

Supplementary Table 1. Intention to be vaccinated against influenza, according to sociodemographic variables

	Intention (N = 474), Mean (SD)	P-value	95% CI	Refusal (n =115, 24.5%)	Hesitancy (n =75, 15.7%)	Adeherence (n = 284, 59.8%)
Mean (SD)	6.66 (4.09)	-	[6.29, 7.03]	.10 (.40)	5.24 (1.23)	9.68 (.66)
Female	6.62 (4.17)	n.s.	[6.10, 7.14]	63 (25.5%)	35 (14.2%)	149 (60.3%)
Male	6.70 (4.02)		[6.17, 7.22]	52 (22.9%)	40 (17.6%)	135 (59.5%)
18-24	6.08 (3.84)	<.001	[3.76, 8.40]	3 (23.1%)	4 (30.8%)	6 (46.2%)
25-34	5.30 (4.15)		[3.35, 7.25]	8 (40.0%)	4 (20.0%)	8 (40.0%)
35-44	4.63 (4.92)⁻		[2.00, 7.25]	8 (50.0%)⁺	1 (6.3%)	7 (43.8%)
45-54	5.83 (4.40)		[4.46, 7.20]	13 (31.0%)	8 (19.0%)	21 (50.0%)
55-64	6.04 (4.29)		[5.35, 6.73]	46 (30.1%)	25 (16.3%)	82 (53.6%)
65-74	7.09 (3.87)		[6.48, 7.70]	30 (19.4%)	25 (16.1%)	100 (64.5%)
75-84	8.55 (2.96)⁺		[7.82, 9.27]	5 (7.6%)⁻	7 (10.6%)	54 (81.8%)
85+	7.11 (4.16)		[3.91, 10.31]	2 (22.2%)	1 (11.1%)	6 (66.7%)
< Primary education	7.26 (4.48)	n.s.	[5.10, 9.42]	5 (26.3%)	0 (0.0%)	14 (73.7%)
Primary education	7.51 (3.59)		[6.69, 8.32]	12 (15.6%)	12 (15.6%)	53 (68.8%)
2nd cycle of basic education	6.84 (4.30)		[5.51, 8.16]	11 (25.6%)	4 (9.3%)	28 (65.1%)
3rd cycle of basic education	7.00 (3.93)		[6.09, 7.91]	15 (20.3%)	14 (18.9%)	45 (60.8%)
Upper secondary education	6.31 (4.10)		[5.60, 7.01]	33 (24.8%)	26 (19.5%)	74 (55.6%)
Higher education	6.16 (4.30)		[5.40, 6.91]	39 (30.5%)	19 (14.8%)	70 (54.7%)
Portuguese	6.62 (4.10)	n.s.	[6.25, 7.00]	113 (24.5%)	72 (15.6%)	276 (59.9%)
Other	7.77 (3.67)		[5.55, 9.99]	2 (15.4%)	3 (23.1%)	8 (61.5%)
North	7.50 (3.71)	.039	[6.83, 8.17]	22 (18.3%)	16 (13.3%)	82 (68.3%)
Centre	6.40 (4.19)		[5.62, 7.19]	29 (25.9%)	15 (13.4%)	68 (60.7%)
Lisbon Metropolitan Area	6.62 (4.11)		[6.02, 7.21]	45 (24.3%)	31 (16.8%)	109 (58.9%)
Alentejo	5.74 (4.55)		[4.18, 7.31]	12 (34.3%)	5 (14.3%)	18 (51.4%)
Algarve	5.14 (4.09)		[3.32, 6.95]	7 (31.8%)	8 (36.4%)⁺	7 (31.8%)

Note. Values signaled in bold show statistically significant differences from the rest, with minus superscript (-) referring to a significantly lower value and plus superscript (+) referring to a significantly higher value.

Supplementary Table 2. Intention to be vaccinated against COVID-19, according to sociodemographic variables

	Intention (N = 473), Mean (SD)	P-value	95% CI	Refusal (n =124, 26.3%)	Hesitancy (n =99, 20.9%)	Adherence (n = 250, 52.8%)
Mean (SD)	6.24 (4.07)	-	[5.88, 6.61]	0.23 (.60)	5.16 (1.23)	9.65 (.70)
Female	6.26 (4.09)	n.s.	[5.75, 6.77]	66 (26.5%)	50 (20.1%)	133 (53.4%)
Male	6.23 (4.05)		[5.69, 6.76]	58 (25.9%)	49 (21.9%)	117 (52.2%)
18-24	4.15 (4.10)	<.001	[1.68, 6.63]	6 (46.2%)	3 (23.1%)	4 (30.8%)
25-34	4.55 (3.53)		[2.90, 6.20]	7 (35.0%)	7 (35.0%)	6 (30.0%)
35-44	3.38 (4.22)⁻		[1.12, 5.63]	9 (56.3%)⁺	3 (18.8%)	4 (25.0%)
45-54	6.50 (4.02)		[5.25, 7.75]	10 (23.8%)	9 (21.4%)	23 (54.8%)
55-64	5.99 (4.22)		[5.31, 6.66]	46 (30.3%)	29 (19.1%)	77 (50.7%)
65-74	6.34 (3.99)		[5.71, 6.98]	37 (24.0%)	34 (22.1%)	83 (53.9%)
75-84	7.81 (3.42)⁺		[6.97, 8.64]	8 (11.9%)⁻	12 (17.9%)	47 (70.1%)
85+	7.89 (3.44)		[5.24, 10.54]	1 (11.1%)	2 (22.2%)	6 (66.7%)
< Primary education	6.32 (4.95)	n.s.	[3.93, 8.70]	7 (36.8%)	0 (0.0%)	12 (63.2%)
Primary education	6.88 (3.75)		[6.04, 7.71]	15 (18.8%)	18 (22.5%)	47 (58.8%)
2nd cycle of basic education	6.88 (4.12)		[5.60, 8.17]	10 (23.8%)	5 (11.9%)	27 (64.3%)
3rd cycle of basic education	6.79 (4.15)		[5.82, 7.76]	19 (26.0%)	8 (11.0%)	46 (63.0%)
Upper secondary education	5.55 (4.08)		[4.84, 6.26]	41 (31.3%)	31 (23.7%)	59 (45.0%)
Higher education	6.02 (3.97)		[5.33, 6.72]	32 (25.0%)	37 (28.9%)	59 (46.1%)
Portuguese	6.18 (4.08)	.016	[5.80, 6.55]	123 (26.7%)	97 (21.1%)	240 (52.2%)
Other	8.54 (2.98)⁺		[6.73, 10.34]	1 (7.7%)	2 (15.4%)	10 (76.9%)
North	6.86 (3.73)	n.s.	[6.19, 7.53]	23 (19.0%)	27 (22.3%)	71 (58.7%)
Centre	6.02 (4.23)		[5.23, 6.80]	34 (29.8%)	20 (17.5%)	60 (52.6%)
Lisbon Metropolitan Area	6.29 (4.15)		[5.68, 6.90]	48 (26.5%)	37 (20.4%)	96 (53.0%)
Alentejo	5.51 (3.93)		[4.16, 6.87]	10 (28.6%)	10 (28.6%)	15 (42.9%)
Algarve	4.82 (4.18)		[2.96, 6.67]	9 (40.9%)	5 (22.7%)	8 (36.4%)

Note. Values signaled in bold show statistically significant differences from the rest, with minus superscript (-) referring to a significantly lower value and plus superscript (+) referring to a significantly higher value.