

Dataset ID	Original Study (Citation)	LOPE (n)	EOPE (n)	Platform	Key Diagnostic Criteria
GSE75010	Leavey K, et al. 2016. PMID: 27160201 Leavey K, et al. 2017. PMID: 28962696 Christians JK, et al. 2017. PMID: 29187609 Leavey K, et al. 2018. PMID: 29507646 Benton SJ, et al. 2018. PMID: 30278173 Gibbs I et al. 2019. PMID: 30312585	31	49	GPL6244-17930	PE was defined as the onset of systolic pressure ≥ 140 mmHg and/or diastolic pressure ≥ 90 mmHg after the 20th week of gestation, accompanied by proteinuria (greater than 300 mg protein/day, or greater $\geq 2+$ by dipstick)
GSE60438	Yong HE, et al. 2015. PMID: 26010865	8	17	GPL6884-11607	PE was defined according to the Australasian Society for the Study of Hypertension in Pregnancy criteria (M A Brown et al. 2000. PMID: 10925899)
		13	22	GPL10558-50081	
GSE22526	Junus K, et al. 2012. PMID: 22013081	7	8	GPL10579	PE was diagnosed as new onset of hypertension (140/90 mmHg) and proteinuria (≥ 2 on a dipstick, or a 24-h urine sample showing ≥ 300 mg/24h; Milne et al., 2005).
GSE74341	Liang M, et al. 2016. PMID: 27016783	8	7	GPL16699-15607	patients with early- (n=7; <34 weeks), late-onset (n=8; >36 weeks) PE
GSE190639	Broekhuizen M, et al. 2021. PMID: 34992598	6	13	GPL31059	early-onset preeclampsia (onset <34 weeks of gestation), and late-onset preeclampsia (onset ≥ 34 weeks of gestation)

