

Appendix Figures S1-S3

FADS1/2 control lipid metabolism and ferroptosis susceptibility in triple-negative breast cancer

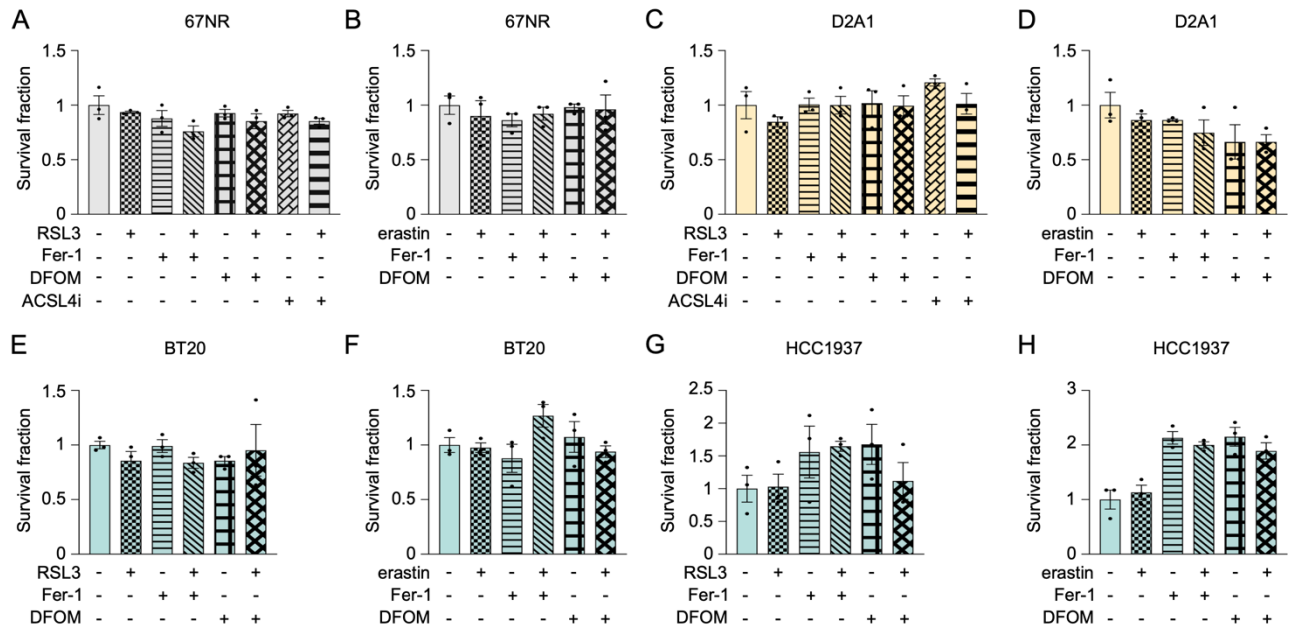
Lorito, Subbiani et al., 2024

The Appendix Figures file contains:

Appendix Figure S1	page 2
Appendix Figure S2	page 3
Appendix Figure S3	page 5

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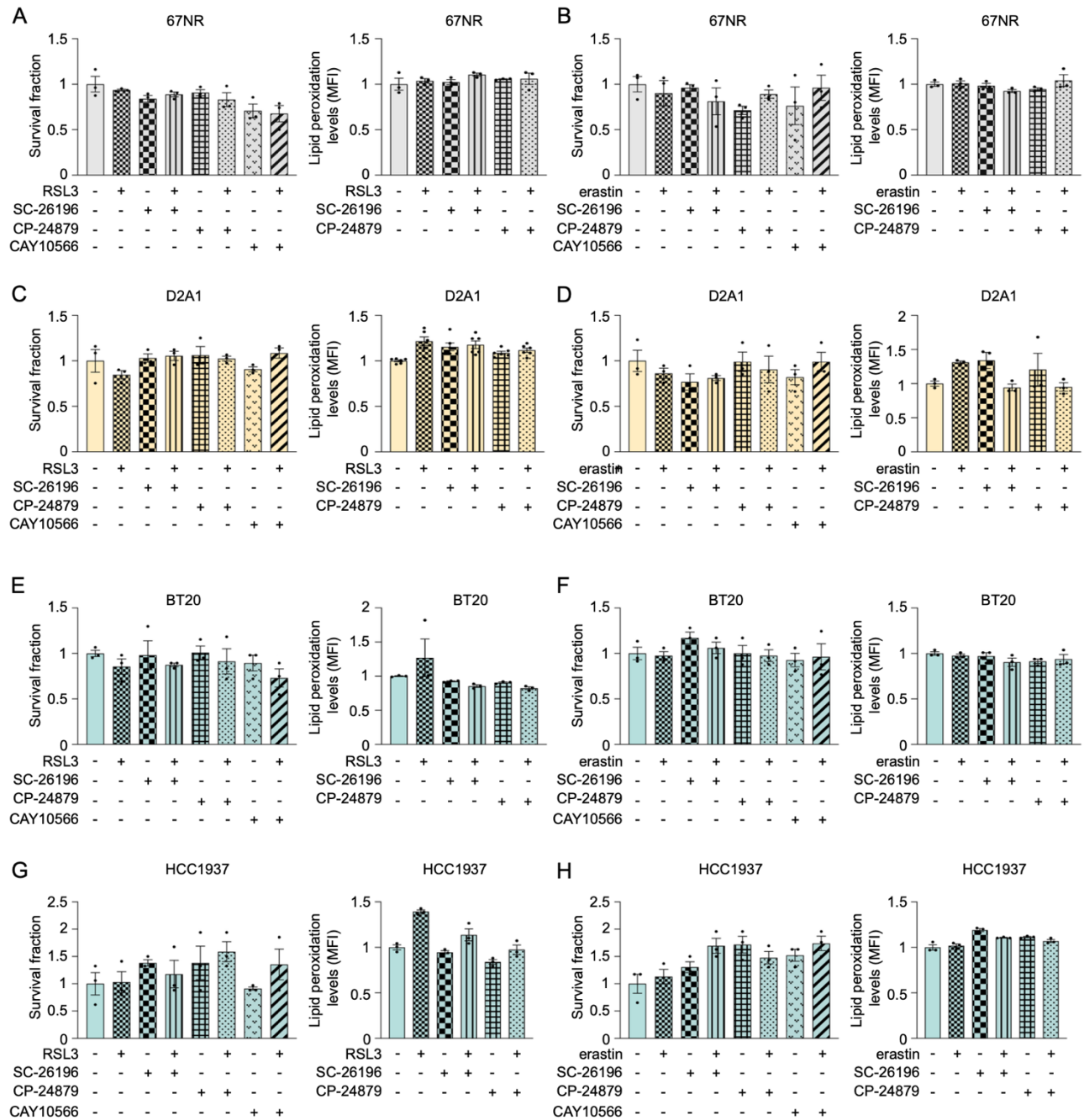
Appendix Figure S1



Appendix Figure S1. Weakly metastatic TNBC cell lines show resistance to ferroptosis-inducing agents.

(A-D) Murine 67NR (A,B) and D2A1 (C,D) poorly metastasizing cells were pre-treated with 15 μ M Fer-1, 5 μ M DFOM, or 10 μ M ACSL4i for 4 hours and then administrated ON with 0.1 μ M (67NR) or 0.25 μ M (D2A1) RSL3 (A,C) and with 0.5 μ M of erastin (B,D). After 24 hours cells were subjected to cell viability assay; ($n = 3$ biological replicates). The RSL3- or erastin-treated condition was used as comparator in the statistical analysis. (E-H) Human BT20 (E,F) and HCC1937 (G,H) poorly metastasizing cells were pre-treated with 15 μ M Fer-1, 5 μ M DFOM, or 10 μ M ACSL4i for 4 hours and then administrated ON with 0.25 μ M RSL3 (E,G) and with 0.5 μ M erastin (F,H). After 24 hours cells were subjected to cell viability assay; ($n = 3$ biological replicates). The RSL3- or erastin-treated condition was used as comparator in the statistical analysis. Data information: data are presented as mean $\pm$ SEM. Statistical analysis was performed using One-way ANOVA followed by Dunnett's correction.

Appendix Figure S2

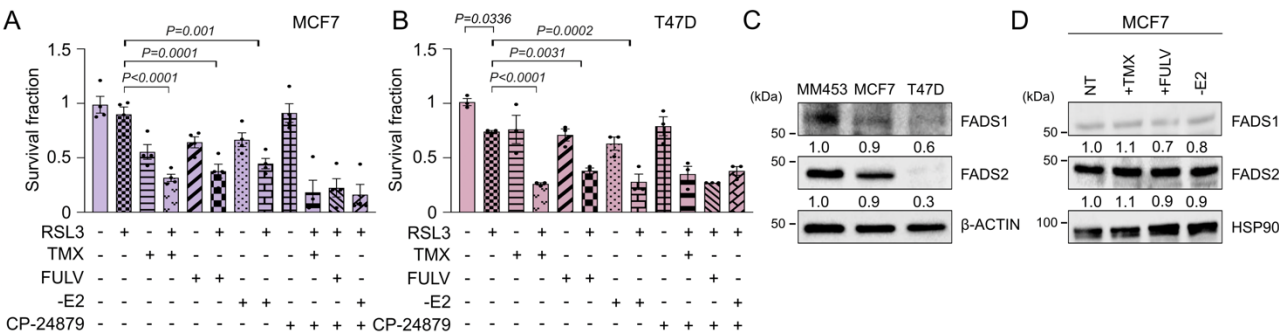


Appendix Figure S2. Weakly metastatic TNBC cell lines are insensitive to FADS1/2 targeting.

(A,B) Murine 67NR poorly metastasizing cells were pre-treated with 10 μ M FADS2i (SC-26196), FADS1/2i (CP-24879), and SCD1i (CAY10566) for 4 hours, then administrated (i) ON with 0.1 μ M RSL3 (A, left) or 0.5 μ M erastin (B, left) before being subjected to cell viability assay, and (ii) for 2 hours with 1 μ M RSL3 (A, right) or 5 μ M erastin (B, right) before being subjected to cytofluorimetric analysis to measure lipid peroxidation; ($n = 3$ biological replicates). The RSL3- or erastin-treated condition was used as comparator in the statistical analysis. (C,D) Murine D2A1 poorly metastasizing cells were pre-treated with 10 μ M FADS2i (SC-26196), FADS1/2i (CP-24879), and SCD1i (CAY10566) for 4 hours, then

administrated (i) ON with 0.25 μ M RSL3 (C, left) or 0.5 μ M erastin (D, left) before being subjected to cell viability assay, and (ii) for 2 hours with 1 μ M RSL3 (C, right) or 5 μ M erastin (D, right) before being subjected to cytofluorimetric analysis to measure lipid peroxidation; ($n = 3$ biological replicates in either single or technical duplicate). The RSL3- or erastin-treated condition was used as comparator in the statistical analysis. **(E,F)** Human BT20 poorly metastasizing cells were pre-treated with 10 μ M FADS2i (SC-26196), FADS1/2i (CP-24879), and SCD1i (CAY10566) for 4 hours, then administrated (i) ON with 0.25 μ M RSL3 (E, left) or 0.5 μ M erastin (F, left) before being subjected to cell viability assay, and (ii) for 2 hours with 1 μ M RSL3 (E, right) or 5 μ M erastin (F, right) before being subjected to cytofluorimetric analysis to measure lipid peroxidation; ($n = 3$ biological replicates). The RSL3- or erastin-treated condition was used as comparator in the statistical analysis. **(G,H)** Human HCC1937 poorly metastasizing cells were pre-treated with 10 μ M FADS2i (SC-26196), FADS1/2i (CP-24879), and SCD1i (CAY10566) for 4 hours, then administrated (i) ON with 0.25 μ M RSL3 (G, left) or 0.5 μ M erastin (H, left) before being subjected to cell viability assay, or (ii) for 2 hours with 1 μ M RSL3 (G, right) or 5 μ M erastin (H, right) before being subjected to cytofluorimetric analysis to measure lipid peroxidation; ($n = 3$ biological replicates). The RSL3- or erastin-treated condition was used as comparator in the statistical analysis. Data information: data are presented as mean $\pm$ SEM. Statistical analysis was performed using One-way ANOVA followed by Dunnett's correction.

Appendix Figure S3



Appendix Figure S3. Impairing Estrogen Receptor (ER) activity in ER+ breast cancer cells does not alter FADS1/2 expression.

(A,B) ER+ MCF7 (A) and T47D (B) breast cancer cells were pre-treated with 10 μ M FADS1/2i (CP-24879) for 4 hours and then exposed to 1 μ M RSL3, 1 μ M TMX, 100 nM FULV, or subjected to estrogen deprivation (-E2) for 72 hours before cell viability assay; (n = 3 biological replicates in either single or technical duplicate). The RSL3-treated condition was used as comparator in the statistical analysis. (C) Total protein lysates from TNBC MDA-MB-453 and ER+ MCF7 and T47D cells were subjected to WB analysis with the antibodies indicated. (D) ER+ MCF7 breast cancer cells were treated with 1 μ M TMX, 100 nM FULV, or subjected to estrogen deprivation (-E2) for 72 hours and then analyzed by WB analysis using the antibodies described in the figure. Data information: In (A,B) data are presented as mean $\pm$ SEM. Statistical analysis was performed using One-way ANOVA followed by Dunnett's correction.