

Additional File 4.

One set of T column eigenvector of the covariance matrix in (6) is given by

$$[\mathbf{e}_1 \quad \cdots \quad \mathbf{e}_T] = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & \cdots & -1 \\ \hline 1 & & & \\ \vdots & \mathbf{I}_{(T-1) \times (T-1)} & & \\ 1 & & & \end{bmatrix}, \quad (\text{S1})$$

where $\mathbf{I}_{(T-1) \times (T-1)}$ is an $(T-1)$ -dimensional identity matrix. Orthonormal eigenvectors can be further obtained by applying the Gramm-Schmidt procedure which orthogonalize each eigenvector ($\mathbf{e}_i$) with respect to all the other eigenvectors to give $\mathbf{e}_{i\perp}$:

$$\mathbf{e}_{i\perp} = \frac{\mathbf{e}_i - \sum_{j=1}^{i-1} (\mathbf{e}_i \circ \mathbf{e}_{j\perp}) \mathbf{e}_{j\perp}}{\left| \mathbf{e}_i - \sum_{j=1}^{i-1} (\mathbf{e}_i \circ \mathbf{e}_{j\perp}) \mathbf{e}_{j\perp} \right|} \quad (\text{S2})$$

Finally, we can obtain one set of orthonormal eigenvectors of (S1) as follows:

$$[\mathbf{e}_{1\perp} \quad \mathbf{e}_{2\perp} \quad \mathbf{e}_{3\perp} \quad \cdots \quad \mathbf{e}_{T\perp}] = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{T}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} & \cdots & \frac{1}{\sqrt{T(T-1)}} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{T}} & -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} & \cdots & \frac{1}{\sqrt{T(T-1)}} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{T}} & 0 & -\frac{2}{\sqrt{6}} & \cdots & \frac{1}{\sqrt{T(T-1)}} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{T}} & 0 & 0 & \cdots & \frac{1}{\sqrt{T(T-1)}} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{T}} & 0 & 0 & \cdots & -\frac{T-1}{\sqrt{T(T-1)}} \end{bmatrix} \quad (\text{S3})$$

For ease of notation, we used $\mathbf{e}_i$ instead of $\mathbf{e}_{i\perp}$ in the main text to denote the orthonormal eigenvectors. By randomly permuting the rows (performing row-switching transformations), we can obtain alternative orthonormal eigenspaces of the covariance matrix in (6).