

Percutaneous ureteroscopy laser unroofing-a minimally invasive approach for renal cyst treatment

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Supplementary table 1. Patient characteristics

Variable	Data
No. of patients	71
Sex	
Male,n (%)	42 (59.1%)
Female,n (%)	29 (40.9%)
Mean age (range) (y)	47.4 (34-71)
Body mass index, kg/m²	26.1 (22.5-37.3)
Cystside:	
Right,n (%)	37 (52.1%)
Left, n (%)	32 (45.1%)
Bilateral, n (%)	2 (2.8%)
No. of cysts	
1, n (%)	63 (88.7%)
>1,n (%)	8 (11.3%)
Cyst location	
Upper,n (%)	19 (26.7%)
Middle,n (%)	23 (32.4%)
Lower, n (%)	22 (31.0%)
Parapelvic, n (%)	7 (9.9%)
Cyst with ipsilateral renal calculi number	5 (7.0%)
Cyst position	
Anterior, n (%)	11 (15.5%)
Posterior, n (%)	60 (84.5%)
Clinical symptoms:	
Flank or abdominal pain,n (%)	46 (64.8%)
Renal lump,n (%)	25 (35.2%)
Maximum diameter of cyst, cm (range)	6.5 (4.9-9.6)
Stone surface area, cm² (range)	5.7 (3.4-9.8)
Bosniak classification:	
I, n (%)	64 (90.1%)
II,n (%)	7 (9.9%)
Previous operation, n	3 (4.2%)