

Coronary microvascular obstruction and dysfunction in patients with acute myocardial infarction

In the format provided by the
authors and unedited

Supplementary Table 1 | Main studies assessing the efficacy of antithrombotic agents to reduce CMVO in patients with STEMI undergoing PPCI

Strategy	Study name and year of publication	Study design	Population (n)	Comparison	Dose, route and timing of administration	Primary and secondary end points assessing CMVO	Results
Anticoagulant therapy							
Pre-PCI heparin	Liem et al. HAEP (2000) ¹	Randomized	584	Different doses of heparin before PCI	High (300 UI/kg) versus low (5,000 UI) or no dose of heparin IV	- TIMI flow grade at initial angiography	Ø
	Karlsson et al. (2019) ²	Sub-study of RCT (TASTE)	7,144	Heparin before PCI versus controls	Heparin IV (5,000 UI)	- Intracoronary thrombus - Patency of IRA at initial angiography	↓
	Emilsson et al. (2022) ³	Observational	41,631	Heparin before PCI versus controls	Heparin IV (5,000 UI)	- Patency of IRA at initial angiography	↓
Anticoagulant and antiplatelet therapy							
Pre-PCI aspirin and heparin	HAEP pilot study (1998) ⁴	Observational	108	Aspirin and heparin before PCI versus controls	Heparin IV (300 UI/kg) plus chewed aspirin (160 mg)	- TIMI flow grade at initial angiography	↓
	Zijlstra et al. (2002) ⁵	Observational	1,702	Aspirin and heparin before PCI versus controls	Heparin IV (>5,000 UI) plus IV aspirin (500 mg)	- TIMI flow grade at initial angiography - LVEF - IS	↓
Pre-PCI heparin and ticagrelor	Fabris et al. (2022) ⁶	Observational	537	Aspirin, heparin and ticagrelor before PCI versus aspirin alone	Heparin IV (5,000 UI) and ticagrelor 180 mg	- TIMI flow grade at initial angiography - IS - LVEF	↓
Oral P2Y₁₂ inhibitors							
Pre-PCI ticagrelor	Montalescot et al. (2014) ⁷	Randomized (ATLANTIC)	1,862	Ticagrelor in ambulance versus ticagrelor at the moment of CA	Ticagrelor 180 mg orally on average 31 min before CA or at the moment of CA	- STR - Patency of IRA at initial angiography	Ø
High-dose clopidogrel pre-PCI	Song et al. (2012) ⁸	Observational	198	High versus reduced clopidogrel pre-PCI	Clopidogrel 600 mg versus clopidogrel 300 mg	- IS - CMVO	↓

Prasugrel versus clopidogrel	Brener et al. (2014) ⁹	Sub-study of RCT (INFUSE-AMI)	452	Prasugrel versus clopidogrel	Prasugrel 60 mg versus clopidogrel 600 mg	- TIMI flow grade at initial angiography - cTFC - IS	↓
Clopidogrel pre-PCI	Waha et al. (2014) ¹⁰	Observational	423	High versus reduced clopidogrel pre-PCI	Clopidogrel 600 mg versus clopidogrel 300 mg	- IS - CMVO	
Prasugrel or ticagrelor versus clopidogrel	Khan et al. (2016) ¹¹	Sub-study of RCT (CvLPRIT-CMR)	203	Prasugrel or ticagrelor versus clopidogrel	Prasugrel 60 mg or ticagrelor 180 mg or versus clopidogrel 600 mg	- IS - CMVO	↓
Parenteral antiplatelet therapy							
Eptifibatide pre-PCI	Gibson et al. (2006) ¹²	Randomized (TITAN-TIMI 34)	343	Eptifibatide before versus at the time of PCI	Eptifibatide 180 µg/kg as bolus followed by a second bolus at 10 min and an 18-h infusion of 2 µg/kg/min	- cTFC	↓
Abciximab pre-PCI	Maioli et al. (2007) ¹³	Randomized (RELAX-AMI)	210	Abciximab before versus at the time of PCI	Abciximab 0.25 mg/kg as bolus followed by a 12-h infusion of 0.125 µg/kg/min either in the emergency room or in the catheterization laboratory	- TIMI flow grade at initial angiography - cTFC - MBG	↓
Tirofiban pre-PCI	Van't Hof et al. (2008) ¹⁴	Randomized (On-TIME 2)	936	Pre-hospital intravenous tirofiban bolus administration versus placebo	Tirofiban 25 µg/kg bolus followed by an 18-h infusion of 0.15 µg/kg/min versus placebo	- STR	↓
Intracoronary abciximab	Stone et al. (2012) ¹⁵	Randomized (INFUSE-MI)	452	Intracoronary abciximab at the time of PCI	Intracoronary abciximab 0.25 mg/kg as bolus versus controls	- IS	↓
Intracoronary versus intravenous abciximab	Eitel et al. (2013) ¹⁶	Sub-study of RCT (AIDA-STEMI)	795	Intracoronary versus intravenous abciximab during PCI	Intracoronary or intravenous abciximab 0.25 mg/kg as bolus followed by a 12-h infusion of 0.125 µg/kg/min	- IS - CMVO - LVEF	Ø

Cangrelor versus ticagrelor	Ubaid et al. (2019) ¹⁷	Randomized	100	Intravenous cangrelor versus oral ticagrelor before PCI	Intravenous 30 µg/kg bolus followed by 4 µg/kg/min versus oral 180 mg ticagrelor	- IMR - IS - TIMI flow grade at initial angiography - cTFC - STR	Ø
Intracoronary tirofiban	Huang et al. (2021) ¹⁸	Randomized	234	Intracoronary tirofiban versus saline	Intracoronary tirofiban 10 µg/kg bolus versus saline	- cTFC - STR	↓
Subcutaneous GPI pre-PCI	Rikken et al. (2023) ¹⁹	Sub-study of RCT (cel-02)	24	Subcutaneous RUC-4 before PPCI versus controls	Zalunfiban 0.075, 0.09 and 0.110 mg/kg in the cardiac catheterization, before vascular access	- TIMI flow grade at initial angiography	↓
Intracoronary thrombolytic agents							
Intracoronary streptokinase	Sezer et al. (2007) ²⁰	Randomized	41	Intracoronary streptokinase versus no therapy	Intracoronary 250 kU streptokinase versus no additional therapy	- cTFC - CFR - IMR - MBG	↓
	Sezer et al. (2009) ²¹	Randomized	95	Intracoronary streptokinase versus no therapy	Intracoronary 250 kU streptokinase versus no additional therapy	- IS - CFR - IMR - MBG - LVEF	↓
Intracoronary urokinase	Greco et al. (2013) ²²	Randomized (DISSOLUTION)	102	Intracoronary urokinase versus saline infusion	Intracoronary 200,000 U urokinase versus saline infusion by infusion microcatheter before manual thromboaspiration	- TIMI flow grade at initial angiography - cTFC - MBG - STR	↓
	Zhao et al. (2015) ²³	Randomized	183	Intracoronary urokinase versus no therapy	Intracoronary 500,000-1,000,000 U urokinase versus no additional therapy	- TIMI flow grade at initial angiography - cTFC - STR	↓
Intracoronary alteplase	McCartney et al. (2019) ²⁴	Randomized (T-Time)	440	Intracoronary low-dose alteplase during PCI versus placebo	Intracoronary 20 or 10 mg alteplase infusion over 5–10 min versus placebo	- CMVO - IS	Ø

Intracoronary tenecteplase	Gibson et al. (2020) ²⁵	Randomized (ICE T-TIMI 49)	40	Intracoronary tenecteplase versus placebo	Intracoronary 4 mg tenecteplase versus placebo	- TIMI flow grade at initial angiography - cTFC	↓
Intracoronary pro-urokinase	Huang et al. (2021) ¹⁸	Randomized	228	Intracoronary pro-urokinase versus saline	Intracoronary pro-urokinase 20 mg bolus versus saline	- cTFC - STR	↓

Randomized trials or large observational studies comprising >100 patients were included. ↓, significant reduction; Ø, no significant difference between groups, CA, coronary angiography; CMR, cardiac magnetic resonance; CMVO, coronary microvascular obstruction and dysfunction; cTFC, corrected TIMI frame count; IRA, infarct-related artery; IS, infarct size; IV, intravenous; LVEF, left ventricular ejection fraction; MBG, myocardial blush grade; MACE, major adverse cardiovascular events; MI, myocardial infarction; PCI, percutaneous coronary intervention; STEMI, ST-segment elevation myocardial infarction; STR, ST-segment resolution; TIMI, Thrombolysis in Myocardial Infarction; TVR, target-vessel revascularization.

Supplementary Table 2 | Main randomized clinical trials assessing the efficacy of vasodilators to reduce CMVO

Drug	Study	Population (n)	Comparison	Dose, route and timing of administration	Primary and secondary end points assessing CMVO	Results
Adenosine						
Adenosine versus saline	Mahaffey et al. AMISTAD (1999) ²⁶	236	Adenosine versus saline	Adenosine 70 µg/kg/min for 3 h, IV, before thrombolytic therapy	- IS - Myocardial salvage index	↓
	Marzilli et al. (2000) ²⁷	54	Adenosine versus saline	Adenosine 4 mg in 1 minute, IC, after balloon inflation	- TIMI flow - Left ventricular regional function	↓
	Ross et al. Kloner et al. AMISTAD-II (2005–2006) ^{28,29}	2,118	Adenosine versus placebo	Adenosine 50 or 70 µg/kg/min for 3 h, IV, either at the start of fibrinolysis or before PCI	- IS	↓
	Vijayalakshmi et al. (2006) ³⁰	150	Adenosine versus verapamil versus saline	Adenosine 30 µg bolus, IC, after PCI	- TFC - LWMI	↓
	Fokkema et al. (2009) ³¹	448	Adenosine versus saline	Adenosine 120 µg two boluses, IC, one after thrombus aspiration and one after stenting	- STR - MBG - TIMI flow - IS	Ø
	Niccoli et al. REOPEN-AMI (2013) ³²	240	Adenosine versus nitroprusside versus saline	Adenosine 120 µg fast bolus + 2 mg slow bolus, IC, during PCI following thrombus aspiration	- STR - TIMI flow - MBG - IS	↓
	Nazir et al. REFLO-STEMI (2016) ³³	247	Adenosine versus nitroprusside versus saline	Adenosine 1 mg + 2 mg (or + 1 mg if IRA was the RCA), IC, during PCI	- IS - MVO - STR	Ø
Nicorandil						
Nicorandil versus saline	Ito et al. (1999) ³⁴	81	Nicorandil versus saline	Nicorandil 4 mg bolus + 6 mg/h for 24 h IV pre-PCI, followed by 15 mg/day oral until discharge	Myocardial contrast echocardiography no-reflow	↓

	Ishii et al. (2005) ³⁵	368	Nicorandil versus saline	Nicorandil 12 mg bolus, IV, before PCI	- TIMI flow - cTFC - STR - IS	↓
	Kitakaze et al. J-WIND (2007) ³⁶	538	Nicorandil versus saline	Nicorandil 0.067 mg/kg bolus, followed by 1.67 µg/kg/min for 24 h; some patients were given oral nicorandil during follow-up	- IS	↓
	Lee et al. (2008) ³⁷	73	Nicorandil versus saline	Nicorandil 2 mg bolus, IC, pre-PCI and post-PCI	- TIMI flow	↓
	Qian et al. CHANGE (2022) ³⁸	238	Nicorandil versus saline	Nicorandil 12 mg bolus, IV, pre-PCI + 144 mg 6 mg/h for 24 h	- IS - cTFC - TIMI flow - STR - MVO	↓
Nitroprusside						
Nitroprusside versus saline	Amit et al. (2006) ³⁹	98	Intracoronary nitroprusside versus saline	Nitroprusside 60 µg bolus, IC, during PCI	- cTFC - STR - MBG - TIMI flow	Ø
	Niccoli et al. REOPEN-AMI (2013) ³²	240	Adenosine versus nitroprusside versus saline	Nitroprusside: 60 µg bolus + 100 µg slow bolus, IC, during PCI following thrombus aspiration	- STR - TIMI flow - MBG - IS	Ø
	Nazir et al. REFLO-STEMI (2016) ³³	247	Adenosine versus nitroprusside versus saline	Nitroprusside 250 µg x 2, IC, during PCI	- IS - MVO - STR	Ø
Verapamil versus nitroprusside	Abdelaziz et al. (2017) ⁴⁰	60	Verapamil versus nitroprusside	Nitroprusside 60 µg, fast bolus IC + 120 µg in 2 min, during PCI	- TIMI flow - STR	↓
Calcium channel blockers						
Verapamil versus saline	Taniyama et al. (1997) ⁴¹	40	Verapamil versus saline	Verapamil 500 µg IC, post-PCI, followed by 120 mg oral verapamil	- Myocardial contrast echocardiography with intracoronary microbubbles	↓

	Vijayalakshmi et al. (2006) ³⁰	150	Adenosine versus verapamil versus saline	Verapamil 500 µg in 1 min IC after PCI	- TFC - LWMI	↓
Diltiazem versus verapamil versus nitroglycerin	Huang et al. RECOVER (2012) ⁴²	102	Diltiazem versus verapamil versus nitroglycerin	Verapamil 200 µg bolus IC; nitroglycerin 200 µg bolus, IC; diltiazem 400 µg bolus IC; after PCI	- cTFC - STR - IS	↓
Verapamil versus nitroprusside	Abdelaziz et al. (2017) ⁴⁰	60	Verapamil versus nitroprusside	Verapamil 250 µg + 500 µg over 2 min, IC, during PCI	- TIMI flow - STR - LWMI	↓
Adrenaline						
Adenosine versus adrenaline	Khan et al. COAR (2022) ⁴³	201	Adenosine versus adrenaline	Adenosine 60–100 µg bolus, IC; adrenaline 100–600 µg bolus, IC; post-PCI	- TIMI flow - cTFC - MBG	↓

↓, significant reduction; Ø, no significant difference between groups, CABG, coronary artery bypass graft surgery; CMVO, coronary microvascular obstruction and dysfunction; cTFC, corrected TIMI frame count; IC, intracoronary; IRA, infarct-related artery; IS, infarct size; IV, intravenous; LVEF, left ventricular ejection fraction; LWMI, left ventricular wall motion index; MBG, myocardial blush grade; MI, myocardial infarction; MVO, microvascular obstruction; PCI, percutaneous coronary intervention; TIMI, Thrombolysis in Myocardial Infarction; RCA, right coronary artery; STR, ST-segment resolution; TFC, TIMI frame count; TVR, target-vessel revascularization.

Supplementary Table 3 | Main clinical trials on ischaemic postconditioning in patients with STEMI undergoing PPCI

Authors	Acronym	Year of publication	Placebo/ intervention	Intervention	Primary end point	Results
Bøtker et al. ⁴⁴	CONDI	2010	167/166	RIC	Myocardial salvage	↓
Sörensson et al. ⁴⁵	–	2010	33/35	PoCo	IS (MRI)	Ø
Lonborg et al. ⁴⁶	–	2010	59/59	PoCo	Myocardial salvage (MRI)	↓
Munk et al. ⁴⁷	–	2010	108/110	RIP	LVEF	Ø
Rentoukas et al. ⁴⁸	–	2010	33/30	RIP	STR	↓
Ugata et al. ⁴⁹	–	2012	42/37	PoCo	IS (CK-MB release)	↓
Frexia et al. ⁵⁰	–	2012	40/39	PoCo	IS and myocardial salvage (MRI)	Ø
Tarantini et al. ⁵¹	POST-AMI	2012	39/39	PoCo	IS (MRI)	Ø
Thuny et al. ⁵²	–	2012	25/25	PoCo	IS (MRI)	↓
Dweyer et al. ⁵³	–	2013	52/50	PoCo	IS and myocardial salvage (MRI)	Ø
Mewton et al. ⁵⁴	–	2013	25/25	PoCo	IS (MRI)	↓
Hahn et al. ⁵⁵	POST	2013	350/350	PoCo	STR	Ø
Elzbieciak et al. ⁵⁶	–	2013	21/18	PoCo	IS (MRI)	Ø
Dwyer et al. ⁵⁷	–	2013	52/50	PoCo	IS and myocardial salvage (MRI)	Ø
Crimi et al. ⁵⁸	–	2013	50/50	RIC	IS (CK-MB release and MRI)	↓
Limalanathan et al. ⁵⁹	POSTEMI	2014	136/136	PoCo	IS (MRI)	Ø
Araszkiewicz et al. ⁶⁰	–	2014	37/35	PoCo	IS (CK-MB release)	↓
Roubille et al. ⁶¹	PRIME	2014	44/46	PoCo	IS (MRI)	Ø
Prunier et al. ⁶²	RIPOST-MI	2014	44/71	RIC	IS (CK-MB release and MRI)	↓
Sloth et al. ⁶³	–	2014	166/167	RIC	MACCE	↓
Yellon et al. ⁶⁴	ERIC-LYSIS	2015	258/261	RIC	IS (Tn release)	↓
Luz et al. ⁶⁵	–	2015	44/43	PoCo	IS (CK-MB release)	Ø
White et al. ⁶⁶	–	2015	43/42	RIC	IS (MRI)	↓
Eitel et al. ⁶⁷	LIPSIA CONDITIONING	2015	160/173	PoCo and RIC	Myocardial salvage (MRI)	Ø
Verouhis et al. ⁶⁸	–	2016	46/47	RIC	IS and myocardial salvage (MRI)	Ø
Elbadawi et al. ⁶⁹	–	2017	35/36	RIC	LVEF	Ø
Engstrøm et al. ⁷⁰	DANAMI-3-iPOST	2017	617/617	PoCo	All-cause death and hospitalization for heart failure at 38 months	Ø
Cao et al. ⁷¹	–	2018	44/36	RIC	IS (CK-MB release)	↓
Gaspar et al. ⁷²	RIC-STEMI	2018	217/231	RIC	Cardiac death and hospitalization for heart failure	Ø
Traverse et al. ⁷³	–	2019	57/65	PoCo	IS and myocardial salvage (MRI)	Ø
Hausenloy et al. ⁷⁴	CONDI-2/ERIC-PPCI	2019	2,701/2,700	RIC	Cardiac death or hospitalization for heart failure	Ø

↓, significant reduction; Ø, no significant difference between groups; CK, creatine kinase; IS, infarct size; LVEF, left ventricular ejection fraction; MACCE, major adverse cardiac and cerebrovascular events; MI, myocardial infarction; MRI, magnetic resonance imaging; PoCo, postconditioning; PPCI, primary percutaneous coronary intervention; RIC, remote ischaemic conditioning; STEMI, ST-segment elevation myocardial infarction; STR, ST-segment resolution; Tn, troponin.

References

- 1 Liem, A. *et al.* High dose heparin as pretreatment for primary angioplasty in acute myocardial infarction: the Heparin in Early Patency (HEAP) randomized trial. *J. Am. Coll. Cardiol.* **35**, 600-604 (2000).
- 2 Karlsson, S. *et al.* Editor's Choice- Heparin pre-treatment in patients with ST-segment elevation myocardial infarction and the risk of intracoronary thrombus and total vessel occlusion. Insights from the TASTE trial. *Eur. Heart J. Acute Cardiovasc. Care* **8**, 15-23 (2019).
- 3 Emilsson, O. L. *et al.* Pretreatment with heparin in patients with ST-segment elevation myocardial infarction: a report from the Swedish Coronary Angiography and Angioplasty Registry (SCAAR). *EuroIntervention* **18**, 709-718 (2022).
- 4 Verheugt, F. W. *et al.* High dose bolus heparin as initial therapy before primary angioplasty for acute myocardial infarction: results of the Heparin in Early Patency (HEAP) pilot study. *J. Am. Coll. Cardiol.* **31**, 289-293 (1998).
- 5 Zijlstra, F. *et al.* Influence of prehospital administration of aspirin and heparin on initial patency of the infarct-related artery in patients with acute ST elevation myocardial infarction. *J. Am. Coll. Cardiol.* **39**, 1733-1737 (2002).
- 6 Fabris, E. *et al.* Effect of prehospital treatment in STEMI patients undergoing primary PCI. *Catheter. Cardiovasc. Interv.* **99**, 1500-1508 (2022).
- 7 Montalescot, G. *et al.* Prehospital ticagrelor in ST-segment elevation myocardial infarction. *N. Engl. J. Med.* **371**, 1016-1027 (2014).
- 8 Song, Y. B. *et al.* A high loading dose of clopidogrel reduces myocardial infarct size in patients undergoing primary percutaneous coronary intervention: a magnetic resonance imaging study. *Am. Heart J.* **163**, 500-507 (2012).
- 9 Brener, S. J. *et al.* Outcomes in Patients With ST-Segment Elevation Acute Myocardial Infarction Treated With Clopidogrel Versus Prasugrel (from the INFUSE-AMI Trial). *Am. J. Cardiol.* **113**, 1457-1460 (2014).
- 10 de Waha, S. *et al.* Association of upstream clopidogrel administration and myocardial reperfusion assessed by cardiac magnetic resonance imaging in patients with ST-elevation myocardial infarction. *Eur. Heart J. Acute Cardiovasc. Care* **3**, 110-117 (2014).
- 11 Khan, J. N. *et al.* Infarct Size Following Treatment With Second- Versus Third-Generation P2Y₁₂ Antagonists in Patients With Multivessel Coronary Disease at ST-Segment Elevation Myocardial Infarction in the CvLPRIT Study. *J. Am. Heart Assoc.* **5**, e003403 (2016).
- 12 Gibson, C. M. *et al.* Early initiation of eptifibatide in the emergency department before primary percutaneous coronary intervention for ST-segment elevation myocardial infarction: results of the Time to Integrilin Therapy in Acute Myocardial Infarction (TITAN)-TIMI 34 trial. *Am. Heart J.* **152**, 668-675 (2006).
- 13 Maioli, M., Bellandi, F., Leoncini, M., Toso, A. & Dabizzi, R. P. Randomized Early Versus Late Abciximab in Acute Myocardial Infarction Treated With Primary Coronary Intervention (RELAX-AMI Trial). *J. Am. Coll. Cardiol.* **49**, 1517-1524 (2007).
- 14 Van't Hof, A. W. *et al.* Prehospital initiation of tirofiban in patients with ST-elevation myocardial infarction undergoing primary angioplasty (On-TIME 2): a multicentre, double-blind, randomised controlled trial. *Lancet* **372**, 537-546 (2008).
- 15 Stone, G. W. *et al.* Intracoronary abciximab and aspiration thrombectomy in patients with large anterior myocardial infarction: the INFUSE-AMI randomized trial. *JAMA* **307**, 1817-1826 (2012).

- 16 Eitel, I. *et al.* Intracoronary compared with intravenous bolus abciximab application during primary percutaneous coronary intervention in ST-segment elevation myocardial infarction: cardiac magnetic resonance substudy of the AIDA STEMI trial. *J. Am. Coll. Cardiol.* **61**, 1447-1454 (2013).
- 17 Ubaid, S. *et al.* Cangrelor versus Ticagrelor in Patients Treated with Primary Percutaneous Coronary Intervention: Impact on Platelet Activity, Myocardial Microvascular Function and Infarct Size: A Randomized Controlled Trial. *Thromb. Haemost.* **119**, 1171-1181 (2019).
- 18 Huang, D. *et al.* Effects of Intracoronary Pro-urokinase or Tirofiban on Coronary Flow During Primary Percutaneous Coronary Intervention for Acute Myocardial Infarction: A Multi-Center, Placebo-Controlled, Single-Blind, Randomized Clinical Trial. *Front. Cardiovasc. Med.* **8**, 710994 (2021).
- 19 Rikken, S. A. O. F. *et al.* Prepercutaneous coronary intervention Zalusfiban dose-response relationship to target vessel blood flow at initial angiogram in st-elevation myocardial infarction – a post hoc analysis of the cel-02 phase IIa study. *Am. Heart J.* **262**, 75-82 (2023).
- 20 Sezer, M. *et al.* Intracoronary Streptokinase after Primary Percutaneous Coronary Intervention. *N. Engl. J. Med.* **356**, 1823-1834 (2007).
- 21 Sezer, M. *et al.* Effect of intracoronary streptokinase administered immediately after primary percutaneous coronary intervention on long-term left ventricular infarct size, volumes, and function. *J. Am. Coll. Cardiol.* **54**, 1065-1071 (2009).
- 22 Greco, C. *et al.* Usefulness of local delivery of thrombolytics before thrombectomy in patients with ST-segment elevation myocardial infarction undergoing primary percutaneous coronary intervention (the delivery of thrombolytics before thrombectomy in patients with ST-segment elevation myocardial infarction undergoing primary percutaneous coronary intervention [DISSOLUTION] randomized trial). *Am. J. Cardiol.* **112**, 630-635 (2013).
- 23 Bei, Z. Effects of intracoronary low-dose urokinase injection combined with stent implantation in acute STEMI patients on myocardial perfusion and its influence on short-term prognosis. *Medical Journal of Chinese People's Liberation Army* **12**, 661-665 (2015).
- 24 McCartney, P. J. *et al.* Effect of Low-Dose Intracoronary Alteplase During Primary Percutaneous Coronary Intervention on Microvascular Obstruction in Patients With Acute Myocardial Infarction: A Randomized Clinical Trial. *JAMA* **321**, 56-68 (2019).
- 25 Gibson, C. M. *et al.* Feasibility and Safety of Low-Dose Intra-Coronary Tenecteplase During Primary Percutaneous Coronary Intervention for ST-Elevation Myocardial Infarction (ICE T-TIMI 49). *Am. J. Cardiol.* **125**, 485-490 (2020).
- 26 Mahaffey, K. W. *et al.* Adenosine as an adjunct to thrombolytic therapy for acute myocardial infarction: results of a multicenter, randomized, placebo-controlled trial: the Acute Myocardial Infarction Study of ADenosine (AMISTAD) trial. *J. Am. Coll. Cardiol.* **34**, 1711-1720 (1999).
- 27 Marzilli, M., Orsini, E., Marraccini, P. & Testa, R. Beneficial effects of intracoronary adenosine as an adjunct to primary angioplasty in acute myocardial infarction. *Circulation* **101**, 2154-2159 (2000).

- 28 Ross, A. M., Gibbons, R. J., Stone, G. W., Kloner, R. A. & Alexander, R. W. A randomized, double-blinded, placebo-controlled multicenter trial of adenosine as an adjunct to reperfusion in the treatment of acute myocardial infarction (AMISTAD-II). *J. Am. Coll. Cardiol.* **45**, 1775-1780 (2005).
- 29 Kloner, R. A. *et al.* Impact of time to therapy and reperfusion modality on the efficacy of adenosine in acute myocardial infarction: the AMISTAD-2 trial. *Eur. Heart J.* **27**, 2400-2405 (2006).
- 30 Vijayalakshmi, K. *et al.* Prospective, randomised, controlled trial to study the effect of intracoronary injection of verapamil and adenosine on coronary blood flow during percutaneous coronary intervention in patients with acute coronary syndromes. *Heart* **92**, 1278-1284 (2006).
- 31 Fokkema, M. L. *et al.* Effect of high-dose intracoronary adenosine administration during primary percutaneous coronary intervention in acute myocardial infarction: a randomized controlled trial. *Circ. Cardiovasc. Interv.* **2**, 323-329 (2009).
- 32 Niccoli, G. *et al.* Open-label, randomized, placebo-controlled evaluation of intracoronary adenosine or nitroprusside after thrombus aspiration during primary percutaneous coronary intervention for the prevention of microvascular obstruction in acute myocardial infarction: the REOPEN-AMI study (Intracoronary Nitroprusside Versus Adenosine in Acute Myocardial Infarction). *JACC Cardiovasc. Interv.* **6**, 580-589 (2013).
- 33 Nazir, S. A. *et al.* The REFLO-STEMI (REperfusion Facilitated by LOcal adjunctive therapy in ST-Elevation Myocardial Infarction) trial: a randomised controlled trial comparing intracoronary administration of adenosine or sodium nitroprusside with control for attenuation of microvascular obstruction during primary percutaneous coronary intervention. *Efficacy Mech. Eval.* <https://doi.org/10.3310/eme03090> (2016).
- 34 Ito, H. *et al.* Intravenous nicorandil can preserve microvascular integrity and myocardial viability in patients with reperfused anterior wall myocardial infarction. *J. Am. Coll. Cardiol.* **33**, 654-660 (1999).
- 35 Ishii, H. *et al.* Impact of a single intravenous administration of nicorandil before reperfusion in patients with ST-segment-elevation myocardial infarction. *Circulation* **112**, 1284-1288 (2005).
- 36 Kitakaze, M. *et al.* Human atrial natriuretic peptide and nicorandil as adjuncts to reperfusion treatment for acute myocardial infarction (J-WIND): two randomised trials. *Lancet* **370**, 1483-1493 (2007).
- 37 Lee, H. C. *et al.* Effect of intra-coronary nicorandil administration prior to reperfusion in acute ST segment elevation myocardial infarction. *Circ. J.* **72**, 1425-1429 (2008).
- 38 Qian, G. *et al.* Effects of Nicorandil Administration on Infarct Size in Patients With ST-Segment-Elevation Myocardial Infarction Undergoing Primary Percutaneous Coronary Intervention: The CHANGE Trial. *J. Am. Heart Assoc.* **11**, e026232 (2022).
- 39 Amit, G. *et al.* Intracoronary nitroprusside for the prevention of the no-reflow phenomenon after primary percutaneous coronary intervention in acute myocardial infarction. A randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled clinical trial. *Am. Heart J.* **152**, 887.e9-14 (2006).

- 40 Abdelaziz, H. K., Elkilany, W., Khalid, S., Sabet, S. & Saad, M. Efficacy and safety of intracoronary verapamil versus sodium nitroprusside for the prevention of microvascular obstruction during primary percutaneous coronary intervention for ST-segment elevation myocardial infarction. *Coron. Artery Dis.* **28**, 11-16 (2017).
- 41 Taniyama, Y. *et al.* Beneficial Effect of Intracoronary Verapamil on Microvascular and Myocardial Salvage in Patients With Acute Myocardial Infarction. *J. Am. Coll. Cardiol.* **30**, 1193-1199 (1997).
- 42 Huang, D. *et al.* REStoration of COronary flow in patients with no-reflow after primary coronary interVENTion of acute myocaRdial infarction (RECOVER). *Am. Heart J.* **164**, 394-401 (2012).
- 43 Khan, K. A. *et al.* Comparison of Intracoronary Epinephrine and Adenosine for No-Reflow in Normotensive Patients With Acute Coronary Syndrome (COAR Trial). *Circ. Cardiovasc. Interv.* **15**, e011408 (2022).
- 44 Bøtker, H. E. *et al.* Remote ischaemic conditioning before hospital admission, as a complement to angioplasty, and effect on myocardial salvage in patients with acute myocardial infarction: a randomised trial. *Lancet* **375**, 727-734 (2010).
- 45 Sörensson, P. *et al.* Effect of postconditioning on infarct size in patients with ST elevation myocardial infarction. *Heart* **96**, 1710-1715 (2010).
- 46 Lønborg, J. *et al.* Cardioprotective effects of ischemic postconditioning in patients treated with primary percutaneous coronary intervention, evaluated by magnetic resonance. *Circ. Cardiovasc. Interv.* **3**, 34-41 (2010).
- 47 Munk, K. *et al.* Remote Ischemic Conditioning in Patients With Myocardial Infarction Treated With Primary Angioplasty. *Circ. Cardiovasc. Imaging* **3**, 656-662 (2010).
- 48 Rentoukas, I. *et al.* Cardioprotective role of remote ischemic perconditioning in primary percutaneous coronary intervention: enhancement by opioid action. *JACC Cardiovasc. Interv.* **3**, 49-55 (2010).
- 49 Ugata, Y., Nakamura, T., Taniguchi, Y., Ako, J. & Momomura, S. Effect of postconditioning in patients with ST-elevation acute myocardial infarction. *Cardiovasc. Interv. Ther.* **27**, 14-18 (2012).
- 50 Freixa, X. *et al.* Ischaemic postconditioning revisited: lack of effects on infarct size following primary percutaneous coronary intervention. *Eur. Heart J.* **33**, 103-112 (2012).
- 51 Tarantini, G. *et al.* Postconditioning during coronary angioplasty in acute myocardial infarction: the POST-AMI trial. *Int. J. Cardiol.* **162**, 33-38 (2012).
- 52 Thuny, F. *et al.* Post-conditioning reduces infarct size and edema in patients with ST-segment elevation myocardial infarction. *J. Am. Coll. Cardiol.* **59**, 2175-2181 (2012).
- 53 DWYER, N. B. *et al.* No Cardioprotective Benefit of Ischemic Postconditioning in Patients With ST-Segment Elevation Myocardial Infarction. *J. Interv. Cardiol.* **26**, 482-490 (2013).
- 54 Mewton, N. *et al.* Postconditioning attenuates no-reflow in STEMI patients. *Basic Res. Cardiol.* **108**, 383 (2013).

- 55 Hahn, J. Y. *et al.* Ischemic postconditioning during primary percutaneous coronary intervention: the effects of postconditioning on myocardial reperfusion in patients with ST-segment elevation myocardial infarction (POST) randomized trial. *Circulation* **128**, 1889-1896 (2013).
- 56 Elżbięciak, M. *et al.* Effect of postconditioning on infarction size, adverse left ventricular remodeling, and improvement in left ventricular systolic function in patients with first anterior ST-segment elevation myocardial infarction. *Pol. Arch. Med. Wewn.* **123**, 268-276 (2013).
- 57 Dwyer, N. B. *et al.* No cardioprotective benefit of ischemic postconditioning in patients with ST-segment elevation myocardial infarction. *J. Interv. Cardiol.* **26**, 482-490 (2013).
- 58 Crimi, G. *et al.* Remote ischemic post-conditioning of the lower limb during primary percutaneous coronary intervention safely reduces enzymatic infarct size in anterior myocardial infarction: a randomized controlled trial. *JACC Cardiovasc. Interv.* **6**, 1055-1063 (2013).
- 59 Limalanathan, S. *et al.* Effect of ischemic postconditioning on infarct size in patients with ST-elevation myocardial infarction treated by primary PCI results of the POSTEMI (Postconditioning in ST-Elevation Myocardial Infarction) randomized trial. *J. Am. Heart Assoc.* **3**, e000679 (2014).
- 60 Araszkieicz, A. *et al.* Postconditioning reduces enzymatic infarct size and improves microvascular reperfusion in patients with ST-segment elevation myocardial infarction. *Cardiology* **129**, 250-257 (2014).
- 61 Roubille, F. *et al.* No post-conditioning in the human heart with thrombolysis in myocardial infarction flow 2-3 on admission. *Eur. Heart J.* **35**, 1675-1682 (2014).
- 62 Prunier, F. *et al.* The RIPOST-MI study, assessing remote ischemic preconditioning alone or in combination with local ischemic postconditioning in ST-segment elevation myocardial infarction. *Basic Res. Cardiol.* **109**, 400 (2014).
- 63 Sloth, A. D. *et al.* Improved long-term clinical outcomes in patients with ST-elevation myocardial infarction undergoing remote ischaemic conditioning as an adjunct to primary percutaneous coronary intervention. *Eur. Heart J.* **35**, 168-175 (2014).
- 64 Yellon, D. M. *et al.* Remote Ischemic Conditioning Reduces Myocardial Infarct Size in STEMI Patients Treated by Thrombolysis. *J. Am. Coll. Cardiol.* **65**, 2764-2765 (2015).
- 65 Luz, A. *et al.* Lack of Benefit of Ischemic Postconditioning After Routine Thrombus Aspiration During Reperfusion: Immediate and Midterm Results. *J. Cardiovasc. Pharmacol. Ther.* **20**, 523-531 (2015).
- 66 White, S. K. *et al.* Remote Ischemic Conditioning Reduces Myocardial Infarct Size and Edema in Patients With ST-Segment Elevation Myocardial Infarction. *JACC Cardiovasc. Interv.* **8**, 178-188 (2015).
- 67 Eitel, I. *et al.* Cardioprotection by combined intrahospital remote ischaemic preconditioning and postconditioning in ST-elevation myocardial infarction: the randomized LIPSIA CONDITIONING trial. *Eur. Heart J.* **36**, 3049-3057 (2015).
- 68 Verouhis, D. *et al.* Effect of remote ischemic conditioning on infarct size in patients with anterior ST-elevation myocardial infarction. *Am. Heart J.* **181**, 66-73 (2016).

- 69 Elbadawi, A. *et al.* Impact of Remote Ischemic Postconditioning during Primary Percutaneous Coronary Intervention on Left Ventricular Remodeling after Anterior Wall ST-Segment Elevation Myocardial Infarction: A Single-Center Experience. *Int. J. Angiol.* **26**, 241-248 (2017).
- 70 Engstrøm, T. *et al.* Effect of Ischemic Postconditioning During Primary Percutaneous Coronary Intervention for Patients With ST-Segment Elevation Myocardial Infarction: A Randomized Clinical Trial. *JAMA Cardiol.* **2**, 490-497 (2017).
- 71 Cao, B., Wang, H., Zhang, C., Xia, M. & Yang, X. Remote Ischemic Postconditioning (RIPC) of the Upper Arm Results in Protection from Cardiac Ischemia-Reperfusion Injury Following Primary Percutaneous Coronary Intervention (PCI) for Acute ST-Segment Elevation Myocardial Infarction (STEMI). *Med. Sci. Monit.* **24**, 1017-1026 (2018).
- 72 Gaspar, A. *et al.* Randomized controlled trial of remote ischaemic conditioning in ST-elevation myocardial infarction as adjuvant to primary angioplasty (RIC-STEMI). *Basic Res. Cardiol.* **113**, 14 (2018).
- 73 Traverse, J. H. *et al.* NHLBI-Sponsored Randomized Trial of Postconditioning During Primary Percutaneous Coronary Intervention for ST-Elevation Myocardial Infarction. *Circ. Res.* **124**, 769-778 (2019).
- 74 Hausenloy, D. J. *et al.* Effect of remote ischaemic conditioning on clinical outcomes in patients with acute myocardial infarction (CONDI-2/ERIC-PPCI): a single-blind randomised controlled trial. *Lancet* **394**, 1415-1424 (2019).