

Supporting Information

**Understanding of MoS₂/GaN Heterojunction Diode and
its Photodetection Properties**

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S1

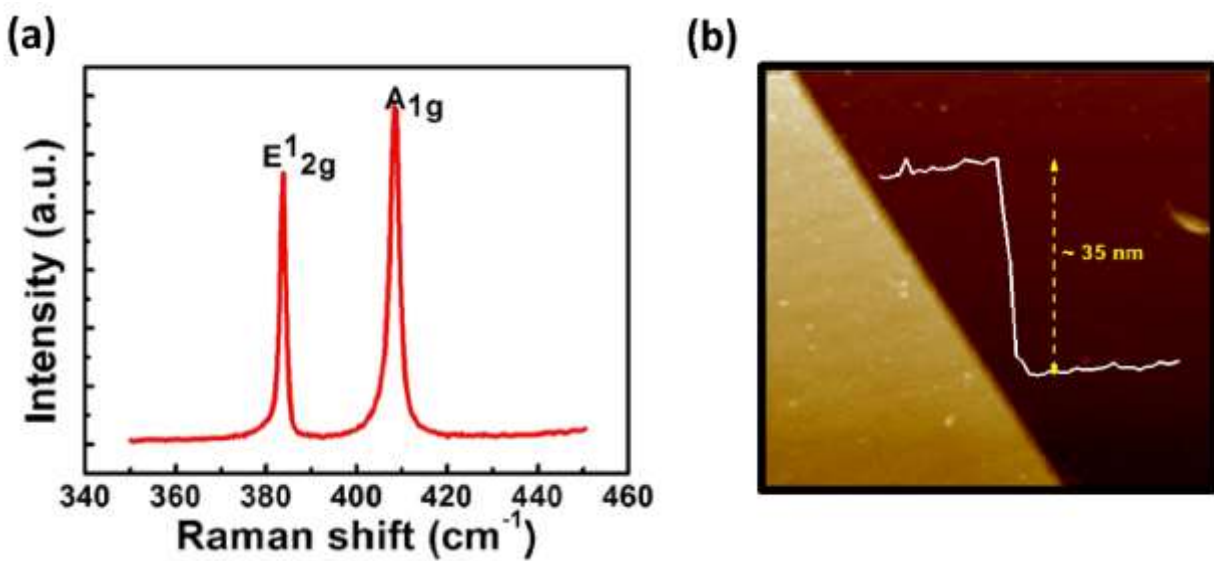


Figure S1. (a) Raman spectra of exfoliated MoS₂ flake taken using 532 nm laser indicating in plane E₁2g and out of plane A₁g raman mode (b) AFM image of the exfoliated flake.

S2

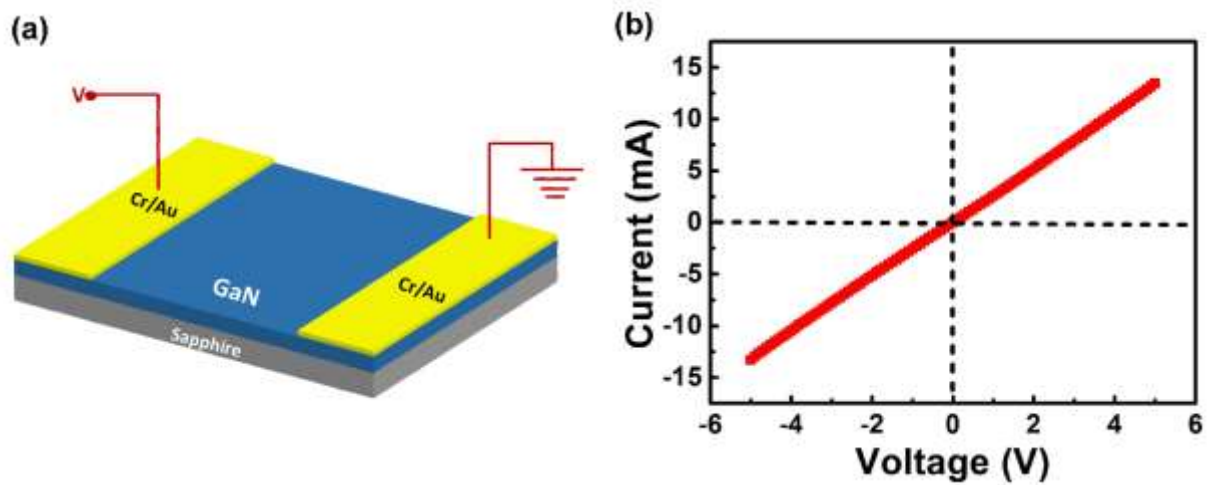


Figure S2. Fabrication of ohmic contact to n-GaN a) Schematic diagram of metal contacts to n-GaN b) Current–voltage characteristics of ohmic contacts to n-GaN. I-V curve shows the ohmic behavior of n-GaN with Cr/Au (5nm/50nm) contacts.

S3

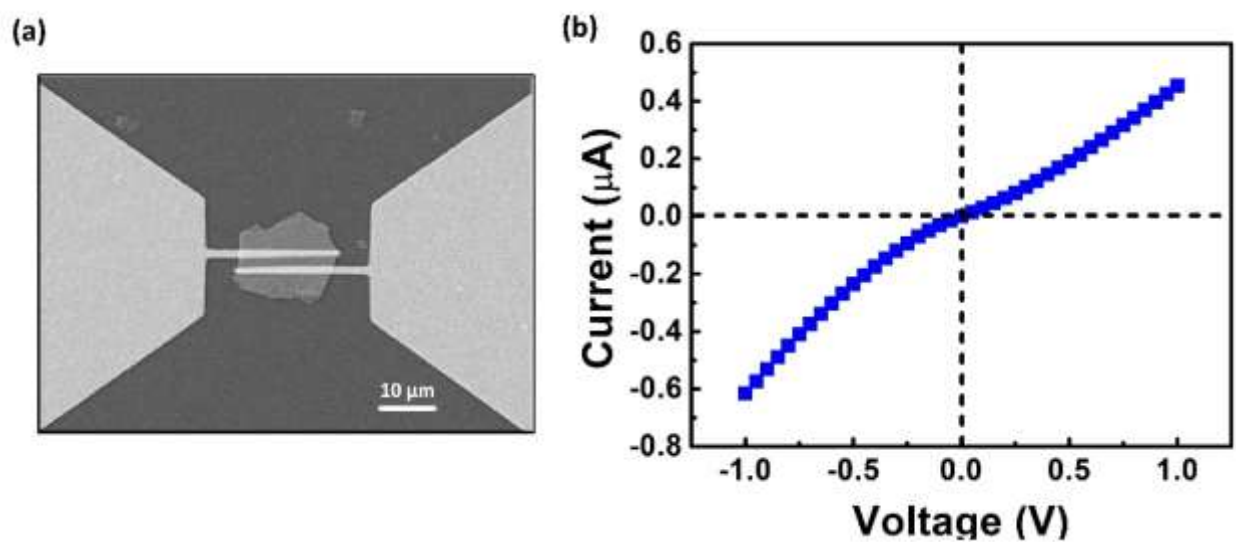


Figure S3. Fabrication of metal contacts to MoS₂ flake a) SEM image of fabricated Cr/Au (5nm/50nm) contacts on MoS₂ flake fabricated using e-beam lithography b) Electrical characterization of Au/Cr/MoS₂ showing nearly ohmic behavior.

Before fabrication of the heterojunction, ohmic contact on MoS₂ and GaN was studied separately. Cr/Au was chosen as ohmic contact on GaN¹ as well as on MoS₂². Figures S2 and S3 shows the ohmic contacts to GaN and MoS₂, respectively. Cr/Au shows nearly ohmic behavior with MoS₂. The diode behavior of the MoS₂/GaN heterojunction is due to type II band alignment of MoS₂/GaN heterojunction.

S4

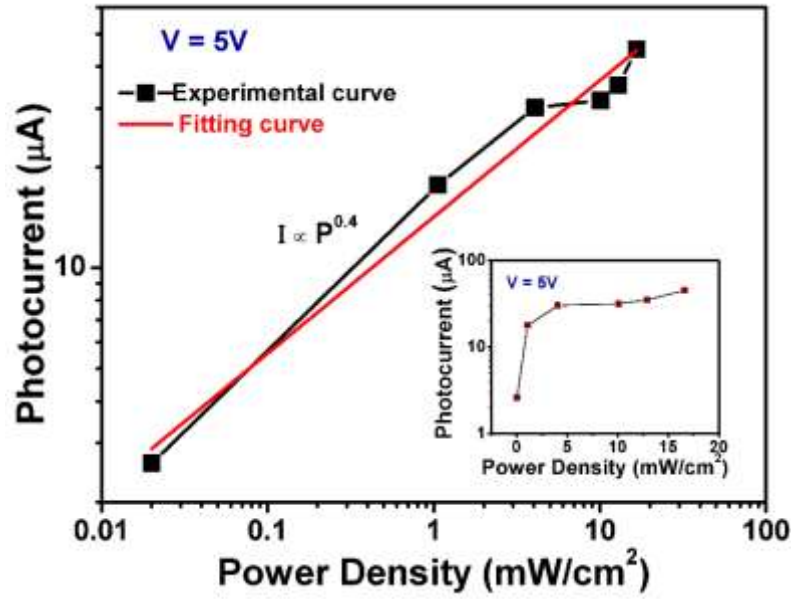


Figure S4. Photocurrent of the MoS₂/GaN heterojunction under illumination with 405 nm laser as a function of power density. The inset figure shows the linear plot.

Enhancement in photocurrent is observed with increasing laser power density as shown in Figure S4. Photocurrent of the device can be related to the incident power by the relation $I_{ph} = AP_{in}^{\alpha}$

Where I_{ph} is the photocurrent, P_{in} is the incident power and α is the exponential factor determining the behavior of photocurrent with incident light³. In the present case α comes out to be 0.4. Similar

results have been reported previously for MoS₂/Si heterojunction^{4,5}. Factors like the trap states present at the interface and recombination process may cause the deviation of the law from unity⁵.

References:

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- 3 Yang, S. X. *et al.* Layer-dependent electrical and optoelectronic responses of ReSe₂ nanosheet transistors. *Nanoscale* **6**, 7226-7231 (2014).
- 4 Wang, L. *et al.* MoS₂/Si Heterojunction with Vertically Standing Layered Structure for Ultrafast, High-Detectivity, Self-Driven Visible-Near Infrared Photodetectors. *Adv Funct Mater* **25**, 2910-2919 (2015).
- 5 Zhang, Y. *et al.* In Situ Fabrication of Vertical Multilayered MoS₂/Si Homotype Heterojunction for High-Speed Visible-Near-Infrared Photodetectors. *Small* **12**, 1062-1071 (2016).