

Expanded View Figures

Figure EV1. Structural modeling of *Mtb* IniA and IniC.

- A Sequence alignment of the GTP binding domains of the *Mtb* DLPs and other members of the DLP superfamily. *Bacillus subtilis* (Bs) DynA (P54159), *Nostoc punctiforme* (Np) BDLP1 (B21ZD3) and BDLP2 (B21ZD2), *Campylobacter jejuni* (Cj) BDLP1 (CJ0411) and BDL2 (CJ0412), *Escherichia coli* (Ec) LeoA (E3PN25), human mitochondrial OPA1 (0060313) and *M. smegmatis* (Ms) IniA and IniC. *Indicates the conserved lysine (K) residue mutated in IniA in this study.
- B Crystal structure of the *Msm* IniA (left) and structures predicted by AlphaFold2 of *Mtb* IniA (center) and *Mtb* IniC (right). Structures are color coded to show the GTPase domain (red), bundle signal element/HB1/neck domain (green), HB2/stalk/trunk domain (blue), and C-terminal helical tail domain in IniC (orange).
- C Shown is the top ranked structural model of *Mtb* IniAC complex predicted by AlphaFold-Multimer prediction. The conserved lysine (K) residue mutated in IniA, in this study is indicated (light blue).

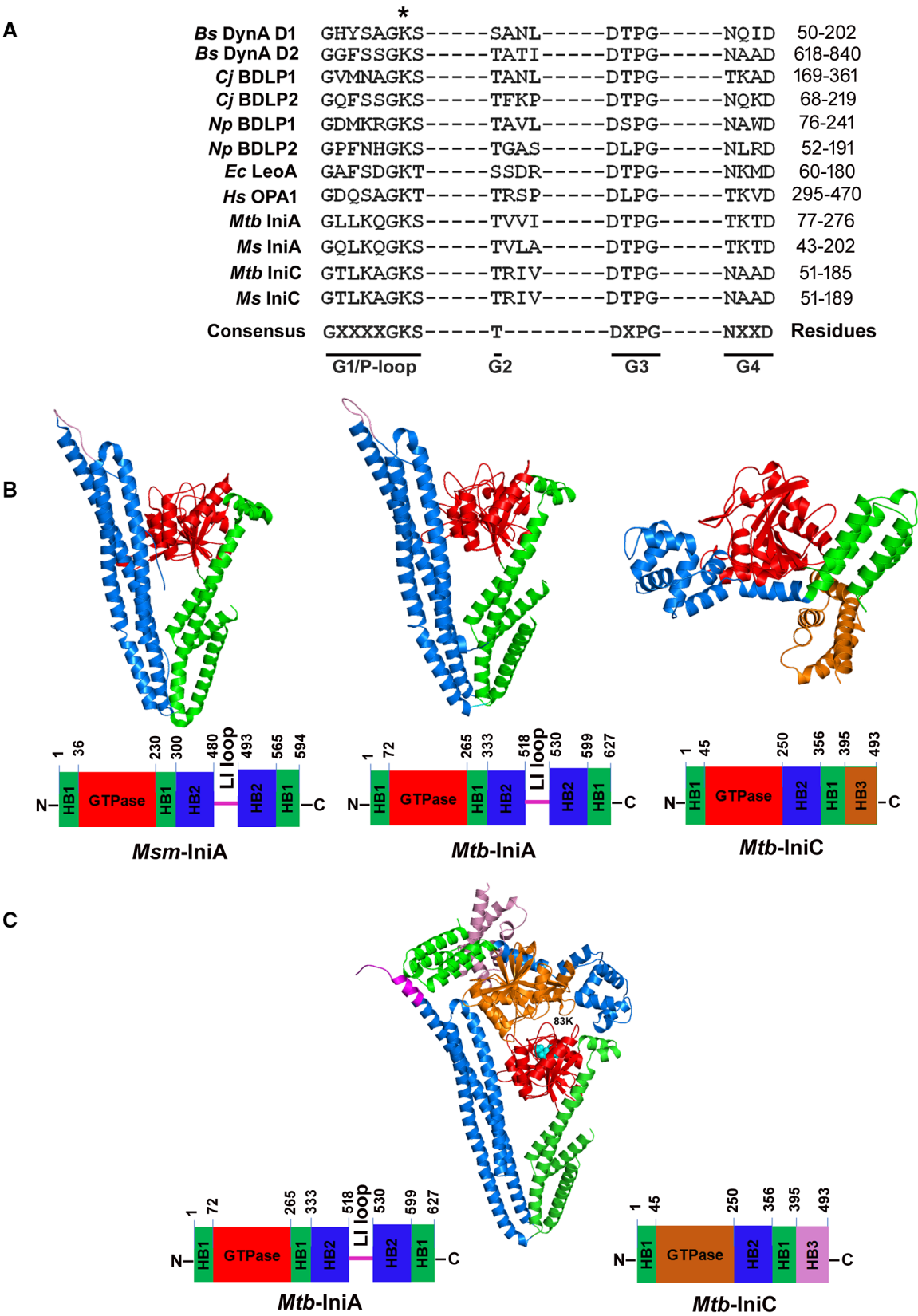


Figure EV1.

Figure EV2. IniA and IniC are both required for EV release in mycobacteria.

- A Quantitation of MEV released by *Mtb* strains based on quantification of protein and lipid in purified MEV isolated from biological triplicates and normalized to CFUs. The graph shows that individually *iniA* or *iniC* do not complement the mutant; both genes are needed. Data are presented as mean $\pm$ SEM. $**P \leq 0.001$; $****P \leq 0.0001$ (Student's *t*-test).
- B Representative Immunodot blot of one of the MEV preparations analyzed in panel (A) using anti-MEV polyclonal antiserum as primary antibody.
- C Schematic representation of the *Msm* genomic region containing *iniA* and *iniC*, indicating the location of the primers (P1048, P1106) used to validate allelic exchange and gene deletion of *iniC*.
- D Validation of *Msm iniC* deleted mutant (*Msm Δ iniC*) showing the PCR product amplified with (P1048 and P1106).
- E Quantitation of EVs released by three independent cultures of *Msm* strains based on EV protein and lipid normalized to CFU number. Data are presented as mean $\pm$ SEM. $***P \leq 0.001$ (Student's *t*-test).

Source data are available online for this figure.

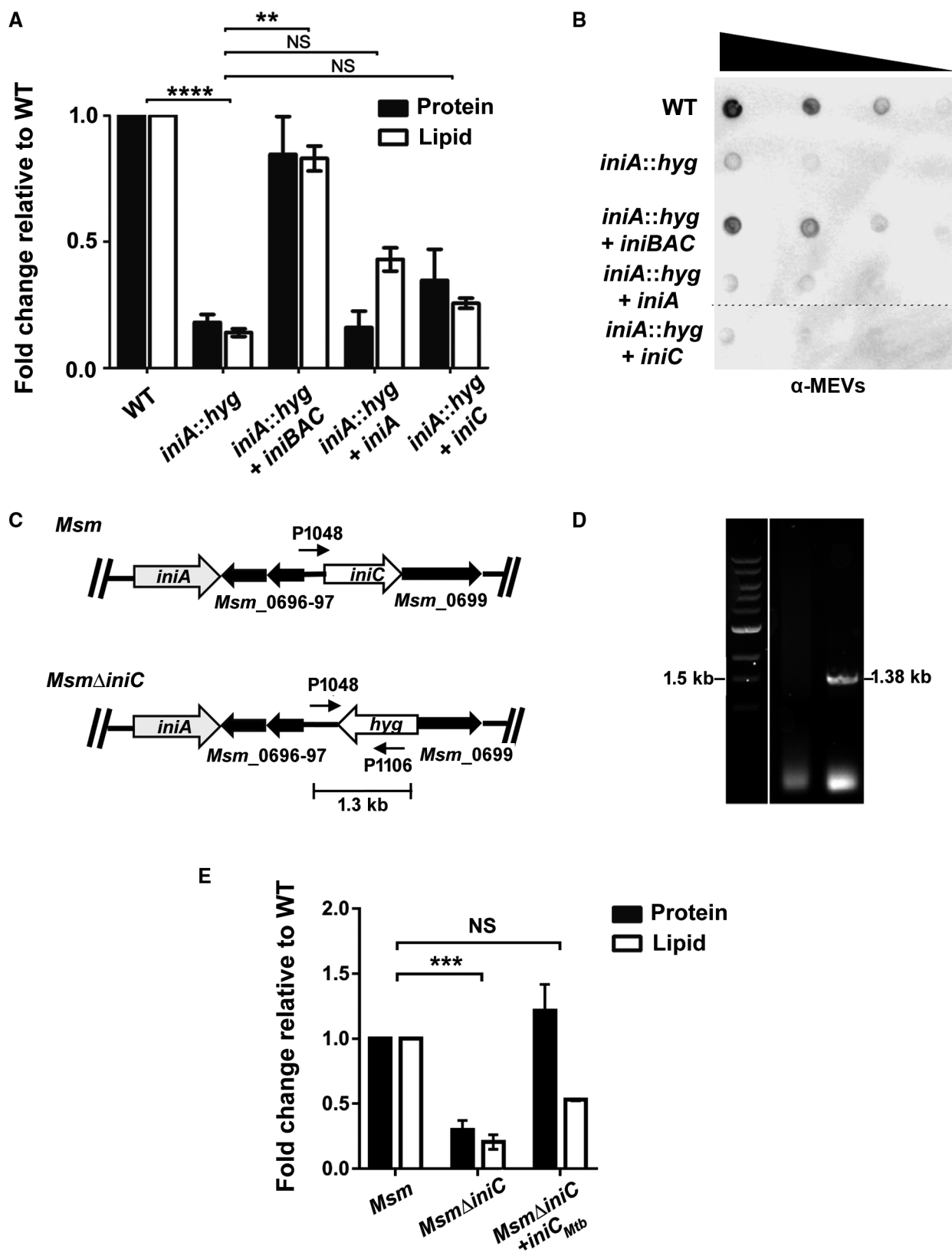


Figure EV2.

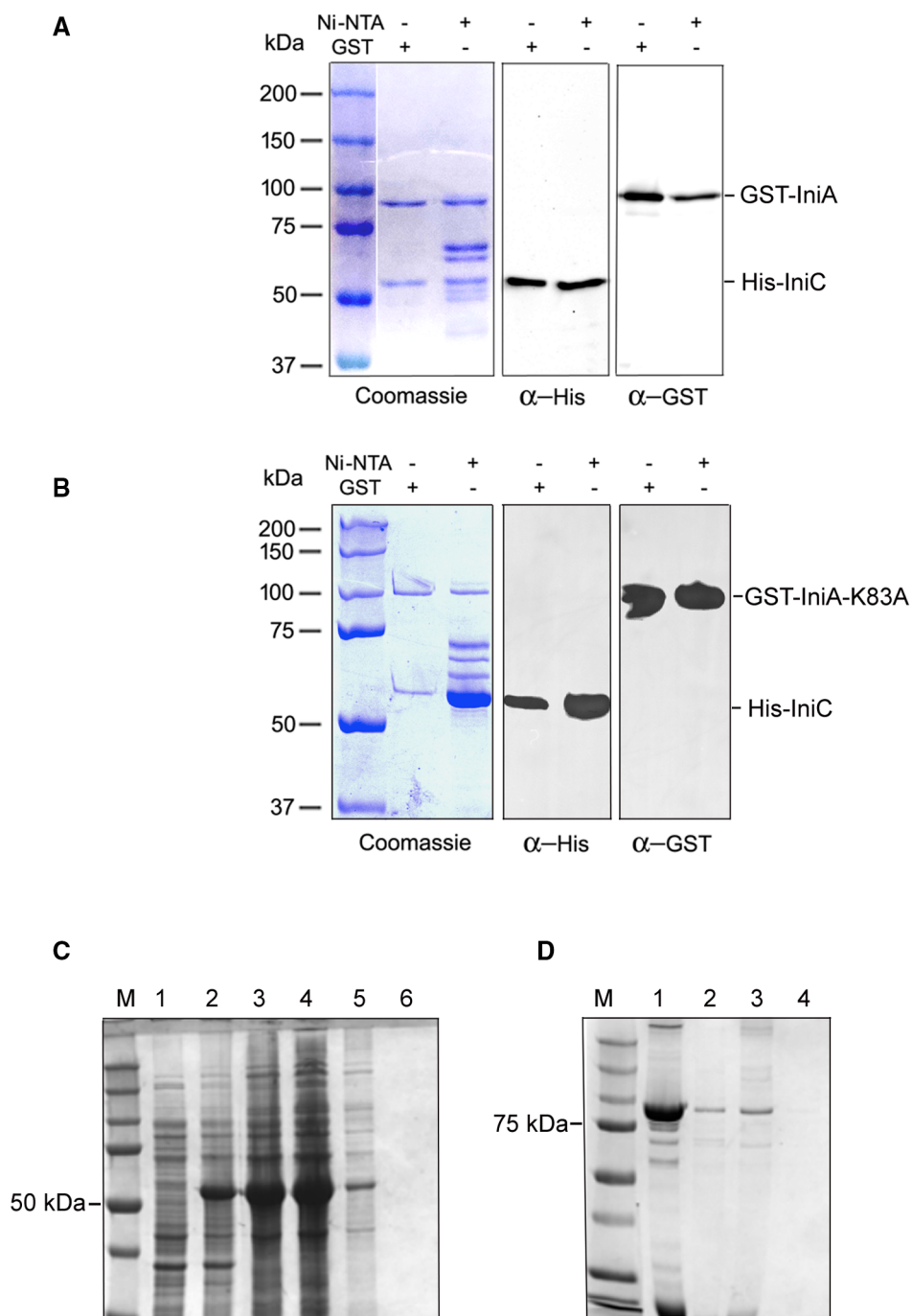


Figure EV3. IniA and IniC interaction.

- A Coomassie-stained SDS-PAGE and corresponding Western blots showing co-purification of *Mtb* GST-IniA and His-IniC by affinity chromatography. Anti-tag (GST and His) specific antibodies were used in the Western blot. The experiment was repeated twice with similar results.
- B Coomassie-stained SDS-PAGE and corresponding Western blots showing co-purification of *Mtb* GST-IniA-K83A and His-IniC by affinity chromatography. Anti-tag (GST and His)-specific antibodies were used in the Western blot. The experiment was repeated twice with similar results.
- C Control for nonspecific binding of His-IniC to the GST column. A cell lysate of *E. coli* BL21 transformed with a plasmid expressing His-IniC (~51KDa) uninduced (lane 1) or IPTG induced (lane 2) loaded on a glutathione affinity column; flow through and washes with loading buffer (lanes 3–5); material bound and eluted with 10 mM reduced glutathione (lane 6).
- D Control for nonspecific binding of GST-IniA to Ni^{+2} -NTA. Partially purified GST-IniA (lane 1) was loaded into a Ni^{+2} -NTA column. Flow through (lane 2), wash (lane 3) and bound material eluted with 250 mM imidazole (lane 4).

Figure EV4. Cell surface changes in *Msm* constitutively overexpressing *Mtb iniAC*.

- A, B Transmission electron micrograph of *Msm* WT. Scale bars are 500 nm in panel (A) and 100 nm in panel (B). Asterisks mark cell blebs.
- C–E Transmission electron micrograph of *Msm* overexpressing *iniAC* (*iniAC_{Mtb}::pMV261*). Scale bars are 500 nm panel (C) and 100 nm in panels (D) and (E). Asterisks mark cell blebs.
- F, G Detail of a cryoelectron micrograph of the cell envelope of *Msm* WT (F) and *Msm* overexpressing *iniAC* (*Msm iniAC_{Mtb}::pMV261*) (G). Asterisks mark membrane blebs. Scale bars are 50 nm.
- H Quantitation of blebs on cells examined in panels (A–E). Thirty individual cells per strain were counted from two different TEM grids. The error bars indicate mean $\pm$ SD. $**P < 0.05$. (Mann–Whitney Test).
- I Quantitation of cell membrane blebs along a defined longitudinal section of the cell membrane (700–750 nm) on cells examined in panels F and G. Fifteen cells per strain were counted from a single vitrified sample. The error bars indicate mean $\pm$ SD. $****P > 0.0001$ (Mann–Whitney Test).

Source data are available online for this figure.



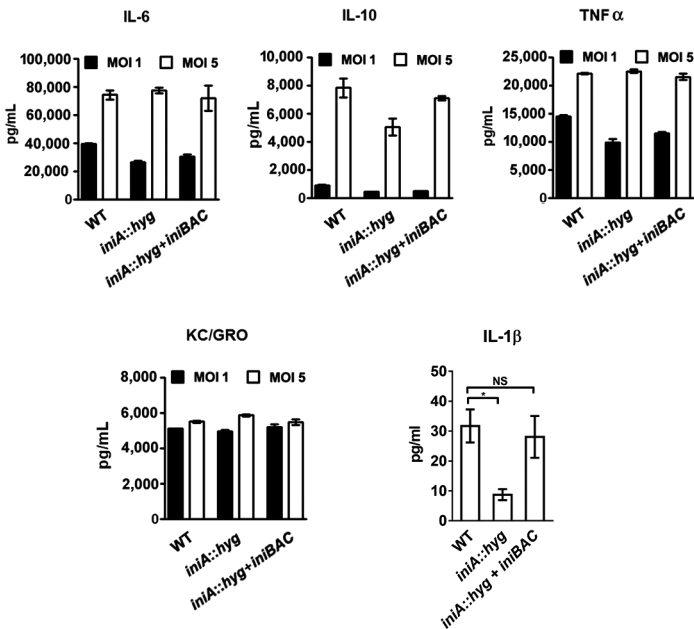


Figure EV5. Cytokine response of macrophages infected with *Mtb*.

Shown are the levels of IL-6, IL-10, TNF- α , KC/GRO, and IL-1 β detected in the culture supernatant of BMDMs infected at MOI of 1 or 5 (5 in the case of IL-1 β) with WT, *iniA::hyg* and complemented strain. Background cytokine levels from uninfected macrophage culture filtrates were subtracted before plotting. Data are presented as means $\pm$ SD of triplicate infections. Data are presented as mean $\pm$ SD. * $P \leq 0.05$ (Student's t-test). Nonsignificant (NS).