

Supplementary Information

Deletion of the diabetes candidate gene *Slc16a13* in mice attenuates diet-induced ectopic lipid accumulation and insulin resistance

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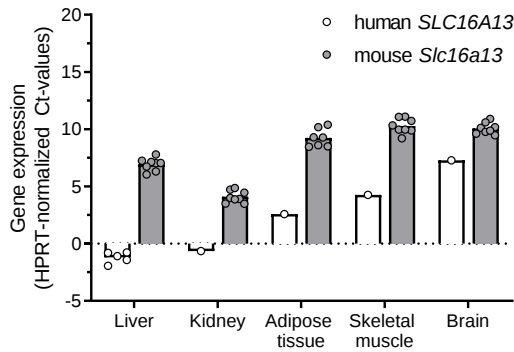
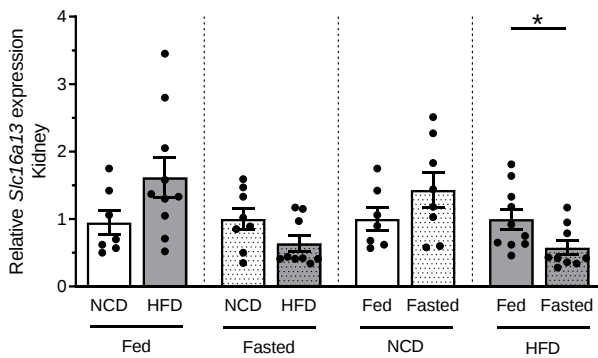
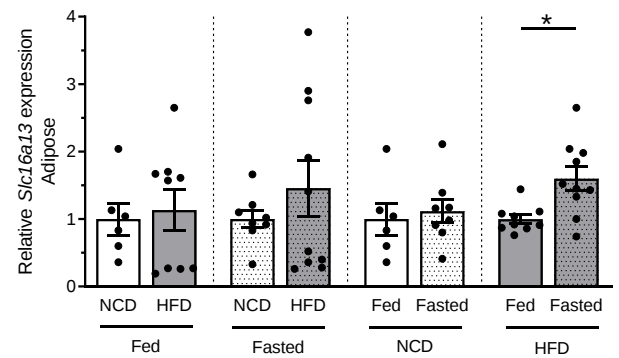
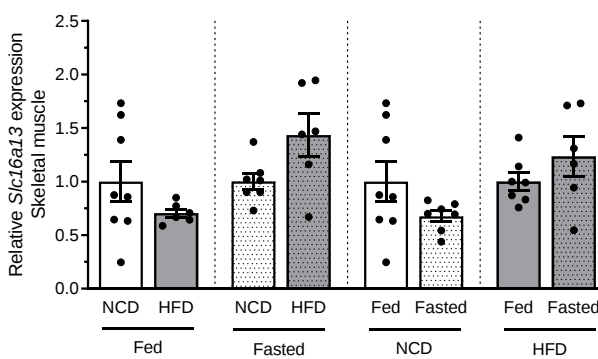
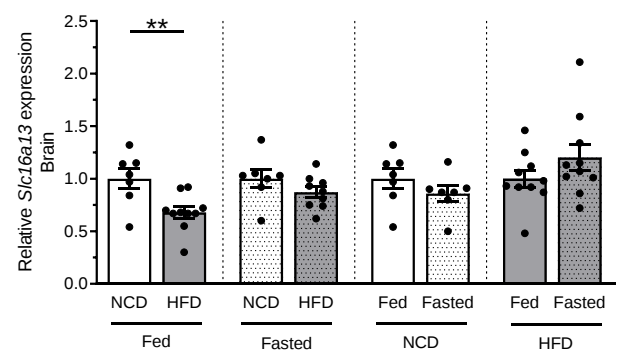
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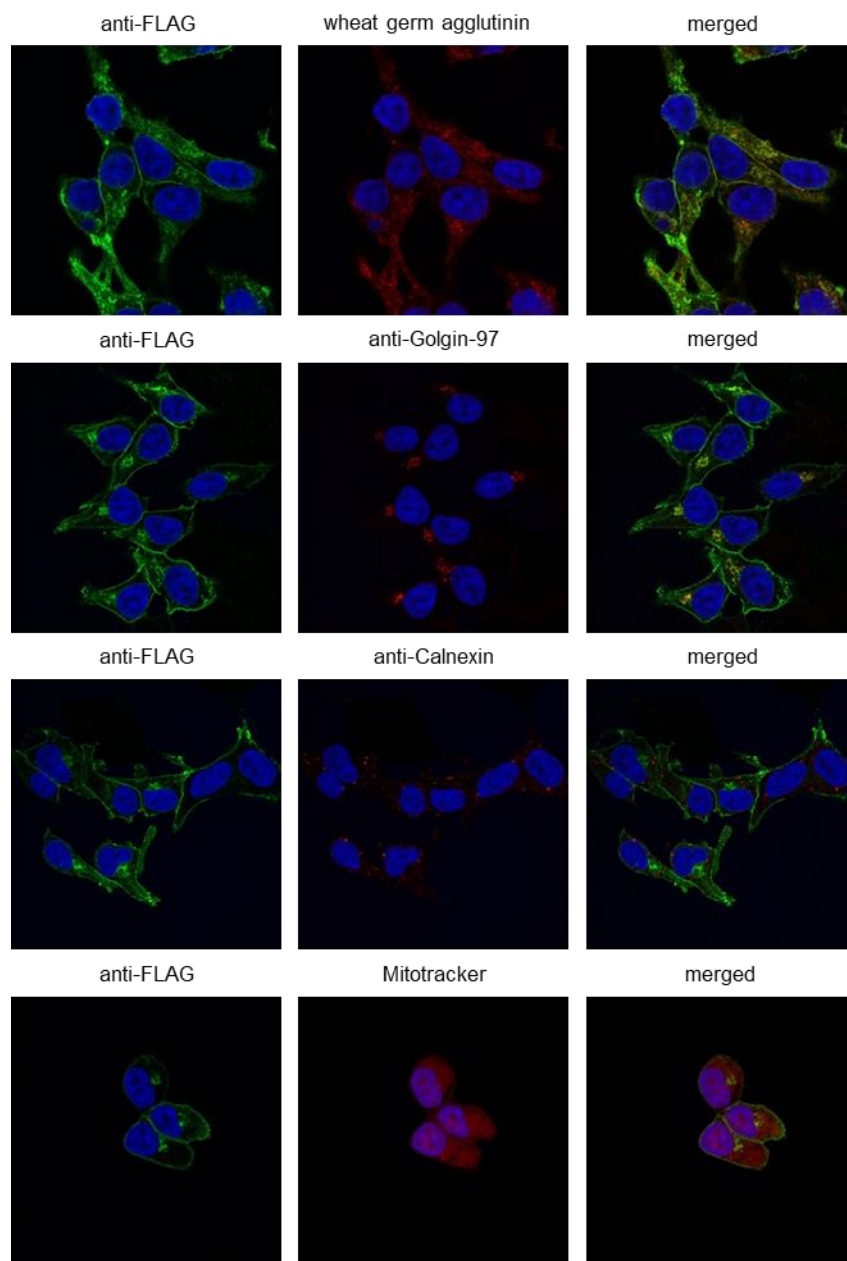
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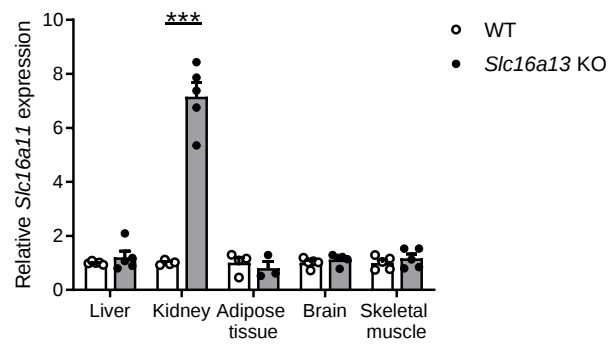
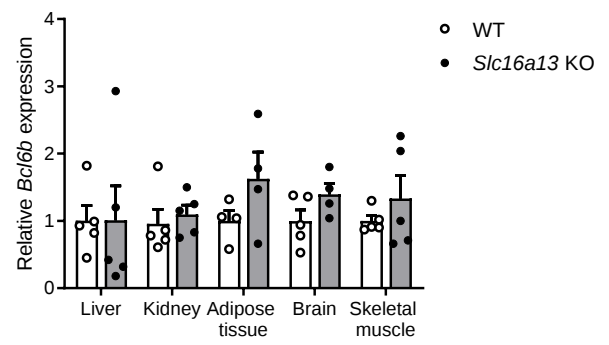
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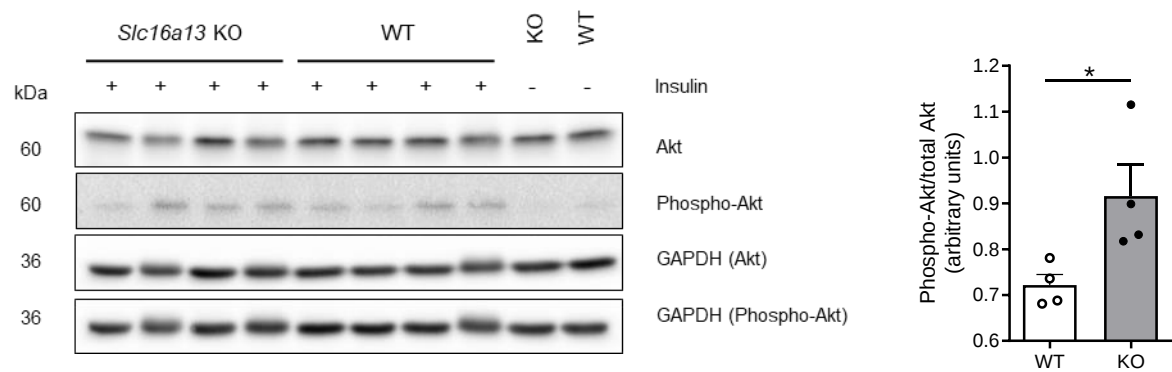
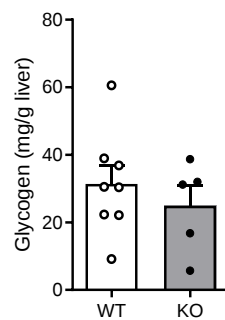
Supplementary Fig. 1 SLC16A13 expression in humans and mice. **a** HPRT-normalized Ct-values of human *SLC16A13* and mouse *Slc16a13* mRNA expression according to Fig. 1a. **b-e** Relative *Slc16a13* mRNA expression in kidney, white adipose tissue, skeletal muscle and brain (cortex) of C57BL/6J mice fed with NCD or HFD for 15 weeks. Animals are fed (n=6-10 per group) or fasted for 16 hours (n=6-9 per group). Bars represent means $\pm$ SEM. *p<0.05, **p<0.01 determined using two-tailed unpaired Student's t-test.



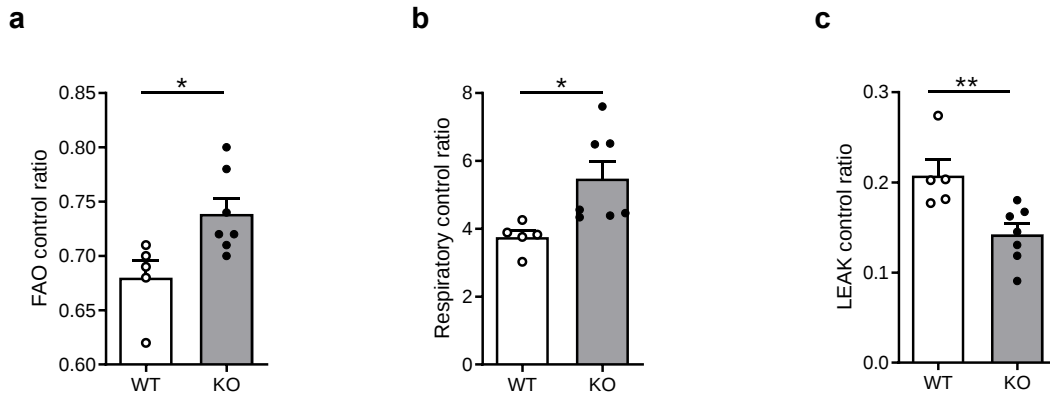
Supplementary Fig. 2 Mouse Slc16a13 cellular localization. Immunofluorescence co-staining of FLAG-tagged Slc16a13 with wheat germ agglutinin, Golgin-97, Calnexin or Mitotracker in HEK-mSlc16a13-FLAG cells. Representative stainings are shown.

a**b**

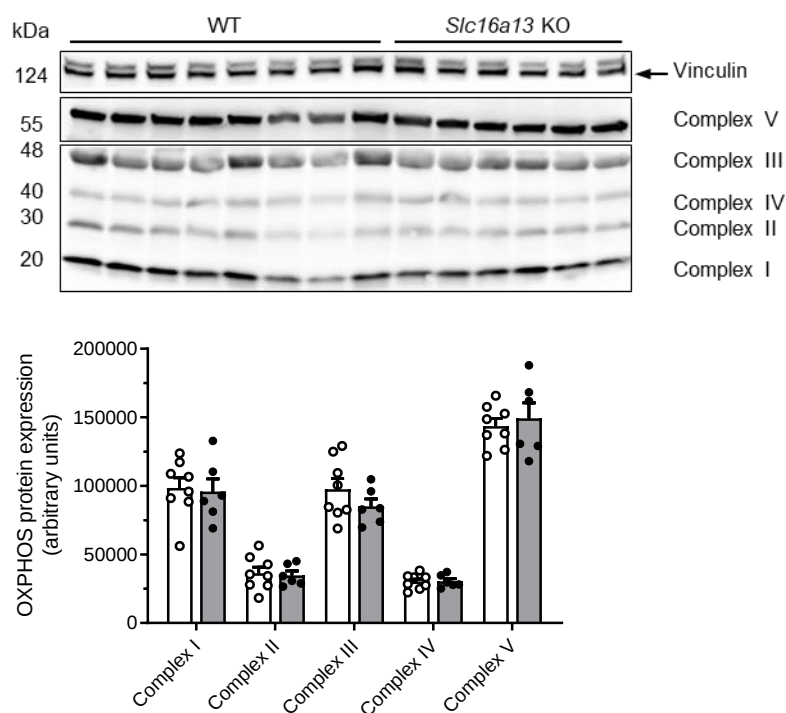
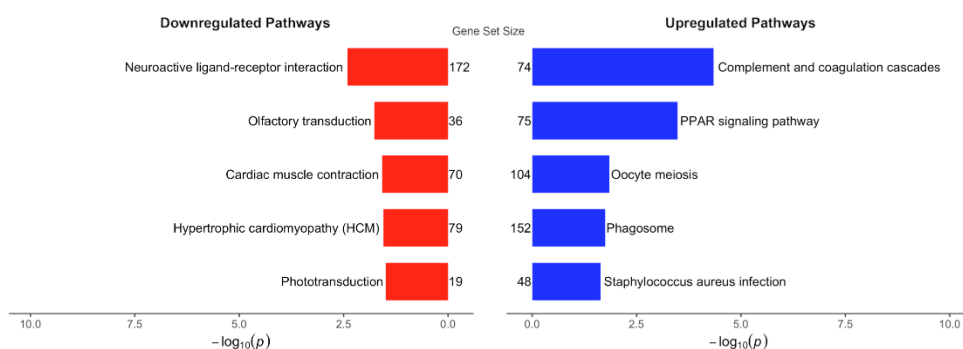
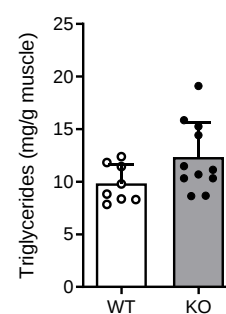
Supplementary Fig. 3 Gene expression of *Slc16a13* neighboring genes on mouse chromosome 11. Relative *Slc16a11* (a) and *Bcl6b* (b) mRNA expression in NCD-fed *Slc16a13* KO mice and WT controls (n=4-5 for each genotype and tissue). Bars represent means ± SEM. ***p<0.001 determined using two-tailed unpaired Student's t-test.

a**b**

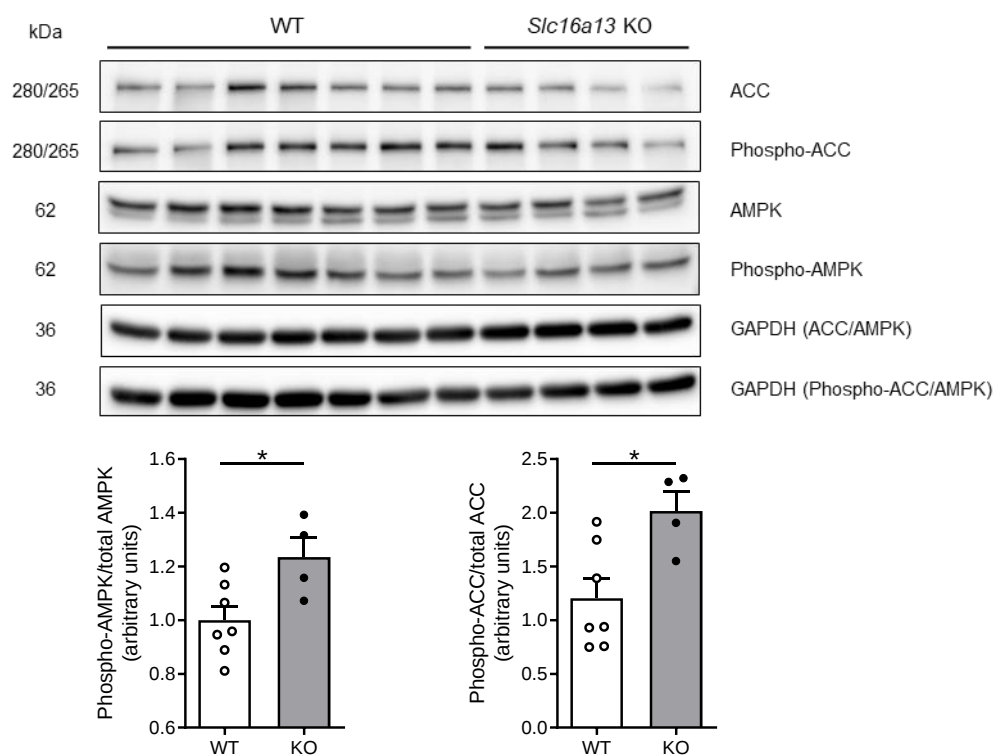
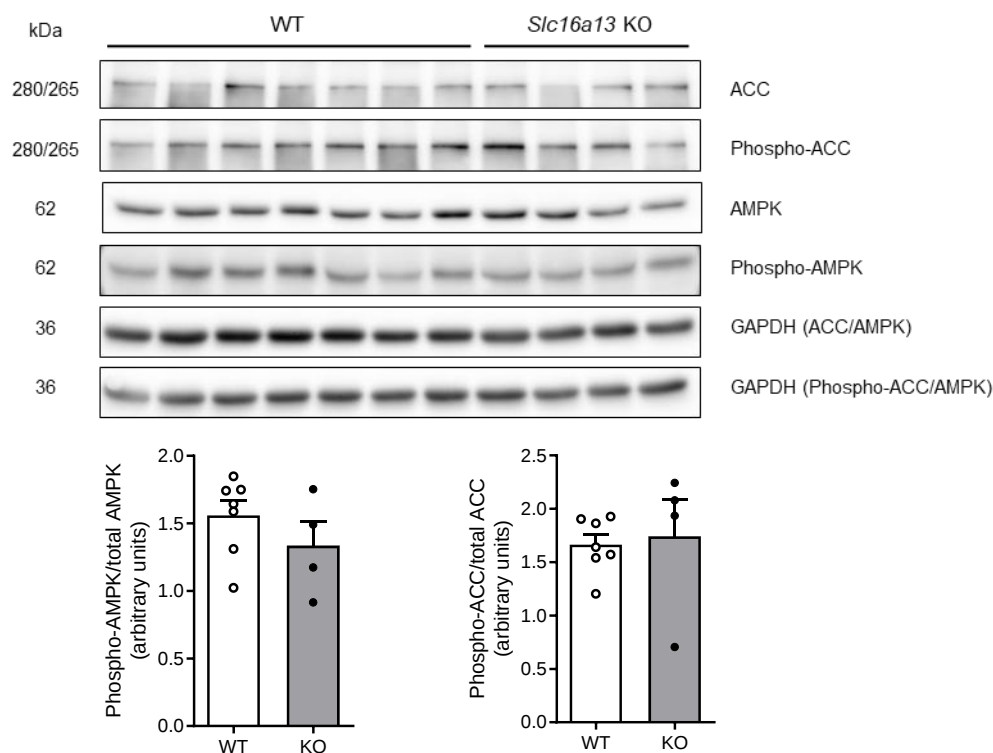
Supplementary Fig. 4 Hepatic glucose metabolism of *Slc16a13* knockout mice at 15 weeks of HFD. a Hepatic Akt phosphorylation as ratio of phospho-Akt/total Akt determined by Western Blot. *Slc16a13* KO (n=4) and WT (n=4) mice were sacrificed 20 minutes after insulin bolus. **b** Glycogen storage in livers of *Slc16a13* WT (n=8) and *Slc16a13* KO (n=5) mice. Bars represent means $\pm$ SEM.



Supplementary Fig. 5 Respiratory control ratios in liver tissue of *Slc16a13* knockout mice at 15 weeks of HFD. Calculated ratios of oxygen flux during high-resolution respirometry performed in the Oroboros Oxygraph-2k (see Fig. 8b). **a** Fatty acid OXPHOS coupling control factor, calculated as (FAO-LEAK)/FAO using the fatty acid oxidation OXPHOS capacity and LEAK respiration. **b** Respiratory control ratio, calculated as $CI+II_{OXPHOS}/LEAK$ using the $CI+II_{OXPHOS}$ and LEAK respiration. **c** LEAK control ratio, calculated as $LEAK/ETS$ using the LEAK and ETS respiration. LEAK = proton leak, ion leak and slip compensatory state; FAO = fatty acid oxidation; $CI+II_{OXPHOS}$ = complex I and II-related oxidative phosphorylation capacity; ETS = electron transfer system; *Slc16a13* WT (n=5), *Slc16a13* KO (n=7). Bars represent means $\pm$ SEM. *p<0.05, **p<0.01 determined using two-tailed unpaired Student's t-test.

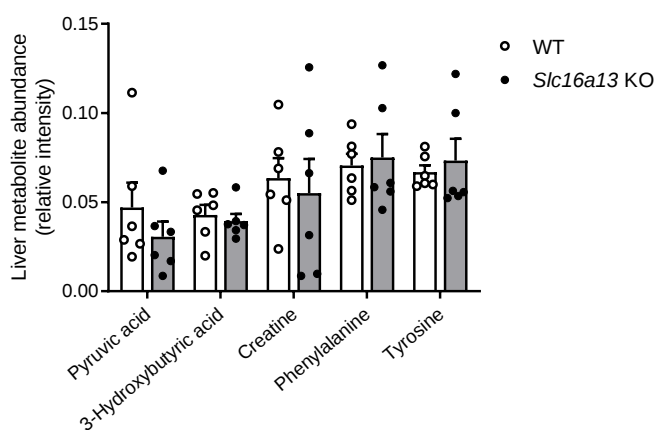
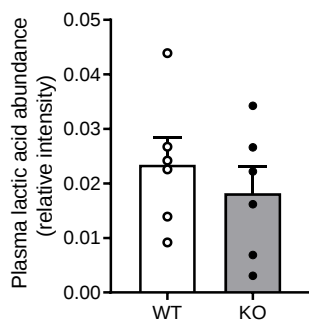
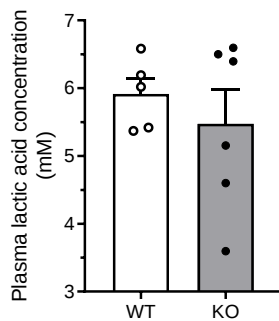
a**b****c**

Supplementary Fig. 6 Molecular insight into unaltered mitochondrial respiration in skeletal muscle of *Slc16a13* knockout mice at 15 weeks of HFD. a Skeletal muscle protein expression of respiratory chain complexes I-V determined by Western Blot. **b** Gene set enrichment analysis of muscle transcriptomic data from WT and *Slc16a13* KO mice. **c** Triglycerides in skeletal muscle of WT and *Slc16a13* KO mice. *Slc16a13* WT (n=8-11), *Slc16a13* KO (n=6-11). **a**, **c** Bars represent means ± SEM.

a**b**

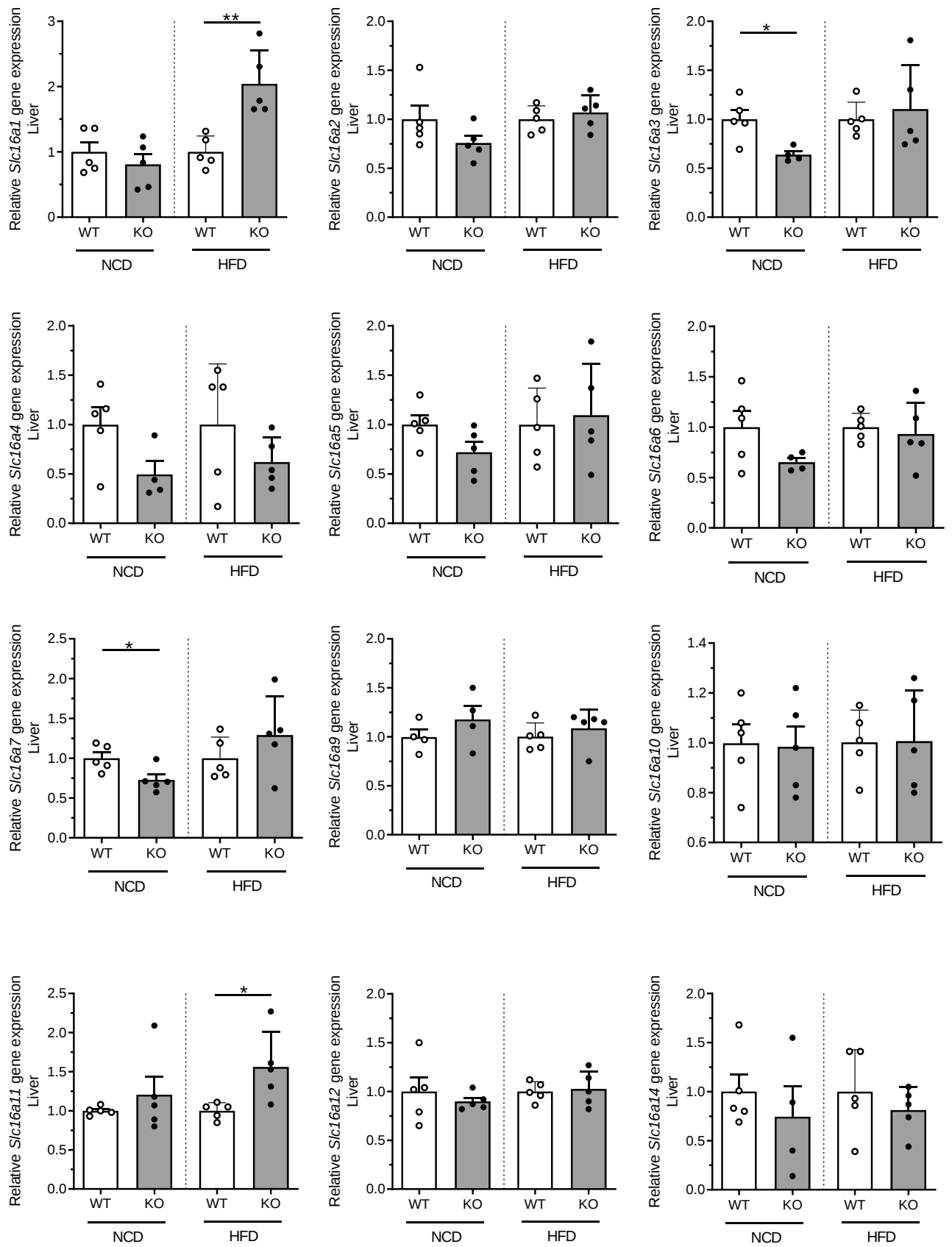
Supplementary Fig. 7 Molecular insight into increased AMPK activation in *Slc16a13* knockout primary hepatocytes. a ACC and AMPK phosphorylation of palmitate-treated hepatocytes (Western Blot and ratio of phospho-ACC/total ACC and phospho-AMPK/total AMPK determined by densitometric analysis). **b** ACC and AMPK phosphorylation of BSA-

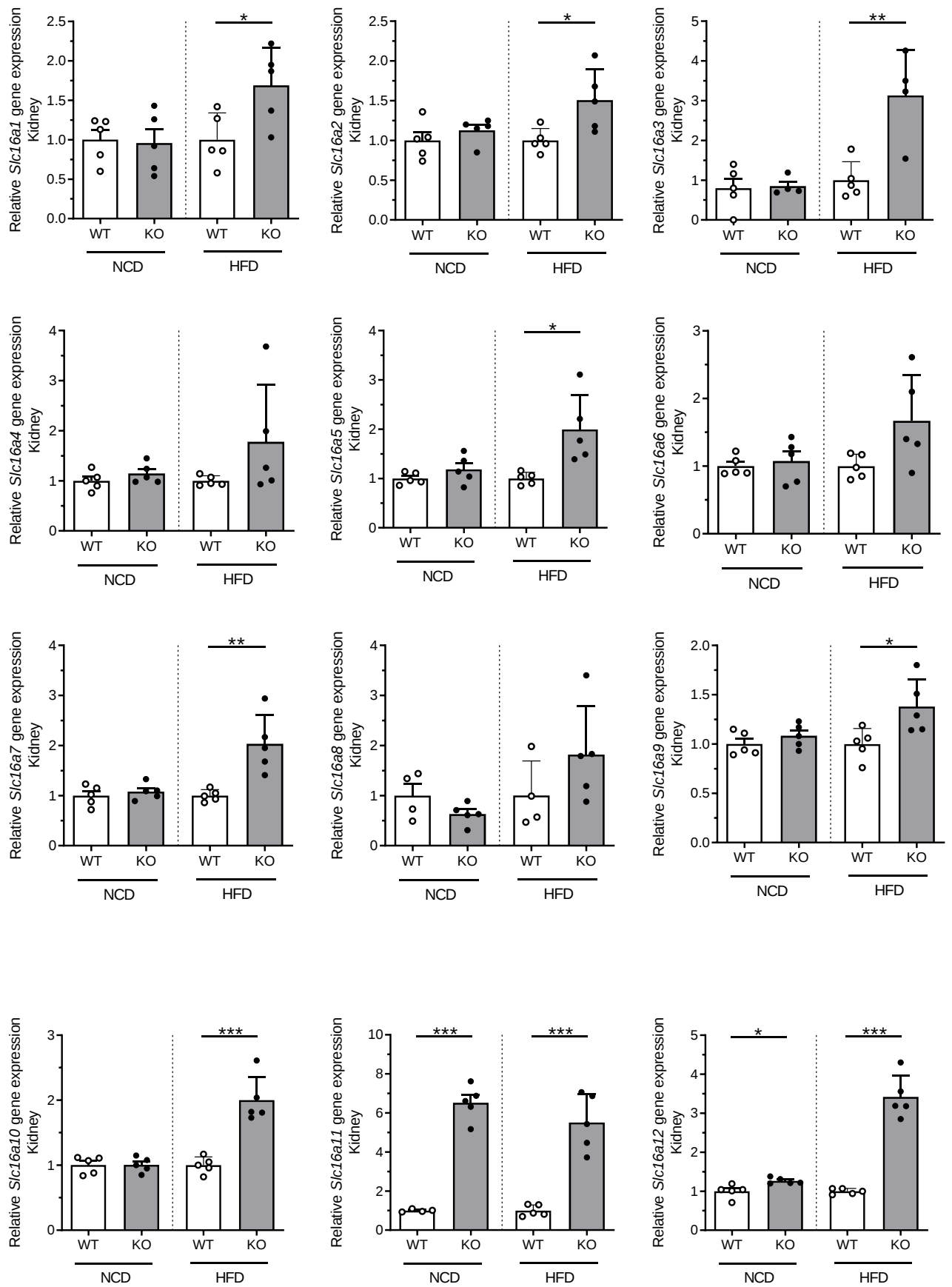
treated hepatocytes (Western Blot and ratio of phospho-ACC/total ACC and phospho-AMPK/total AMPK determined by densitometric analysis). Hepatocytes isolated from *Slc16a13* WT (n=7) and *Slc16a13* KO (n=4) mice at a mean age of 20 weeks. Bars represent means $\pm$ SEM. *p<0.05 determined using two-tailed unpaired Student's t-test.

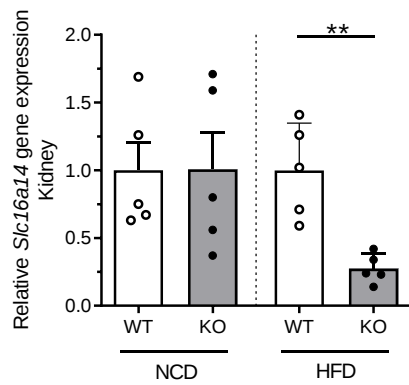
a**b****c**

Supplementary Fig. 8 Liver and plasma metabolites of *Slc16a13* knockout mice at 15 weeks of HFD. **a** Relative levels of liver metabolites transported by other SLC16 family members. **b** Relative plasma lactic acid levels determined by untargeted metabolomics. **c** Plasma lactic acid concentrations determined by enzymatic assay. *Slc16a13* WT (n=5-6), *Slc16a13* KO (n=6). Bars represent means $\pm$ SEM.

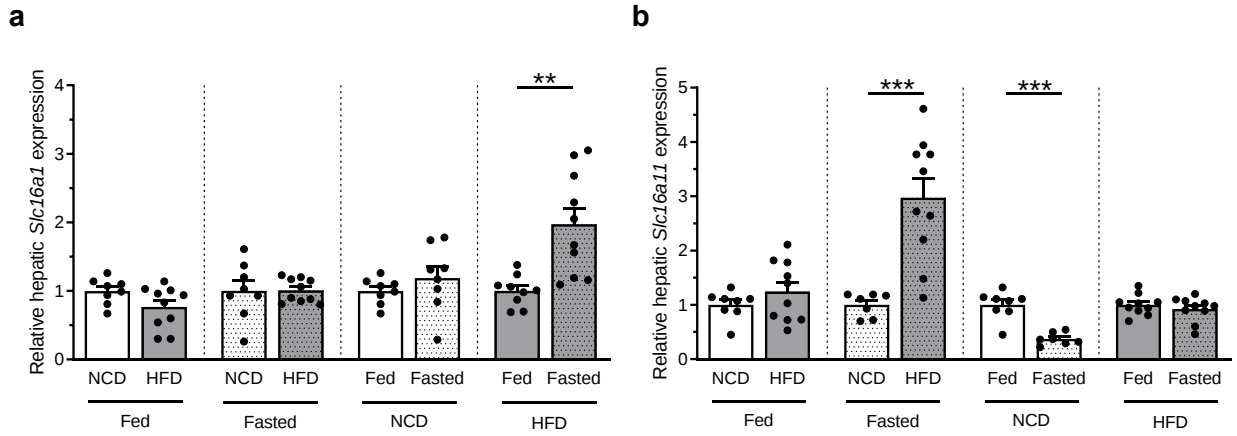
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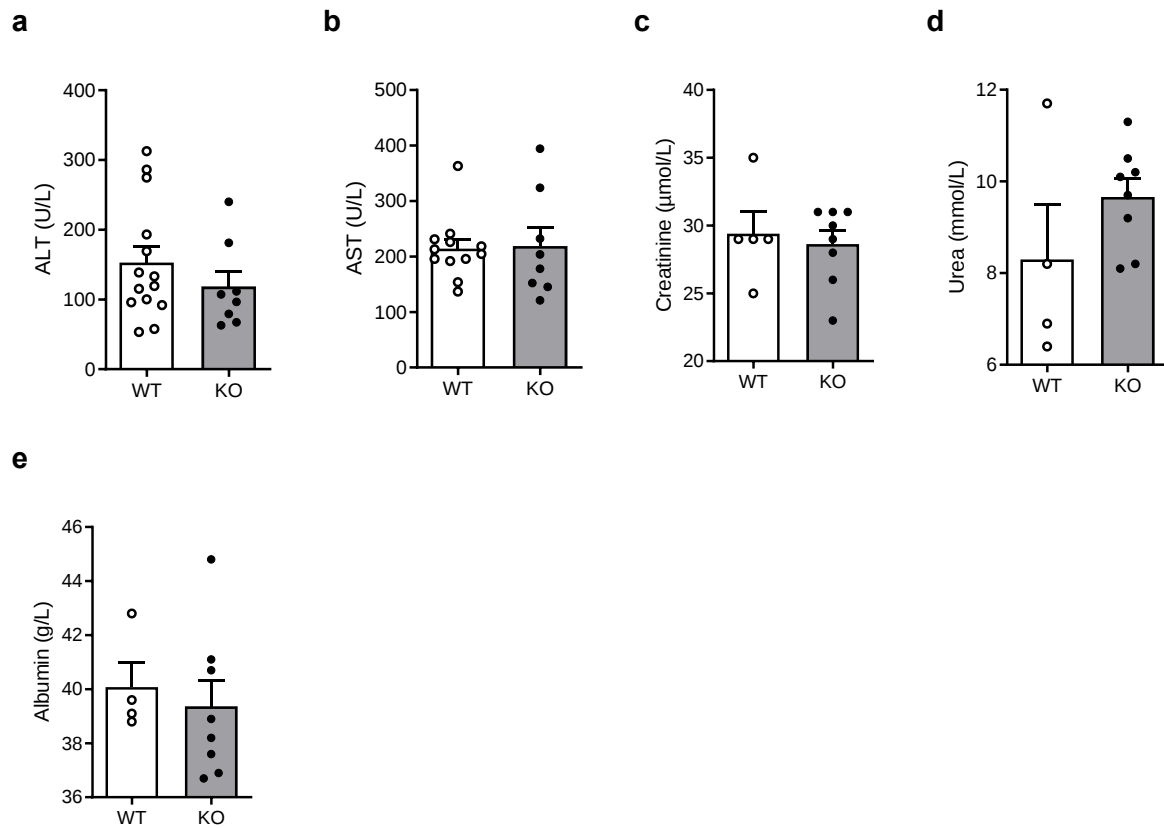


Supplementary Fig. 9 Gene expression of Slc16 family members in liver and kidney of *Slc16a13* knockout mice. Relative mRNA expression of different Slc16 genes in liver (a) and kidney (b) of NCD- and HFD-fed *Slc16a13* KO mice and WT controls (n=4-5 for each genotype). *Slc16a8* was not detectable in liver tissue. Bars represent means $\pm$ SEM. *p<0.05, **p<0.01, ***p<0.001 determined using two-tailed unpaired Student's t-test.



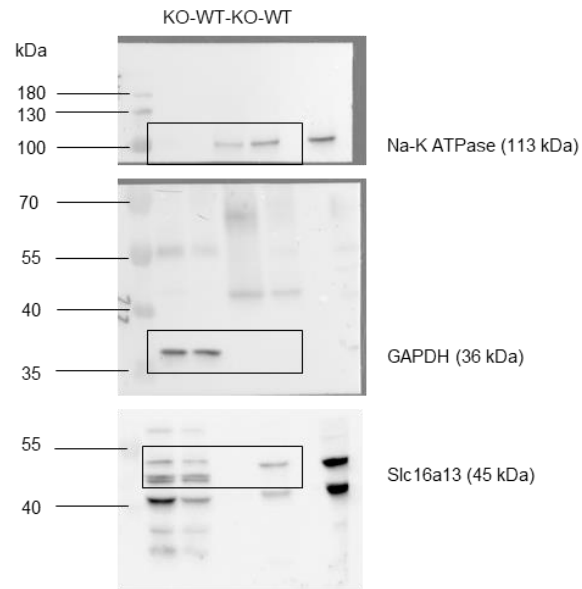
Supplementary Fig. 10 *Slc16a1* and *Slc16a11* expression in diet-induced obesity.

Relative hepatic *Slc16a1* (a) and *Slc16a11* (b) mRNA expression in C57BL/6J mice fed with NCD or HFD for 15 weeks. Animals are random fed (n=7-10 per group) or fasted for 16 hours (n=6-9 per group). Bars represent means $\pm$ SEM. **p<0.01, ***p<0.001 determined using two-tailed unpaired Student's t-test.

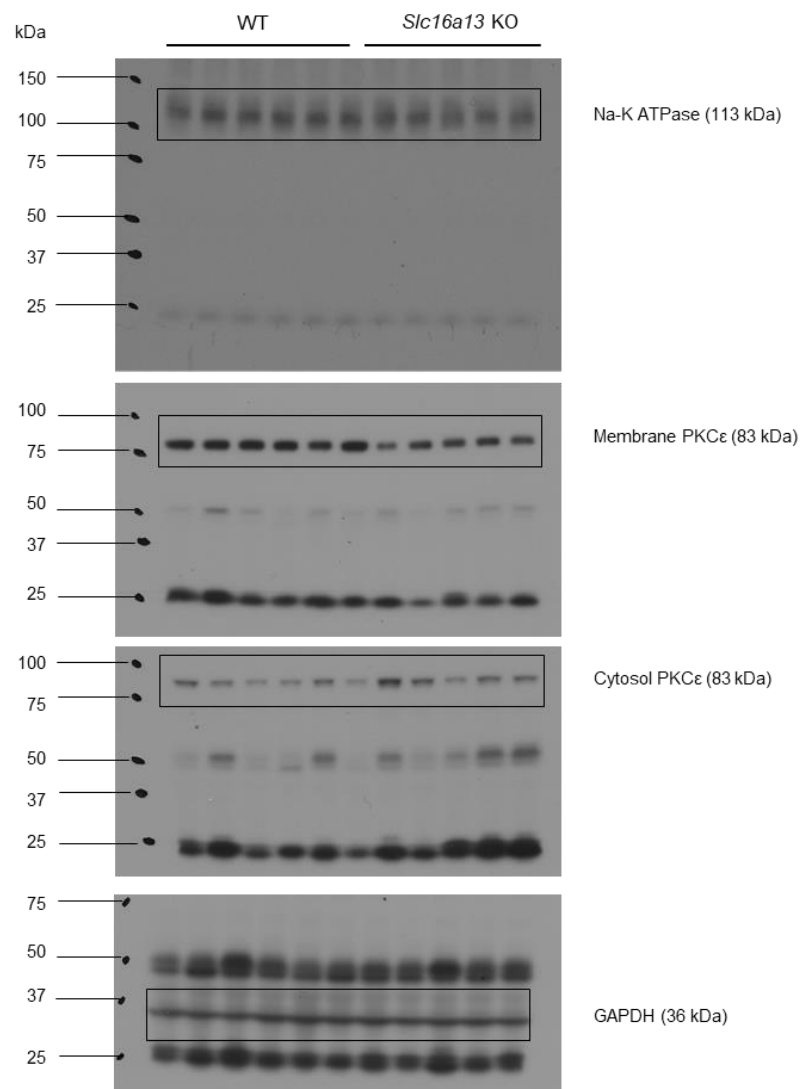


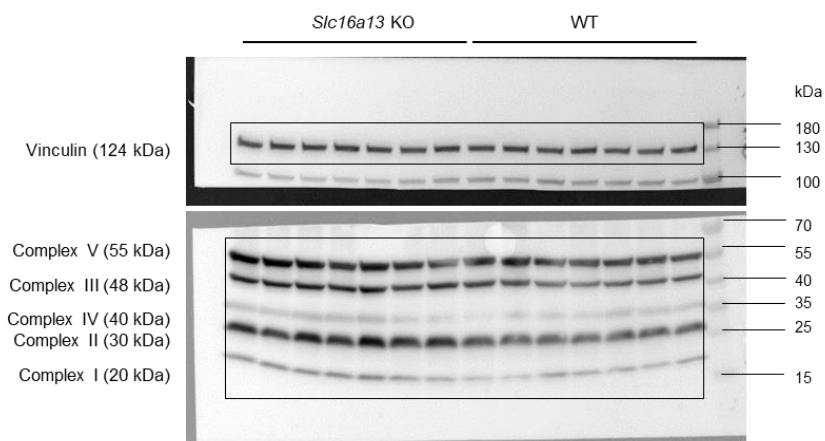
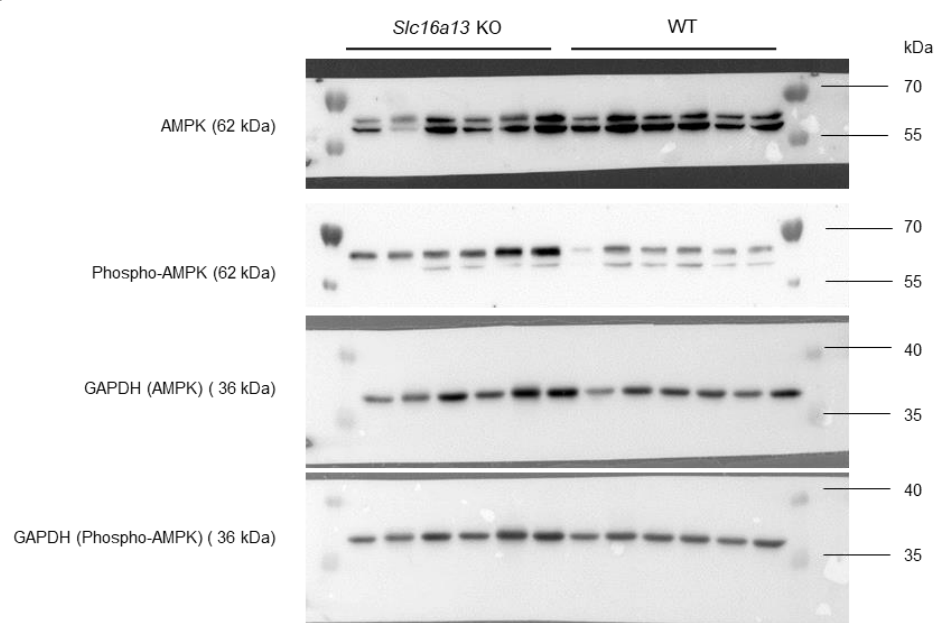
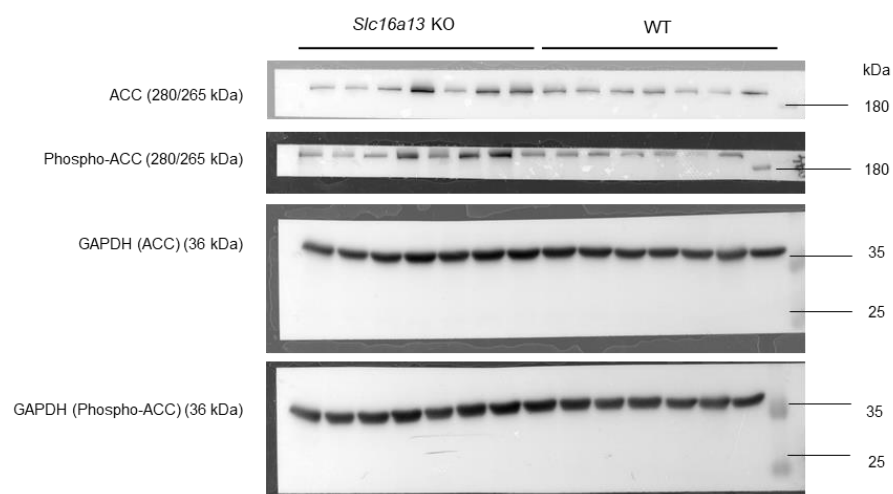
Supplementary Fig. 11 Plasma concentration of biomarkers of liver and kidney function in *Slc16a13* knockout mice at 15 weeks of HFD. **a** Plasma alanine aminotransferase (ALT). **b** Plasma aspartate aminotransferase (AST). **c** Creatinine. **d** Urea. **e** Albumin. *Slc16a13* WT (n=4-7), *Slc16a13* KO (n=7-8). Bars represent means $\pm$ SEM.

a



b



c**d****e**

Supplementary Fig. 12 Uncropped Western blots. Uncropped merged marker images related to Fig. 3c (a), 7e (b), 9a (c), 9c (d), 9d (e).

Supplementary Table 1: Physical and clinical parameter of human patients. Means $\pm$ SEM are displayed. HOMA-IR, homeostasis model assessment for insulin resistance; SBP, systolic blood pressure; DBP, diastolic blood pressure.

n (male)	45 (17)
age (years)	59 $\pm$ 2
BMI (kg/m ²)	26.7 $\pm$ 1.0
waist circumference (cm)	97 $\pm$ 3
SBP (mm Hg)	133 $\pm$ 3
DBP (mm Hg)	73 $\pm$ 2
HOMA-IR	2.4 $\pm$ 0.4
NAFLD activity score (0-8)	1.7 $\pm$ 0.2
Liver steatosis (%)	15.9 $\pm$ 3.2

Supplementary Table 2: Multivariate linear regression analysis of parameters related to *SLC16A13* in human liver. Significant associations are shown in bold. HOMA-IR, homeostasis model assessment for insulin resistance; TAG, triacylglycerides.

	Model 1 Dependent variable: Waist circumference	Model 2 Dependent variable: BMI	Model 3 Dependent variable: log histological steatosis	Model 4 Dependent variable: log liver TAG	Model 5 Dependent variable: log HOMA IR
	R = 0.622; R ² = 0.386; adj. R ² = 0.340; <i>p</i> < 0.001	R = 0.493; R ² = 0.243; adj. R ² = 0.187; <i>p</i> = 0.009	R = 0.725; R ² = 0.525; adj. R ² = 0.446; <i>p</i> = 0.001	R = 0.506; R ² = 0.256; adj. R ² = 0.166; <i>p</i> = 0.039	R = 0.499; R ² = 0.249; adj. R ² = 0.174; <i>p</i> = 0.019
Independent variables:	β-coefficient (<i>p</i>-value)	β-coefficient (<i>p</i>-value)	β-coefficient (<i>p</i>-value)	β-coefficient (<i>p</i>-value)	β-coefficient (<i>p</i>-value)
Age	0.100 (0.43)	-0.155 (0.27)	0.126 (0.41)	0.056 (0.73)	-0.195 (0.17)
Gender	-0.251 (0.050)	-0.047 (0.73)	0.009 (0.95)	0.109 (0.48)	-0.267 (0.059)
BMI	-	-	0.150 (0.37)	0.247 (0.15)	0.176 (0.27)
Liver <i>SLC16A13</i> mRNA	0.558 (< 0.001)	0.493 (0.001)	0.626 (0.001)	0.336 (0.065)	0.289 (0.077)

Supplementary Table 3: Body weight and relative tissue mass of NCD- and HFD-fed *Slc16a13* knockout and wild-type mice. Results are expressed as means $\pm$ SEM. * $p < 0.05$, ** $p < 0.01$, *** $p < 0.001$ determined using two-tailed unpaired Student's t-test. eWAT, epigonadal white adipose tissue; reWAT, renal white adipose tissue; subWAT, subcutaneous white adipose tissue.

	normal-chow diet		high-fat diet	
	WT (n=9)	<i>Slc16a13</i> KO (n=11)	WT (n=14)	<i>Slc16a13</i> KO (n=10)
Body weight (g)	26.01 $\pm$ 0.48	24.87 $\pm$ 0.63	41.18 $\pm$ 0.97	40.29 $\pm$ 0.9
Liver (% of body weight)	3.89 $\pm$ 0.06	4.04 $\pm$ 0.13	3.18 $\pm$ 0.14	3.22 $\pm$ 0.21
eWAT (% of body weight)	1.77 $\pm$ 0.20	1.11 $\pm$ 0.13*	5.69 $\pm$ 0.18	5.17 $\pm$ 0.26
reWAT (% of body weight)	0.58 $\pm$ 0.07	0.27 $\pm$ 0.04***	2.96 $\pm$ 0.09	2.78 $\pm$ 0.13
subWAT (% of body weight)	0.74 $\pm$ 0.07	0.42 $\pm$ 0.07**	4.47 $\pm$ 0.31	3.75 $\pm$ 0.23
Quadriceps (% of body weight)	0.87 $\pm$ 0.13	1.06 $\pm$ 0.03	0.74 $\pm$ 0.02	0.83 $\pm$ 0.11

Supplementary Table 4: Sequences of qRT-PCR primer.

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mCav1-for	GGGCAAATACGTAGACTCCGAGG
mCav1-rev	CTTGACCACGTCTCGTTGAGA
mCd36-for	GATGACGTGGCAAAGAACAG
mCd36-rev	TCCTCGGGGTCTTGAGTTAT
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mFatp2-rev	AGGTACTCCGCGATGTGTTG
mFatp5-for	TTGCATTCTGTGGAGCCAG
mFatp5-rev	TACGCGTCGTACATTCGCAA
mHprr-for	TCCCAGCGTCGTGATTAGC
mHprr-rev	CCAGCAGGTCAGCAAAGAAC
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mSlc16a2-for	CGGCATCCATAACTCTGTTGG
mSlc16a2-rev	AGATCATGCCCATAGCGAGG
mSlc16a3-for	CTCTTTGCGTCCCTGGGAAT
mSlc16a3-rev	AAGGCTGGAAGTTGAGAGCC
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mSlc16a9-rev	GTGACGGGTCTTGCTCCAAA
mSlc16a10-for	CTGGACACCTTCAAGGCCAA
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