

Table 1. Baseline, diagnostic and medication characteristics of two study groups, cases suffering from dementia with Lewy bodies (n=634) versus Alzheimer's disease patients (n=9161)

Characteristic	DLB (n=634)	Alzheimer's Disease (n=9161)	P-value
Gender NO (%)			
<i>Female</i>	252 (39.7%)	5973 (65.2%)	<0.001#
<i>Male</i>	382 (60.3%)	3188 (34.8%)	
Age (yr) mean (SD)	76.5 (7.1)	77.6 (8.3)	<0.001¶
MMSE score mean (SD)	21.4 (5.0)	21.5 (5.0)	0.593¶
Body Mass Index (kg/m²) mean (SD)	24.4 (4.1)	24.3 (4.1)	0.565¶
Living place NO (%)			
<i>Own house</i>	559 (88.2%)	8627 (94.4%)	<0.001#
<i>Nursing home</i>	75 (11.8%)	512 (5.6%)	
Co-resident NO (%)			
<i>Yes</i>	218 (36.0%)	3879 (44.0%)	<0.001#
<i>No</i>	387 (64.0%)	4938 (56.0%)	
Medication (at the time of diagnosis) NO (%)			
<i>Cholinesterase Inhibitors</i>	465 (73.6%)	6598 (72.7%)	0.272#
<i>NMDA Antagonist</i>	95 (15.0%)	895 (9.9%)	<0.001#
<i>Antidepressants</i>	220 (34.8%)	2382 (26.3%)	<0.001#
<i>Antipsychotics</i>	103 (16.3%)	447 (4.9%)	<0.001#
<i>Anxiolytics</i>	84 (13.3%)	747 (8.2%)	<0.001#
<i>Hypnotics</i>	106 (16.8%)	1292 (14.2%)	0.065#
<i>Cardiovascular drugs</i>	365 (57.8%)	4825 (53.2%)	0.054#
Total number of drugs mean (SD)	4.7 (3.0)	3.7 (2.9)	<0.001¶

Pearson Chi Square statistics

¶ Independent samples T-test