

Supplementary Information

Affective touch sensitivity shapes tingling intensity in autonomous sensory meridian response (ASMR) experiences

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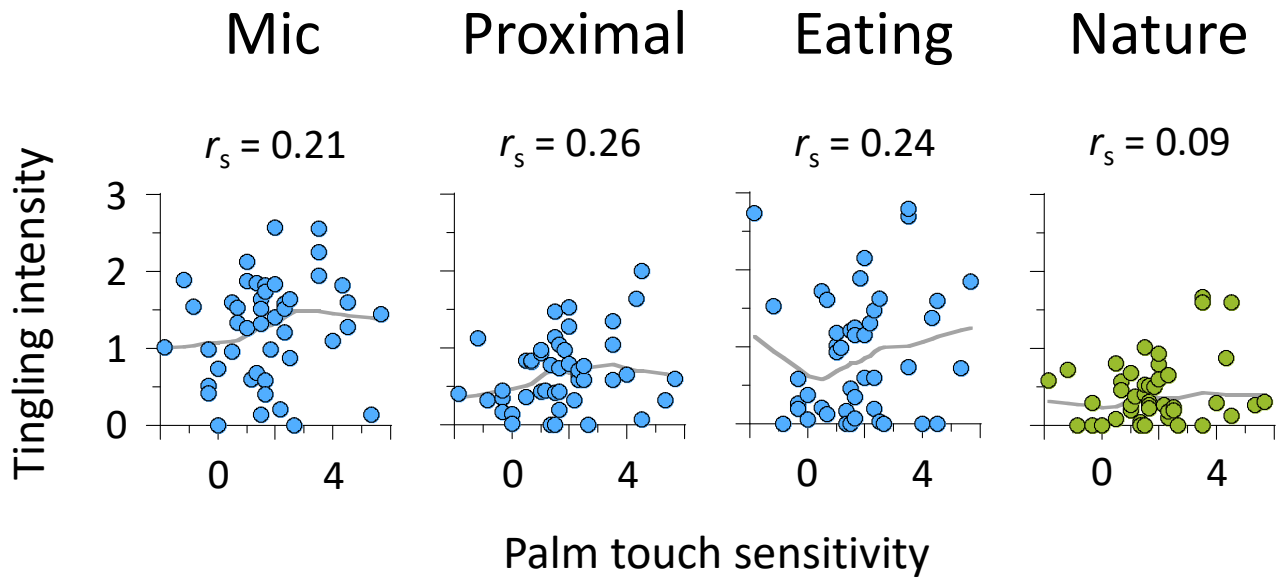
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Category	Predictor	β	t	p	VIF	R^2	F	$p_{(\text{model})}$
Mic	Forearm touch	0.151	0.75	0.460	1.679	0.051	0.70	0.555
	Palm touch	0.038	0.19	0.853	1.676			
	Interoception	0.126	0.80	0.428	1.010			
Proximal	Forearm touch	0.127	0.66	0.515	1.679	0.139	2.09	0.117
	Palm touch	0.140	0.73	0.470	1.676			
	Interoception	0.261	1.75	0.088	1.010			
Eating	Forearm touch	0.360	1.94	0.060	1.679	0.201	3.27	0.031
	Palm touch	0.032	0.17	0.865	1.676			
	Interoception	0.203	0.14	0.166	1.010			
Nature	Forearm touch	0.098	0.50	0.620	1.679	0.113	1.66	0.191
	Palm touch	0.236	1.21	0.234	1.676			
	Interoception	0.111	0.73	0.467	1.010			

Supplementary Table 1. Multiple regression models predicting ASMR tingling intensity across stimulus categories ($N = 43$). β , standardized partial regression coefficient; VIF, variance inflation factors.



Supplementary Figure 1. Scatterplots showing associations between tingling intensity and palm touch sensitivity across four ASMR video categories ($N = 46$). Circles indicate individual data points. None of Spearman's rank correlation coefficients (r_s) reach statistical significance. Trend lines were estimated using LOWESS (locally weighted scatterplot smoothing) to illustrate monotonic but potentially non-linear associations.