

A perfusion incubator liver chip for 3D cell culture with application on chronic hepatotoxicity testing

Supplementary Information

Fang Yu^{1,2}, Rensheng Deng¹, Wen Hao Tong^{1,2}, Li Huan¹, Ng Chan Way², Anik Islam Badhan¹, Ciprian Iliescu^{1,7-9*}, and Hanry Yu^{1-6*}

¹Institute of Bioengineering and Nanotechnology, A*STAR, The Nanos, 04-01, 31 Biopolis Way, Singapore, 138669, Singapore.

²NUS Graduate School for Integrative Sciences and Engineering, Centre for Life Sciences (CeLS), 28 Medical Drive, Singapore, 117456, Singapore

³MechanoBiology Institute, National University of Singapore, T-Lab, 5A Engineering Drive 1, Singapore, 117411, Singapore

⁴Department of Physiology, National University of Singapore, MD9 03-03, 2 Medical Drive, Singapore, 117597, Singapore, E-mail: nmihuh@nus.edu.sg

⁵Singapore-MIT Alliance for Research and Technology, 1 CREATE Way, #10-01 CREATE Tower, Singapore, 138602, Singapore

⁶MechanoBiology Institute, National University of Singapore, T-Lab, 5A Engineering Drive 1, Singapore, 117411, Singapore

⁷National Institute for Research and Development in Microtechnologies, IMT-Bucharest, Bucharest 077190, Romania: E-mail: ciprian.iliescu@imt.ro

⁸Academy of Romanian Scientists, Splaiul Independentei nr. 54, sector 5, Bucharest 050094, Romania
BIGHEART, National University of Singapore, ND6, 14 Medical Drive, #14-01, Singapore 117599, e-mail: bigci@nus.edu.sg

* Corresponding authors

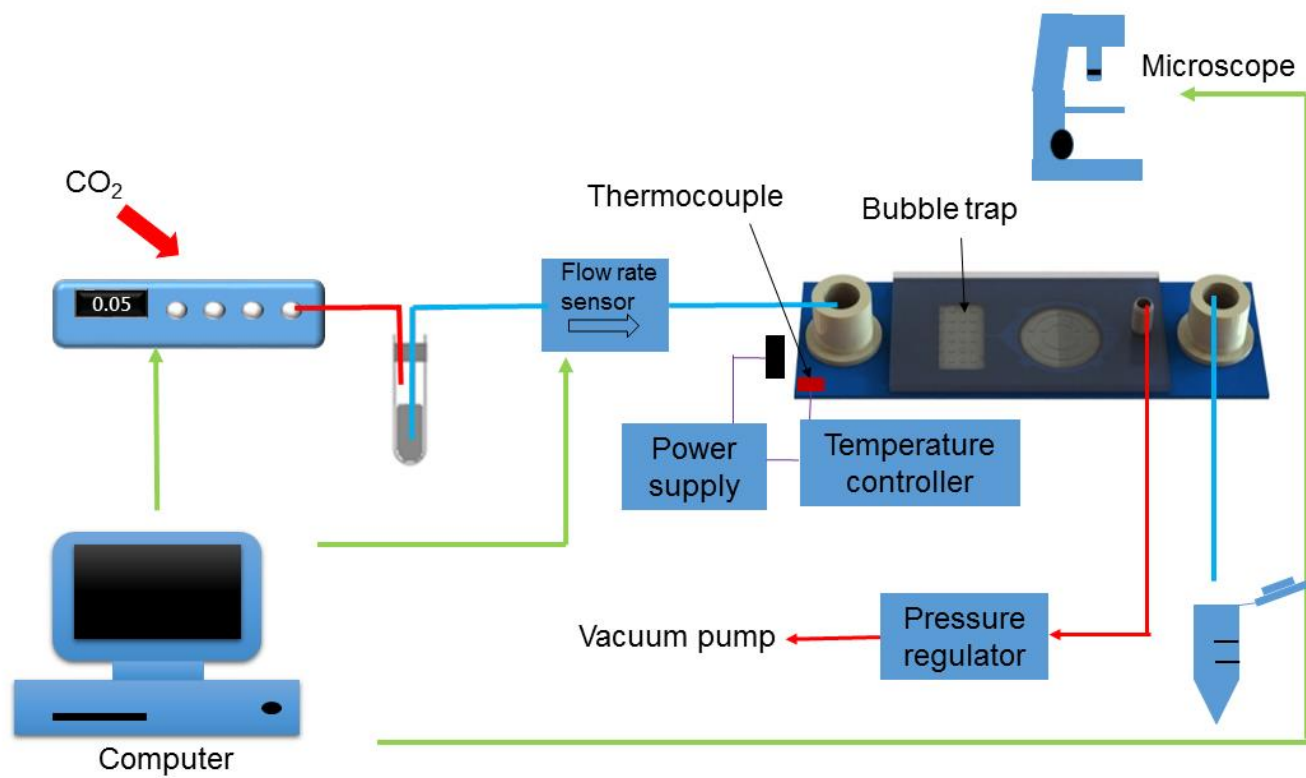


Figure S1: overall schematics of the microfluidic system

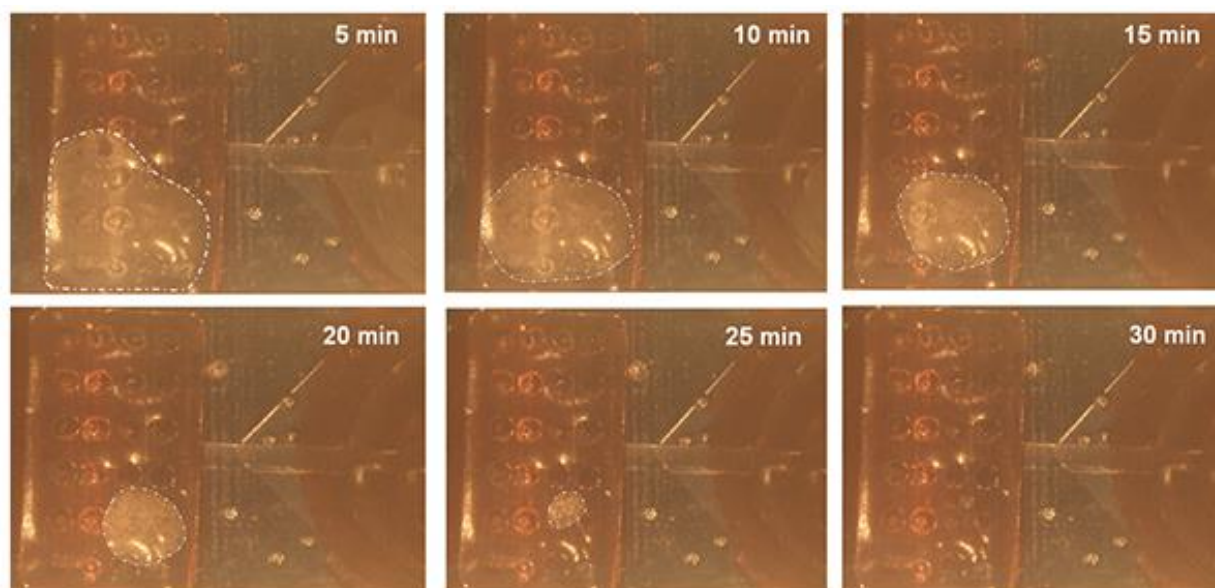


Figure S2: removal of the air bubble (shown in the dotted line) in the bubble trap. The bubble is completely removed after 30 minutes.

Supplementary 3: Influence of the cell culture chamber's depth:

Different depth of the cell culture chamber: 0.5mm, 1mm, 2mm and 3mm were fabricated in order to appreciate the relevance of this parameter. The devices having 0.5 and 1mm chamber depth were fabricated as described in previous section. The chips having 2mm and 3mm chamber depth were fabricated assembling one or two silicon “spacers” -1mm-thick (with the corresponding etch-through holes). The assembly was performed using a thin PDMS layer using a contact imprinting method⁷³. The experiments were performed for 3 days at a constant flow rate of 0.1mL/h. Cell viability (Fig. S3b) is not affected, but for albumin secretion (Fig. S3c) and urea synthesis (Fig. S3d), the cells cultured in chamber with 0.5mm depth showed the highest secretion level. Fig. 4a with Fig. 5a and Fig. S3b, show that the O₂ level increases sharply from Q=0.02mL/h to Q=0.06mL/h, and then increases moderately to Q=0.1mL/h. Correspondingly, cell viability increases sharply from Q= 0.02mL/h to Q = 0.06mL/h; and then moderately to Q =0.1mL/h before it decreases at Q=0.2 and 0.4mL/h due to excessive shear stress. On the other hand, the change of depth from 0.5mm to 3mm less significant effect on the O₂ level.

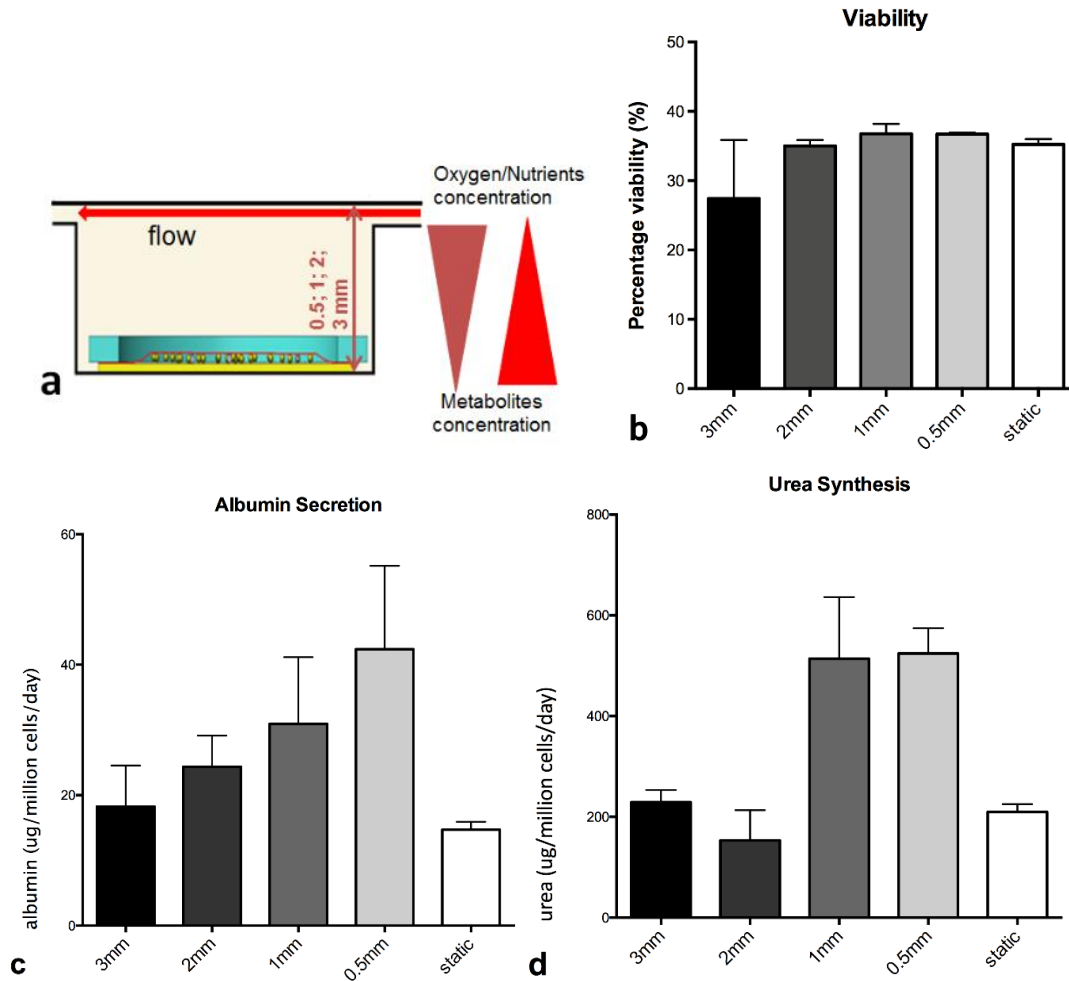


Figure S3: a) Schematic design with the positioning of the CS model in the microwell; the concentration of the O₂ and nutrients decrease with the depth of the chamber culture. S3b) Cell viability was not significantly different for different chamber depths, cell number was normalized to the initial cell number. S3c) Albumin production was highest at 0.5mm d) urea synthesis was highest at 1 mm and 0.5 mm. Results were obtained from triplicate measurements (n=3), *p≤0.05. Data from representative experiments are presented, whereas similar trends were seen in multiple trials.

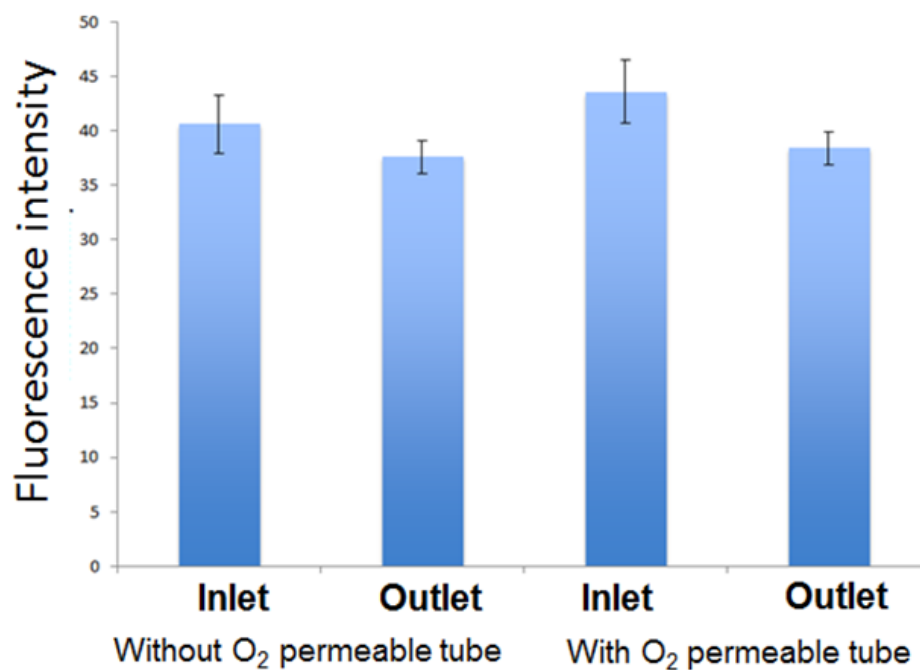
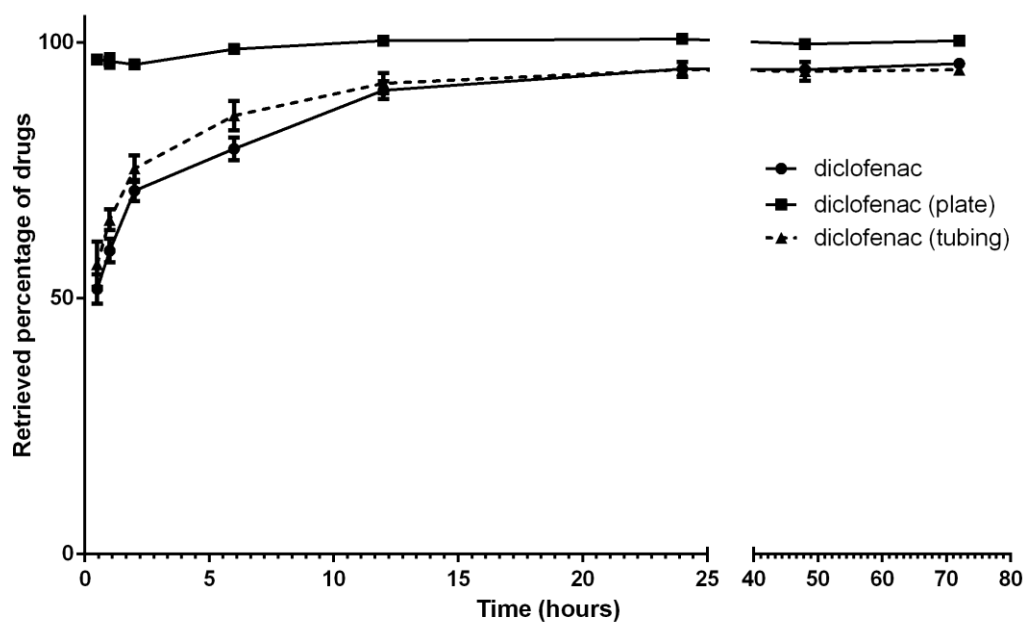


Figure S4: The drop in oxygen concentration in the media after flowing at 0.1mL/h through the PIC system loaded with rat hepatocytes spheroids ($\sim 2 \times 10^4$ cells) in the presence/absence of oxygen permeable tube

a



b

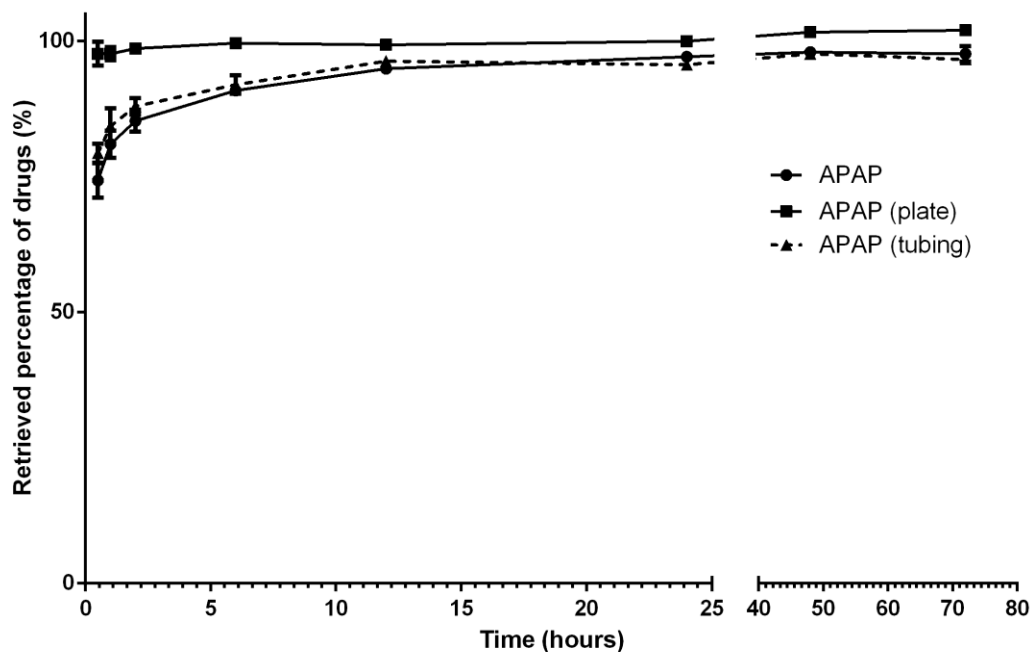


Figure S5: Amount of (a) diclofenac and (b) APAP retrieved after flowing through the PIC, tubing system (without PIC) and well-plate, normalized to the total amount of drug loaded into PIC, tubing and well-plate for 0.5 to 72 hours. Results are the average $\pm$ the standard error of the mean collected from 3 different experiments.