

Title: Genetic relatedness of *Staphylococcus aureus* isolates obtained from cystic fibrosis patients at a tertiary academic hospital in Pretoria, South Africa (SREP-18-10024A)

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Supplementary Information

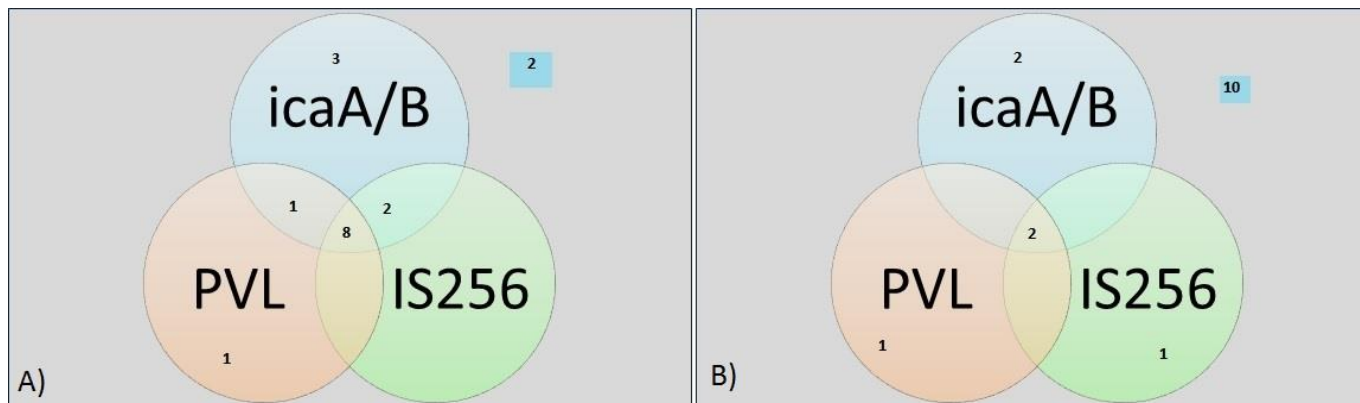


Figure S1: Distribution of the virulence genes in the MRSA (A) and MSSA (B) isolates. The Venn diagram shows the number of isolates with either the *icaA/B* genes, PVL toxin genes or IS256 genes and combinations thereof. The larger box encompasses the entire Venn diagram with the smaller box showing the number of isolates with none of the genes

Table S1: Nucleotide sequences of the primers and the amplification conditions used for the M-PCR assays for the detection of selected antibiotic and virulence genes, *agr* typing SCC*mec* typing, MLST, *spa* typing and *spa* sequencing of *Staphylococcus aureus* isolates

Target/Gene	Primer	Primer sequence (5’-----3’)	Product size	Concentration	Referen ce	Cycling conditions
Detection of antibiotic resistance and virulence genes						
IS256	IS256-F	AGTCCTTTTACGGTACAATG	762 bp	0.4 μM	[13]	95°C for 15 min; 94°C for 30 sec, 57°C for 90 sec and 72°C for 90 sec for 35 cycles and at 72°C for 10 min.
	IS256-R	TGTGCGCATCAGAAATAACG				
icaAB	ica-F	TTATC ATGCCGCAGTTGTC	546 bp	2 μM	[13]	
	ica-R	GTT TAA CGC GAG TGC GCT AT				
lukS/F-PV	luk-PV-F	ATCATTAGGTAAAATGTCTGGACATGATCCA	433 bp	0.1 μM	[14]	
	luk-PV-R	GCATCAAGTGTATTGGATAGCAAAAAGC				
mecA	mecA-F	GTAGAAATGACTGAACGTCCGATAA	310 bp	1 μM	[14]	
	mecA-R	CCAATTCCACATTGTTTCGGTCTAA				
Detection of quaternary ammonium compound resistance genes						
qacA/B	qac A/B (F)	ATGCCTTATATTTATTTAATAATAGCC	321 bp	0.2 μM	[15]	95°C for 15 min; 94°C for 30 sec, 55°C for 90 sec and 72°C for 1 min for 35 cycles at 72°C for 10 min
	qac A/B (R)	ATGCGATGTTCCGAAAAATGTTTAAC				
qacC	qac C (F)	CTATGGCAATAGGAGATATGGTGT	417 bp	0.2 μM		
	qac C (R)	CCACTACAGATTCTTCAGCTACATG				
qacG	qac G (F)	TTTCGTTTGGAAATTTGCTTT	203 bp	2 μM		
	qac G (R)	AATGGCTTTCTCCAAATACA				
qacH	qac H (F)	CAATAGTCAGTGAAGTAATAGGCAGTG	225 bp	2 μM		
	qac H (R)	TGTGATGATCCGAATGTGTTT				
qacJ	qac J (F)	GGCCAACATTAGGCACACTTA	242 bp	0.2 μM		
	qac J (R)	TGACTTGATCCAAAAACGTTAAGA				
SCCmec typing						
SCCmec type I	1272F1	GCCACTCATAACATATGGAA	415 bp	0.08 μM	[16]	95°C for 15 min; 94°C for 30 sec, 58 °C for 90 sec and 72°C for 90 sec for 35 cycles and at 72°C for 10 min
	1272R1	CATCCGAGTGAAACCCAAA				
SCCmec type II	β	ATTGCCTTGATAATAGCCYTCT	937 bp	0.2 μM		

Target/Gene	Primer	Primer sequence (5'-----3')	Product size	Concentration	Referen ce	Cycling conditions
	α 3	TAAAGGCATCAATGCACAAACACT				
SCC <i>mec</i> type III	ccrCF	CGTCTATTACAAGATGTTAAGGATAAT	518 bp	0.25 μ M		
	ccrCR	CCTTTATAGACTGGATTATTCAAAATAT				
SCC <i>mec</i> type IV	β	ATTGCCTTGATAATAGCCYTCT	937 bp	0.2 μ M		
	α 3	TAAAGGCATCAATGCACAAACACT	415 bp	0.08 μ M		
	1272F1	GCCACTCATAACATATGGAA				
	1272R1	CATCCGAGTGAAACCCAAA				
SCC <i>mec</i> type V	ccrCF	CGTCTATTACAAGATGTTAAGGATAAT	518 bp	0.25 μ M		
	ccrCR	CCTTTATAGACTGGATTATTCAAAATAT				
	5R <i>mec</i> A	TATACCAAACCCGACAACACTAC	359 bp	0.1 μ M		
	5R431	CGGCTACAGTGATAACATCC				
<i>agr</i> typing						
<i>agr</i> B	pan- <i>agr</i>	ATGCACATGGTGCACATGC-	N/A	0.4 μ M	[17]	95°C for 3 min; 94°C for 1 min, 55 °C for 1 min and at 72°C for 1 min for 25 cycles and 72°C for 4 min
<i>agr</i> D	<i>agr</i> I	GTCACAAGTACTATAAGCTGCGAT	440 bp	0.4 μ M		
<i>agr</i> C	<i>agr</i> II	GTATTACTAATTGAAAAGTGCCATAGC	572 bp	0.4 μ M		
<i>agr</i> D	<i>agr</i> III	CTGTTGAAAAAGTCAACTAAAAGCTC	406 bp	0.4 μ M		
<i>agr</i> C	<i>agr</i> IV	CGATAATGCCG TAATAC CCG	588 bp	0.4 μ M		
Multi-locus sequence typing						
<i>arc</i> C	<i>arc</i> C –F	TTGATTACACGCGGTATTGTC	456 bp	2 μ M	[22]	95°C for 5 min; 95°C for 1 min, 55°C for 1 min and 72°C for 1 min for 30 cycles and 72°C for 5 min
	<i>arc</i> C–R	AGG TAT CTG CTT CAA TCA GCG				
<i>aro</i> E	<i>aro</i> E-F	ATC GGA AAT CCT ATT TCA CAT TC	456 bp	2 μ M		
	<i>aro</i> E-R	GGT GTT GTA TTA ATA ACG ATA TC				
<i>glp</i> F	<i>glp</i> F–F	CTA GGA ACT GCA ATC TTA ATC C	465 bp	2 μ M		
	<i>glp</i> F–R	TGG TAA AAT CGC ATG TCC AAT TC				
<i>gm</i> k	<i>gm</i> k–F	ATC GTT TTA TCG GGA CCA TC	417 bp	2 μ M		
	<i>gm</i> k-R	TCA TTA ACT ACA ACG TAA TCG TA				
<i>pt</i> a	<i>pt</i> a-F	GTT AAA ATC GTA TTA CCT GAA GG	474 bp	2 μ M		
	<i>pt</i> a-R	GAC CCT TTT GTT GAA AAG CTT AA				
<i>tp</i> i	<i>tp</i> i-F	TCG TTC ATT CTG AAC GTC GTG AA	402 bp	2 μ M		
	<i>tp</i> i-R	TTTGCA CCT TCT AAC AAT TGT AC				
<i>yqi</i> L	<i>yqi</i> L-F	CAGCATACAGGACACCTATTGGC	516 bp	2 μ M		
	<i>yqi</i> L-R-	CGTTGAGGAATCGATACTGGAAC				
<i>Spa</i> typing						
	SPA1	GATTTTAGTATTGCAATACATAATTCTG		0.32 μ M	[23]	95°C for 3 min; 94°C for 30 sec, 55 °C for 40 sec and at 72°C for 50 sec for 35 cycles and 72°C for 5 min
	SPA2	CCACCAAATACAGTTGTACCG		0.32 μ M		
	SPA3	CTTTGGATGAAGCCGTTGCGTTG		0.32 μ M		

Target/Gene	Primer	Primer sequence (5'-----3')	Product size	Concentration	Reference	Cycling conditions
<i>Spa</i> sequencing						
	1095F	AGACGATCCTTCGGTGAGC		2 µM	[24]	95°C for 15 min; 94°C for 30 sec, 56 °C for 30 sec and 72°C for 1 min for 32 cycles and 72°C for 7 min
	1517R	GCTTTTGCAATGTCATTTACTG		2 µM		

Table S2: Antimicrobial susceptibility profile of methicillin resistance *S. aureus* (MRSA) isolates

Patient	Isolate	Cefoxitin Screen	Benzylpenicillin	Oxacillin	Gentamicin	Ciprofloxacin	Moxifloxacin	Inducible Clindamycin resistance	Erythromycin	Clindamycin	Linezolid	Teicoplanin	Vancomycin	Tetracycline	Tigecycline	Esudic acid	Mupirocin	Rifampicin	Trimethoprim/ Sulfomethoxazole	Notes
1	No <i>S. aureus</i>																			
2	1	MSSA isolate																		
3	2	MSSA isolate																		
	3	NEG	R	S	R	S	S	NEG	S	S	S	S	S	S	S		S	S	Resistant to Streptogramins (SGA-SGB) High level resistance to Mupirocin	
	4	MSSA isolate																		
	14	MSSA isolate																		
	15	POS	R	R	R	S	S	NEG	R	R		R	R	R	S	R		R	R	VRSA*; High level resistance to Mupirocin; oxalidionone resistant
	16	POS	R	R	R	S	S	NEG	R	R		R	R	R	S	R		R	R	
4	No <i>S. aureus</i>																			
5	5	MSSA isolate																		
	6	MSSA isolate																		
	7	MSSA isolate																		
	13	MSSA isolate																		
6	8	NEG	R	S	S	S	S	NEG	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	R	S	Resistant to Streptogramins (SGA-SGB)
	9	MSSA isolate																		
	12	NEG	R	S	S	S	S	NEG	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	
7	No <i>S. aureus</i>																			

Patient	Isolate	Cefoxitin Screen	Benzylpenicillin	Oxacillin	Gentamicin	Ciprofloxacin	Moxifloxacin	Inducible Clindamycin resistance	Erythromycin	Clindamycin	Linezolid	Teicoplanin	Vancomycin	Tetracycline	Tigecycline	Fusidic acid	Mupirocin	Rifampicin	Trimethoprim/ Sulfamethoxazole	Notes
8	10	MSSA isolate																		
	11	NEG	R	S	S	I	S	NEG	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	Resistant to Streptogramins (SGA-SGB)
9	27	NEG	R	S	S	S	S	NEG	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	I		S	S	Resistant to Streptogramins (SGA-SGB) High level resistance to Mupirocin
	28	NEG	S	S	S	S	S	NEG	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	Resistant to Streptogramins (SGA-SGB)
	29	MSSA isolate																		
10	No <i>S. aureus</i>																			
11	17	NEG	R	S	S	S	S	NEG	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	Resistant to Streptogramins (SGA-SGB)
	18	NEG	R	S	S	S	S	NEG	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	
	23	POS	R	R	R	S	S	NEG	R	R	R	R	R	R	S	R		R	R	VRSA*; High level resistance to Mupirocin; oxalidionone resistant
	24	POS	R	R	R	S	S	NEG	R	R	R	R	R	R	S	R		R	R	
	25	MSSA isolate																		
12	No <i>S. aureus</i>																			
13	19	NEG	R	S	S	S	S	NEG	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	Resistant to Streptogramins (SGA-SGB)
14	20	NEG	R	S	S	S	S	NEG	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	
	21	NEG	R	S	S	S	S	NEG	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	
	22	NEG	R	S	S	S	S	NEG	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	
15	No <i>S. aureus</i>																			
16	No <i>S. aureus</i>																			
17	26	NEG	S	S	S	S	S	NEG	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	S	Resistant to Streptogramins (SGA-SGB)
18	No <i>S. aureus</i>																			
19	30	MSSA isolate																		
	31	MSSA isolate																		
	32	MSSA isolate																		
	33	MSSA isolate																		

*-All vancomycin resistant isolates were re-tested using the E-test and where found to be susceptible

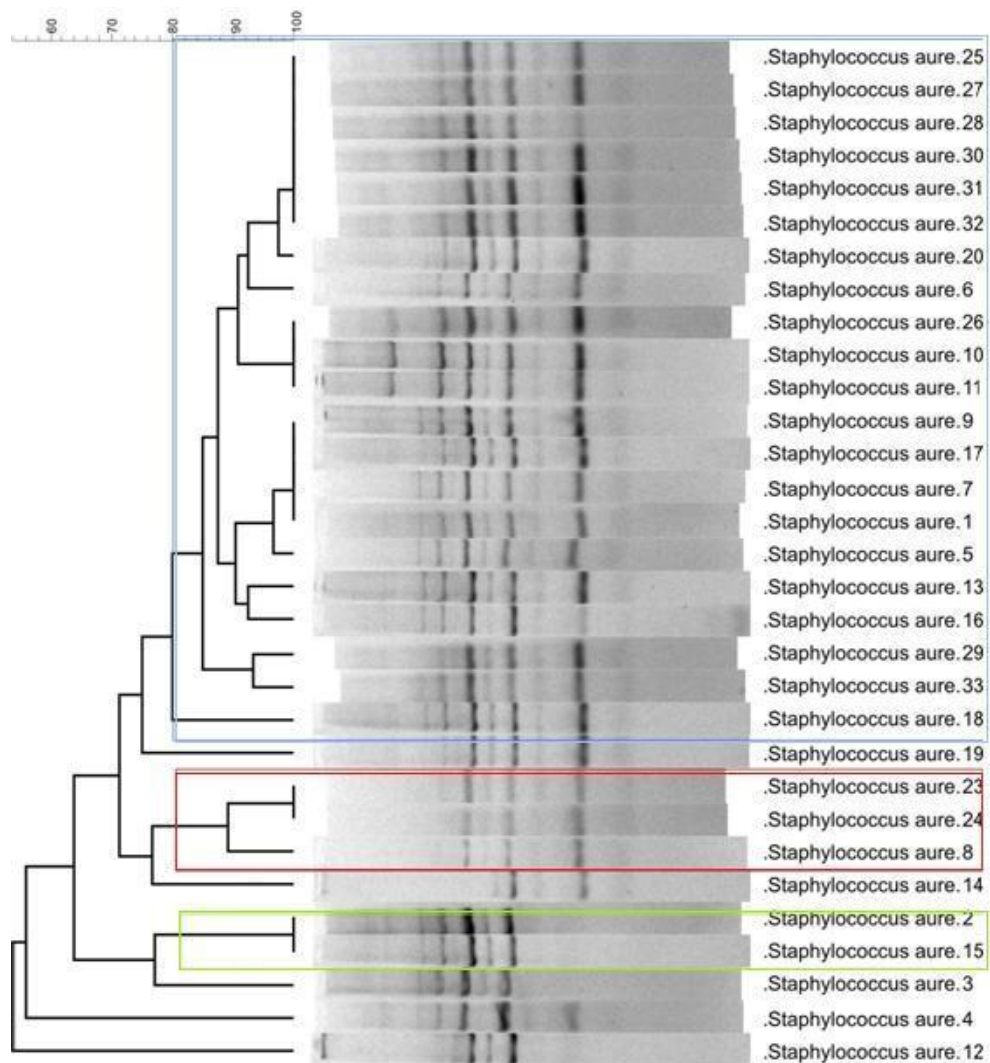


Figure S2: The spa typing dendrogram of the *Staphylococcus aureus* isolates. The dendrogram shows the three distinct groups and outliers of the typeable *Staphylococcus aureus* isolates using a similarity coefficient of 80%