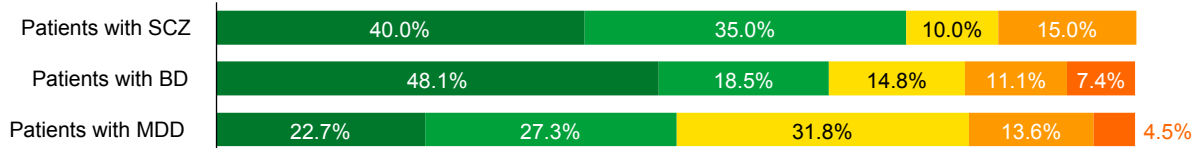


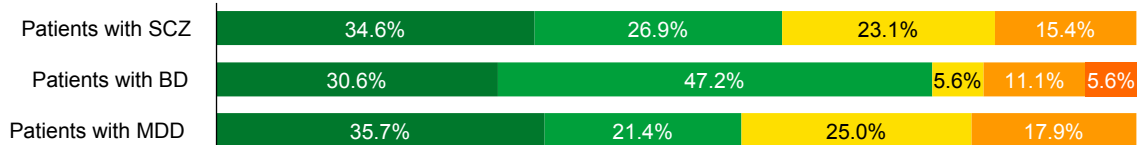
Figure S2. Burden of caregiving tasks by patient's underlying condition

■ Not at all ■ A little bit ■ Somewhat ■ Quite a bit ■ Very much

Helping them communicate with others because of speech difficulties caused by TD



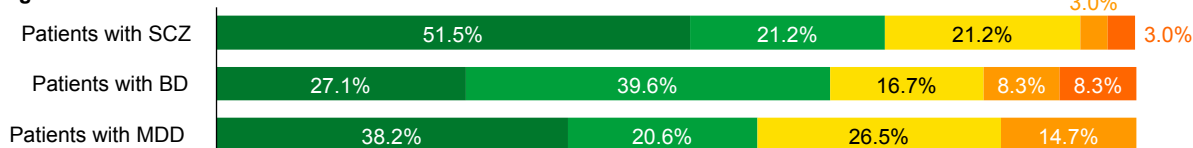
Helping them with dressing and grooming



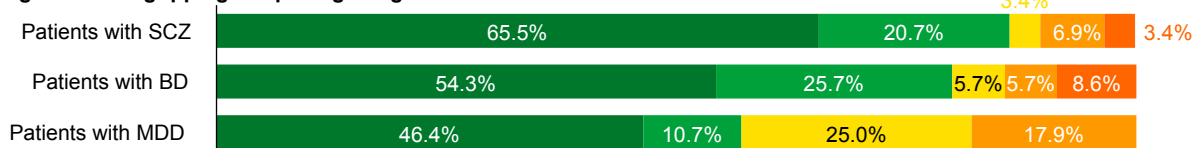
Helping them with tying shoelaces or putting on shoes



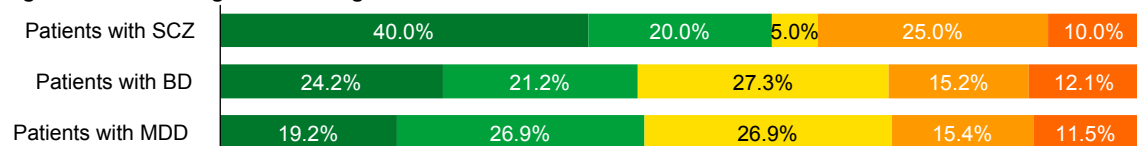
Helping them with household chores



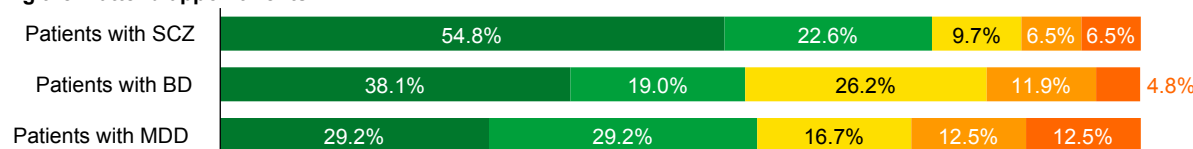
Helping them with gripping or opening things



Helping them with bathing or showering



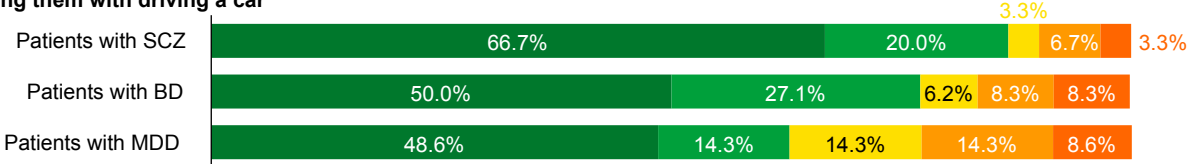
Helping them attend appointments



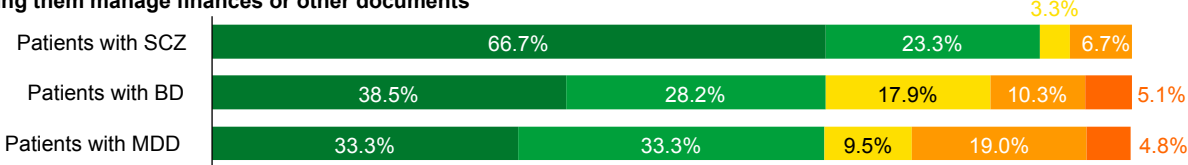
Helping them with making or taking phone calls



Helping them with driving a car



Helping them manage finances or other documents



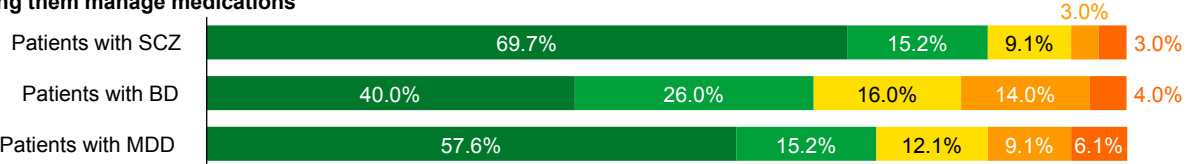
Helping them with shopping for groceries



Helping them with preparing meals



Helping them manage medications



Helping them with massaging body parts that are cramping or moving



BD bipolar disorder, MDD major depressive disorder, SCZ schizophrenia, TD tardive dyskinesia
Respondents provided the burden only for tasks for which they indicated they support the patient.
Patients for whom caregivers were providing care were stratified by the underlying disease if only 1 condition was present or, if > 1 was present, by the condition having the greatest impact. Patients for whom caregivers were providing care with BD+MDD were classified as BD.