

Interplay of glycated hemoglobin and traditional risk factors for the risk of atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease and all-cause mortality in people without diabetes

Soroush Masrouri, Amirhossein Hasanpour, Navid Ebrahimi, and Farzad Hadaegh

Table S1. Multivariable-adjusted hazard ratios for atherosclerotic cardiovascular events and all-cause mortality associated with increasing risk factor burden and hemoglobin A1c

Table S2. Multivariable-adjusted hazard ratios for atherosclerotic cardiovascular events and all-cause mortality associated with increasing risk factor burden and hemoglobin A1c with exclusion of events in the first 3 years of follow-up

Table S3. Multivariable-adjusted hazard ratios for atherosclerotic cardiovascular events and all-cause mortality associated with increasing hemoglobin A1c according to risk factor strata with exclusion of events in the first 3 years of follow-up

Table S4. Multivariable-adjusted hazard ratios for atherosclerotic cardiovascular events associated with increasing risk factor burden and hemoglobin A1c accounting for competing risk of non-ASCVD mortality

Table S5. Multivariable-adjusted hazard ratios for atherosclerotic cardiovascular events associated with increasing hemoglobin A1c according to risk factor strata accounting for competing risk of non-ASCVD mortality

Table S6. Multivariable-adjusted hazard ratios for atherosclerotic cardiovascular events and all-cause mortality associated with hemoglobin a1c categories, as defined by U.S. as well as Canadian/U.K. guidelines

Table S7. Multivariable-adjusted hazard ratios for atherosclerotic cardiovascular events and all-cause mortality associated with increasing hemoglobin A1c, as defined by U.S. as well as Canadian/U.K. guidelines

Table S8. Multivariable-adjusted hazard ratios for atherosclerotic cardiovascular events and all-cause mortality associated with increasing hemoglobin A1c

Table S9. Multivariable-adjusted hazard ratios for atherosclerotic cardiovascular events and all-cause mortality associated with increasing risk factor burden and hemoglobin A1c, further adjusting for education level and C-reactive protein

Table S10. Multivariable-adjusted hazard ratios for atherosclerotic cardiovascular events and all-cause mortality associated with increasing hemoglobin A1c, stratified by risk factor burden and further adjusting for education level and C-reactive protein

Table S11. Multivariable-adjusted hazard ratios for atherosclerotic cardiovascular events and all-cause mortality associated with increasing risk factor burden and hemoglobin A1c, restricting follow-up to 10 years

Table S12. Multivariable-adjusted hazard ratios for atherosclerotic cardiovascular events and all-cause mortality associated with increasing risk factor burden (a) and hemoglobin A1c (b), with hypertension defined as blood pressure $\geq 140/90$ mm Hg

Table S13. Multivariable-adjusted hazard ratios for atherosclerotic cardiovascular events and all-cause mortality associated with increasing hemoglobin A1c, stratified by risk factor burden, with hypertension defined as blood pressure $\geq 140/90$ mm Hg

Table S14. Multivariable-adjusted sub-hazard ratios for atherosclerotic cardiovascular events and all-cause mortality associated with increasing risk factor burden (a) and hemoglobin A1c (b) in the multiply imputed dataset

Table S15. Multivariable-adjusted sub-hazard ratios for atherosclerotic cardiovascular events and all-cause mortality associated with increasing hemoglobin A1c, stratified by risk factor burden in the multiply imputed dataset

Interplay of glycated hemoglobin and traditional risk factors for the risk of atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease and all-cause mortality in people without diabetes

Soroush Masrouri, Amirhossein Hasanpour, Navid Ebrahimi, and Farzad Hadaegh

Table S1. Multivariable-adjusted hazard ratios for atherosclerotic cardiovascular events and all-cause mortality associated with increasing cardiovascular risk factor burden (a) and hemoglobin A1c (b)

	ASCVD		All-cause mortality	
	HR (95% CI)	<i>P</i> value	HR (95% CI)	<i>P</i> value
a*				
0 RF	Reference	-	Reference	-
1 RF	1.70 (1.53-1.89)	<0.001	1.36 (1.26-1.46)	<0.001
2 RF	2.65 (2.38-2.95)	<0.001	1.85 (1.71-1.99)	<0.001
3 RF	3.64 (3.10-4.28)	<0.001	3.08 (2.75-3.46)	<0.001
b†				
HbA1c <5.0%	1.03 (0.91-1.17)	0.63	1.17 (1.07-1.28)	<0.001
HbA1c 5.0-5.4%	Reference	-	Reference	-
HbA1c 5.5-5.9%	1.17 (1.09-1.26)	<0.001	1.14 (1.07-1.20)	<0.001
HbA1c 6.0-6.4%	1.59 (1.42-1.78)	<0.001	1.35 (1.24-1.47)	<0.001

* Adjusted for age, sex, race, body mass index, and hemoglobin A1c category.

† Adjusted for age, sex, race, body mass index, and cardiovascular risk factor burden.

Interplay of glycated hemoglobin and traditional risk factors for the risk of atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease and all-cause mortality in people without diabetes

Soroush Masrouri, Amirhossein Hasanpour, Navid Ebrahimi, and Farzad Hadaegh

Table S2. Multivariable-adjusted hazard ratios for atherosclerotic cardiovascular events and all-cause mortality associated with increasing cardiovascular risk factor burden (a) and hemoglobin A1c (b) with exclusion of events in the first 3 years of follow-up

	ASCVD		All-cause mortality	
	HR (95% CI)	<i>P</i> value	HR (95% CI)	<i>P</i> value
a*				
0 RF	Reference	-	Reference	-
1 RF	1.71 (1.54-1.91)	<0.001	1.38 (1.28-1.48)	<0.001
2 RF	2.72 (2.42-3.04)	<0.001	2.00 (1.85-2.16)	<0.001
3 RF	3.79 (3.18-4.51)	<0.001	3.43 (3.05-3.87)	<0.001
b†				
HbA1c <5.0%	0.94 (0.83-1.08)	0.38	1.12 (1.02-1.23)	0.02
HbA1c 5.0-5.4%	Reference	-	Reference	-
HbA1c 5.5-5.9%	1.19 (1.10-1.29)	<0.001	1.15 (1.09-1.22)	<0.001
HbA1c 6.0-6.4%	1.62 (1.43-1.83)	<0.001	1.38 (1.26-1.50)	<0.001

* Adjusted for age, sex, race, body mass index, and hemoglobin A1c category.

† Adjusted for age, sex, race, body mass index, and cardiovascular risk factor burden.

Interplay of glycated hemoglobin and traditional risk factors for the risk of atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease and all-cause mortality in people without diabetes

Soroush Masrouri, Amirhossein Hasanpour, Navid Ebrahimi, and Farzad Hadaegh

Table S3. Multivariable-adjusted* hazard ratios for atherosclerotic cardiovascular events and all-cause mortality associated with increasing hemoglobin A1c according to cardiovascular risk factor strata with exclusion of events in the first 3 years of follow-up

	0 RF		1 RF		2 RF		3 RF	
	Case (%)	HR (95% CI)	Case (%)	HR (95% CI)	Case (%)	HR (95% CI)	Case (%)	HR (95% CI)
ASCVD								
HbA1c <5.0%	57 (6.6)	1.12 (0.84-1.51)	98 (10.6)	0.81 (0.65-0.99)	95 (21.1)	1.00 (0.80-1.25)	12 (28.6)	1.73 (0.91-3.30)
HbA1c 5.0-5.4%	213 (7.4)	Reference	583 (14.7)	Reference	473 (22.0)	Reference	44 (22.8)	Reference
HbA1c 5.5-5.9%	144 (9.6)	1.25 (1.01-1.56)	482 (16.5)	1.23 (1.08-1.40)	500 (23.4)	1.13 (0.99-1.28)	90 (28.4)	1.34 (0.93-1.92)
HbA1c 6.0-6.4%	27 (12.7)	1.76 (1.16-2.66)	133 (20.6)	1.60 (1.31-1.95)	175 (28.0)	1.51 (1.26-1.80)	43 (37.1)	2.24 (1.45-3.47)
All-cause mortality								
HbA1c <5.0%	128 (14.8)	1.26 (1.03-1.53)	219 (23.6)	1.06 (0.92-1.22)	189 (41.3)	1.14 (0.97-1.33)	21 (50.0)	1.42 (0.88-2.29)
HbA1c 5.0-5.4%	464 (16.2)	Reference	1,118 (28.2)	Reference	872 (39.9)	Reference	98 (48.8)	Reference
HbA1c 5.5-5.9%	322 (21.5)	1.14 (0.98-1.32)	983 (33.6)	1.16 (1.07-1.27)	957 (44.2)	1.11 (1.01-1.22)	201 (61.5)	1.29 (1.01-1.64)
HbA1c 6.0-6.4%	73 (35.1)	1.68 (1.30-2.18)	271 (41.4)	1.29 (1.12-1.49)	327 (50.8)	1.29 (1.13-1.48)	80 (69.0)	1.82 (1.34-2.48)

* Adjusted for age, sex, race, and body mass index.

Interplay of glycated hemoglobin and traditional risk factors for the risk of atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease and all-cause mortality in people without diabetes

Soroush Masrouri, Amirhossein Hasanpour, Navid Ebrahimi, and Farzad Hadaegh

Table S4. Multivariable-adjusted hazard ratios for atherosclerotic cardiovascular events associated with increasing cardiovascular risk factor burden (a) and hemoglobin A1c (b) accounting for competing risk of non-ASCVD mortality

	HR (95% CI)	P value
a[*]		
0 RF	Reference	-
1 RF	1.71 (1.54-1.90)	<0.001
2 RF	2.58 (2.32-2.88)	<0.001
3 RF	3.35 (2.84-3.95)	<0.001
b[†]		
HbA1c <5.0%	0.91 (0.81-1.04)	0.19
HbA1c 5.0-5.4%	Reference	-
HbA1c 5.5-5.9%	1.15 (1.06-1.24)	<0.001
HbA1c 6.0-6.4%	1.52 (1.36-1.71)	<0.001

^{*} Adjusted for age, sex, race, body mass index, and hemoglobin A1c category.

[†] Adjusted for age, sex, race, body mass index, and cardiovascular risk factor burden.

Interplay of glycated hemoglobin and traditional risk factors for the risk of atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease and all-cause mortality in people without diabetes

Soroush Masrouri, Amirhossein Hasanpour, Navid Ebrahimi, and Farzad Hadaegh

Table S5. Multivariable-adjusted* hazard ratios for atherosclerotic cardiovascular events associated with increasing hemoglobin A1c according to cardiovascular risk factor strata accounting for competing risk of non-ASCVD mortality

	0 RF	1 RF	2 RF	3 RF
	HR (95% CI)	HR (95% CI)	HR (95% CI)	HR (95% CI)
HbA1c <5.0%	1.07 (0.81-1.41)	0.79 (0.65-0.97)	1.01 (0.82-1.22)	1.32 (0.75-2.33)
HbA1c 5.0-5.4%	Reference	Reference	Reference	Reference
HbA1c 5.5-5.9%	1.23 (0.99-1.52)	1.16 (1.03-1.31)	1.11 (0.99-1.25)	1.19 (0.87-1.65)
HbA1c 6.0-6.4%	1.53 (1.01-2.34)	1.54 (1.28-1.86)	1.46 (1.23-1.72)	1.78 (1.21-2.64)

* Adjusted for age, sex, race, and body mass index.

Interplay of glycated hemoglobin and traditional risk factors for the risk of atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease and all-cause mortality in people without diabetes

Soroush Masrouri, Amirhossein Hasanpour, Navid Ebrahimi, and Farzad Hadaegh

Table S6. Multivariable-adjusted* hazard ratios for atherosclerotic cardiovascular events and all-cause mortality associated with hemoglobin A1c categories, as defined by U.S. as well as Canadian/U.K. guidelines

	ASCVD		All-cause mortality	
	HR (95% CI)	P value	HR (95% CI)	P value
a				
HbA1c <5.0%	1.01 (0.90-1.14)	0.85	1.15 (1.05-1.25)	0.002
HbA1c 5.0-5.6%	Reference	-	Reference	-
HbA1c 5.7-6.4%	1.35 (1.25-1.45)	<0.001	1.22 (1.16-1.29)	<0.001
b				
HbA1c <5.0%	0.96 (0.85-1.08)	0.52	1.10 (1.01-1.20)	0.02
HbA1c 5.0-5.9%	Reference	-	Reference	-
HbA1c 6.0-6.4%	1.46 (1.32-1.62)	<0.001	1.25 (1.16-1.36)	<0.001

* Adjusted for age, sex, race, body mass index, and cardiovascular risk factor burden.

Interplay of glycated hemoglobin and traditional risk factors for the risk of atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease and all-cause mortality in people without diabetes

Soroush Masrouri, Amirhossein Hasanpour, Navid Ebrahimi, and Farzad Hadaegh

Table S7. Multivariable-adjusted* hazard ratios for atherosclerotic cardiovascular events and all-cause mortality associated with increasing hemoglobin A1c, as defined by U.S. as well as Canadian/U.K. guidelines according to risk factor strata

	0 RF	1 RF	2 RF	3 RF
	HR (95% CI)	HR (95% CI)	HR (95% CI)	HR (95% CI)
a				
ASCVD				
HbA1c <5.0%	1.17 (0.88-1.55)	0.85 (0.69-1.03)	1.12 (0.92-1.36)	1.61 (0.93-2.81)
HbA1c 5.0-5.6%	Reference	Reference	Reference	Reference
HbA1c 5.7-6.4%	1.52 (1.21-1.91)	1.29 (1.14-1.46)	1.33 (1.19-1.49)	1.56 (1.19-2.06)
All-cause mortality				
HbA1c <5.0%	1.24 (1.03-1.50)	1.09 (0.95-1.25)	1.18 (1.01-1.37)	1.47 (0.96-2.27)
HbA1c 5.0-5.6%	Reference	Reference	Reference	Reference
HbA1c 5.7-6.4%	1.28 (1.09-1.49)	1.19 (1.09-1.30)	1.14 (1.04-1.25)	1.45 (1.18-1.77)
b				
ASCVD				
HbA1c <5.0%	1.11 (0.84-1.45)	0.82 (0.67-0.99)	1.06 (0.87-1.27)	1.47 (0.86-2.51)
HbA1c 5.0-5.9%	Reference	Reference	Reference	Reference
HbA1c 6.0-6.4%	1.51 (1.02-2.25)	1.45 (1.21-1.73)	1.42 (1.22-1.65)	1.76 (1.27-2.43)
All-cause mortality				
HbA1c <5.0%	1.21 (1.01-1.46)	1.05 (0.92-1.21)	1.14 (0.98-1.31)	1.34 (0.88-2.04)
HbA1c 5.0-5.9%	Reference	Reference	Reference	Reference
HbA1c 6.0-6.4%	1.57 (1.23-2.00)	1.15 (1.01-1.31)	1.21 (1.08-1.37)	1.54 (1.20-1.97)

* Adjusted for age, sex, race, and body mass index.

Interplay of glycated hemoglobin and traditional risk factors for the risk of atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease and all-cause mortality in people without diabetes

Soroush Masrouri, Amirhossein Hasanpour, Navid Ebrahimi, and Farzad Hadaegh

Table S8. Multivariable-adjusted* hazard ratios for atherosclerotic cardiovascular events and all-cause mortality associated with increasing hemoglobin A1c

	ASCVD		All-cause mortality	
	HR (95% CI)	<i>P</i> value	HR (95% CI)	<i>P</i> value
HbA1c <5.0%	0.99 (0.88-1.12)	0.90	1.13 (1.03-1.23)	0.01
HbA1c 5.0-5.4%	Reference	-	Reference	-
HbA1c 5.5-5.9%	1.16 (1.08-1.26)	<0.001	1.14 (1.08-1.21)	<0.001
HbA1c 6.0-6.4%	1.56 (1.39-1.75)	<0.001	1.34 (1.24-1.48)	<0.001

* Adjusted for age, sex, race, body mass index, low-density lipoprotein cholesterol, high-density lipoprotein cholesterol, total cholesterol, lipid-lowering medication use, systolic blood pressure, diastolic blood pressure, antihypertensive medication use, smoking status, and fasting plasma glucose.

Interplay of glycated hemoglobin and traditional risk factors for the risk of atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease and all-cause mortality in people without diabetes

Soroush Masrouri, Amirhossein Hasanpour, Navid Ebrahimi, and Farzad Hadaegh

Table S9. Multivariable-adjusted hazard ratios for atherosclerotic cardiovascular events and all-cause mortality associated with increasing cardiovascular risk factor burden (a) and hemoglobin A1c (b), further adjusting for education level and C-reactive protein (n = 19,703)

	ASCVD		All-cause mortality	
	HR (95% CI)	P value	HR (95% CI)	P value
a*				
0 RF	Reference	-	Reference	-
1 RF	1.65 (1.48-1.84)	<0.001	1.31 (1.21-1.41)	<0.001
2 RF	2.52 (2.26-2.81)	<0.001	1.73 (1.61-1.87)	<0.001
3 RF	3.16 (2.67-3.76)	<0.001	2.62 (2.32-2.96)	<0.001
b†				
HbA1c <5.0%	1.04 (0.92-1.18)	0.53	1.18 (1.08-1.30)	<0.001
HbA1c 5.0-5.4%	Reference	-	Reference	-
HbA1c 5.5-5.9%	1.15 (1.07-1.24)	<0.001	1.11 (1.05-1.18)	<0.001
HbA1c 6.0-6.4%	1.50 (1.33-1.69)	<0.001	1.25 (1.15-1.37)	<0.001

* Adjusted for age, sex, race, body mass index, hemoglobin A1c category, education level (less than high-school, high-school, some college), and C-reactive protein (natural log).

† Adjusted for age, sex, race, body mass index, cardiovascular risk factor burden, education level (less than high-school, high-school, some college), and C-reactive protein (natural log).

CRP levels were not normally distributed and were log-transformed prior to statistical analyses.

Interplay of glycated hemoglobin and traditional risk factors for the risk of atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease and all-cause mortality in people without diabetes

Soroush Masrouri, Amirhossein Hasanpour, Navid Ebrahimi, and Farzad Hadaegh

Table S10. Multivariable-adjusted* hazard ratios for atherosclerotic cardiovascular events and all-cause mortality associated with increasing hemoglobin A1c, stratified by cardiovascular risk factor burden and further adjusting for education level and C-reactive protein (n = 19,703) *

	0 RF		1 RF		2 RF		3 RF	
	Case (%)	HR (95% CI)	Case (%)	HR (95% CI)	Case (%)	HR (95% CI)	Case (%)	HR (95% CI)
ASCVD								
HbA1c <5.0%	61 (7.0)	1.17 (0.88-1.56)	110 (11.9)	0.89 (0.73-1.10)	113 (24.6)	1.11 (0.91-1.37)	15 (34.1)	1.64 (0.91-2.94)
HbA1c 5.0-5.4%	220 (7.7)	Reference	622 (15.7)	Reference	525 (24.2)	Reference	55 (28.2)	Reference
HbA1c 5.5-5.9%	143 (9.86)	1.26 (1.01-1.56)	496 (17.6)	1.19 (1.06-1.35)	553 (25.9)	1.09 (0.97-1.23)	97 (31.1)	1.10 (0.78-1.53)
HbA1c 6.0-6.4%	25 (12.6)	1.59 (1.03-2.46)	137 (22.4)	1.52 (1.24-1.85)	189 (31.1)	1.45 (1.22-1.73)	36 (35.0)	1.54 (1.00-2.40)
All-cause mortality								
HbA1c <5.0%	131 (15.1)	1.24 (1.03-1.51)	228 (24.7)	1.15 (1.00-1.33)	198 (43.0)	1.22 (1.04-1.42)	23 (52.3)	1.47 (0.93-2.34)
HbA1c 5.0-5.4%	474 (16.7)	Reference	1,143 (28.9)	Reference	876 (40.4)	Reference	97 (49.7)	Reference
HbA1c 5.5-5.9%	317 (21.9)	1.12 (0.97-1.30)	951 (33.7)	1.11 (1.02-1.21)	959 (44.8)	1.09 (1.00-1.20)	188 (60.3)	1.22 (0.95-1.57)
HbA1c 6.0-6.4%	71 (35.7)	1.55 (1.20-2.02)	252 (41.2)	1.14 (0.98-1.31)	304 (50.0)	1.23 (1.06-1.41)	70 (68.0)	1.62 (1.17-2.23)

* Adjusted for age, sex, race, body mass index, education level (less than high-school, high-school, some college), and C-reactive protein (natural log).

CRP levels were not normally distributed and were log-transformed prior to statistical analyses.

Interplay of glycated hemoglobin and traditional risk factors for the risk of atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease and all-cause mortality in people without diabetes

Soroush Masrouri, Amirhossein Hasanpour, Navid Ebrahimi, and Farzad Hadaegh

Table S11. Multivariable-adjusted hazard ratios for atherosclerotic cardiovascular events and all-cause mortality associated with increasing cardiovascular risk factor burden (a) and hemoglobin A1c (b), restricting follow-up to 10 years

	ASCVD		All-cause mortality	
	HR (95% CI)	<i>P</i> value	HR (95% CI)	<i>P</i> value
a*				
0 RF	Reference	-	Reference	-
1 RF	2.08 (1.73-2.50)	<0.001	1.53 (1.31-1.80)	<0.001
2 RF	3.70 (3.09-4.45)	<0.001	2.00 (1.70-2.35)	<0.001
3 RF	5.56 (4.37-7.07)	<0.001	3.51 (2.80-4.41)	<0.001
b†				
HbA1c <5.0%	1.17 (0.97-1.40)	0.099	1.35 (1.14-1.60)	0.001
HbA1c 5.0-5.4%	Reference	—	Reference	—
HbA1c 5.5-5.9%	1.20 (1.07-1.34)	0.002	1.14 (1.02-1.28)	0.024
HbA1c 6.0-6.4%	1.71 (1.46-2.01)	<0.001	1.34 (1.14-1.58)	<0.001

* Adjusted for age, sex, race, body mass index, and hemoglobin A1c category.

† Adjusted for age, sex, race, body mass index, and cardiovascular risk factor burden.

Interplay of glycated hemoglobin and traditional risk factors for the risk of atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease and all-cause mortality in people without diabetes

Soroush Masrouri, Amirhossein Hasanpour, Navid Ebrahimi, and Farzad Hadaegh

Table S12. Multivariable-adjusted hazard ratios for atherosclerotic cardiovascular events and all-cause mortality associated with increasing cardiovascular risk factor burden (a) and hemoglobin A1c (b), with hypertension defined as blood pressure $\geq 140/90$ mm Hg

	ASCVD		All-cause mortality	
	HR (95% CI)	P value	HR (95% CI)	P value
a*				
0 RF	Reference	-	Reference	-
1 RF	1.63 (1.48-1.79)	<0.001	1.36 (1.27-1.45)	<0.001
2 RF	2.48 (2.25-2.74)	<0.001	1.91 (1.78-2.05)	<0.001
3 RF	3.53 (2.99-4.17)	<0.001	3.22 (2.85-3.63)	<0.001
b†				
HbA1c <5.0%	1.03 (0.91-1.17)	0.631	1.17 (1.07-1.28)	0.001
HbA1c 5.0-5.4%	Reference	-	Reference	-
HbA1c 5.5-5.9%	1.18 (1.09-1.27)	<0.001	1.14 (1.08-1.21)	<0.001
HbA1c 6.0-6.4%	1.59 (1.42-1.78)	<0.001	1.34 (1.23-1.45)	<0.001

* Adjusted for age, sex, race, body mass index, and hemoglobin A1c category.

† Adjusted for age, sex, race, body mass index, and cardiovascular risk factor burden.

Interplay of glycated hemoglobin and traditional risk factors for the risk of atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease and all-cause mortality in people without diabetes

Soroush Masrouei, Amirhossein Hasanpour, Navid Ebrahimi, and Farzad Hadaegh

Table S13. Multivariable-adjusted* hazard ratios for atherosclerotic cardiovascular events and all-cause mortality associated with increasing hemoglobin A1c, stratified by cardiovascular risk factor burden, with hypertension defined as blood pressure $\geq 140/90$ mm Hg*

	0 RF		1 RF		2 RF		3 RF	
	Case (%)	HR (95% CI)	Case (%)	HR (95% CI)	Case (%)	HR (95% CI)	Case (%)	HR (95% CI)
ASCVD								
HbA1c <5.0%	81 (8.0)	1.24 (0.96-1.58)	115 (12.3)	0.80 (0.66-0.98)	97 (28.0)	1.27 (1.02-1.59)	12 (30.0)	1.49 (0.78-2.84)
HbA1c 5.0-5.4%	294 (8.6)	Reference	691 (17.4)	Reference	438 (24.8)	Reference	44 (27.7)	Reference
HbA1c 5.5-5.9%	213 (11.3)	1.30 (1.08-1.55)	566 (18.7)	1.14 (1.02-1.28)	512 (27.1)	1.16 (1.02-1.32)	85 (34.8)	1.31 (0.91-1.90)
HbA1c 6.0-6.4%	44 (15.0)	1.77 (1.27-2.46)	164 (24.1)	1.55 (1.29-1.85)	191 (32.9)	1.54 (1.29-1.83)	45 (41.3)	1.92 (1.25-2.96)
All-cause mortality								
HbA1c <5.0%	154 (15.3)	1.19 (1.00-1.43)	256 (27.5)	1.15 (1.01-1.32)	157 (45.4)	1.20 (1.01-1.42)	23 (57.5)	1.51 (0.95-2.42)
HbA1c 5.0-5.4%	623 (18.1)	Reference	1,198 (30.1)	Reference	765 (43.3)	Reference	84 (52.8)	Reference
HbA1c 5.5-5.9%	434 (23.1)	1.09 (0.96-1.23)	1,068 (35.3)	1.11 (1.02-1.21)	916 (48.5)	1.19 (1.08-1.31)	158 (64.8)	1.19 (0.91-1.56)
HbA1c 6.0-6.4%	106 (36.2)	1.52 (1.22-1.89)	290 (42.7)	1.23 (1.07-1.41)	318 (54.7)	1.35 (1.18-1.55)	77 (70.6)	1.58 (1.15-2.18)

* Adjusted for age, sex, race, and body mass index.

Interplay of glycated hemoglobin and traditional risk factors for the risk of atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease and all-cause mortality in people without diabetes

Soroush Masrouri, Amirhossein Hasanpour, Navid Ebrahimi, and Farzad Hadaegh

Table S14. Multivariable-adjusted sub-hazard ratios for atherosclerotic cardiovascular events and all-cause mortality associated with increasing cardiovascular risk factor burden (a) and hemoglobin A1c (b) in the multiply imputed dataset

	ASCVD		All-cause mortality	
	sHR (95% CI)	<i>P</i> value	sHR (95% CI)	<i>P</i> value
a*				
0 RF	Reference	-	Reference	-
1 RF	1.71 (1.54-1.90)	<0.001	1.35 (1.26-1.45)	<0.001
2 RF	2.65 (2.38-2.94)	<0.001	1.83 (1.71-1.97)	<0.001
3 RF	3.62 (3.08-4.25)	<0.001	3.10 (2.75-3.48)	<0.001
b†				
HbA1c <5.0%	1.01 (0.88-1.14)	0.90	1.16 (1.06-1.26)	0.001
HbA1c 5.0-5.4%	Reference	-	Reference	-
HbA1c 5.5-5.9%	1.18 (1.09-1.28)	<0.001	1.13 (1.07-1.20)	<0.001
HbA1c 6.0-6.4%	1.58 (1.41-1.77)	<0.001	1.32 (1.22-1.44)	<0.001

* Adjusted for age, sex, race, body mass index, and hemoglobin A1c category.

† Adjusted for age, sex, race, body mass index, and cardiovascular risk factor burden.

sHR = sub-hazard ratio

Interplay of glycated hemoglobin and traditional risk factors for the risk of atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease and all-cause mortality in people without diabetes

Soroush Masrouri, Amirhossein Hasanpour, Navid Ebrahimi, and Farzad Hadaegh

Table S15. Multivariable-adjusted* sub-hazard ratios for atherosclerotic cardiovascular events and all-cause mortality associated with increasing hemoglobin A1c, stratified by cardiovascular risk factor burden in the multiply imputed dataset*

	0 RF	1 RF	2 RF	3 RF
	sHR (95% CI)	sHR (95% CI)	sHR (95% CI)	sHR (95% CI)
ASCVD				
HbA1c <5.0%	1.17 (0.87-1.54)	0.88 (0.73-1.07)	1.10 (0.90-1.33)	1.50 (0.84-2.65)
HbA1c 5.0-5.4%	Reference	Reference	Reference	Reference
HbA1c 5.5-5.9%	1.28 (1.04-1.56)	1.21 (1.08-1.36)	1.11 (0.98-1.24)	1.23 (0.90-1.70)
HbA1c 6.0-6.4%	1.69 (1.14-2.51)	1.56 (1.30-1.87)	1.46 (1.25-1.72)	2.04 (1.40-2.98)
All-cause mortality				
HbA1c <5.0%	1.28 (1.06-1.54)	1.11 (0.97-1.27)	1.20 (1.03-1.38)	1.40 (0.90-2.17)
HbA1c 5.0-5.4%	Reference	Reference	Reference	Reference
HbA1c 5.5-5.9%	1.13 (0.98-1.29)	1.14 (1.05-1.24)	1.11 (1.02-1.21)	1.26 (1.01-1.59)
HbA1c 6.0-6.4%	1.59 (1.23-2.03)	1.21 (1.06-1.39)	1.28 (1.12-1.44)	1.78 (1.34-2.36)

* Adjusted for age, sex, race, and body mass index.

sHR= sub-hazard ratio