

STROBE Statement—checklist of items that should be included in reports of observational studies

	Item No.	Recommendation	Page No.	Relevant text from manuscript
Title and abstract	1	(a) Indicate the study’s design with a commonly used term in the title or the abstract	1-2	Title and abstract
		(b) Provide in the abstract an informative and balanced summary of what was done and what was found	2	Abstract
Introduction				
Background/rationale	2	Explain the scientific background and rationale for the investigation being reported	3-5	Background
Objectives	3	State specific objectives, including any prespecified hypotheses	5	Background paragraph 3
Methods				
Study design	4	Present key elements of study design early in the paper	6-9	Methods
Setting	5	Describe the setting, locations, and relevant dates, including periods of recruitment, exposure, follow-up, and data collection	6	Methods paragraph 1
Participants	6	(a) Cohort study—Give the eligibility criteria, and the sources and methods of selection of participants. Describe methods of follow-up	6	Methods paragraph 1-2
		Case-control study—Give the eligibility criteria, and the sources and methods of case ascertainment and control selection. Give the rationale for the choice of cases and controls		
		Cross-sectional study—Give the eligibility criteria, and the sources and methods of selection of participants		
		(b) Cohort study—For matched studies, give matching criteria and number of exposed and unexposed	Not applicable	Not applicable as this is not a matched study.
		Case-control study—For matched studies, give matching criteria and the number of controls per case		
Variables	7	Clearly define all outcomes, exposures, predictors, potential confounders, and effect modifiers. Give diagnostic criteria, if applicable	7-9	Instrumentation and Statistical analysis subsections
Data sources/measurement	8*	For each variable of interest, give sources of data and details of methods of assessment (measurement). Describe comparability of assessment methods if there is more than one group	8-9	Statistical analysis subsection
Bias	9	Describe any efforts to address potential sources of bias	6	Methods paragraph 2
Study size	10	Explain how the study size was arrived at	6	Methods paragraph 2
Quantitative variables	11	Explain how quantitative variables were handled in the analyses. If applicable, describe which groupings were chosen and why	8-9	Statistical analysis subsection
Statistical methods	12	(a) Describe all statistical methods, including those used to control for confounding	8-9	Statistical analysis subsection
		(b) Describe any methods used to examine subgroups and interactions	8-9	Statistical analysis subsection
		(c) Explain how missing data were addressed	8-9	Statistical analysis subsection
		(d) Cohort study—If applicable, explain how loss to follow-up was addressed	Not	Not applicable

		<i>Case-control study</i> —If applicable, explain how matching of cases and controls was addressed	applicable	
		<i>Cross-sectional study</i> —If applicable, describe analytical methods taking account of sampling strategy		
		(e) Describe any sensitivity analyses	Not applicable	No sensitivity analyses
Results				
Participants	13*	(a) Report numbers of individuals at each stage of study—eg numbers potentially eligible, examined for eligibility, confirmed eligible, included in the study, completing follow-up, and analysed	10	Results paragraph 1
		(b) Give reasons for non-participation at each stage	Not applicable	Not applicable
		(c) Consider use of a flow diagram	Not applicable	Not applicable
Descriptive data	14*	(a) Give characteristics of study participants (eg demographic, clinical, social) and information on exposures and potential confounders	10	Table 1
		(b) Indicate number of participants with missing data for each variable of interest	10, 12	Table 1, Table 3
		(c) <i>Cohort study</i> —Summarise follow-up time (eg, average and total amount)	Not applicable	Not applicable
Outcome data	15*	<i>Cohort study</i> —Report numbers of outcome events or summary measures over time	Not applicable	Not applicable
		<i>Case-control study</i> —Report numbers in each exposure category, or summary measures of exposure	Not applicable	Not applicable
		<i>Cross-sectional study</i> —Report numbers of outcome events or summary measures	10-11	Table 2, Figure 1
Main results	16	(a) Give unadjusted estimates and, if applicable, confounder-adjusted estimates and their precision (eg, 95% confidence interval). Make clear which confounders were adjusted for and why they were included	14-15	Table 5
		(b) Report category boundaries when continuous variables were categorized	10	Table 1 (age)
		(c) If relevant, consider translating estimates of relative risk into absolute risk for a meaningful time period	Not applicable	Not applicable
Other analyses	17	Report other analyses done—eg analyses of subgroups and interactions, and sensitivity analyses	10, 14-15	Results paragraph 2, Table 5
Discussion				

Key results	18	Summarise key results with reference to study objectives	15-19	Discussion paragraph 1-3
Limitations	19	Discuss limitations of the study, taking into account sources of potential bias or imprecision. Discuss both direction and magnitude of any potential bias	21	Discussion paragraph 6
Interpretation	20	Give a cautious overall interpretation of results considering objectives, limitations, multiplicity of analyses, results from similar studies, and other relevant evidence	15-19	Discussion paragraph 1-3
Generalisability	21	Discuss the generalisability (external validity) of the study results	21	Discussion paragraph 6
Other information				
Funding	22	Give the source of funding and the role of the funders for the present study and, if applicable, for the original study on which the present article is based	25	Funding

*Give information separately for cases and controls in case-control studies and, if applicable, for exposed and unexposed groups in cohort and cross-sectional studies.

Note: An Explanation and Elaboration article discusses each checklist item and gives methodological background and published examples of transparent reporting. The STROBE checklist is best used in conjunction with this article (freely available on the Web sites of PLoS Medicine at <http://www.plosmedicine.org/>, Annals of Internal Medicine at <http://www.annals.org/>, and Epidemiology at <http://www.epidem.com/>). Information on the STROBE Initiative is available at www.strobe-statement.org.