

A bacterial toxin-antitoxin system involved in an unusual response to genotoxic stress

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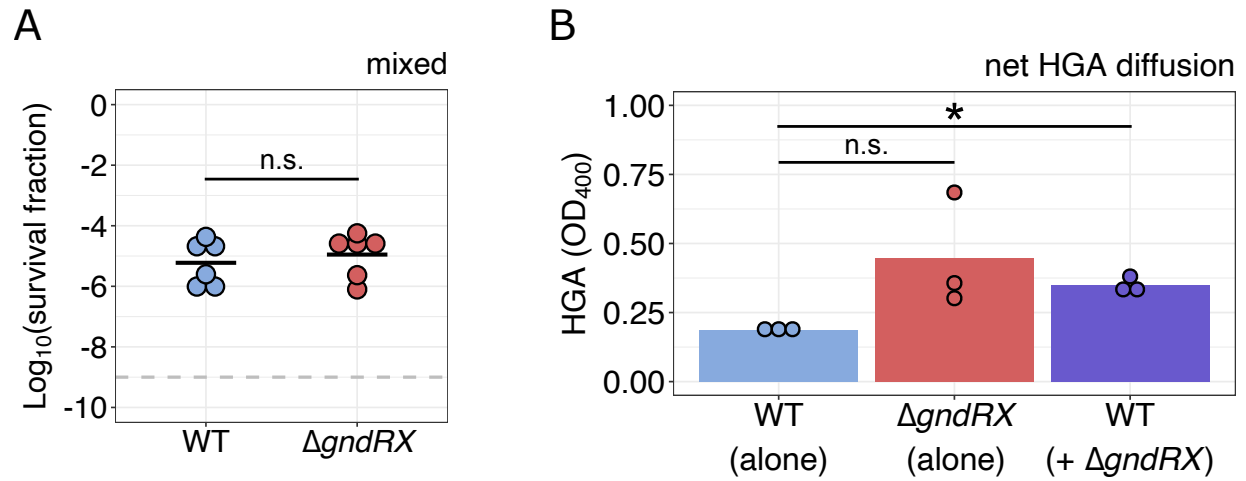
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Appendix Table S1. SNPs detected across *L. pneumophila* TA deletion strains.

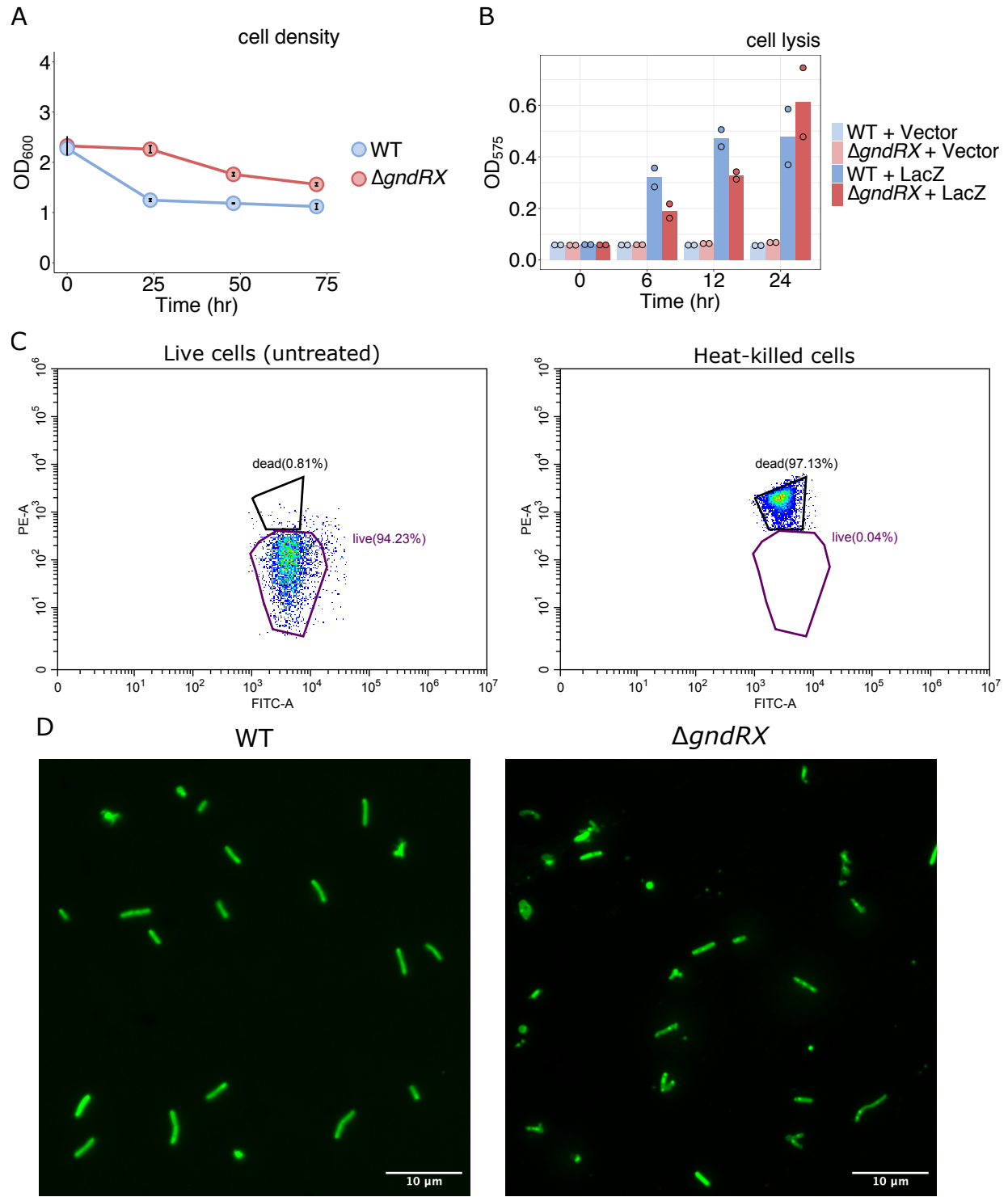
Strain	Deleted genes	SNP	Outcome	Mutated locus	Function	Upstream gene	Downstream gene
ΔTA1	lpg0488-0489						
ΔTA2	lpg1604-1605	A > G	V > A	tspO	tryptophan rich sensory protein	lpg0210	phrB
ΔTA3	lpg1934-1935						
ΔTA4	lpg2368-2370						
ΔTA5	lpg2377-2380						
ΔTA6	lpg2914-2915	G > A	C > Y	lpg2621	acid phosphatase	lpg2620	lpg2622
ΔTA7	lpg2920-2921						
Δ7TA-1	all 7 systems	C > T		intergenic		lpg2019	oruR
Δ7TA-2	all 7 systems	T > C	silent	lpxB	lipid-A-disaccharide synthase	lpxD	lpg2946

Appendix Figure S1. Enhanced survival is cell extrinsic and conferred through cell-cell contact



(A) Time-kill assay using permeabilized transwell plate inserts (0.1 μ m membrane) that restore cell mixing. Data are from n=3 biological replicates performed in duplicate (each strain with or without the *lux* cassette) and survival after 72 hr treatment with ciprofloxacin is shown. (B) Quantification of HGA diffusion across a 0.1 μ m transwell membrane. HGA production was measured when both compartments contained either wild-type or $\Delta gndRX$ cells, or in a compartment containing wild-type cells when the other compartment contained $\Delta gndRX$ cells. Data are from n=3 biological replicates after 72 hr treatment with ciprofloxacin. Data information: In (A-B), bar indicates the mean and statistical hypothesis testing was performed with the Welch's t-test (n.s. = not significant; * = $p < 0.05$). The limit of detection on all applicable plots is indicated with a dashed grey line.

Appendix Figure S2. GndRX appears to shift the cell from a state of dormancy to death during stress



(A) Culture turbidity measurements for the wild-type and $\Delta gndRX$ strains during treatment with ciprofloxacin (data are mean $\pm$ SEM, n=2 biological replicates). At each time point, cells were washed 3x with PBS and absorbance as measured in a cuvette using a spectrophotometer. (B) Cell lysis assay quantifying free LacZ protein in the culture supernatant during treatment with ciprofloxacin for wild-type and $\Delta gndRX$ strains carrying either an empty vector control (pJB1806) or producing LacZ (pJB1806::*lacZ*). LacZ expression was induced with IPTG (500 μ M) for 24 hr, concurrent with genotoxic stress. The culture supernatant was subsequently harvested and supplemented with the LacZ substrate CPRG (20 μ g/mL). Colorimetric changes produced by LacZ activity were then measured using a spectrophotometer. Data are from n=2 biological replicates. (C) Flow cytometry quantification using Live/Dead staining for untreated and heat-killed (99°C for 10 min) wild-type populations used as gating controls (10,000 events are displayed; data are representative of n=3 biological replicates) (D) Microscopy images of SYTO9 stained wild-type and $\Delta gndRX$ *L. pneumophila* cells after 24 hr ciprofloxacin treatment from a representative flow cytometry experiment. Scale bar is 10 μ m. Data information: In A, data are presented as the mean (averaged for clarity) $\pm$ SEM. In B, bar indicates the mean.