996	0.581	<0.001*	0.098	0.004*
<i>Bombus sporadicus</i>	0.005*	0.059	0.058	<0.001*	0.997	0.971	0.971	>0.999	0.003*	0.029	0.029	<0.001*
<i>Bombus subterraneus</i>	0.010*	0.508	0.008*	0.019*	0.005*	0.747	0.996	0.991	0.995	0.254	0.004*	0.009*
<i>Bombus sylvaticum</i>	0.002*	0.039	<0.001*	<0.001*	0.001*	0.981	<0.001*	<0.001*	0.999	0.020	>0.999	>0.999
<i>Bombus sylvestris</i>	0.058	0.022	0.306	<0.001*	0.029	0.989	0.848	<0.001*	0.971	0.011	0.153	>0.999
<i>Bombus terrestris</i>	0.004*	0.203	0.681	0.023*	0.002*	0.899	0.341	0.988	0.998	0.101	0.661	0.012*
<i>Bombus vestalis</i>	<0.001*	0.009*	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	0.004*	<0.001*	<0.001*	>0.999	0.996	>0.999	>0.999
<i>Bombus veteranus</i>	<0.001*	0.012	<0.001*	0.001*	<0.001*	0.006*	<0.001*	<0.001*	>0.999	0.994	>0.999	>0.999
Proportion of significant difference	23/42	9/42	24/42	24/42	15/42	8/42	17/42	11/42	7/42	2/42	7/42	15/42

1960-1979	Wilcoxon-Mann-Whiteney test p-values for BI different from zero				Wilcoxon-Mann-Whiteney test p-values for BI greater than zero				Wilcoxon-Mann-Whiteney test p-values for BI less than zero			
	GSWP3-W5E5	20CRv3	20CRv3-ERA5	20CRv3-W5E5	GSWP3-W5E5	20CRv3	20CRv3-ERA5	20CRv3-W5E5	GSWP3-W5E5	20CRv3	20CRv3-ERA5	20CRv3-W5E5
<i>Bombus alpinus</i>	0.158	0.275	0.132	0.031	0.921	0.863	0.066	0.015*	0.079	0.137	0.935	0.985
<i>Bombus agrillaceus</i>	0.001*	0.135	0.704	0.795	0.001*	0.933	0.352	0.604	0.999	0.068	0.649	0.398
<i>Bombus balteatus</i>	0.591	0.005*	<0.001*	0.026	0.706	0.003*	>0.999	0.987	0.295	0.997	<0.001*	0.013
<i>Bombus barbutellus</i>	<0.001*	0.003*	0.013*	0.305	<0.001*	0.002*	0.006*	0.152	>0.999	0.998	0.994	0.848
<i>Bombus bohemicus</i>	<0.001*	0.109	0.005*	0.104	>0.999	0.946	0.997	0.948	<0.001*	0.055	0.003*	0.052
<i>Bombus campestris</i>	<0.001*	0.094	0.263	<0.001*	<0.001*	0.047	0.132	<0.001*	>0.999	0.953	0.869	>0.999
<i>Bombus cingulatus</i>	0.727	0.027	<0.001*	0.116	0.638	0.013*	<0.001*	0.943	0.364	0.987	>0.999	0.058
<i>Bombus confusus</i>	<0.001*	0.058	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	0.029	<0.001*	<0.001*	>0.999	0.971	>0.999	>0.999
<i>Bombus consobrinus</i>	0.461	0.153	0.001*	0.495	0.771	0.924	>0.999	0.247	0.230	0.077	<0.001*	0.754
<i>Bombus cryptarum</i>	<0.001*	0.034	0.727	0.171	>0.999	0.983	0.364	0.915	<0.001*	0.017	0.638	0.085
<i>Bombus distinguendus</i>	0.696	0.007*	0.047	0.426	0.348	0.003*	0.024	0.788	0.653	0.997	0.976	0.213
<i>Bombus flavidus</i>	0.919	0.147	0.117	0.467	0.542	0.074	0.942	0.768	0.460	0.927	0.059	0.234
<i>Bombus gerstaeckeri</i>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Bombus hortorum</i>	<0.001*	<0.001*	0.003*	0.679	>0.999	>0.999	0.999	0.339	<0.001*	<0.001*	0.001*	0.662
<i>Bombus humilis</i>	<0.001*	0.737	0.001*	0.064	<0.001*	0.369	<0.001*	0.032	>0.999	0.633	>0.999	0.968
<i>Bombus hyperboreus</i>	<0.001*	0.003*	0.521	0.003*	>0.999	0.999	0.740	0.999	<0.001*	0.001*	0.261	0.001*
<i>Bombus hypnorum</i>	<0.001*	0.389	0.275	0.370	<0.001*	0.195	0.137	0.816	>0.999	0.806	0.863	0.185
<i>Bombus jonellus</i>	<0.001*	0.004*	<0.001*	0.583	<0.001*	0.998	<0.001*	0.292	>0.999	0.002*	>0.999	0.709
<i>Bombus lapidarius</i>	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	0.002*	>0.999	>0.999	>0.999	0.999	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	0.001*
<i>Bombus lapponicus</i>	0.115	0.166	0.627	0.486	0.943	0.083	0.688	0.758	0.057	0.917	0.313	0.243
<i>Bombus lucorum</i>	0.027*	0.526	<0.001*	0.004*	0.987	0.738	>0.999	0.998	0.013	0.263	<0.001*	0.002*
<i>Bombus mastrucatus</i>	0.012*	0.032	0.041	0.283	0.006*	0.984	0.980	0.859	0.994	0.016	0.020	0.141
<i>Bombus mendax</i>	0.884	0.018*	0.133	0.735	0.559	0.009*	0.067	0.367	0.442	0.991	0.934	0.634
<i>Bombus mesomelas</i>	<0.001*	0.428	0.021*	0.053	<0.001*							

Supplementary Table S1 (part 3/3, for the periods 1980-1999 and 2000-2019). Results of the one-sided and two-sided Wilcoxon-Mann-Whitney tests conducted to assess whether Boyce index differences were significantly greater/less than or different from zero for each period. The Boyce Index (BI) is a presence-only predictive performance metric used in the present study to test whether historical climate conditions improved the predictive performance of our species-specific ecological niche models for observed bumblebee occurrences relative to the counterfactual climatic scenario. BI differences between the historical and counterfactual scenarios were computed for each species, with positive values indicating better predictions of occurrence data under historical climate data, and negative values, better predictions of occurrences under a counterfactual scenario. In this table, we report the p-values of the one-sided and two-sided Wilcoxon-Mann-Whitney tests conducted to assess whether BI differences were significantly greater/less than or different from zero for each period. To correct for multiple testing, a Benjamini-Hochberg procedure was applied, and p-values corresponding to significant differences are marked by an asterisk.

1980-1999	Wilcoxon-Mann-Whitney test p-values for BI different from zero				Wilcoxon-Mann-Whitney test p-values for BI greater than zero				Wilcoxon-Mann-Whitney test p-values for BI less than zero			
	GSWP3-W5E5	20CRv3	20CRv3-ERA5	20CRv3-W5E5	GSWP3-W5E5	20CRv3	20CRv3-ERA5	20CRv3-W5E5	GSWP3-W5E5	20CRv3	20CRv3-ERA5	20CRv3-W5E5
<i>Bombus alpinus</i>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Bombus argillaceus</i>	0.046	0.631	0.966	0.231	0.023*	0.316	0.483	0.115	0.977	0.685	0.519	0.885
<i>Bombus balteatus</i>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Bombus barbutellus</i>	0.006*	<0.001*	0.017*	<0.001*	0.003*	<0.001*	0.008*	<0.001*	0.997	>0.999	0.992	>0.999
<i>Bombus bohemicus</i>	<0.001*	<0.001*	0.906	0.018*	>0.999	>0.999	0.453	0.991	<0.001*	<0.001*	0.549	0.009*
<i>Bombus campestris</i>	<0.001*	0.897	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	0.449	<0.001*	<0.001*	>0.999	0.553	>0.999	>0.999
<i>Bombus cingulatus</i>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Bombus confusus</i>	<0.001*	0.099	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	0.049	<0.001*	<0.001*	>0.999	0.951	>0.999	>0.999
<i>Bombus consobrinus</i>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Bombus cryptarum</i>	0.761	<0.001*	0.990	0.085	0.380	>0.999	0.506	0.958	0.621	<0.001*	0.495	0.042
<i>Bombus distinguendus</i>	0.654	<0.001*	0.916	<0.001*	0.674	>0.999	0.543	>0.999	0.327	<0.001*	0.458	<0.001*
<i>Bombus flavus</i>	0.224	0.228	0.025*	0.356	0.889	0.887	0.988	0.178	0.112	0.114	0.012	0.823
<i>Bombus gerstaeckeri</i>	0.156	0.094	0.588	<0.001*	0.922	0.953	0.294	>0.999	0.078	0.047	0.707	<0.001*
<i>Bombus hortorum</i>	<0.001*	0.011*	0.157	0.010*	>0.999	0.006*	0.922	0.005*	<0.001*	0.995	0.079	0.995
<i>Bombus humilis</i>	0.250	0.132	0.048	0.478	0.876	0.066	0.024*	0.762	0.125	0.935	0.976	0.239
<i>Bombus hyperboreus</i>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Bombus hypnorum</i>	0.185	<0.001*	0.050	<0.001*	0.908	>0.999	0.975	>0.999	0.093	<0.001*	0.025	<0.001*
<i>Bombus jonellus</i>	<0.001*	0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	>0.999	>0.999	>0.999	>0.999	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*
<i>Bombus lapidarius</i>	<0.001*	0.037	<0.001*	<0.001*	>0.999	0.982	>0.999	>0.999	<0.001*	0.018	<0.001*	<0.001*
<i>Bombus lapponicus</i>	0.595	0.140	<0.001*	0.235	0.704	0.930	<0.001*	0.117	0.298	0.070	>0.999	0.883
<i>Bombus lucorum</i>	0.008*	0.020*	0.052	<0.001*	0.996	0.010*	0.026*	<0.001*	0.004*	0.990	0.974	>0.999
<i>Bombus mastrucatus</i>	0.174	0.001*	<0.001*	0.539	0.914	<0.001*	<0.001*	0.731	0.087	>0.999	>0.999	0.270
<i>Bombus mendax</i>	0.001*	0.131	0.172	<0.001*	<0.001*	0.065	0.915	<0.001*	>0.999	0.935	0.086	>0.999
<i>Bombus mesomelas</i>	<0.001*	0.889	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	0.557	<0.001*	<0.001*	>0.999	0.445	>0.999	>0.999
<i>Bombus monticola</i>	0.651	0.008*	0.041	<0.001*	0.676	0.004*	0.020*	<0.001*	0.326	0.996	0.980	>0.999
<i>Bombus mucidus</i>	<0.001*	0.031*	0.001*	0.878	<0.001*	0.985	<0.001*	0.439	>0.999	0.015*	>0.999	0.562
<i>Bombus muscorum</i>	0.014*	<0.001*	0.184	<0.001*	0.993	>0.999	0.092	>0.999	0.007*	<0.001*	0.909	<0.001*
<i>Bombus norvegicus</i>	<0.001*	0.008*	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	0.996	<0.001*	<0.001*	>0.999	0.004*	>0.999	>0.999
<i>Bombus pascuorum</i>	<0.001*	0.004*	<0.001*	<0.001*	>0.999	0.998	<0.001*	>0.999	<0.001*	0.002*	>0.999	<0.001*
<i>Bombus pomorum</i>	<0.001*	0.019*	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	0.991	<0.001*	<0.001*	>0.999	0.010*	>0.999	>0.999
<i>Bombus pratense</i>	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	>0.999	>0.999	>0.999	>0.999
<i>Bombus pyrenaicus</i>	0.646	0.524	0.015*	0.378	0.678	0.739	0.993	0.812	0.323	0.262	0.007*	0.189
<i>Bombus pyrrhopygus</i>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Bombus quadricolor</i>	0.036	0.087	<0.001*	0.001*	0.018*	0.957	<0.001*	<0.001*	0.982	0.044	>0.999	>0.999
<i>Bombus ruderarius</i>	<0.001*	0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	>0.999	0.999	>0.999	>0.999
<i>Bombus ruderatus</i>	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	>0.999	>0.999	>0.999	>0.999
<i>Bombus rupestris</i>	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	>0.999	>0.999	>0.999	>0.999
<i>Bombus semenovii</i>	<0.001*	0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	>0.999	>0.999	>0.999	>0.999
<i>Bombus sibiricus</i>	0.005*	<0.001*	0.004*	<0.001*	0.002*	<0.001*	0.002*	<0.001*	0.998	>0.999	0.998	>0.999
<i>Bombus soroeensis</i>	0.001*	<0.001*	0.170	0.124	0.999	>0.999	0.085	0.938	0.001*	<0.001*	0.916	0.062
<i>Bombus sporadicus</i>	<0.001*	0.996	<0.001*	<0.001*	>0.999	0.498	>0.999	>0.999	<0.001*	0.503	<0.001*	<0.001*
<i>Bombus subterraneus</i>	0.087	0.002*	0.012*	0.008*	0.957	0.999	0.994	0.004*	0.044	0.001*	0.006*	0.996
<i>Bombus sylvaticus</i>	<0.001*	<0.001*	0.006*	0.183	<0.001*	>0.999	0.997	>0.999	>0.999	<0.001*	0.003*	0.091
<i>Bombus sylvestris</i>	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	>0.999	>0.999	>0.999	>0.999
<i>Bombus terrestris</i>	0.066	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	0.967	>0.999	>0.999	>0.999	0.033	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*
<i>Bombus vestalis</i>	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	>0.999	>0.999	>0.999	>0.999
<i>Bombus veteranus</i>	0.003*	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	0.999	>0.999	>0.999	>0.999
Proportion of significant difference	27/41	28/41	28/41	31/41	20/41	14/41	23/41	21/41	9/41	14/41	7/41	10/41

2000-2019	Wilcoxon-Mann-Whitney test p-values for BI different from zero				Wilcoxon-Mann-Whitney test p-values for BI greater than zero				Wilcoxon-Mann-Whitney test p-values for BI less than zero			
	GSWP3-W5E5	20CRv3	20CRv3-ERA5	20CRv3-W5E5	GSWP3-W5E5	20CRv3	20CRv3-ERA5	20CRv3-W5E5	GSWP3-W5E5	20CRv3	20CRv3-ERA5	20CRv3-W5E5
<i>Bombus alpinus</i>	<0.001*	0.003*	<0.001*	0.020*	>0.999	0.999	>0.999	0.990	<0.001*	0.001*	<0.001*	0.010
<i>Bombus argillaceus</i>	<0.001*	0.273	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	0.864	<0.001*	<0.001*	>0.999	0.137	>0.999	>0.999
<i>Bombus balteatus</i>	0.003*	0.001*	0.968	0.006*	0.002*	>0.999	0.517	0.003*	0.998	<0.001*	0.484	0.997
<i>Bombus barbutellus</i>	0.269	0.015*	0.583	0.408	0.866	0.008*	0.709	0.204	0.134	0.992	0.292	0.797
<i>Bombus bohemicus</i>	<0.001*	0.054	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	0.027	<0.001*	<0.001*	>0.999	0.973	>0.999	>0.999
<i>Bombus campestris</i>	0.003*	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	0.002*	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	0.999	>0.999	>0.999	>0.999
<i>Bombus cingulatus</i>	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	0.008*	>0.999	>0.999	>0.999	0.996	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	0.004*
<i>Bombus confusus</i>	<0.001*	0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	>0.999	0.999	>0.999	>0.999
<i>Bombus consobrinus</i>	0.078	<0.001*	<0.001*	0.024*	0.039	>0.999	>0.999	0.988	0.961	<0.001*	<0.001*	0.012
<i>Bombus cryptarum</i>	0.014*	<0.001*	0.816	0.008*	0.007*	>0.999	0.593	0.004*	0.993	<0.001*	0.408	0.996
<i>Bombus distinguendus</i>	<0.001*	0.138	0.013*	<0.001*	<0.001*	0.932	0.006*	<0.001*	>0.999	0.069	0.994	>0.999
<i>Bombus flavus</i>	0.170	0.002*	0.369	0.036*	0.916	0.999	0.817	0.982	0.085	0.001*	0.184	0.018
<i>Bombus gerstaeckeri</i>	<0.001*	0.002*	0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	0.999	>0.999	<0.001*	>0.999	0.001*	<0.001*	>0.999
<i>Bombus hortorum</i>	0.038*	0.001*	0.949	0.903	0.981	0.001*	0.475	0.451	0.019	0.999	0.527	0.550
<i>Bombus humilis</i>	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	>0.999	>0.999	>0.999	>0.999
<i>Bombus hyperboreus</i>	0.117	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	0.942	>0.999	>0.999	>0.999	0.059	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*
<i>Bombus hypnorum</i>	0.358	0.004*	0.053	0.399	0.822	0.002*	0.027*	0.199	0.179	0.998	0.974	0.802
<i>Bombus jonellus</i>	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	>0.999	>0.999	>0.999	>0.999	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*
<i>Bombus lapidarius</i>	0.854	0.629	0.024*	0.478	0.574	0.687	0.012*	0.239	0.427	0.315	0.988	0.762
<i>Bombus lapponicus</i>	0.047	<0.001*	<0.001*	<0.001*	0.023*	>0.999	>0.999	<0.001*	0.977	<0.001*	<0.001*	>0.999
<i>Bombus lucorum</i>	<0.001*	0.008*	0.054	<0.001*	>0.999	0.004*	0.973	>0.999	<0.001*	0.996	0.027	