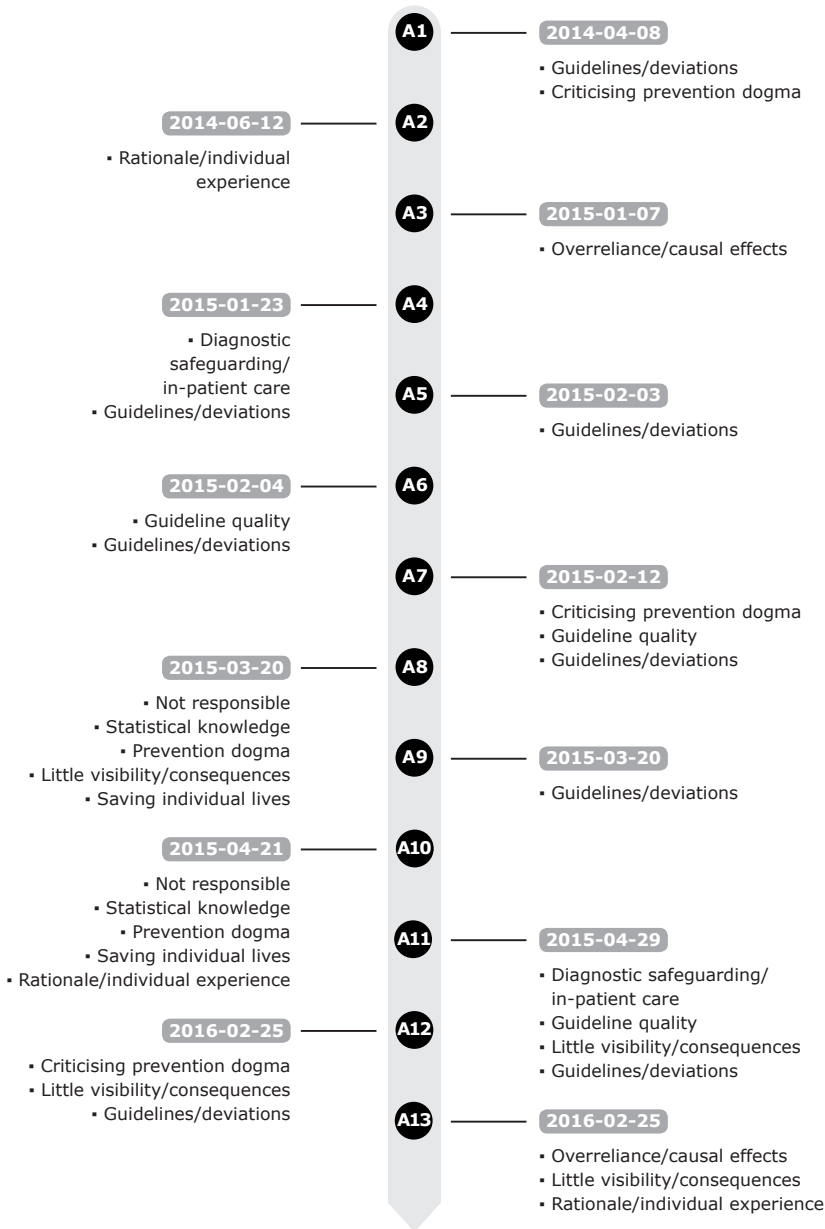


TIMELINE



Round 1

A1 to A2

Round 2

A3 to A7

Round 3

A8 to A11

Round 4

A12 to A13

LEGEND

Guidelines/deviations

Evidence-based medicine as a way to avoid medical overuse, allowing for deviations of guidelines in individual cases

Criticising prevention dogma

GPs who criticised the belief that screening and prevention is always something good

Rationale/individual experience

Priority is on freedom of therapy, rationale for diagnostics and treatment is personal professional experience

Overreliance/causal effects

Overreliance on (causal) treatment effects achieved by applied treatment

Diagnostic safeguarding/in-patient care

Appreciation of medical overuse in inpatient care as a welcome diagnostic work-up and baseline for the subsequent outpatient care

Guideline quality

Criticising vested interests, limited applicability to the individual patient, tendency to promote action rather than inaction

Not responsible

GPs who do not feel responsible for managing an overall evidence-based care for patients; call for health care politics, insurances, health care system instead

Statistical knowledge

Misinterpretation of statistical knowledge

Prevention dogma

Belief that screening and prevention is always something good

Little visibility/consequences

Little visibility of negative consequences of medical overuse

Saving individual lives

"Action" dogma of doing anything that is possible for the individual patient