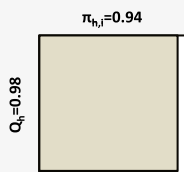
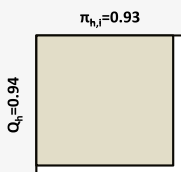


EXAMPLES OF PREDOMINANTLY ANTHROPOPHAGIC AND ENDOPHAGIC VECTORS FROM SUB-SAHARAN AFRICA

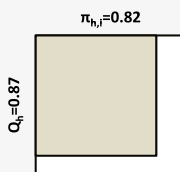
Anopheles funestus
($C_{v,max}=0.92$)



Anopheles gambiae
($C_{v,max}=0.87$)

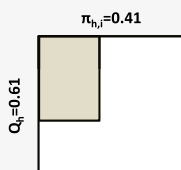


Anopheles arabiensis
($C_{v,max}=0.71$)

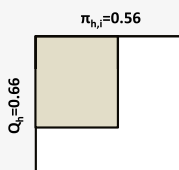


EXAMPLES OF INTERMEDIATE ZOOPHAGIC/ANTHROPOPHAGIC AND ENDO/EXOPHAGIC VECTORS FROM SOUTH-EAST ASIA AND OCEANIA ASIA

Anopheles epiroticus
($C_{v,max}=0.25$)

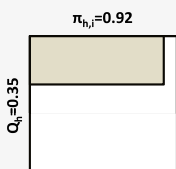


Anopheles farauti
($C_{v,max}=0.37$)

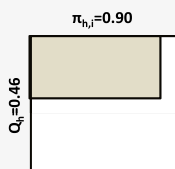


EXAMPLES OF MODERATELY TO STRONGLY ZOOPHAGIC BUT HIGHLY ENDOPHAGIC VECTORS FROM SOUTH-EAST ASIA AND LATIN AMERICA

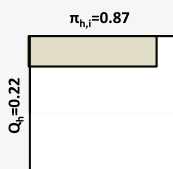
Anopheles dirus
($C_{v,max}=0.32$)



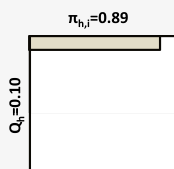
Anopheles darlingi
($C_{v,max}=0.41$)



Anopheles nuneztovari
($C_{v,max}=0.19$)

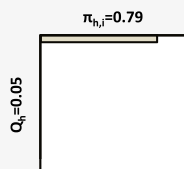


Anopheles albimanus
($C_{v,max}=0.09$)

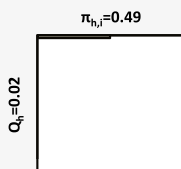


EXAMPLES OF STRONGLY ZOOPHAGIC AND EXOPHAGIC VECTORS FROM SOUTH ASIA

Anopheles culicifacies
($C_{v,max}=0.04$)



Anopheles stephensi
($C_{v,max}=0.01$)



Anopheles fluviatilis
($C_{v,max}=0.02$)

