

A neuroprosthesis for restoring hand movement and sensation in a person with complete tetraplegia

In the format provided by the
authors and unedited

Supplementary Information

Bouton_Supplementary_Video_1.mp4

Supplementary Video 1. Participant demonstrates cortically mediated light grasping through neuromuscular electrical stimulation

Bouton_Supplementary_Video_2.mp4

Supplementary Video 2. Participant demonstrates cortically mediated precision grasping and self-feeding using an active orthosis

Bouton_Supplementary_Video_3.mp4

Supplementary Video 3. Participant demonstrates cortically mediated fine grasping with force-control using an RL in loop

13 **Supplementary Table 1.** Optimized structural and functional MRI scan parameters for localizing
 14 hand regions in the primary motor and somatosensory cortices.

Structural and functional MRI scan parameters	
T1-weighted (T1w) 3D MPRAGE sequence	
Isotropic resolution	0.8 mm
TR/TE/TI	2400/2.22/1000
Flip angle	8°
In-plane under-sampling (GRAPPA)	2
Acquisition time	7 min
T2-weighted (T2w) 3D turbo spin echo (SPACE) sequence	
Isotropic resolution	0.8 mm
TR/TE	3200/564 ms
In-plane under-sampling (GRAPPA)	2
Acquisition time	6 min
Task fMRI using the CMRR implementation of multiband gradient echo echo-planar imaging (EPI) sequence	
Isotropic resolution	2.1 mm
TR/TE	751/35 ms
Flip angle	60°
Slices	72
Multiband factor	725
FOV	228 mm × 228 mm
Matrix size	108 × 108
Phase partial Fourier	7/8
Phase encoding direction	anterior-posterior (A-P)
Echo spacing	0.68 ms
Measurements	330 in 4 mins

15 A pair of reversed polarity (A-P/P-A) spin echo EPI field mapping acquisitions with matched echo train length
 16 and echo spacing to the fMRI acquisition were also acquired