

Inspection of missing data

As explained in the main text of the paper, our sample size shrinks to 761 due to the list-wise deletion of cases. During our investigation into missing records, we find that there are four variables in our analysis that have particularly high missing values: COVID-19 related knowledge, Perceived COVID-19 risk, Subjective norms, and ATT2 (the second component of the latent factor Attitudes toward vaccination). The MCAR test indicates that data is not completely missing at random (rejecting the null-hypothesis). To find the structure in the missing data, and particularly in the cases of the four most problematic variables, we estimated four binary logit models with the dependent variables at 1 when the record is missing and 0 otherwise. We included age, gender, income, education, subjective general health, and place of residence as regressors – variables with only a few missing values. Model results show, that, first, male respondents were more likely to fill in the knowledge bloc of the questionnaire. Second, older respondents were more likely to avoid the questions that compose the risk variable than younger respondents. This effect, however, while statistically significant, is marginal in size. Third, individuals with the highest education level were more likely to respond to the subjective norms questions, as well as to the ATT2 item.

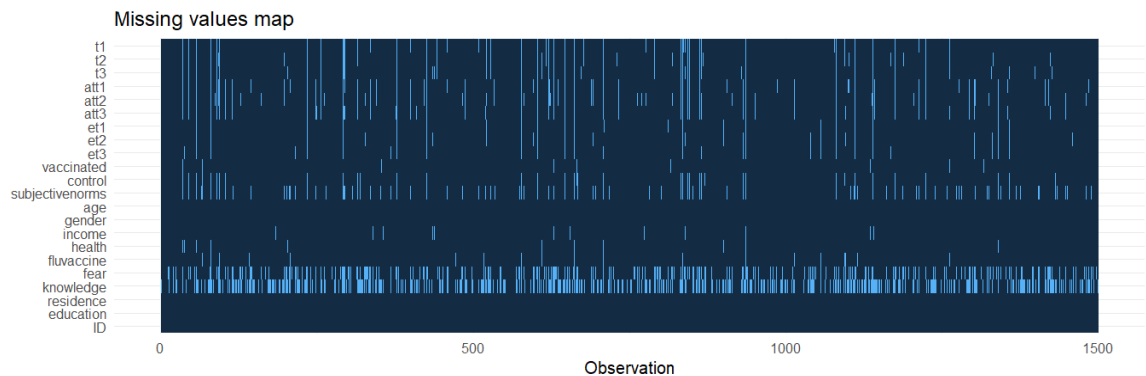
Number of missing records

`full %>% ff_glimpse`

\$Continuous							
	label	var_type	n	missing_n	missing_percent	mean	sd
t1	t1	<dbl>	1435	65	4.3	3.4	1.2
t2	t2	<dbl>	1433	67	4.5	3.4	1.2
t3	t3	<dbl>	1432	68	4.5	3.6	1.2
att1	att1	<dbl>	1402	98	6.5	3.2	1.5
att2	att2	<dbl>	1391	109	7.3	2.7	1.4
att3	att3	<dbl>	1413	87	5.8	3.3	1.5
et1	et1	<dbl>	1465	35	2.3	3.8	1.7
et2	et2	<dbl>	1461	39	2.6	4.9	1.6
et3	et3	<dbl>	1460	40	2.7	4.5	1.8
control	control	<dbl>	1445	55	3.7	4.3	1.3
subjectivenorms	subjectivenorms	<dbl>	1361	139	9.3	5.0	2.8
age	age	<dbl>	1500	0	0.0	49.1	16.2
income	income	<dbl>	1484	16	1.1	3.2	1.0
health	health	<dbl>	1487	13	0.9	3.5	0.9
fluvaccine	fluvaccine	<dbl>	1469	31	2.1	1.8	1.1
risk	risk	<dbl>	1144	356	23.7	6.0	2.2
knowledge	knowledge	<dbl>	916	584	38.9	2.8	1.1
ID	ID	<dbl>	1500	0	0.0	364542.4	1924.7

Missing values map

```
full %>% missing_plot()
```



MCAR test

```
mcAR_test(full)
```

```
# A tibble: 1 × 4
  statistic    df    p.value missing.patterns
  <dbl> <dbl>    <dbl>         <int>
1    3147.   2776 0.000000872           161
```

COVID-19-related knowledge

```
model <- glm(knowledge_miss ~ age + gender + income + education + health + residence, family = "binomial", data = full)
summary(model)
```

```
Call:
glm(formula = knowledge_miss ~ age + gender + income + education + health + residence, family = "binomial", data = full)
```

Coefficients:

	Estimate	Std. Error	z value	Pr(> z)
(Intercept)	-0.021170	0.387732	-0.055	0.95646
age	0.004745	0.003632	1.306	0.19142
genderMale	-0.330039	0.116267	-2.839	0.00453 **
income	-0.055859	0.059902	-0.932	0.35108
educationMiddle	-0.083322	0.146805	-0.568	0.57033
educationUpper	-0.315345	0.187526	-1.682	0.09264 .
health	-0.028905	0.065167	-0.444	0.65736
residenceTown	-0.117022	0.150383	-0.778	0.43648
residenceVillage	-0.282895	0.166785	-1.696	0.08985 .

```
---
Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

```
(Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
```

```
Null deviance: 1959.5 on 1471 degrees of freedom
Residual deviance: 1942.7 on 1463 degrees of freedom
(28 observations deleted due to missingness)
AIC: 1960.7
```

```
Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 4
```

Perceived COVID-19 risk

```
model <- glm(risk_miss ~ age + gender + income + education + health + residence, family = "binomial", data = full)
summary(model)
```

```
Call:
glm(formula = risk_miss ~ age + gender + income + education +
```

```
health + residence, family = "binomial", data = full)
```

Coefficients:

	Estimate	Std. Error	z value	Pr(> z)
(Intercept)	-0.571883	0.439932	-1.300	0.1936
age	0.009930	0.004188	2.371	0.0177 *
genderMale	-0.255755	0.134240	-1.905	0.0568 .
income	-0.103870	0.068765	-1.511	0.1309
educationMiddle	-0.245958	0.164339	-1.497	0.1345
educationUpper	-0.306893	0.212195	-1.446	0.1481
health	-0.080512	0.074839	-1.076	0.2820
residenceTown	-0.325317	0.172786	-1.883	0.0597 .
residenceVillage	-0.051867	0.186239	-0.278	0.7806

Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

(Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)

Null deviance: 1598.3 on 1471 degrees of freedom

Residual deviance: 1574.8 on 1463 degrees of freedom

(28 observations deleted due to missingness)

AIC: 1592.8

Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 4

Subjective norms

```
model <- glm(subjectivenorms_miss ~ age + gender + income + education + health + residence
, family = "binomial", data = full)
summary(model)
```

Call:

```
glm(formula = subjectivenorms_miss ~ age + gender + income +
     education + health + residence, family = "binomial", data = full)
```

Coefficients:

	Estimate	Std. Error	z value	Pr(> z)
(Intercept)	-1.044346	0.635334	-1.644	0.100
age	-0.008445	0.006204	-1.361	0.173
genderMale	0.008396	0.198302	0.042	0.966
income	-0.128170	0.100375	-1.277	0.202
educationMiddle	-0.297744	0.232165	-1.282	0.200
educationUpper	-0.686291	0.330755	-2.075	0.038 *
health	0.017963	0.109698	0.164	0.870
residenceTown	-0.242455	0.251042	-0.966	0.334
residenceVillage	-0.402407	0.283167	-1.421	0.155

Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

(Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)

Null deviance: 879.14 on 1471 degrees of freedom

Residual deviance: 869.01 on 1463 degrees of freedom

(28 observations deleted due to missingness)

AIC: 887.01

Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 5

Attitude ATT2

```
model <- glm(att2_miss ~ age + gender + income + education + health + residence, family =
"binomial", data = full)
summary(model)
```

Call:

```
glm(formula = att2_miss ~ age + gender + income + education +
     health + residence, family = "binomial", data = full)
```

Coefficients:

	Estimate	Std. Error	z value	Pr(> z)
(Intercept)	-1.14554	0.71746	-1.597	0.1103
age	-0.01314	0.00708	-1.856	0.0634 .
genderMale	-0.23865	0.22900	-1.042	0.2973
income	-0.12985	0.11276	-1.152	0.2495
educationMiddle	-0.36404	0.25478	-1.429	0.1530
educationUpper	-0.81672	0.38356	-2.129	0.0332 *
health	0.03917	0.12362	0.317	0.7514
residenceTown	-0.15445	0.29944	-0.516	0.6060
residenceVillage	-0.13771	0.32408	-0.425	0.6709

Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

(Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)

Null deviance: 730.89 on 1471 degrees of freedom
Residual deviance: 715.57 on 1463 degrees of freedom
(28 observations deleted due to missingness)
AIC: 733.57

Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 5