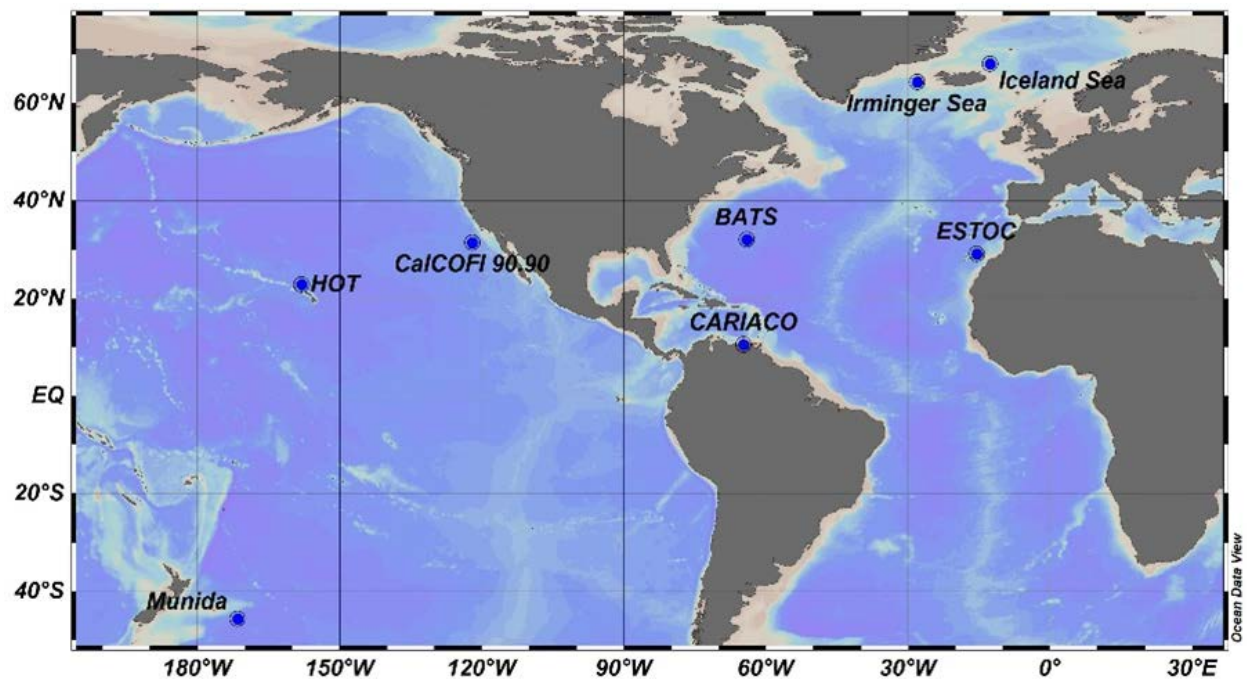


Supplementary Information for: A 37-year record of ocean acidification in the Southern California Current

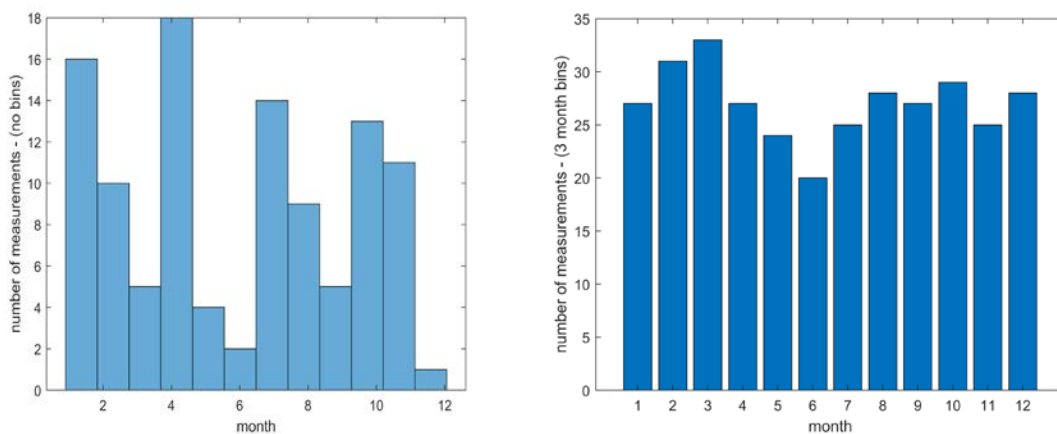
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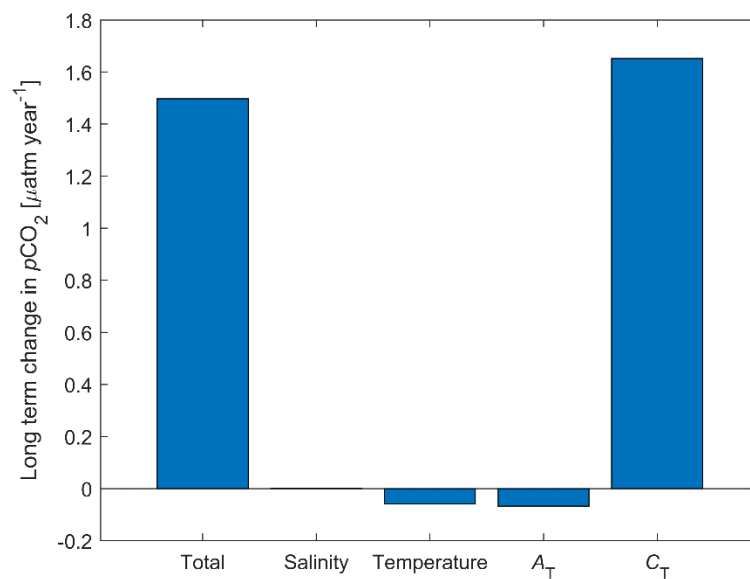
¹Scripps Institution of Oceanography, University of California San Diego, La Jolla, CA, USA.



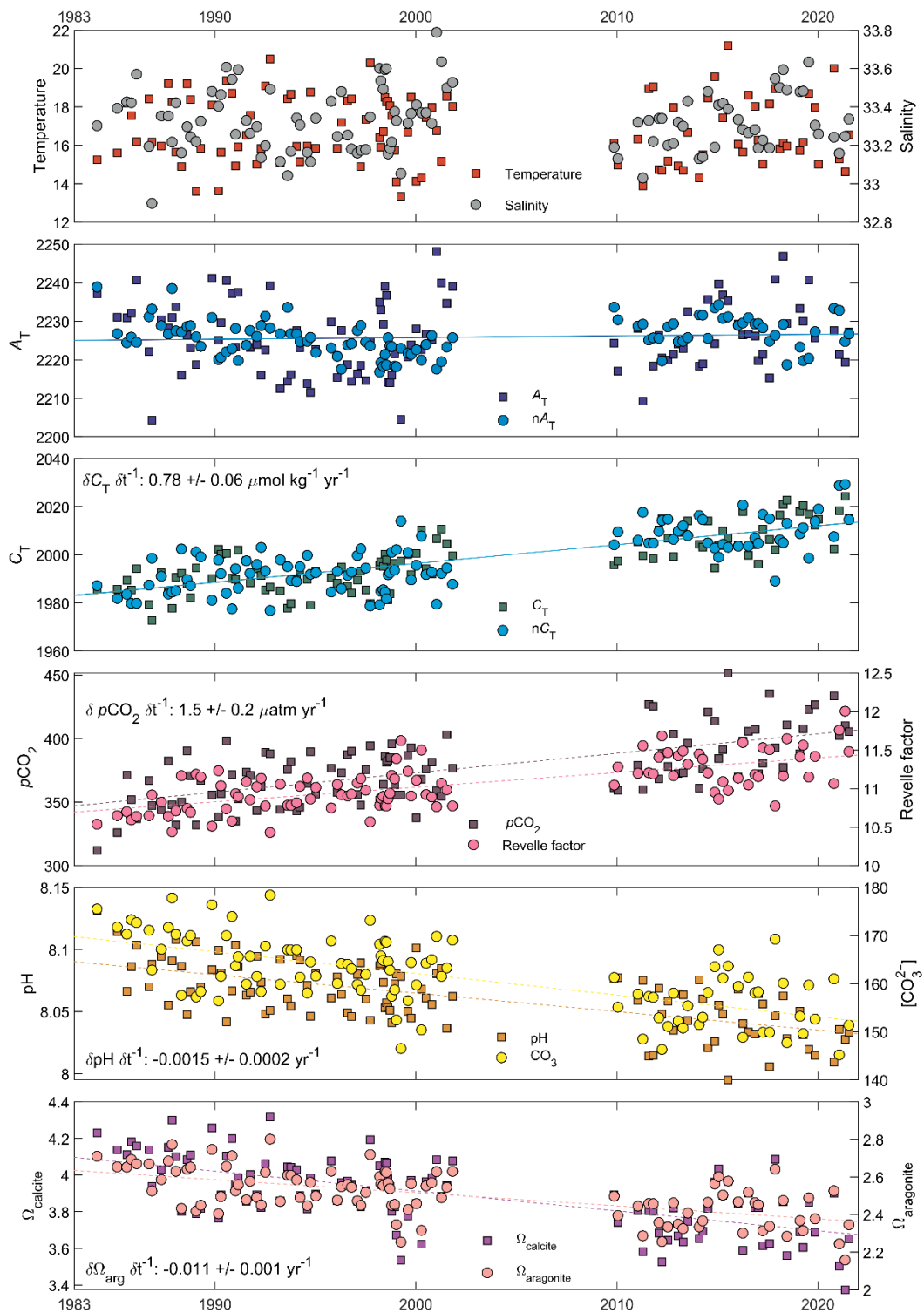
Supplementary Fig. 1. The locations of CalCOFI station 90.90 the other seven long term time series of seawater inorganic carbon⁹.



Supplementary Fig. 2. The number of observations from each month over the time series, before (left) and after binning (right).



Supplementary Fig. 3. Contributions of salinity, temperature, A_T , and C_T to the long-term trend in sea surface $p\text{CO}_2$.



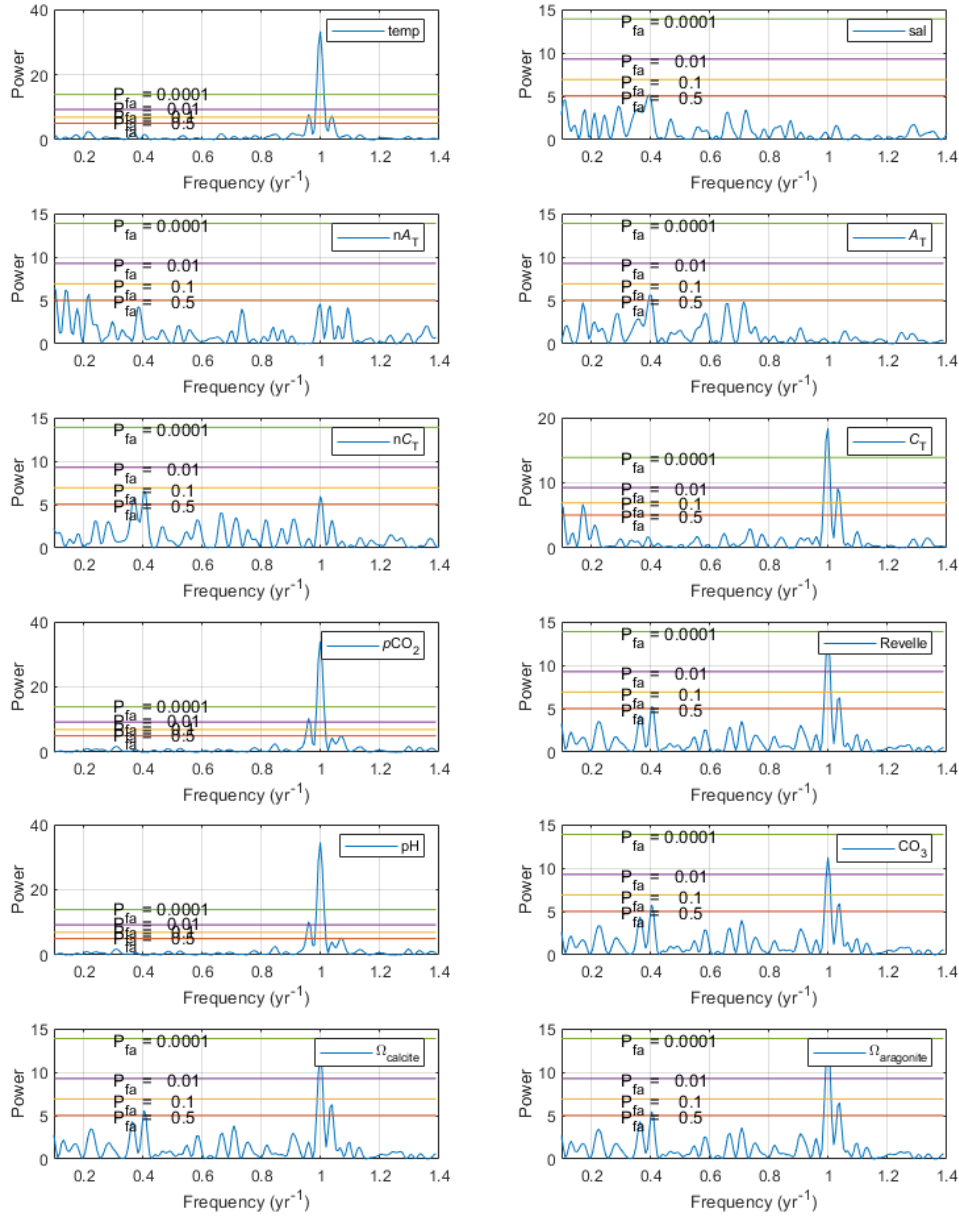
Supplementary Fig. 4. The time series observations at station 90.90 without seasonal detrending. Regression statistics shown in Supplementary Table 1.

Supplementary Table 1. Trend statistics from station 90.90 presented without seasonal detrending (from Supplementary Fig. 4).

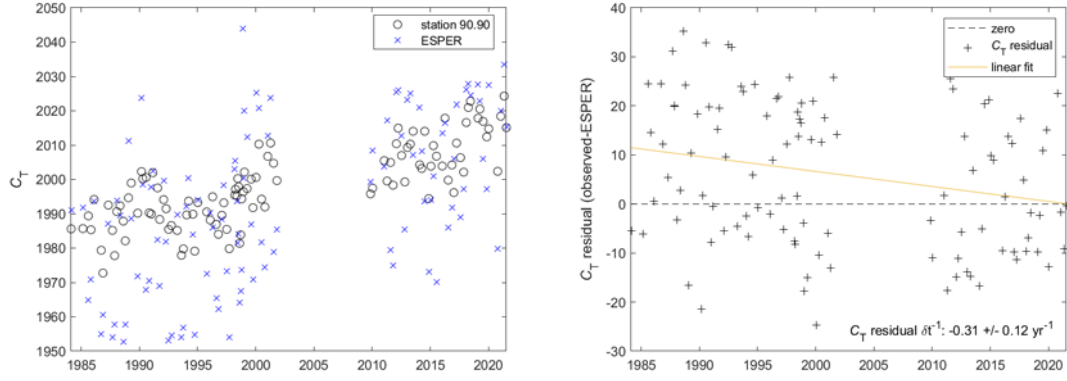
Parameter	Slope	standard error	units	<i>n</i>	<i>r</i> ²	<i>p</i> -value
Hydrography						
Temperature	-0.0041	0.0148	°C yr ⁻¹	107	0.0007	0.7824
Salinity	0.0001	0.0013	yr ⁻¹	107	0.0001	0.9310
Ocean acidification indicators						
pH	-0.0015	0.0002	yr ⁻¹	105	0.4334	<0.0001
CO ₃ ²⁻	-0.449	0.0516	μmol kg ⁻¹ yr ⁻¹	105	0.4241	<0.0001
Ω _{calcite}	-0.0108	0.0013	yr ⁻¹	105	0.4155	<0.0001
Ω _{aragonite}	-0.007	0.0009	yr ⁻¹	105	0.3754	<0.0001
seawater carbonate chemistry						
C _T	0.7846	0.0604	μmol kg ⁻¹ yr ⁻¹	107	0.6167	<0.0001
nC _T	0.7775	0.0658	μmol kg ⁻¹ yr ⁻¹	107	0.5706	<0.0001
A _T	0.0431	0.0775	μmol kg ⁻¹ yr ⁻¹	105	0.0030	0.5796
nA _T	0.0425	0.0397	μmol kg ⁻¹ yr ⁻¹	105	0.0110	0.2867
pCO ₂	1.5317	0.1712	μatm yr ⁻¹	105	0.4372	<0.0001
Revelle factor	0.019	0.002	yr ⁻¹	105	0.4696	<0.0001

Supplementary Table 2. Descriptive statistics of the seasonal cycles shown in Fig. 1, right. The peak of seasonal cycle and peak-trough amplitude of surface hydrography and seawater carbon chemistry (from Supplementary Fig. 1, right).

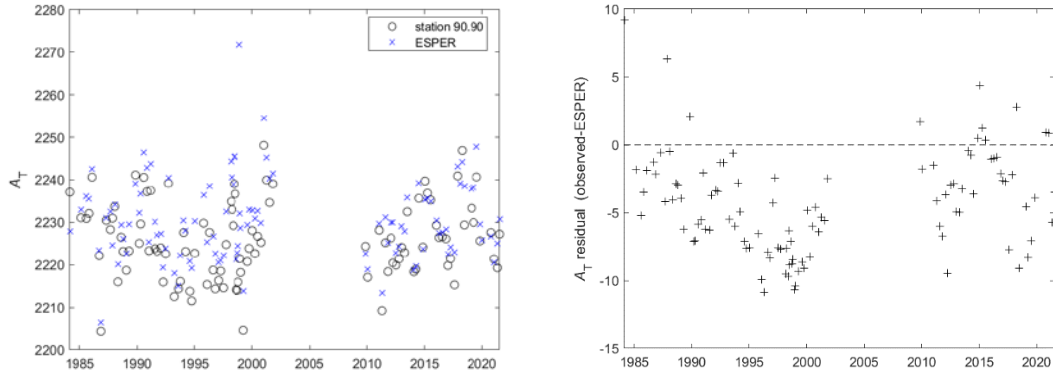
Parameter	peak	standard error	amplitude	standard error	units
Hydrography					
Temperature	18.6	1.0	3.2	2.0	°C yr ⁻¹
Salinity	33.4	0.1	0.1	0.3	yr ⁻¹
Ocean acidification indicators					
pH	8.08	0.02	0.04	0.04	yr ⁻¹
CO ₃ ²⁻	167	4	10	15	μmol kg ⁻¹ yr ⁻¹
Ω _{calcite}	4.05	0.10	0.26	0.37	yr ⁻¹
Ω _{aragonite}	2.61	0.07	0.18	0.25	yr ⁻¹
seawater carbonate chemistry					
C _T	2006	14	17	22	μmol kg ⁻¹ yr ⁻¹
nC _T	2002	17	11	23	μmol kg ⁻¹ yr ⁻¹
A _T	2229	7	7	16	μmol kg ⁻¹ yr ⁻¹
nA _T	2228	3	4	6	μmol kg ⁻¹ yr ⁻¹
pCO ₂	396	19	41	39	μatm yr ⁻¹
Revelle factor	11.2	0.5	0.4	0.6	yr ⁻¹



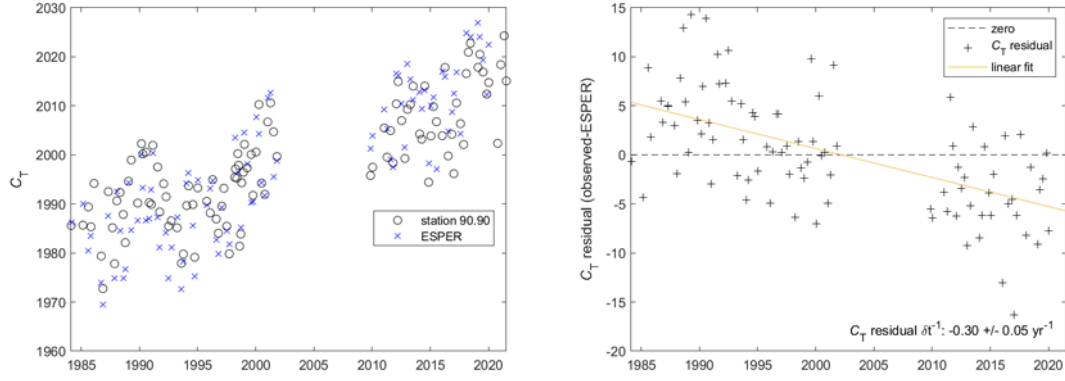
Supplementary Fig. 5. Power spectral density of each time series variable calculated using the MATLAB function ‘plomb’. Frequencies between 0.1 and 1.4 yr⁻¹. Most parameters exhibit a strong annual signal.



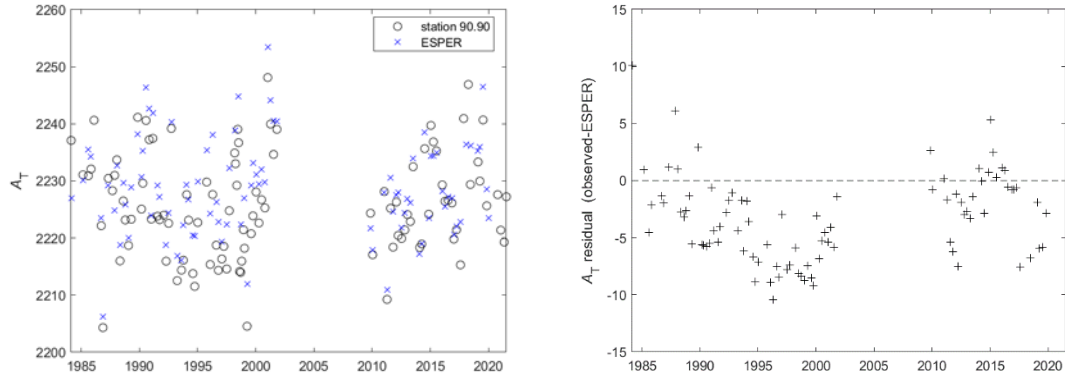
Supplementary Fig. 6. ESPER predictions using only temperature, salinity, latitude, longitude, depth, and year. (Left) Observed and ESPER predicted C_T over time. (Right) The residual C_T , Observed – ESPER, over time.



Supplementary Fig. 7. ESPER predictions using only temperature, salinity, latitude, longitude, depth, and year. (Left) Observed and ESPER predicted A_T over time. (Right) The residual A_T , Observed – ESPER, over time.



Supplementary Fig. 8. ESPER predictions using all available predictor variables (temperature, salinity, phosphate, nitrate, silicic acid, oxygen, latitude, longitude, depth, and year). (Left) Observed and ESPER predicted C_T over time. (Right) The residual C_T , Observed – ESPER, over time.



Supplementary Fig. 9. ESPER predictions using all available predictor variables (temperature, salinity, phosphate, nitrate, silicic acid, oxygen, latitude, longitude, depth, and year). (Left) Observed and ESPER predicted A_T over time. (Right) The residual A_T , Observed – ESPER, over time.