

Genome-wide association study of prostate-specific antigen levels in 392,522 men identifies new loci and improves prediction across ancestry groups

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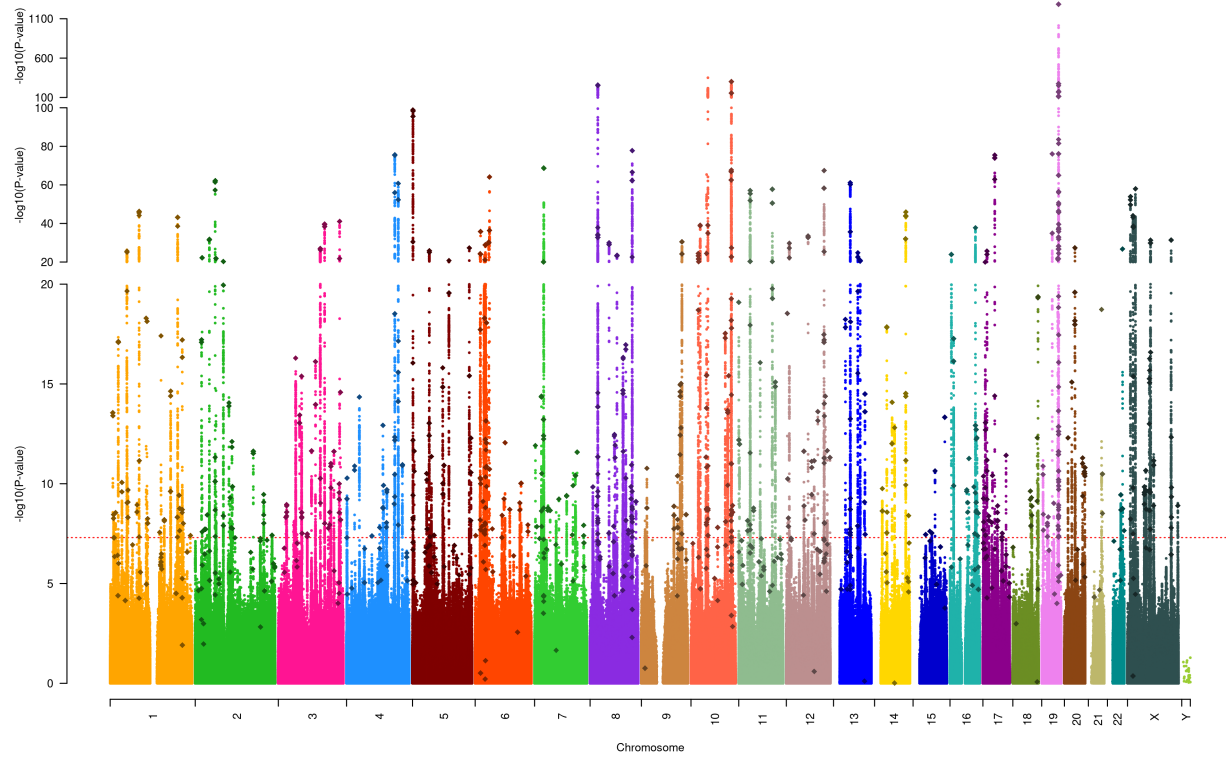
Supplemental Figures for: Genome-wide association study of prostate-specific antigen levels in 392,522 men identifies new loci and improves prediction across ancestry groups

List of Figures

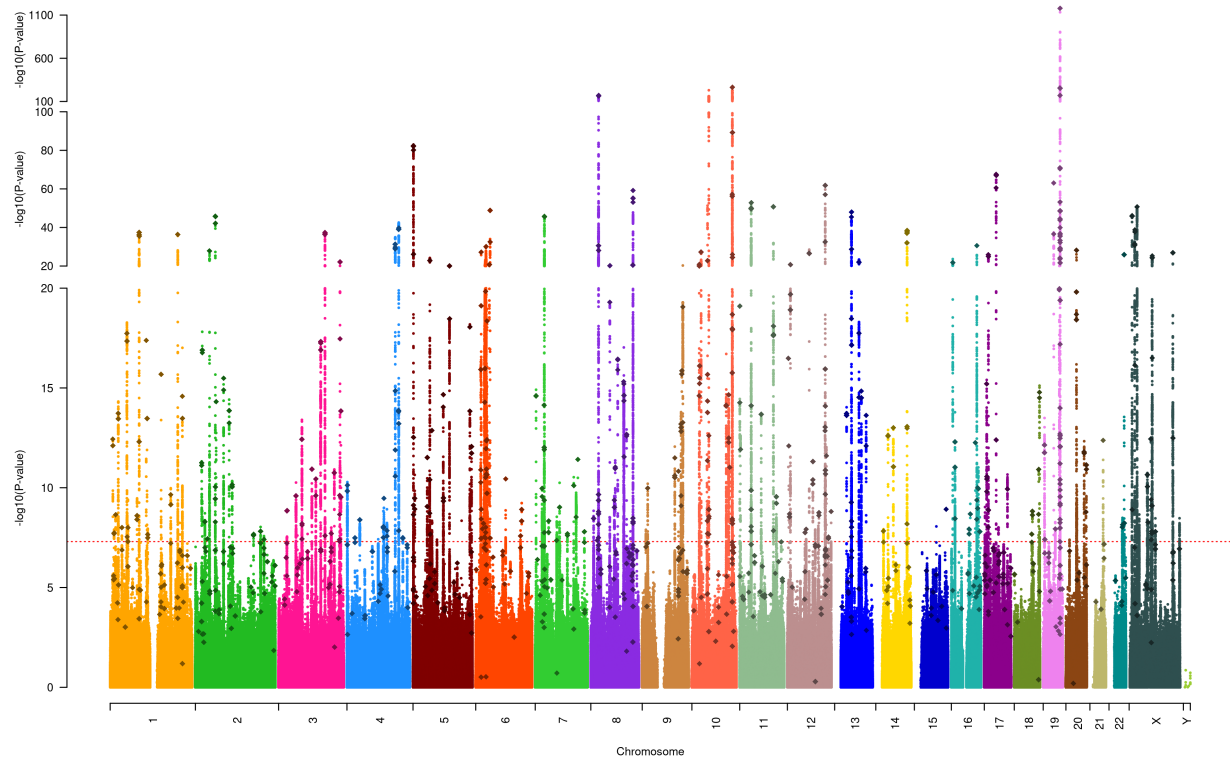
1	Manhattan plots.	2
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Figure S1: Manhattan plots. Meta-analysis of linear regression results, two-sided test, tests not adjusted for multiple comparisons (dashed line represent genome-wide significance ($p \leq 5e-8$)).

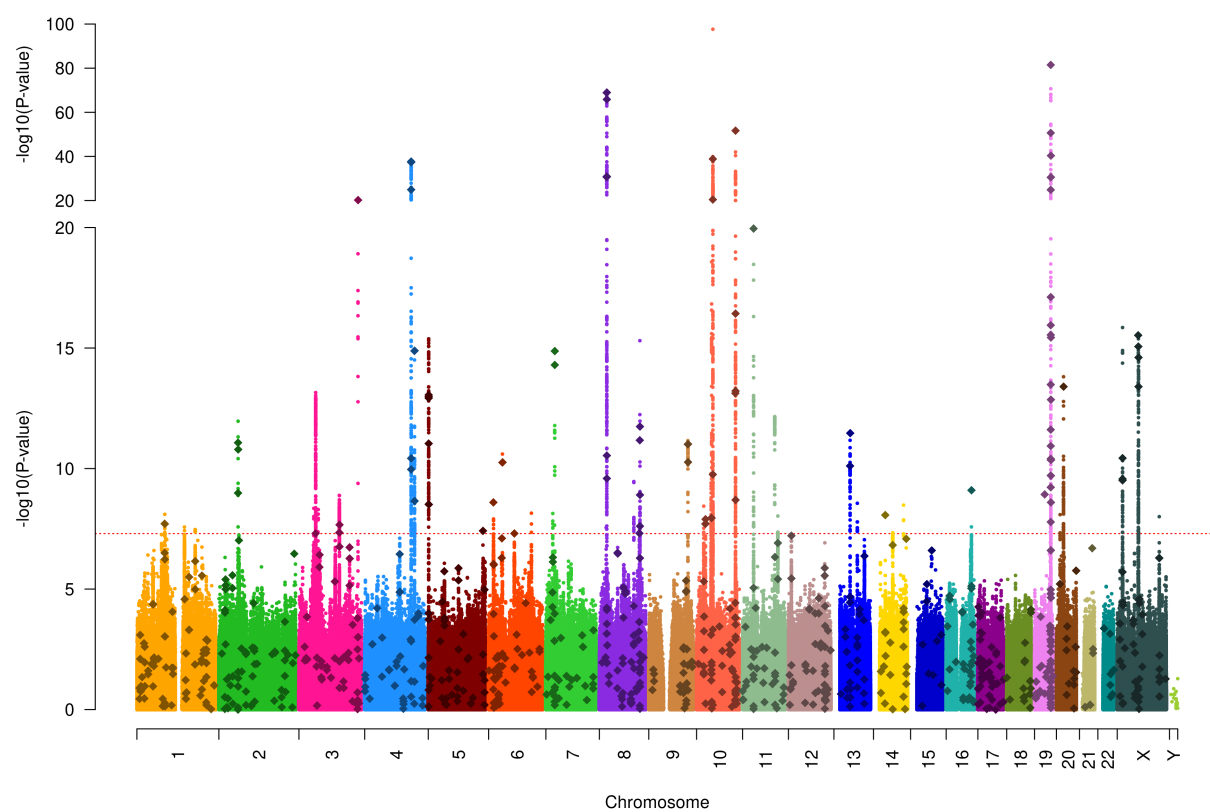
(A) Discovery Meta-analysis (n=296,754).



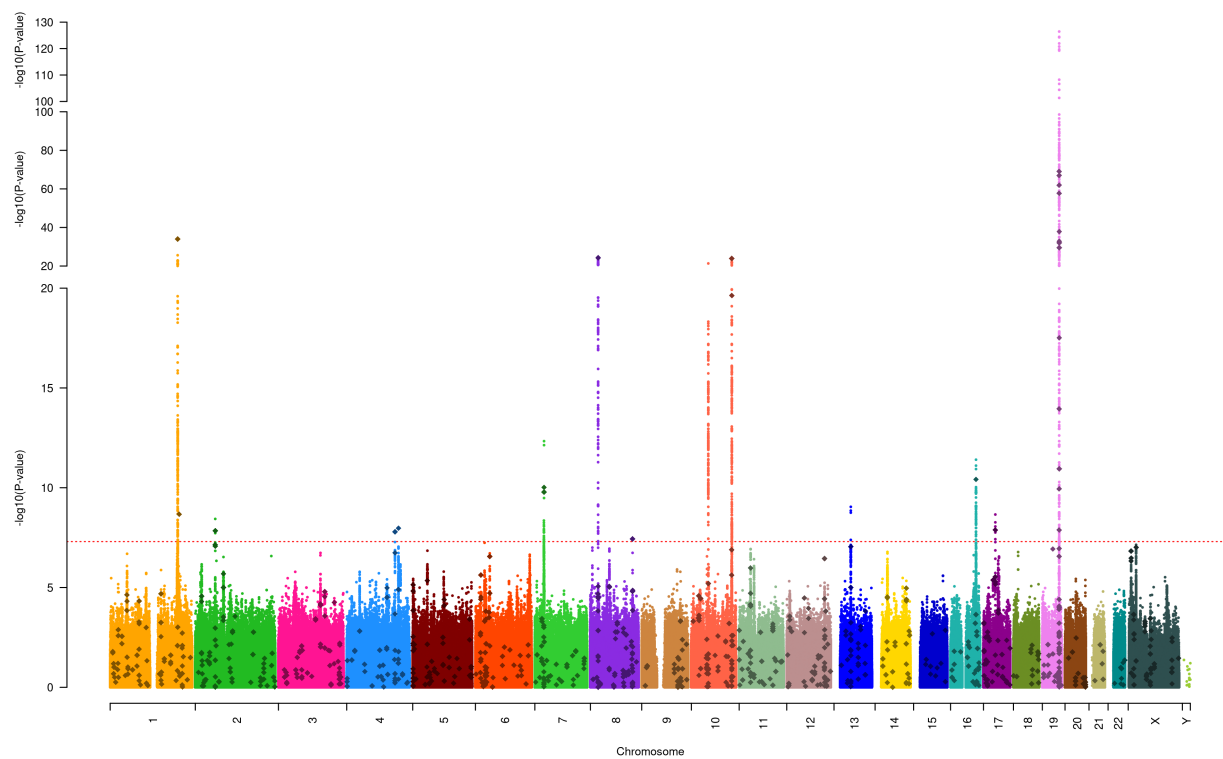
(B) Discovery Europeans (n=211,342).



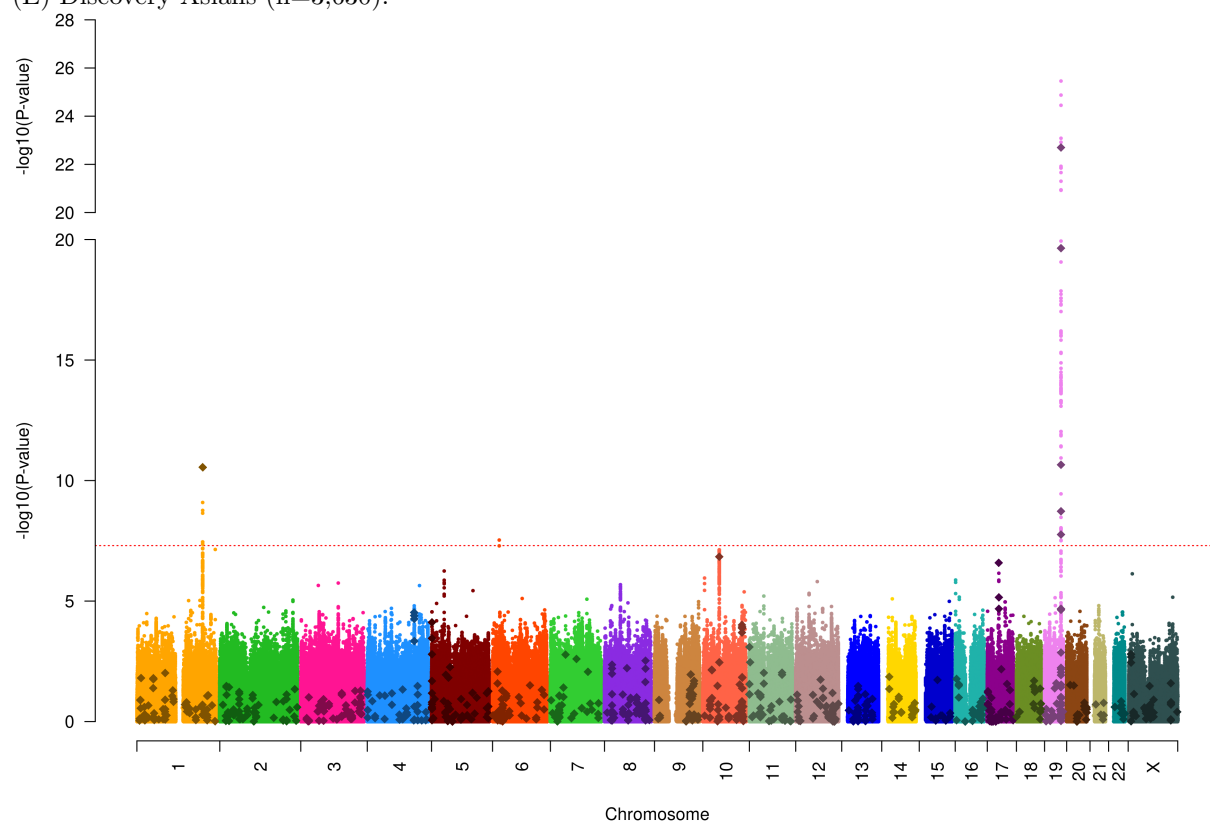
(C) Discovery African Americans (n=58,236).



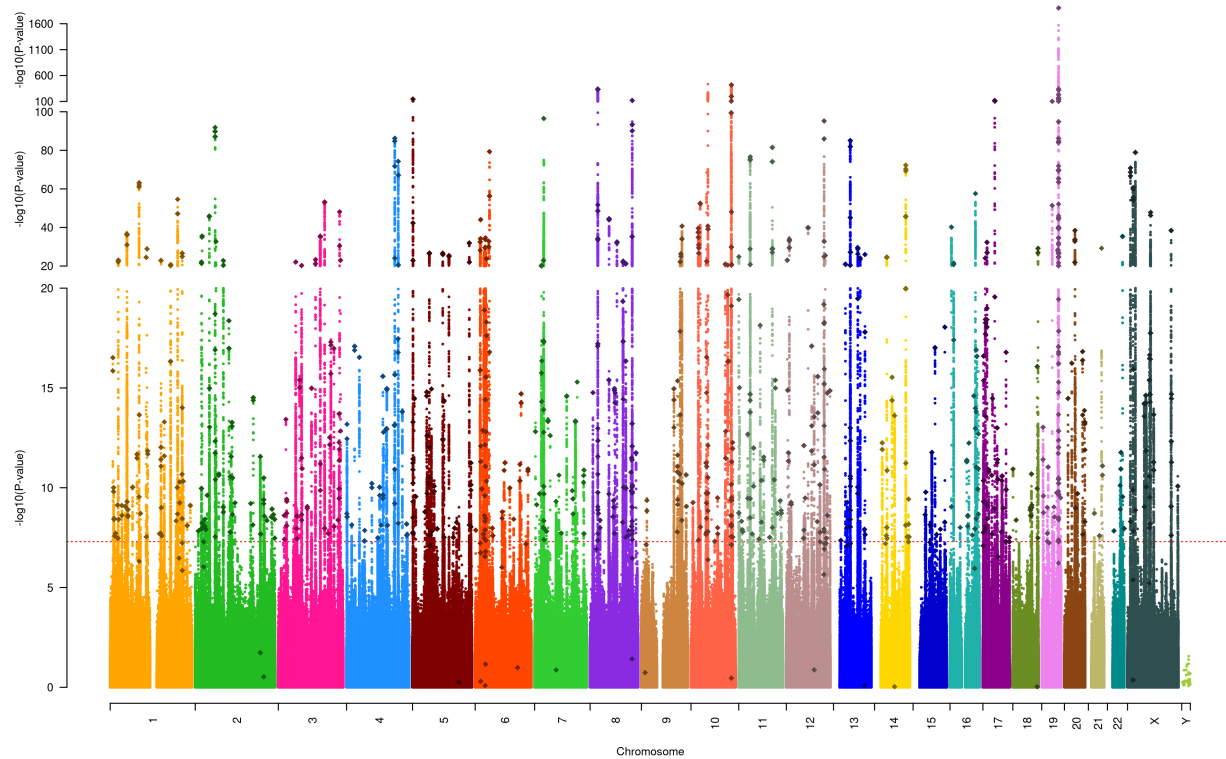
(D) Discovery Latinos (n=23,546).



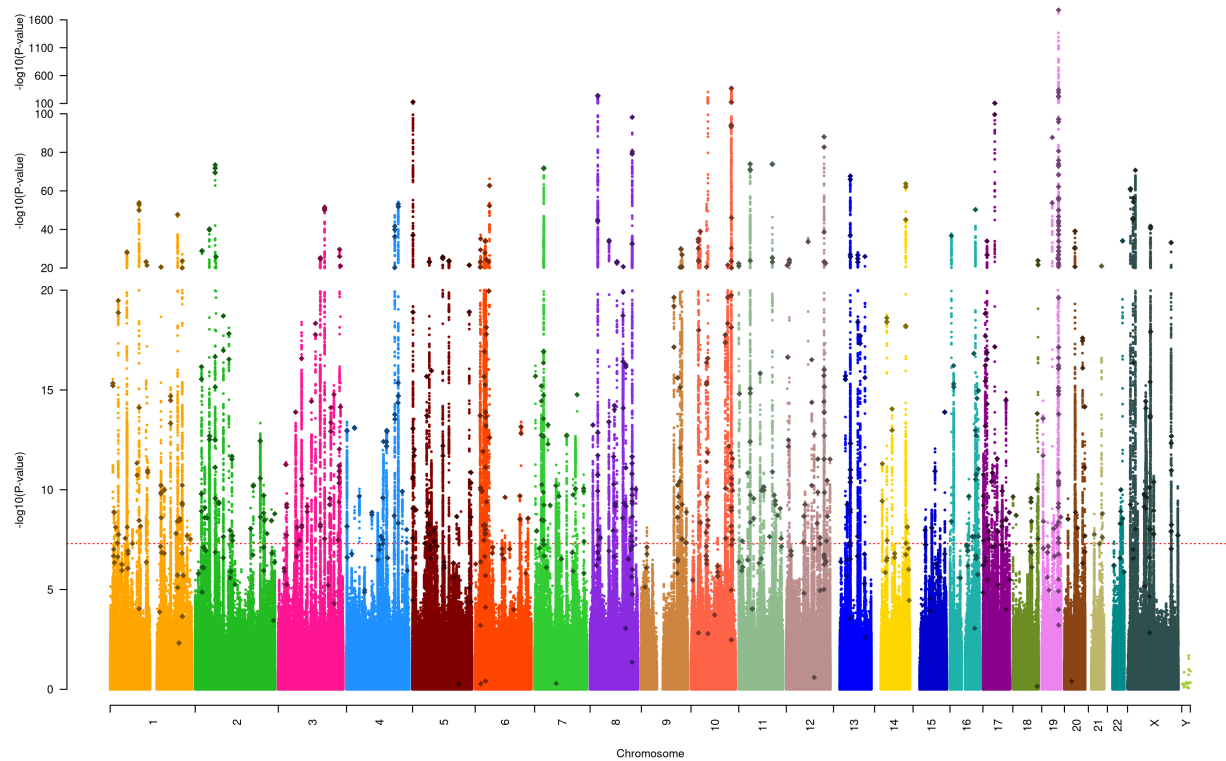
(E) Discovery Asians (n=3,630).



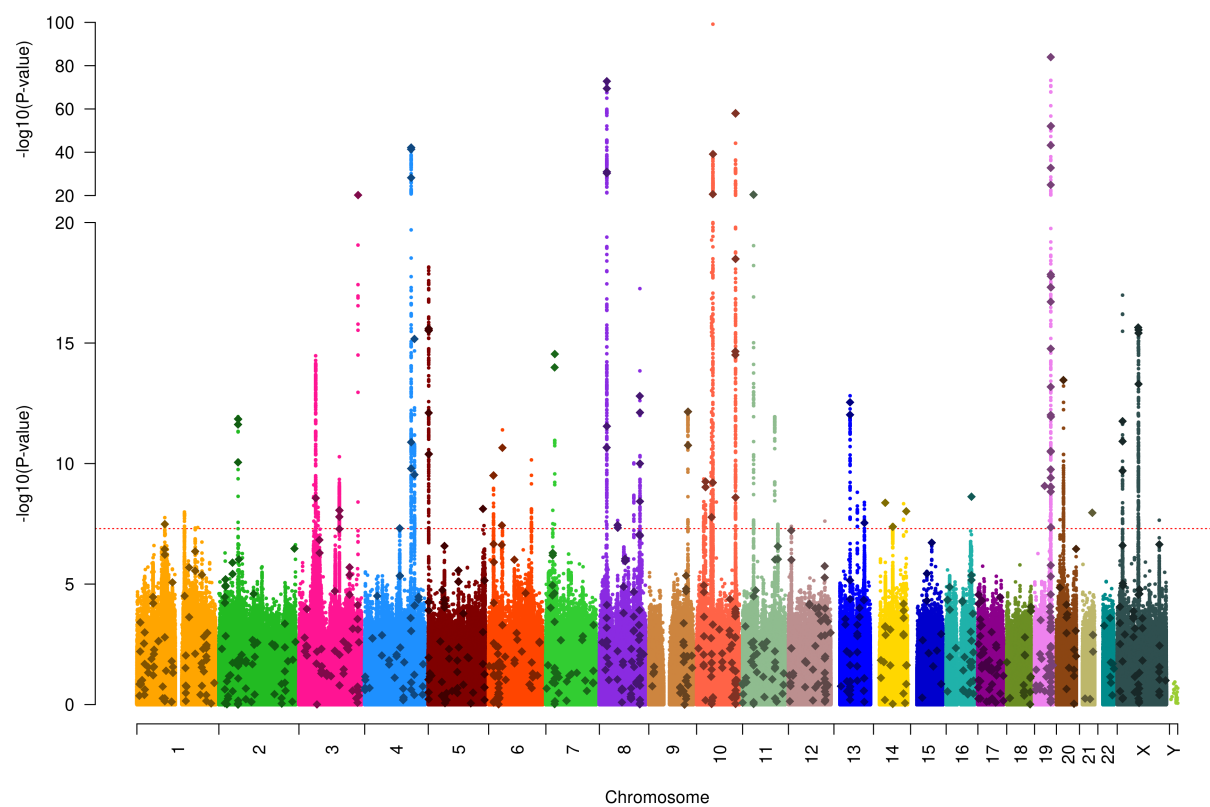
(F) Discovery+Replication Meta-analysis (n=392,522).



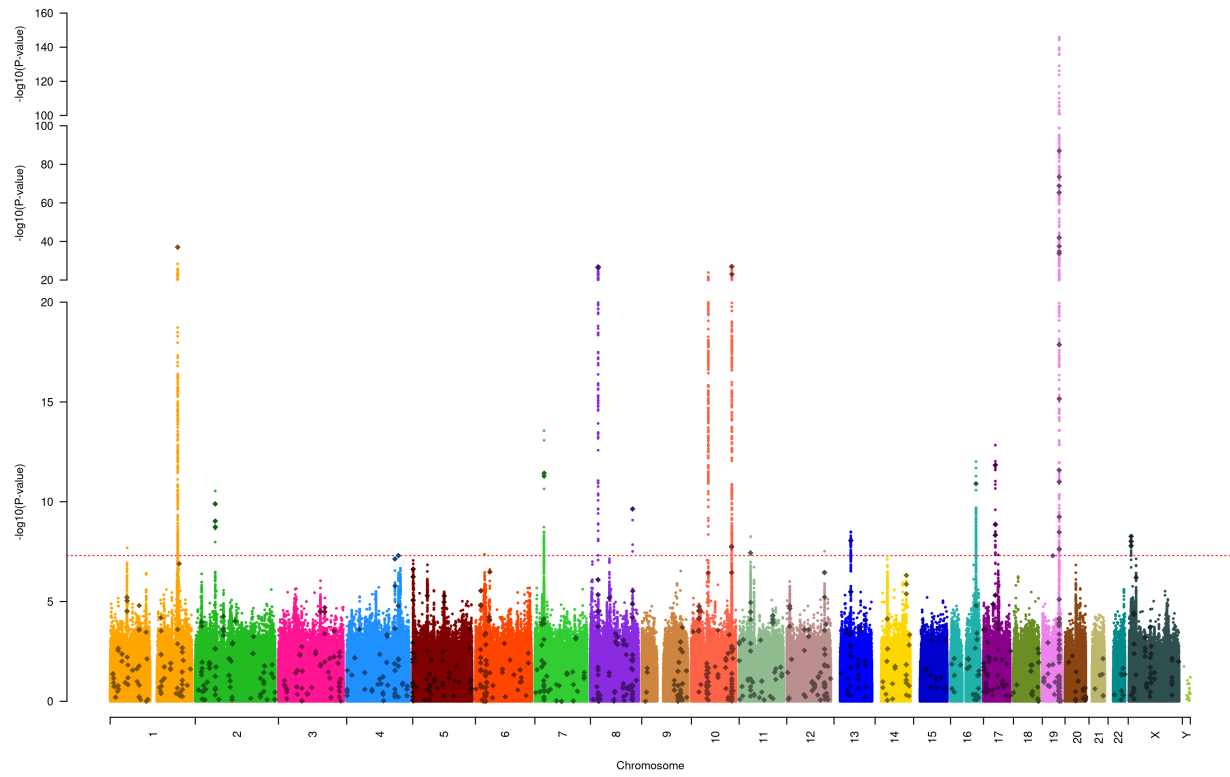
(G) Discovery+Replication Europeans (n=297,166).



(H) Discovery+Replication African Americans (n=61,745).



(I) Discovery+Replication Latinos (n=26,644).



(J) Discovery+Replication Asians (n=6,967).

