

Enzymatic Cleavage of 3'-Esterified Nucleotides Enables a Long, Continuous DNA Synthesis

Shiuan-Woei Lin¹, Ting-Yueh Tsai¹, Yu-Hsuan Tu¹, Hung-Wen Chi¹, Yu-Ping Tsao¹,
Ya-Chen Chen¹, Hsiang-Ming Wang¹, Wei-Hsin Chang¹, Chung-Fan Chiou¹, Johnsee
Lee¹, and Cheng-Yao Chen^{2,3*}

¹Personal Genomics, Inc., Zhubei, Hsinchu 30261, Taiwan

²Department of Medical Laboratory Science and Biotechnology, College of Medicine,
National Cheng Kung University, Tainan City 70101, Taiwan

³Institute of Biological Chemistry, Academia Sinica, Nankang, Taipei 115, Taiwan

*Correspondence should be addressed to Dr. Cheng-Yao Chen
(chengyao@mail.ncku.edu.tw).

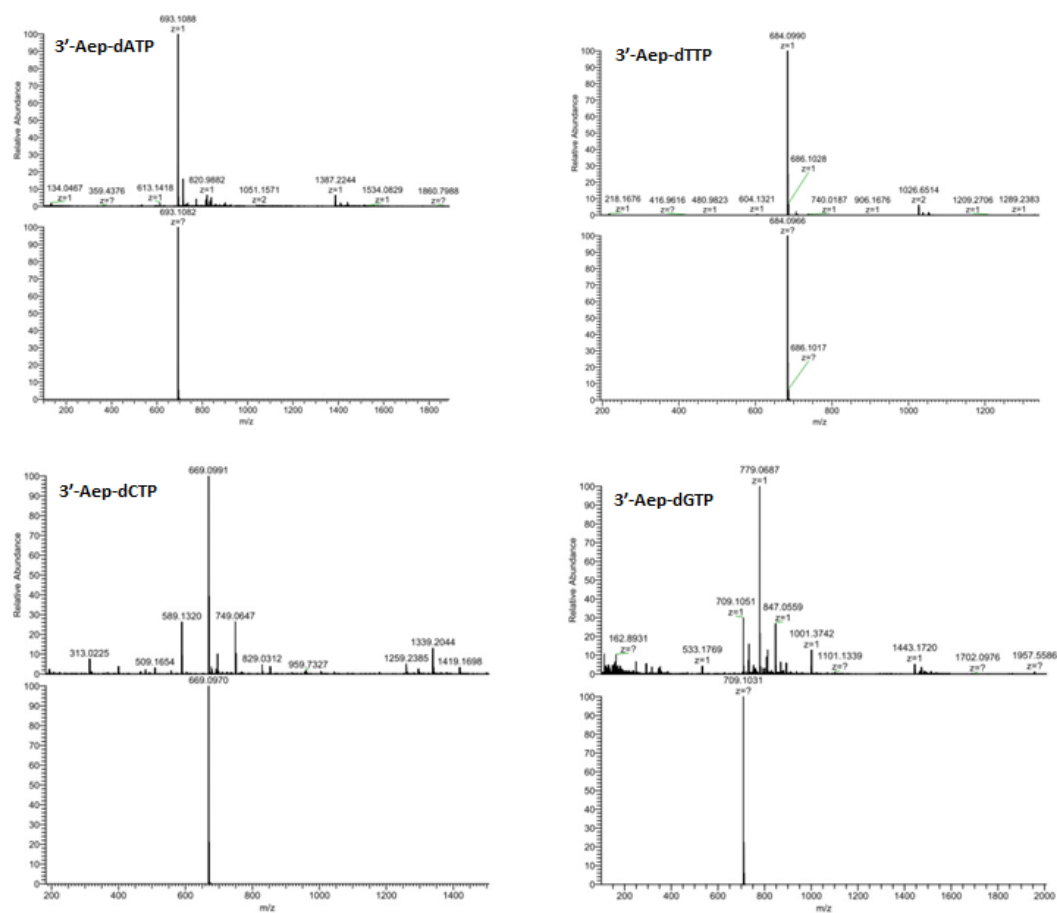
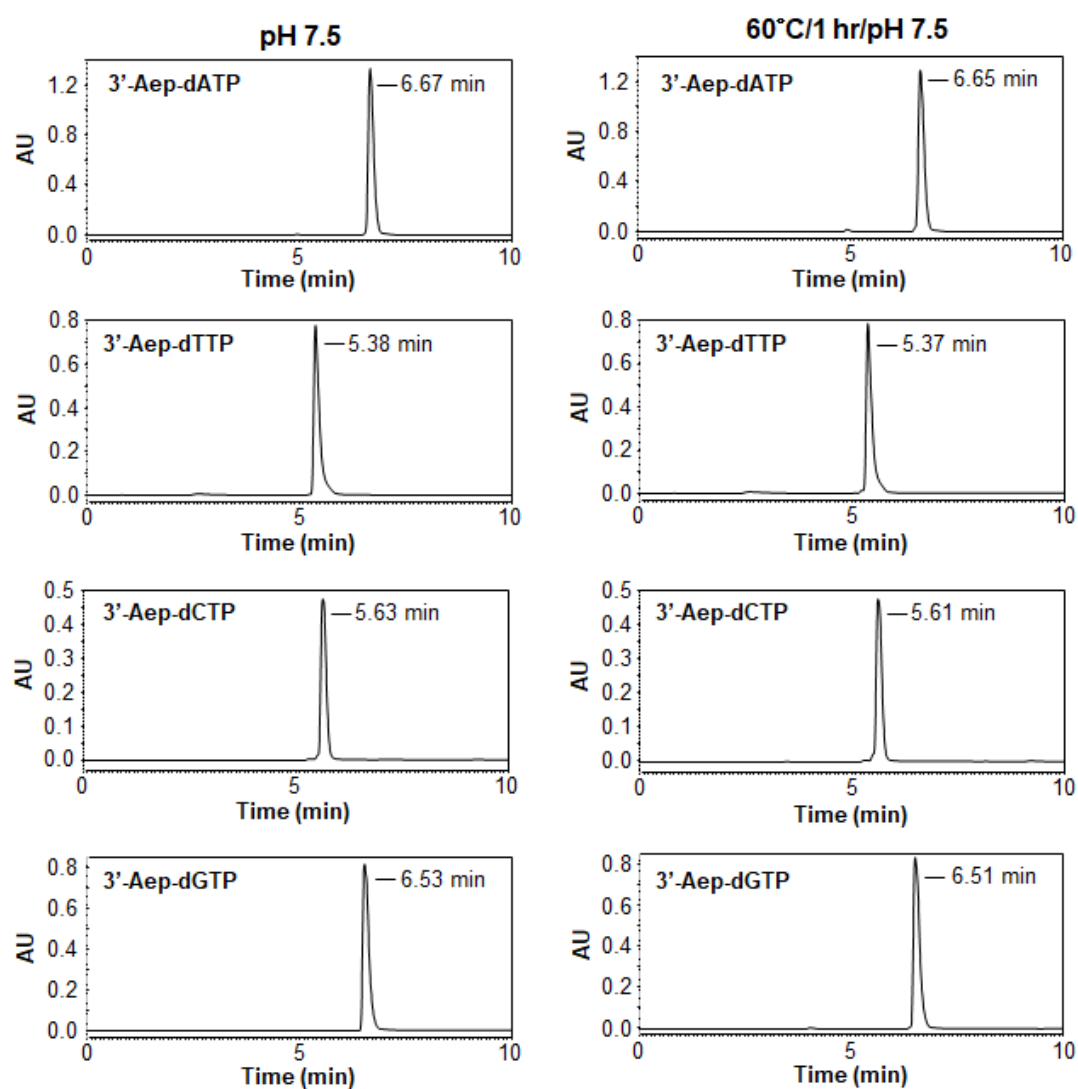


Figure S1. Analysis of 3'-Aep-dNTP using ESI-MS analysis.

The nucleotide analysis was performed as described previously with the Bruker AutoFlex III smartbeam TOF/TOF 200 system (Bruker Daltonics, MA)^{30,45}.



Conditions	Purity			
	3'-Aep-dATP	3'-Aep-dTTP	3'-Aep-dCTP	3'-Aep-dGTP
pH 7.5	99.32%	99.92%	99.50%	99.75%
pH 7.5/1 hr/60°C	98.75%	99.57%	99.50%	99.33%

Figure S2. Purity and stability of 3'-Aep-dNTP verified by HPLC analysis.

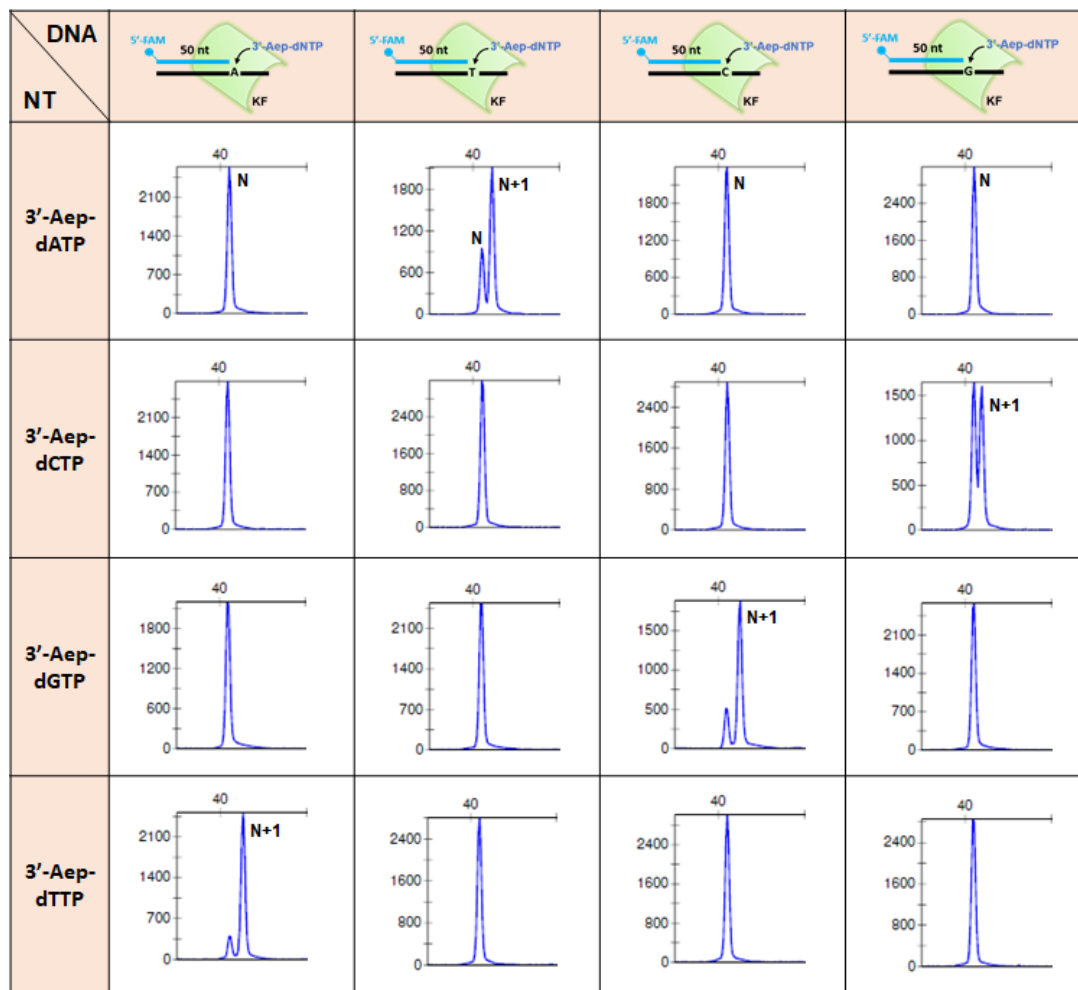


Figure S3. Selectivity of matched and mismatched 3'-Aep-dNTP by KF. Each reaction contains 3 nM of DNA primer, 1 μ M of 3'-Aep-dNTP and 0.1U of KF as described in the Methods. Reactions were performed at 60°C for 5 minutes.

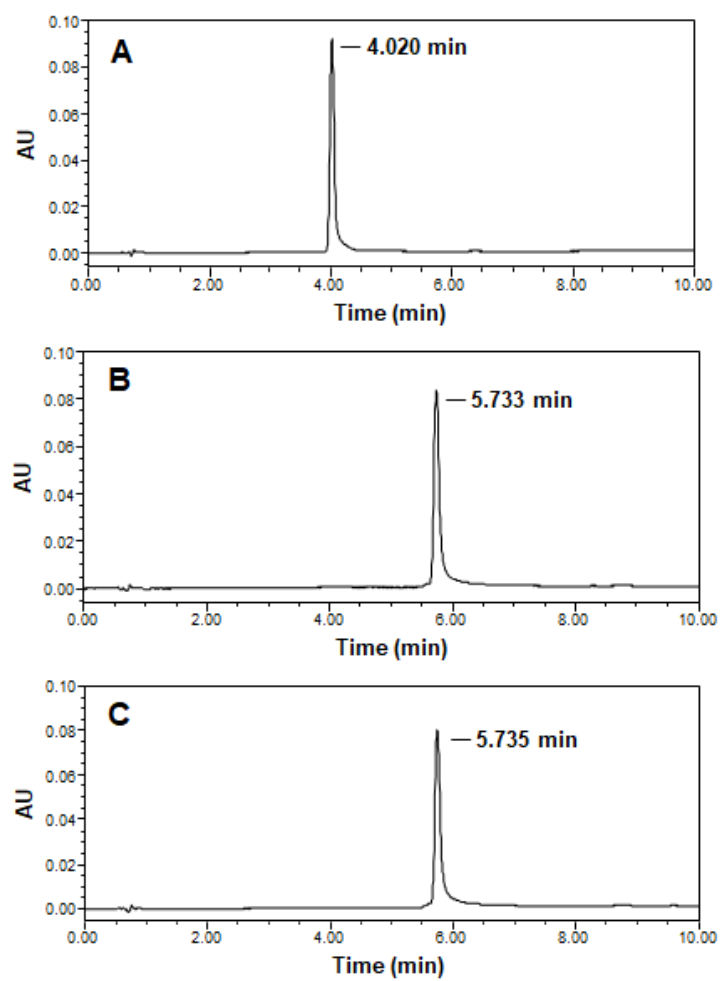


Figure S4. Analysis of 3'-Aep-dATP stability in the presence of BF in the DNA polymerase reaction condition by HPLC. (A) 80 μ M of dATP only, (B) 80 μ M 3'-Aep-dATP only, and (C) 80 μ M of 3'-Aep-dATP and BF. The reactions were performed at 45°C for 10 minutes.

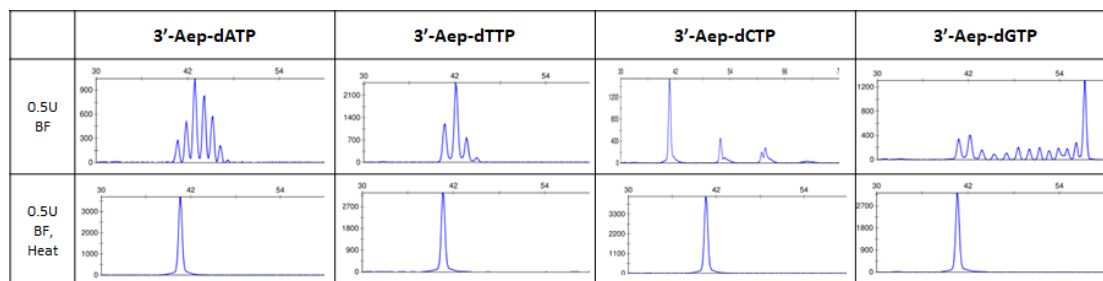


Figure S5. Multiple incorporations of 3'-Aep-dNMP by BF (Top) or heat-inactivated BF (Bottom) on the homopolymeric DNA template. The heat-inactivated BF was pre-treated at 90°C for 15 minutes before added into the reaction mixture.

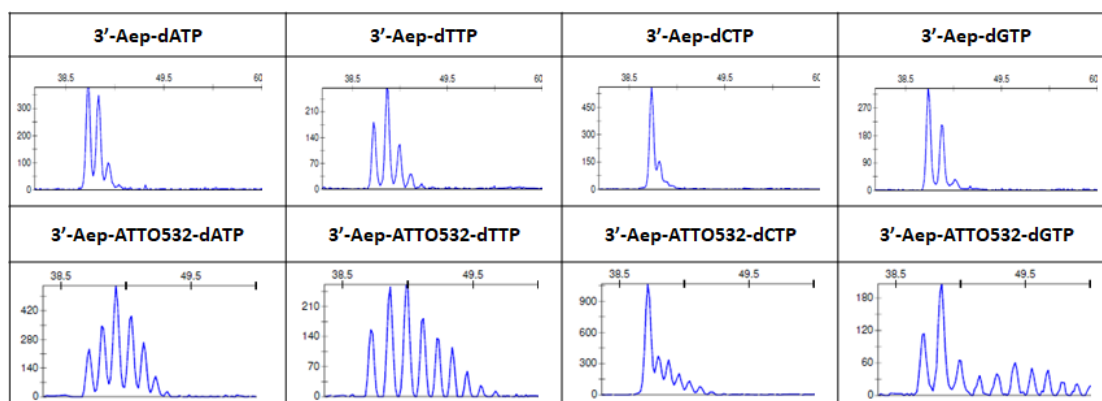


Figure S6. Multiple incorporations of 3'-Aep-dNMP and 3'-Aep-ATTO532-dNMP by BF on the homopolymeric DNA templates. All reactions were performed at 45°C for 30 seconds in the presence of 10 μ M nucleotide.

Table S1. List of oligonucleotides used in this study^a.

No.	Sequence (5' to 3')	Experiment
Oligo_P#1	FAM- AGTGAATTCGAGCTCGGTACCCGGGGATCCTCTAGAGTCGA CCTGCAGGC	PE & Kinetics
Oligo_T#1	<u>TTGCTCGTTTGCTGGGAGCCTGCAGGTCGACTCTAGAGGAT</u> <u>CCCCGGGTACCGAGCTCGAATTCACT</u>	PE & Kinetics
Oligo_T#2	<u>TTGCTCGTTTGCTAAAGGCCTGCAGGTCGACTCTAGAGGAT</u> <u>CCCCGGGTACCGAGCTCGAATTCACT</u>	PE & Kinetics
Oligo_T#3	<u>TTGCTCGTTTGCTGGGTGCCTGCAGGTCGACTCTAGAGGAT</u> <u>CCCCGGGTACCGAGCTCGAATTCACT</u>	PE & Kinetics
Oligo_T#4	<u>TTGCTCGTTTGCTGGGCGCCTGCAGGTCGACTCTAGAGGAT</u> <u>CCCCGGGTACCGAGCTCGAATTCACT</u>	PE & Kinetics
Oligo_P#2	CCCTCGCAGCCGTCCAACCAACTCA	MS
Oligo_T#5	<u>TTTGTTCTCCATGAGTTGGTTGGACGGCTGCGAGGG</u>	MS
Oligo_T#6	<u>TTTGTTCTCCTTGAGTTGGTTGGACGGCTGCGAGGG</u>	MS
Oligo_T#7	<u>TTTGTTCTGGCTGAGTTGGTTGGACGGCTGCGAGGG</u>	MS
Oligo_T#8	<u>TTTGTTCTCCGTGAGTTGGTTGGACGGCTGCGAGGG</u>	MS
Oligo_T#9	<u>TTACTCGAAAAAAAAAAGCCTGCAGGTCGACTCTAGAG</u> <u>GATCCCCGGGTACCGAGCTCGAATTCACT</u>	PE of homopolymer
Oligo_T#10	<u>TTACTCGTTTTTTTTTTTGCCTGCAGGTCGACTCTAGAGG</u> <u>ATCCCCGGGTACCGAGCTCGAATTCACT</u>	PE of homopolymer
Oligo_T#11	<u>TTACTTTCCCCCCCCCCCCGCCTGCAGGTCGACTCTAGAG</u> <u>GATCCCCGGGTACCGAGCTCGAATTCACT</u>	PE of homopolymer
Oligo_T#12	<u>TTACTTTGGGGGGGGGGGGGCCTGCAGGTCGACTCTAG</u> <u>AGGATCCCCGGGTACCGAGCTCGAATTCACT</u>	PE of homopolymer
Oligo_P#3	FAM- CGAGCACGTATAACGTGCTTTCCTCGTTGGAATCAGAGCGG GAGCTAAAC	DNA elongation
Oligo_T#13	<u>ATGGACAGACTCTTTTACTCGGTGGCCTCACTGATTATAAAA</u> <u>ACACTTCTCAAGATTCTGGCGTACCGTTCCTGTCTAAAATCC</u> <u>CTTTAATCGGCCTCCTGTTAGTCCCGCTCTGATTCCAACGA</u> <u>GGAAAGCACGTTATACGTGCTCG</u>	DNA elongation
Oligo_P#4	CTTTTAAGAACCGGACGAACCGAGCACGTTTAACGTGCTTT CCTCG	Amplification for sequencing “T”: watermark
Oligo_T#14	<u>ATGGACAGACTCTTTTACTCGGTGGCCTCACTGATTATAAAA</u> <u>ACACTTCTCAAGATTCTGGCGTACCGTTCCTGTCTAAAATCC</u> <u>CTTTAATCGGCCTCCTCGAGGAAAGCACGTTATACGTGCTC</u> <u>G</u>	Amplification for sequencing “T”: watermark
Oligo_P#5	CTTTTAAGAACCGGACGAACCGAG	Amplification for sequencing
Oligo_P#6	CTGGATATTACCAGCAAGGCCGAT	Amplification for sequencing

^aThe underlined sequences are complimentary regions, and the bolded bases are the templating bases for specific nucleotide incorporation.