

Table S2. Logistic regression analyses with cases that did not require additional treatments following a second-line treatment as a dependent variable

Characteristics	Regression coefficients* 95%CI	OR 95%CI	P-values	Partial regression coefficients [†]	Adjusted OR	P-values
PDT ref. Brolucizmab	2.54 0.26–7.44	12.69 1.30–1706.23	0.025	2.48 0.35–7.64	11.98 1.42–2070.07	0.019
SRH	-0.56 -2.93–1.24	0.57 0.05–3.46	0.591	-1.31 -4.61–1.32	0.27 0.01–3.76	0.344
Fibrotic scar	0.00 -1.88–1.74	1.00 0.15–5.72	0.999	0.63 -2.09–3.87	1.88 0.12–47.81	0.648
BCVA (logMAR)	0.05 -2.45–1.83	1.05 0.09–6.26	0.962	-0.11 -4.84–4.56	0.90 0.01–95.94	0.961
IRF	0.67 -1.07–2.56	1.96 0.34–12.88	0.443	1.41 -0.64–4.26	4.09 0.53–70.77	0.184
CVH	1.54 -0.76–6.44	4.66 0.46–629.26	0.222	1.90 -0.91–7.89	6.70 0.40–2668.36	0.220
CCT	0.00 -0.01–0.01	0.72 0.99–1.01	0.716	0.00 -0.02–0.02	1.00 0.98–1.02	0.898
Maximum PED size	0.00 -0.00–0.00	1.00 1.00–1.00	0.383	0.00 -0.00–0.10	1.00 1.00–1.01	0.170

These regression coefficients are calculated by logistic regression analysis using Firth's bias reduction method*, multivariable logistic regression analysis (type of a second-line treatment, SRH, Fibrotic scar, BCVA, IRF, CVH, CCT)[†]. **Abbreviations:** PDT, photodynamic therapy; SRH, subretinal hemorrhage; BCVA, best-corrected visual acuity; IRF, intraretinal fluid; CVH, choroidal vascular hyperpermeability; CCT, central choroidal thickness; PED, pigment epithelial detachmen.