

MicroRNA-449a deficiency promotes colon carcinogenesis

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Supplementary Figure 1. Niki *et al.*

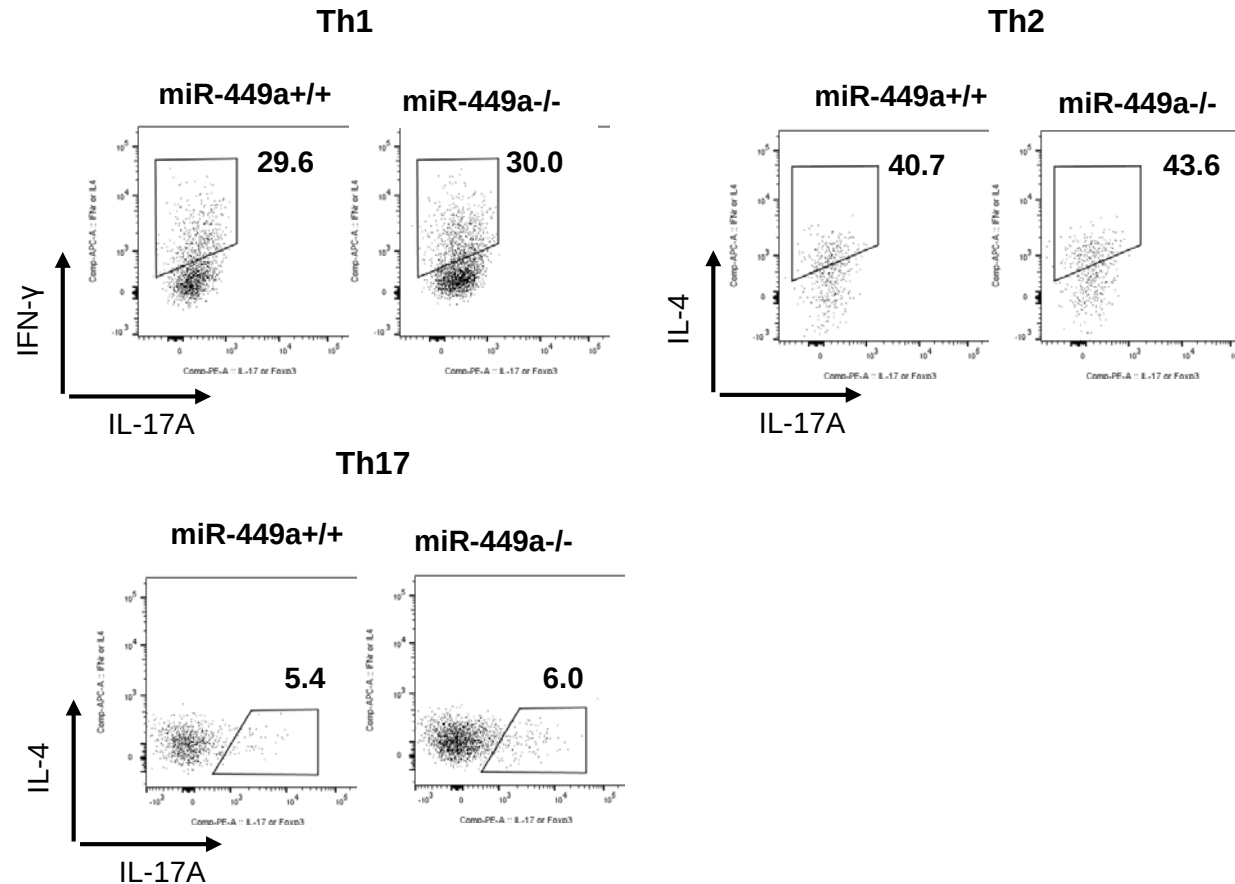


Figure legend

T cells from miR-449a^{+/+} or miR-449a^{-/-} mice were stimulated with anti-CD3 mAb (1 μ g/ml) in the presence of IFN- γ and anti-IL4 mAb (Th1), IL-4 and anti-IFN- γ or TGF- β and IL-6 (Th17) for 3 days, and expression of cytokines were evaluated after stimulation with PMA and ionomycin for 5 hours.

Supplementary Figure 2. Niki et al.

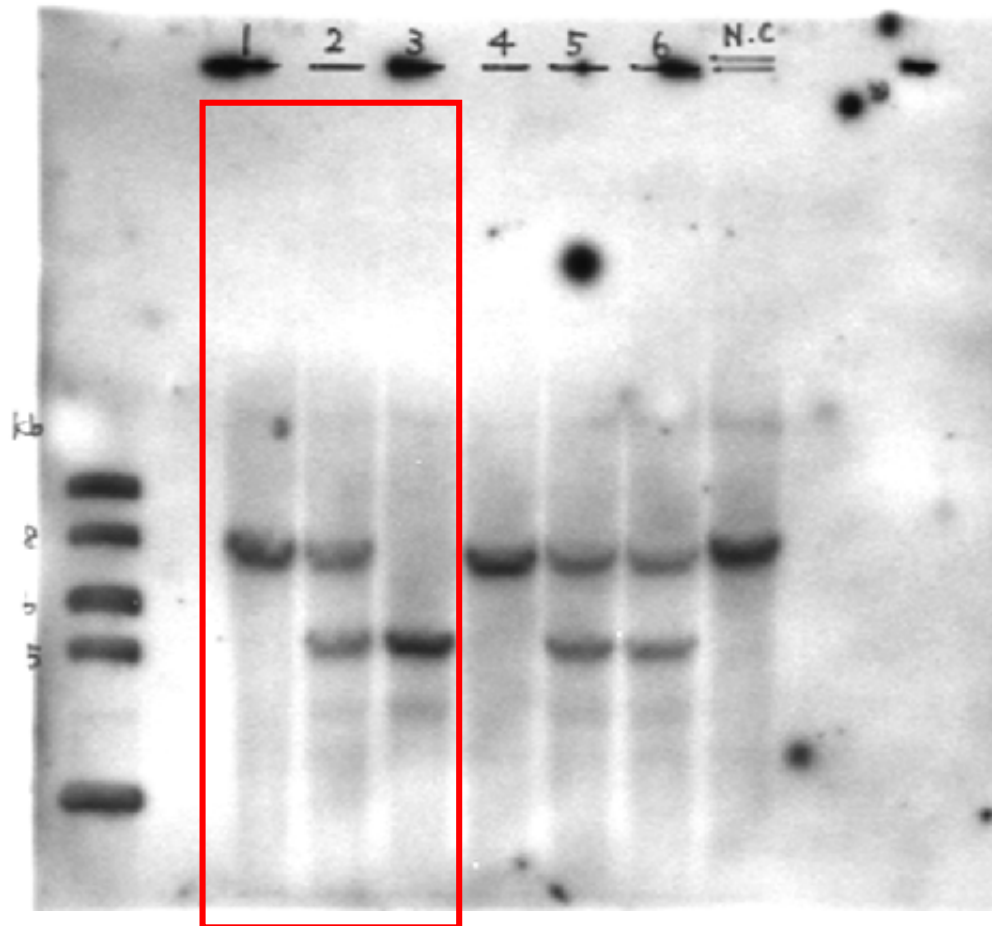


Figure legend

Genomic DNA was digested with BclI and subjected to Southern blot analysis. Genomic DNA from wild-type or *miR-449a*^{-/-} mice was amplified by PCR primers that detected the wild-type or mutant allele. The part in the red rectangle is shown in Figure 2b.